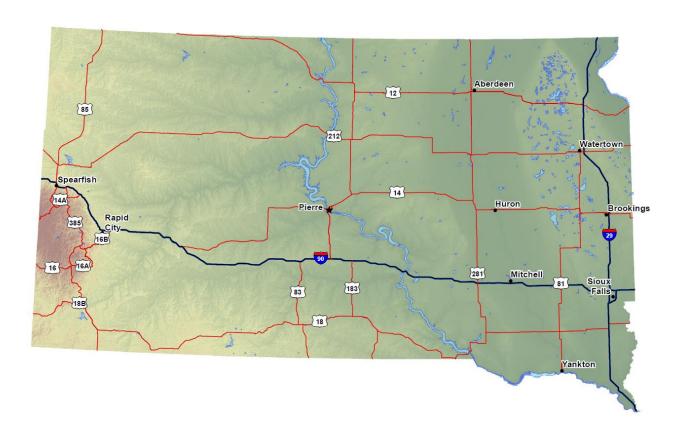




# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



# DENNIS DAUGAARD, GOVERNOR MATT MICHELS, LT. GOVERNOR

JASON C. DILGES, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
BUREAU OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT

MARTIN L. GUINDON, AUDITOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF LEGISLATIVE AUDIT



March 21, 2016

To the Citizens of the State of South Dakota; The Honorable Dennis Daugaard, Governor; and Members of the South Dakota Legislature:

We submit to you herein, the *Single Audit Report of the State of South Dakota* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This report includes the financial statements for the state of South Dakota as of June 30, 2015 and for the year then ended. The report also presents the results of audit of the State's compliance with state and federal laws and regulations.

In submitting this report, we would like to express our appreciation to the staff of both the Bureau of Finance and Management, and the Department of Legislative Audit for their efforts in completing this report. We also thank the many people in the various departments and agencies of state government that assisted by providing information necessary for completing the report.

Jason C. Dilges, Commissioner Bureau of Finance and Management

Martin L. Guindon, Auditor General Department of Legislative Audit

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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION



## INTRODUCTORY SECTION



### DEPARTMENT OF EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT BUREAU OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT

500 East Capitol Ave. • Pierre, South Dakota 57501-5070 • Voice: (605) 773-3411 • Fax: (605) 773-4711

January 22, 2016

#### THE HONORABLE DENNIS M. DAUGAARD, GOVERNOR OF SOUTH DAKOTA THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE SOUTH DAKOTA LEGISLATURE THE CITIZENS OF THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

It is my privilege to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) on the operation of the State of South Dakota (hereinafter referred to as the State) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

**Report.** This report is prepared by the Bureau of Finance and Management and submitted, as required, by South Dakota Codified Law 4-4-6. The financial statements contained in the CAFR are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the State's management. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an adequate understanding of the State's financial affairs have been included.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory Section, which provides information on the general contents of the report, contains this letter of transmittal, a list of principal State officials, fiscal year 2015 functions of State government, and an organizational chart of State government. The Financial Section includes the Independent Auditor's Report on the Basic Financial Statements; Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that provides an introduction, overview, and analysis of the Basic Financial Statements; the Basic Financial Statements that present the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the Basic Financial Statements; Required Supplementary Information that includes required budgetary comparison and pension schedules; and Other Supplemental Information that includes combining financial statements and schedules for individual funds. The Statistical Section includes financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic, economic, and operating information.

Internal Controls. Management of the State is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to provide reasonable safeguards to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to provide reasonable assurances that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The Bureau of Finance and Management is able to monitor revenues and expenditures on a weekly basis to detect excess expenditures or shortfalls in revenues. As required by State statute, the State Auditor, an elected official, shall be presented all accounts and claims against the State to examine and adjust the same. Also, as required by State statute, the State Treasurer, an elected official, shall have charge of, and safely keep, all public moneys which shall be paid into the State treasury, and pay out the same as directed by law. The Department of Revenue periodically audits retail establishments to assure their payment of sales and excise taxes. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefit likely to be derived and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Independent Auditors. The South Dakota Department of Legislative Audit, a division of the legislative branch of State government, performs the audit of South Dakota's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The audit is conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards (GAS) issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The Independent Auditor's Report (issued by the Department of Legislative Audit) includes an expression of opinion on the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of South Dakota as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the fiscal year then ended.

In conjunction with the audit of the State's financial statements, the Department of Legislative Audit also performs audits of major federal and state programs and issues an opinion on the State's compliance with the requirements of major federal programs. The results of the audit of federal and state programs are presented in the *South Dakota Single Audit Report* under separate cover.

Internal control procedures are evaluated on an annual basis by the Department of Legislative Audit to provide reasonable assurance for the safeguarding of the State's assets and to provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions used to prepare this report.

**Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).** GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. The letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

**Structure.** The State entered the Union on November 2, 1889 as the 39<sup>th</sup> or 40<sup>th</sup> state (with its twin, North Dakota). South Dakota has 75,885 square miles of land and a population estimated to be 0.8 million. The State has a strong executive branch with a bicameral legislative form of government. The Governor may be elected for two consecutive four-year terms. The Governor appoints all heads of state departments who serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The State Legislature is composed of a 35-member Senate and a 70-member House of Representatives. Legislators are elected for two-year terms and limited to four consecutive terms for the same seat.

**Services.** State government provides services to citizens that include support for public education, public assistance and Medicaid, health and human services, public safety, building and maintaining state highways, agricultural and environmental services, community and economic development, and other general government services.

**Budget Process.** State law requires annual preparation and approval of the State's budget. The Governor presents the annual budget to the State Legislature by the first Tuesday after the first Monday in December. The State Legislature is required to approve a budget by the end of the legislative session. There is no provision for a continuing resolution. The Constitution of the State of South Dakota requires the Legislature to pass a balanced annual budget in which expenditures and appropriations may not exceed anticipated revenue. Accumulated General Fund balances may be drawn down to balance an annual budget, as long as the General Fund balance remains positive. The Governor has the power to veto individual line items in the budget approved by the State Legislature. The State budget must remain in balance through the end of the fiscal year. Accordingly, state departments cannot encumber more funds than they have been authorized to spend. During the year, the Governor may authorize intradepartmental transfers of funds upon approval of the special committee, as long as total appropriation levels are not exceeded.

The State's largest sources of General Fund revenues are sales and service taxes, business taxes, and lottery proceeds. The largest categories of General Fund expenditures are general bill expenditures for state aid to primary and secondary education; property tax relief payments made by the State to local government units through state aid to education; the State's share of the cost of Medicaid, corrections and higher education; operation, maintenance and improvement of facilities for state government; and state salaries.

State Reporting Entity. The State's reporting entity reflected in the CAFR, which is described more fully in the Notes to the Financial Statements, conforms to the requirements of GASB. The accounting and reporting principles are based primarily on the fundamental concept that publicly elected officials are accountable to their constituents. Further, the financial statements should emphasize the primary government and permit financial statement users to distinguish between the primary government and its component units. Organizations qualify as component units if the legally separate tax-exempt organization's resources directly benefit, or primarily benefit the State, and the State is financially accountable to that organization. The State is considered financially accountable to an organization if the State appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization or if the organization can potentially provide specific and material financial benefits to, or burdens on the State, whether the State appoints the board or not. Consequently, the transmittal letter, MD&A, and the Basic Financial Statements focus on the primary government and its activities. Although information pertaining to the discretely presented component units is provided, their separately issued financial statements, excluding Higher Education and the South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority, should be read to obtain a complete overview of their financial position.

**Risk Management.** The Risk Management Program was created to protect the assets and resources of the State through efficient control and financing of risks inherent in government operations by ensuring a safe environment for State employees and the general public. Responsibilities include ensuring that exposures to financial loss are discovered and handled appropriately, minimizing the possible interruption of vital public services, and reducing the costs and consequences of accidents through effective loss control management.

Housed with the Risk Management Program is the Public Entity Pool for Liability (PEPL), a self-insurance program created to cover risks associated with automobile liability, and general tort liability (including public officials' errors and omissions liability; medical malpractice liability; law enforcement liability; and products liability).

More information on the risk management activities can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

**Cash Management.** The South Dakota Investment Council was established by the State Legislature in 1971 and became operational on July 1, 1972. The Investment Council is responsible for the investment management of the assets of the Cash Flow Fund, the South Dakota Retirement System, School and Public Lands, Dakota Cement Trust Fund, Education Enhancement Trust Fund, and Health Care Trust Fund.

Total investment income for all funds invested by the Investment Council was \$522 million for fiscal year 2015. Income for the most recent five years totaled \$6.2 billion and, since inception, has exceeded \$15 billion. The Investment Council has grown from \$133.0 million in assets under management at the end of its first year to \$13.3 billion at June 30, 2015. The Cash Flow Fund portfolio resulted in earnings this year of \$16.7 million, a yield of 1.25%. The Cash Flow Portfolio has earned taxpayers \$1.1 billion over the past 43 years. The South Dakota Retirement System's assets have returned 10.6% for the past 42 years (since inception of the Council's management responsibilities for SDRS). This performance has placed the Council in the top one percentile against other state pension funds.

Cash management and investments are discussed more fully in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Lottery. The South Dakota Lottery Fund was created during the 1987 legislative session to market instant scratch games. Video lottery was authorized during the 1989 legislative session and operations commenced in October 1989. Legislative approval to participate in a multi-state lotto game was given during the 1990 legislative session. That same year, the State joined the Multi-State Lottery Association (MUSL), a consortium of 47 lottery jurisdictions that currently offer the Powerball game. The purpose of the lottery is to provide additional moneys to fund vital public programs and projects. From inception to June 30, 2015, a total of \$2.47 billion has been generated to fund many public programs and projects. Lottery provided \$111.4 million income (before transfers) during fiscal year 2015.

**Retirement System.** The South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) provides retirement benefits for State employees and those employees of local governments that participate in the system. Employers and employees contribute equal amounts in the form of a percentage of employee compensation. As of June 30, 2015, SDRS is fully funded with an actuarial value funded ratio of 100.0% and a fair value funded ratio of 104.1%.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percent of covered payroll went from 15.6% in fiscal year 2006 to 0% in fiscal year 2015. The actuarial value funded ratio increased from 96.7% in fiscal year 2006 to 100% in fiscal year 2015. The funded ratio is the ratio of the actuarial value of the assets of the system to the actuarial accrued liabilities of the system as of the date of calculation. In fiscal year 2015, SDRS experienced a 4.18% (money-weighted) market return, or 3.07% less than the assumed rate of return of 7.25%.

Plan assets at fair value in fiscal year 2015 were \$10.8 billion compared to plan assets of \$6.8 billion in fiscal year 2006.

The assets of the system are valued at their fair value. The system is in full compliance with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and has received the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the last twenty years. The system is subject to an annual actuarial valuation and annual audit performed by an independent audit firm.

As previously stated, SDRS is fully funded with an actuarial value funded ratio of 100% and a fair value funded ratio of 104.1%. Therefore SDRS currently has no unfunded actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and the statutory employer and employee contributions exceed the normal cost and expenses of the system. The portion of contributions previously assigned to pay down the unfunded AAL can now be used to build the cushion to protect the system against future unfavorable experience and enhance the system's sustainability. If a future unfunded AAL develops, the statutory contributions in excess of normal cost and expenses will be available to pay down the unfunded AAL.

In fiscal year 2015, the State implemented GASB Statements 68 and 71 which required the State to recognize and report pension related liabilities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expense/expenditures and revenues for pensions provided to its employees. As allowed by the GASB standards, the State used a June 30, 2014 measurement date to report its proportionate share of the SDRS in the fiscal year 2015 CAFR. As of June 30, 2014, SDRS reported a total pension liability of \$9,998,095,288 and a plan fiduciary net position of \$10,607,554,492 resulting in a fair value funded ratio of 107.3% and a net pension asset of \$720,459,104. The primary government's proportionate share is 22.07%. Thus South Dakota is one of the few states in the nation to boast a net pension asset of \$158,996,518.

Additional information on the State's retirement plans and the related net pension asset can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Health and Life Insurance Benefits. The State (rather than an insurance carrier) assumes substantially all risk associated with claims of covered public employees for health insurance and life insurance benefits. However, an insurance carrier provides claims administration services for health insurance. The Group Insurance Program within the Bureau of Human Resources was established to administer and improve group health, life, and the flexible benefit plans for state employees and their dependents. The program provides for payment of benefits to eligible claimants in the most efficient and cost effective manner. Premiums are charged to state funds for all covered employees, while employees share in the costs of co-pays, deductibles, and dependent costs.

Additional information on the State's health and life insurance benefits can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK**

Employment growth is an important indicator of the State's economic health. The national economic recession had a negative impact on employment during 2009 and 2010, but positive employment growth returned for the past several years. South Dakota's nonfarm employment declined 1.9% in 2009 and 0.1% in 2010, but rebounded with an average growth rate of 1.2% from 2011 through 2014. This compares to the United States nonfarm employment growth of -4.3% in 2009, -0.7% in 2010 and average growth of 1.6% from 2011 through 2014.

In fiscal year 2015, nonfarm employment in South Dakota grew 1.4% compared to the national growth rate of 2.1% over the same time period. Employment sectors that experienced growth in fiscal year 2015 in South Dakota include: mining, logging and construction; manufacturing; trade, transportation, and utilities; professional and business services; education and health services; leisure and hospitality; other services; and government. The employment sectors that experienced slight decreases during the fiscal year were information and financial activities.

The unemployment rate in South Dakota remained low over the course of fiscal year 2015 and was one of the lowest in the nation due to steady economic growth. In June of 2015, South Dakota's unemployment rate was 3.8%, which is 1.5% lower than the U.S. unemployment rate of 5.3% for the same month.

Income growth is another important indicator of the State's economic health. In calendar year 2014, which is the most recent annual data that is available, South Dakota's total personal income grew 2.0%, lower than the U.S. growth rate of 4.0%. The lower growth rate in 2014 is primarily due to a 25% decrease in South Dakota farm income. South Dakota's nonfarm income grew 4.9% in 2014, which was higher than the U.S. nonfarm income growth of 4.6%. This growth in nonfarm income compares to the seven state Plains region average growth of 4.3% in 2014. The other Plains region states of Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, and North Dakota experienced nonfarm income growth rates of 4.7%, 3.4%, 4.8%, 3.4%, 4.5%, and 7.8%, respectively. South Dakota's per capita personal income was \$45,279 in 2014, 1.7% less than the U.S. average per capita income of \$46,049. In the past 10 years, South Dakota's per capita personal income has improved from 93.1% of the U.S. average in 2005 to 98.3% of the U.S. average in 2014.

In the past several years, a strong agriculture economy helped the State's economy grow during challenging economic times. From 2010 through 2014, farm income averaged over \$2.8 billion per year, with 2011 having the highest farm income on record in South Dakota at \$3.8 billion. This compares to the previous five-year average farm income level (2005 through 2009) of \$1.6 billion. In 2015, strong production is being offset by lower commodity prices, leading to lower, yet healthy income in the agriculture sector.

The outlook for South Dakota's economy is for steady growth over the next two years. Continued employment and income growth with a steady agriculture sector have contributed to economic growth since the national recession. As of October 2015, South Dakota's nonfarm employment levels were 7,900 jobs, or 1.9% higher when compared to a year

earlier. In addition, the unemployment rate in South Dakota is currently at 3.2%, lower than the U.S. unemployment rate of 5.0% as of October 2015. South Dakota's economy is expected to grow steadily in 2016 and 2017 as the State continues to boast one of the lowest state per capita taxes in the nation and a business friendly environment.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Governor Daugaard continues to focus on job growth, economic development and visitor spending, taking care of those who cannot take care of themselves, providing our children with a quality education, and protecting our society from those who would do us harm.

Listed below are some of the major initiatives the State has implemented in recent years:

Strengthening the State's financial condition and bond rating. Governor Daugaard is committed to further strengthening the financial condition of the State and pledges to never lose sight of those values that keep our state strong. In doing so, the State has taken action to clarify the State's Constitutional balanced budget requirement, maintain healthy reserves and a highly funded pension plan, and work towards timely financial reporting and longer term financial planning.

- The State has two statutorily created reserve accounts the General Fund Budget Reserve and the Property Tax Reduction Fund. The combined accrual basis balance of these two reserve accounts for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 was \$111.2 million, \$139.0 million, \$163.1 million and \$153.4 million, respectively. In fiscal year 2015, the General Fund Budget Reserve grew from \$105.2 million to \$126.7 million (on an accrual basis) and the Property Tax Reduction Fund decreased from \$48.2 million to \$44.6 million for a combined reserve accrual basis balance of \$171.3 million at the close of fiscal year 2015. This represents a reserve increase of \$17.9 million or 11.7% in fiscal year 2015.
- ➤ The long-term experience of SDRS has been very favorable, resulting in a funded status that exceeds virtually all other statewide public retirement systems. The SDRS Funded Ratio based on market value of assets was 107.3% in June 2014 compared to an estimated 80% for an average of statewide public systems and 104.1% in June 2015 compared to an estimated 74% for other statewide public systems.
- > The State has always taken the position that the Constitution of the State of South Dakota requires the State's budget be balanced and thus the State Legislature has always passed a balanced budget. However the language in the Constitution was unclear and ambiguous. At the request of Governor Daugaard, HJR 1007 was passed during the 2012 Legislative Session. This resolution legislatively referred a constitutional amendment to a public vote. At the November 6, 2012 General Election, the voters of South Dakota passed this constitutional amendment which clarified the balanced budget provisions within the Constitution of the State of South Dakota. Specifically, it requires the Governor to propose and the Legislature to pass an annual budget in which expenditures and appropriations may not exceed anticipated revenue. Although this Constitutional amendment provided clarity, it did not change the balanced budget philosophy that the State has followed since statehood.
- In 1987, the State of South Dakota issued its first CAFR. That report contained an unqualified opinion from the Department of Legislative Audit (the independent auditors). The Independent Auditor's Report included in this report represents the 29<sup>th</sup> consecutive year South Dakota has received an unqualified opinion on its CAFR. Additionally, it is Governor Daugaard's goal for future CAFRs to be issued 6 months after the close of the fiscal year. To achieve this goal, the 89<sup>th</sup> and 90<sup>th</sup> Legislative Assemblies provided additional resources geared toward achieving that goal. With these resources, it is anticipated that the fiscal year 2016 CAFR will be issued by December 31, 2016, six months after the close of the fiscal year.
- House Bill 1203 from the 2014 Legislative Session was passed and signed by the Governor. This bill creates new requirements for revenue estimates during legislative session and requires that the Bureau of Finance and Management and the Legislature shall produce an additional independent revenue projection no later than July 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. These additional measures further ensure financial stability in South Dakota.
- ➤ House Bill 1206 from the 2014 Legislative Session was passed and signed by the Governor and provided \$56.3 million for state lease rental agreements. This removed three state bonds from the South Dakota Building Authority's balance sheet. This also included principal and interest for a fourth bond to be called at its call date.

- In the spring of 2014, the State adjusted the retiree health plan premiums for the eligible retirees between the ages of 55 and 65 (pre 65). These adjusted premiums are projected to be fully supportive of the projected claim and fee costs of the pre 65 retire health plan program thus eliminating the blended premium between the pre 65 retirees and the active employees. The new rates were graduated in with the first increase on July 1, 2014 and the final increase on January 1, 2015. This premium change assured that the State would not provide a direct or indirect premium subsidy and therefore eliminated the implicit rate subsidy. As a result, the State of South Dakota has eliminated its entire OPEB liability.
- Another aspect of strengthening the State's financial practices is for longer term financial planning. Two executive orders were signed by Governor Daugaard in the summer of 2014 which are designed to further strengthen South Dakota's fiscal practices. The first executive order directed the Bureau of Finance and Management to make dashboard metrics available to the public. Additionally, the first executive order further strengthened the Governor's Council of Economic Advisors. This executive order enhances the State's transparency all while providing additional expert opinions from university professors and business leaders from across the State. The second executive order directs the Bureau of Finance and Management to prepare three working documents designed to enhance South Dakota's long-term financial planning. The three documents are: a long-term budget forecast estimate, a capital expenditure plan, and a debt service policy. All three documents allow the State to continue sound financial practices while presenting a fiscal road map. In addition to this, Senate Bill 172 from the 2015 Legislative Session was passed and signed by the Governor which memorialized in state law the executive orders pertaining to the long-term financial planning. State law now requires the South Dakota Bureau of Finance and Management to update these long-term planning documents annually and release them for public viewing no later than January 15<sup>th</sup> of each year.
- > House Bills 1185, 1186, and 1187 from the 2015 Legislative Session were passed and signed by the Governor. These bills established three captive insurance cells in order to better protect our state facilities, as well as provide general liability, public officials' errors and omissions liability, employment practices liability, and directors and officers liability coverage to five of the State's discretely presented component units. By establishing the captive insurance companies, the State and the discretely presented component units will pay insurance premiums to these captive insurance companies. Over the long term, premiums are anticipated to remain low and decrease while minimizing the risk of loss to the State and the component units.
- The State has robust internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that the State is meeting its operational, reporting, and compliance objectives. This fact has been proven time and again that South Dakota is a leader in operational efficiencies, while maintaining sound safeguards of its assets and resources. Recently, some of the State's internal control practices have been recognized and adopted by national organizations as best practice templates for other governments; however, Governor Daugaard wants to do even better by advancing his Internal Control Initiative. This Initiative is designed to improve the control environment and communications within state government, further develop the risk assessments, and strengthen the control and monitoring activities.

**Public Safety Improvement Act.** In the past 35 years, South Dakota's prison population increased 500%. In response, state leaders formed the South Dakota Criminal Justice Initiative Work Group, which was charged with analyzing sentencing and corrections data and developing policies to safely curtail prison growth. The work group recommended a package of policies which resulted in the Public Safety Improvement Act. Its purpose is to improve public safety by strengthening supervision, holding offenders more accountable, focusing prison space on violent and career criminals, and ensuring quality and sustainability of reforms while controlling corrections spending. The Act is projected to save State taxpayers approximately \$162 million in averted prison construction and operating expenses through 2022.

Significant changes were recommended for our criminal justice system to accomplish these provisions. They include enhancing and expanding drug and driving under the influence (DUI) courts, probation and parole supervision, collection of restitution, and training. New programs include two probation supervision programs combining drug testing with swift and certain sanctions, a statewide automated victim information and notification system, a parole supervision program for tribal communities, and reinvestment funding for counties who manage additional offenders locally. This Act also focuses on improved mental health and substance abuse treatment.

**Juvenile Justice Reinvestment Initiative.** Following the successful passage and implementation of the Public Safety Improvement Act, Governor Daugaard formed the South Dakota Juvenile Justice Reinvestment Initiative work group. The work group has submitted a set of policy recommendations to state leaders. During the 2015 Legislative

Session, these recommendations were codified and funding was appropriated to focus on expensive residential placements of youth, prevent deeper involvement in the juvenile justice system for youth committing lower level offenses, expand access to evidence-based community interventions, and ensure the quality and sustainability of reforms.

Sanford Underground Research Facility (SURF). SURF is a world-class facility for sensitive physics experiments requiring protection from the cosmic radiation bombarding the surface of the Earth. In 2007, the National Science Foundation (NSF) selected the Sanford Underground Research Facility (SURF), owned by the South Dakota Science and Technology Authority (SDSTA), as the site for a Deep Underground Science and Engineering Laboratory (DUSEL). In federal fiscal year 2012, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) began sponsoring SURF operations. Experiments now installed nearly a mile underground, protected by a thick layer of rock from cosmic noise, could yield answers to some of the deepest mysteries of modern physics in the next few years. The facility also hosts applied research, such as a project to improve the commercial production of ultra-pure germanium crystals and the use of exotic "extremophile" life forms which could boost production of bio-fuels. Fourteen research collaborations are active at Sanford Lab, and they include nearly 1,000 scientists from throughout the United States and Europe. Sanford Lab is poised to become one of the leading physics laboratories in the world, and 13 of the 14 research groups at the laboratory include scientists from South Dakota universities. In December 2012, the DOE approved the Long Baseline Neutrino Experiment (LBNE) to proceed with preliminary designs to construct a large detector at SURF. LBNE construction is projected to begin in 2016 and operations could run through approximately 2040. The NSF and DOE are also considering next generation dark matter (larger detector) as well as Nuclear Astrophysics experiments at SURF that could ensure operational funding through 2030 to 2040.

To further enhance the research to be conducted at SURF, Governor Daugaard proposed and the 2015 Legislature appropriated \$3,950,000 in general funds to provide upgrades to the Ross Shaft. This funding helps to assist with the long-term planning and operations of the facility and provide Ross Shaft upgrades that could lead to future multimillion dollar experiments.

South Dakota is positioning itself to take better advantage of this world-leading facility. A new physics doctoral program and better opportunities for graduate students will expand research opportunities for South Dakota students. SURF will help build the intellectual capital necessary for South Dakota to thrive in an innovation-rich economy.

**Building South Dakota.** The sunset of the SDCL 10-45B large project refund program and the defeat of referred law 14 left South Dakota without optimal economic development tools. In response, a bipartisan team of legislative leadership worked together to formulate a comprehensive economic development package with built in safeguards to ensure fiscal responsibility, transparency and accountability. The multi-faceted approach set forth in Senate Bill 235 from the 2013 Legislative Session focuses on education, housing, infrastructure, local economic development efforts, and large and small project needs. One component of the legislation provides for the Board of Economic Development to approve discretionary reinvestment payments, up to the amount of sales and use tax paid on project costs, for new or expanded facilities with a total project cost in excess of \$20 million, and for equipment upgrades with a total project cost in excess of \$2 million. This bill also creates the Building South Dakota fund, and allocates a one-time appropriation of \$7.0 million in fiscal year 2014 for the initial capitalization of the fund.

Senate Bill 158 from the 2014 Legislative Session was passed and signed by the Governor. This bill amends the ongoing funding mechanism for the Building South Dakota Fund. Instead of using unclaimed property revenue, the bill guarantees a lump sum of funds to ensure adequate resources for multiple years. This funding mechanism occurs if the budget reserve and property tax reduction fund combined has a cash balance over 10% of the general fund appropriations from the general appropriations act for the prior year. Also, the combined cash balances of the Building South Dakota fund and its subfunds would receive additional year end funds not to exceed 1% of the general fund appropriations in the general appropriations act for the previous fiscal year. In the 2014 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 157 appropriated \$30 million to the Building South Dakota fund, with \$10 million being disbursed to the five subfunds each fiscal year starting in fiscal year 2014.

The Building South Dakota fund is allocated as follows:

- 30% to the Workforce Education fund to provide grants to schools to fund the limited English proficiency adjustment and provide grants for secondary career and technical education programs
- 25% to the South Dakota Housing Opportunity fund to preserve and expand sustainable, affordable and safe housing targeted at low and moderate income families and individuals

- 25% to the Local Infrastructure Improvement grant fund to issue grants to political subdivisions or local development corporations to construct or reconstruct infrastructure for the purpose of serving economic development projects
- 15% to the Economic Development Partnership fund to issue grants to nonprofit development corporations, municipalities, counties, or other political subdivisions of this state on a matching basis for the purpose of development or expanding local, community, and economic development programs
- 5% to the Revolving Economic Development and Initiative fund to provide grants to projects having a total project cost of less than twenty million dollars

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The preparation of this report required the collective efforts of numerous financial personnel throughout the State from various agencies and departments. I sincerely appreciate the dedicated efforts of all of these individuals. I would also like to recognize and commend the efforts of the accounting staff of each State agency, the Bureau of Finance and Management, and the staff of the Department of Legislative Audit for their talents in making this report possible.

This report continues our commitment to the citizens of the State of South Dakota, the Governor, the Legislature, and the financial community, to maintain the highest standards of accountability and financial reporting.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jason C. Dilges, Chief Financial Officer Bureau of Finance and Management



# SOUTH DAKOTA FY2015 PRINCIPAL STATE OFFICIALS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard, Governor The Honorable Matt Michels, Lieutenant Governor

#### CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

The Honorable Marty J. Jackley, Attorney General
The Honorable Shantel Krebs, Secretary of State
The Honorable Rich Sattgast, Treasurer
The Honorable Steve Barnett, Auditor
The Honorable Ryan Brunner, Commissioner, School and Public Lands

#### PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

The Honorable Kristie Fiegen, Commissioner The Honorable Gary Hanson, Commissioner The Honorable Chris Nelson, Commissioner

#### I FGISI ATIVF BRANCH

The Honorable Dean Wink Speaker of the House

The Honorable Tim Rave Senate Majority Leader

The Honorable Billie Sutton Senate Minority Leader

The Honorable Brian Gosch House Majority Leader

The Honorable Spencer Hawley House Minority Leader

#### JUDICIAL BRANCH

The Honorable David E. Gilbertson Chief Justice

The Honorable Steven L. Zinter Associate Justice

The Honorable Glen A. Severson Associate Justice

The Honorable Lori S. Wilbur Associate Justice

The Honorable Janine M. Kern Associate Justice

## SOUTH DAKOTA FY2015 FUNCTIONS OF STATE GOVERNMENT

#### GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Executive Management
Revenue
Lottery
Legislature
School and Public Lands
Secretary of State
State Treasurer
State Auditor

HEALTH, HUMAN, AND SOCIAL SERVICES

Social Services
Health
Labor and Regulation
Veterans' Affairs
Human Services
Retirement System

LAW, JUSTICE, PUBLIC PROTECTION, AND REGULATION

Corrections
Unified Judicial System
Attorney General
Public Safety
Military
Appraiser Program
Labor Financial Services
Labor Boards and Commissions
Revenue – Commission on Gaming
Public Utilities Commission

## AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Agriculture
Game, Fish and Parks
Environment and Natural Resources

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Transportation**

#### **FDUCATION**

#### Education

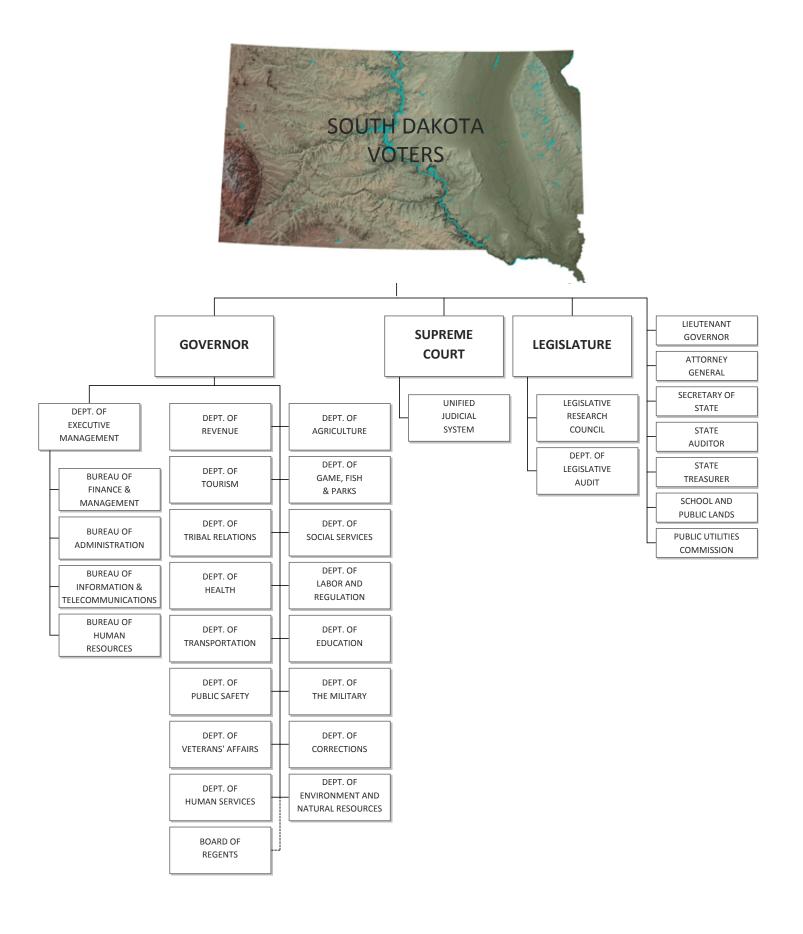
Elementary, Secondary, and Vocational Schools

#### **Higher Education**

State Aid to Universities

#### ECONOMIC RESOURCES

Tourism
Economic Development
Tribal Relations





## FINANCIAL SECTION



## FINANCIAL SECTION



427 SOUTH CHAPELLE C/O 500 EAST CAPITOL PIERRE SD 57501-5070 (605)773-3595 FAX (605)773-6454

MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard Governor of South Dakota

and

Members of the Legislature State of South Dakota

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information of the State of South Dakota, as of and for the year June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Unemployment Insurance Fund, the South Dakota Retirement System, the South Dakota Housing Development Authority, the South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority and certain foundations of Higher Education. Those financial statements reflect total assets and deferred outflows and revenues and additions of the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, and the aggregate remaining fund information as follows:

	Percent of Total Assets*	Percent of Total Revenues/Additions
Government-wide financial statements:		
Business-type activities:		
Unemployment Insurance Fund	9.9%	16.8%
Fund financial statements:		
Aggregate discretely presented component units:		
South Dakota Housing Authority	40.8%	10.1%
South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority	.8%	.3%
Foundations of Higher Education	15.7%	10.7%
Aggregate remaining fund information:		
Unemployment Insurance Fund	.7%	1.6%
South Dakota Retirement System	88.2%	22.9%

<sup>\*</sup> including deferred outflows

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for these entities, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the discretely presented component units (foundations) of Higher Education were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the State implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the implementation of these standards resulted in a restatement of beginning net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 17 through 35, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 114 through 129, and the Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions on page 130 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements on pages 132 through 167 and the introductory and statistical sections on pages 1 through 8 and 169 through 188, respectively, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2016 on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin L. Guindon, CPA Auditor General

January 22, 2016



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a discussion and analysis of the State of South Dakota's (hereinafter referred to as the State) financial performance and position, providing an overview of the State's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This document begins with a one page summary of financial highlights, followed by a more detailed overview of the financial statements and financial analysis. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section of this report and with the State's financial statements that follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT SUMMARY

#### Government-wide

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the State exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows
  of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$6.1 billion (reported as net position). Of this amount \$5.3 billion
  is restricted for specific uses or invested in capital assets. The remaining \$0.9 billion is unrestricted and may
  be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations. However, certain resources within this unrestricted net
  position have internally imposed limitations that are discussed within the Government-wide Financial Analysis
  section of this document.
- The State's total net position increased by \$162.0 million, or 4.2% from the prior year. Net position of governmental activities increased by \$123.5 million, or 3.9%, while net position of business-type activities increased by \$38.5 million, or 6.8% over the prior year.
- The State reported a net pension asset of \$159.0 million during the fiscal year.
- Component units reported total net position of \$2.0 billion, an increase of \$106.2 million, or 5.7% from the prior year.

#### Fund Level

- The State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.8 billion, an increase of \$35.6 million, or 2.0% from the prior year. Of the \$1.8 billion in combined ending fund balance, \$505.0 million is nonspendable and \$960.2 million is restricted by outside sources or enabling legislation. Another \$51.1 million is committed by state law and \$147.8 million has been assigned for various specific purposes. The remaining \$179.9 million is unassigned. Please refer to the Notes to the Financial Statements for further explanation and breakdown of these balances. Certain resources within the \$179.9 million of the unassigned fund balance have internally imposed limitations that are discussed throughout the *Financial Analysis of the State's Funds* section of this document and the Notes to the Financial Statements.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$318.1 million. This includes General Fund Budget Reserve and Property Tax Reduction Fund balances of \$126.7 million and \$44.6 million, respectively.
- The State's three trust funds (Dakota Cement Trust, Education Enhancement Trust and Health Care Trust, reported as special revenue funds) and the State's Permanent Fund all grew in value during the fiscal year. After transferring a combined amount of \$32.5 million to the General Fund and \$0.7 million to other special revenue funds, these funds closed the year with a combined ending fund balance of \$981.5 million, an increase of \$14.6 million.
- Proprietary funds reported net position at year-end of \$695.1 million, an increase of \$53.8 million, or 8.4% from the prior year.

#### Long-Term Debt

- The primary government's total long-term debt (Revenue Bonds, Trust Certificates and Capital Leases) as of June 30, 2015, totaled \$555.5 million, an increase of \$55.3 million from the last fiscal year-end. The increase represents the net difference between new issuances, payments and refunding of outstanding debt.
- The South Dakota Building Authority issued \$23.8 million in revenue bonds for Governmental Activities. The South Dakota Conservancy District issued \$59.8 million in revenue bonds for Business-type Activities. The South Dakota Building Authority issued \$87.7 million in revenue bonds for Higher Education.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the State's Basic Financial Statements. The State's Basic Financial Statements are comprised of three components: (1) Government-wide Financial Statements, (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains Required Supplementary Information and Other Supplementary Information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements (Reporting the State as a whole)

The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the State's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the State's financial position that aids in assessing the State's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These statements include all nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The Government-wide Financial Statements include two statements:

- The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the State's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between them being reported as net position. Over an extended period of time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the State is improving or deteriorating.
- The Statement of Activities presents information depicting how the State's net position changed during
  the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving
  rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are
  reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g.,
  uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities segregate the activities of the State into three types:

- Governmental Activities. The governmental activities of the State include the following:
  - General government
  - Education elementary, secondary and vocational schools
  - Education state support to higher education
  - Health, human and social services
  - Law, justice, public protection and regulation
  - Agriculture and natural resources
  - Economic resources
  - Transportation
  - Intergovernmental payments to school districts
  - Intergovernmental revenue sharing
  - Unallocated interest expense
  - Unallocated depreciation

Taxes, fees, unrestricted investment earnings, and intergovernmental revenues (federal grants) finance most of the costs of these activities.

• Business-type Activities. The State charges fees to customers to help cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The Lottery Fund is an example of a business-type activity.

- Discretely Presented Component Units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the State is financially accountable, or the nature and significance of the unit's relationship with the State is such that exclusion of the unit would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The following entities are included in the component unit columns of the State's Government-wide Financial Statements:
  - > Higher Education
  - South Dakota Housing Development Authority
  - South Dakota Science and Technology Authority
  - South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority
  - South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority
  - South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority

Other component units are blended and reported as part of primary government or considered related organizations and not reported in these financial statements. For additional information regarding component units, refer to the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The State, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity. All funds of the State can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. It is important to note that these categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

• Governmental Funds. Most of the State's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the State's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine the financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the State's programs. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental funds include the General Fund, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and permanent funds.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the State's short-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund's financial statements.

The State maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Transportation Fund, Social Services Federal Fund, Dakota Cement Trust Fund, and Education Enhancement Trust Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for some nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

- Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds include: (1) enterprise funds and (2) internal service funds. These
  funds account for the State's activities that operate much like private sector businesses. Like the
  Government-wide Financial Statements, proprietary fund statements are presented using the accrual basis of
  accounting.
  - 1. Enterprise funds (e.g., Lottery Fund) are used to account for activities that largely involve customers outside of state government and are reported as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

**2.** Internal service funds (e.g., Fleet and Travel Management) are used to account for activities that largely involve other state agencies. The internal service fund activities are consolidated with the governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements because those services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities.

The State maintains several individual proprietary funds. The following three are considered major funds: Lottery Fund, Clean Water State Revolving Fund, and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund. These three proprietary funds are presented separately in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Information from the remaining funds is combined into two separate, aggregated columns by proprietary fund type. Individual fund data for some nonmajor proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds (e.g., South Dakota Retirement System) are used to report activities
when the State acts as a trustee or fiduciary to hold resources for the benefit of parties outside state
government. The accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds and is similar to the accounting used
for proprietary funds. The Government-wide Financial Statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and
balances because these assets are restricted in purpose and cannot be used by the State to finance
operations.

The State's fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Individual fund data for some of the fiduciary funds is included in the Combining Financial Statements elsewhere in this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements and provide additional narrative and financial information essential to fully understand the data provided in the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements are located immediately following the fiduciary funds' financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information

The Basic Financial Statements are followed by a section of Required Supplementary Information. This section includes Budgetary Comparison Schedules and related notes; and two pension related schedules.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules are for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The only special revenue funds that fit this criterion are the Transportation Fund and the Social Services Federal Fund. These schedules present both the original and the final appropriated budgets for the fiscal year. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule also lists the actual outflows and balances stated on a budgetary basis. A variance column is included to compare the final appropriated budget with the actual budget results.

Because accounting principles used to present budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), a Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation can be found immediately following the Budgetary Comparison Schedule. The Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation explains the differences between budgetary outflows and GAAP expenditures.

The pension related schedules include a Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and a Schedule of Contributions. The first schedule highlights key amounts relating to State's share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset). The second schedule illustrates contributions as a percentage of the State's covered-employee payroll.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other Supplementary Information includes Combining Financial Statements for nonmajor governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component units that are incorporated into the Basic Financial Statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### Net Position

As presented in the following table, total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the State on June 30, 2015 were \$7.4 billion, while total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources were \$1.2 billion, resulting in combined net position (governmental and business-type activities) of \$6.1 billion a 4.2% increase from the previous year. This increase in total net position reflects the growing South Dakota economy and sound management of the State's resources.

#### State of South Dakota Net Position as of June 30 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		<b>Total Primary Government</b>		% of
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 2,467,859	\$ 2,259,060	\$ 907,044	\$ 806,520	\$ 3,374,903	\$ 3,065,580	10.1%
Capital Assets, as restated	3,865,996	3,818,401	2,811	3,650	3,868,807	3,822,051	1.2%
Total Assets, as restated	6,333,855	6,077,461	909,855	810,170	7,243,710	6,887,631	5.2%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	144,395	5,341	9,199	6,742	153,594	12,083	
Current and Other Liabilities	359,104	356,610	15,560	14,616	374,664	371,226	0.9%
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding, as restated	423,276	417,445	266,084	209,239	689,360	626,684	10.0%
Total Liabilities, as restated	782,380	774,055	281,644	223,855	1,064,024	997,910	6.6%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	180,116		4,029		184,145		
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets, as restated	3,713,057	3,692,913	2,810	3,650	3,715,867	3,696,563	0.5%
Restricted	1,537,781	1,383,140	6,155	912	1,543,936	1,384,052	11.6%
Unrestricted, as restated	264,916	232,694	624,416	588,495	889,332	821,189	8.3%
Total Net Position, as restated	\$ 5,515,754	\$ 5,308,747	\$ 633,381	\$ 593,057	\$ 6,149,135	\$ 5,901,804	4.2%
Percent of Total Primary Government							
Net Position	89.7%	90.0%	10.3%	10.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

In fiscal year 2015, Governmental Activities accounted for 89.7% of the State's total net position and Business-type Activities accounted for 10.3% as compared to 90.0% and 10.0% in the prior fiscal year.

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

The largest component of the State's net position, \$3.7 billion or 62.6%, reflects investments in capital assets (land; land improvements; land improvements – roads; buildings; equipment; vehicles; infrastructure; and construction in progress), less depreciation and all outstanding debt that was issued to buy or build those assets. This represents a \$19.3 million, or 0.5% increase in the State's investment in capital assets from the prior year. The State uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the State's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **Restricted Net Position**

Total restricted net position at year end was \$1.5 billion, or 23.5%, of total net position, an increase of \$159.9 million, or 11.6% from the prior year. The net position is subject to restrictions either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used.

A majority of the restricted net position is accounted for in the State's three trust funds and the State's Permanent fund. As discussed later in this document, two of these trust funds (Education Enhancement Trust and Health Care Trust) and the Permanent fund are held as permanent investments, either as expendable (\$197.4 million) or nonexpendable (\$478.8 million), and the third (Dakota Cement Trust) is restricted for education (\$305.4 million).

The combined fund balance of these four funds totals \$981.5 million. Aside from the constitutionally authorized annual distributions, these funds can only be accessed through a constitutional amendment (Dakota Cement Trust and Permanent Fund) or by a three-fourths vote of the legislature (Health Care Trust Fund and Education Enhancement Trust).

The remaining \$562.4 million of restricted net position is restricted for highways (\$140.5 million), pensions (\$116.7 million) agriculture and natural resources (\$79.7 million), economic development (\$56.3 million), railroads (\$42.9 million), debt service (\$28.4 million), and the remaining amount for other purposes.

The reporting of pensions pursuant to GASB Statements 68 and 71 accounted for \$116.7 million of the \$159.9 million increase in restricted net position. An additional \$26.4 million and \$14.6 million is attributed to growth in the Transportation fund and increases in fund balance of the three trust funds and the Permanent fund, respectively, due to growth in investments from favorable market conditions and sound investment strategies.

#### Unrestricted Net Position

The remaining net position balance, \$889.3 million, is defined by accounting standards as "unrestricted" net position. However, much of the unrestricted net position balances cannot be used to meet the State's general ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors as resources because of limitations imposed by federal regulations, bond covenants, constitutional provision, or state law. Limitations on unrestricted net position imposed by federal regulations and bond covenants include \$218.1 million within the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and \$168.6 million within the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund. Other federal and state regulation limitations include, but are not limited to, \$110.3 million within the Revolving Economic Development and Initiative Fund, \$91.0 million for unemployment insurance claims, \$8.3 million for revolving loan programs, and \$3.4 million for health and public assistance.

Those funds with limitations imposed by State Law include the following:

- General Fund Budget Reserve (\$126.7 million). The 1991 South Dakota Legislature established a General Fund Budget Reserve whereas expenditures out of the budget reserve fund shall only be used by special appropriation (which requires a two-thirds vote of all the members of each house of the Legislature) and shall only redress such unforeseen expenditure obligations or such unforeseen revenue shortfalls as may constitute an emergency pursuant to S.D. Const., Art. III, § 1. The balance in the General Fund Budget Reserve at June 30, 2015 was \$126.7 million, an increase of \$21.5 million from the prior year.
- Property Tax Reduction Fund (\$44.6 million). Senate Bill 225, passed during the 1996 legislative session, created the "Property Tax Reduction Fund" (PTRF). Its intent is to fund property tax relief in South Dakota by decreasing local effect and increasing the State's share in funding education. This law provides that the Commissioner of Bureau of Finance and Management may transfer monies available from the PTRF to the General Fund to provide property tax relief through state aid to education. Revenues deposited in the PTRF come from four sources: (1) 49.5% of video lottery net machine income; (2) 60% of the revenue from the 4% tax on the gross receipts of telecommunications services; (3) 33% share of revenue generated from the tobacco tax in excess of \$35 million; (4) transfers from the Wind Energy Tax Fund; and (5) unobligated cash remaining at the end of a fiscal year after the transfer into the Budget Reserve, if the amount in the PTRF does not exceed 15% of the General Fund appropriations in the General Appropriations Act for the previous fiscal year. This statutorily created fund does not qualify as a special revenue fund under GASB 54 and is reported as a subfund of the General Fund for financial reporting purposes. The fund balance in the PTRF at June 30, 2015 was \$44.6 million, a decrease of \$3.6 million from the previous year. The PTRF provided \$112.7 million in property tax relief though state aid to education in fiscal year 2015.

Passage of House Bill 1050 in the 2015 Legislative Session changed the PTRF. This bill repealed the PTRF and in fiscal year 2016 allows current receipts of the PTRF to instead flow directly into the General Fund and this fund balance to be placed in a new sub-fund of the General Fund.

#### Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes financial information derived from the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the State's net position changed during fiscal year 2015:

#### State of South Dakota Change in Net Position for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30 (Expressed in Thousands)

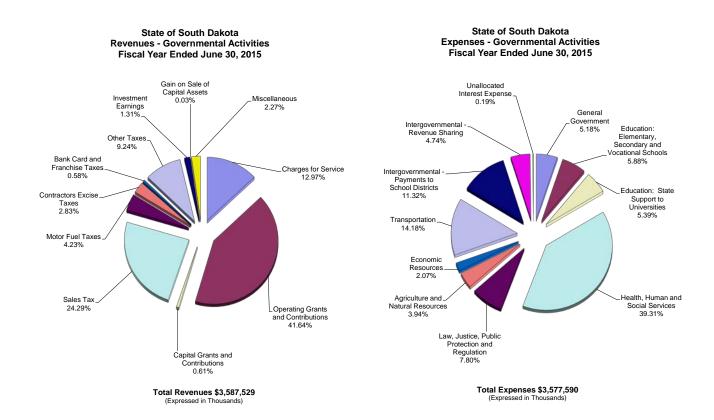
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		% of
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	Change
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Service	\$ 465,139	\$ 436,465	\$ 234,658	\$ 240,350	\$ 699,797	\$ 676,815	3.4%
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,493,542	1,582,641	30,005	33,994	1,523,547	1,616,635	(5.8)%
Capital Grants and Contributions	21,946	1,516	2,810		24,756	1,516	1533.0%
General Revenues:							
Sales Taxes	871,402	858,001			871,402	858,001	1.6%
Motor Fuel Taxes	151,901	136,395			151,901	136,395	11.4%
Contractors Excise Taxes	101,678	93,746			101,678	93,746	8.5%
Bank Card and Franchise Taxes	20,669	23,943			20,669	23,943	(13.7)%
Other Taxes	331,649	311,397			331,649	311,397	6.5%
Investment Earnings	47,130	142,003			47,130	142,003	(66.8)%
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,198	2,726			1,198	2,726	(56.1)%
Miscellaneous	81,275	133,988			81,275	133,988	(39.3)%
Total Revenues	3,587,529	3,722,821	267,473	274,344	3,855,002	3,997,165	(3.6)%
Program Expenses:	3,301,323	<u> </u>	201,410	214,044	3,033,002	3,337,103	(3.0) /0
General Government, as restated	185,273	180,193			185,273	180,193	2.8%
Education – Elementary, Secondary	100,270	100,100			100,270	100,133	2.070
and Vocational Schools, as restated	210,271	206,997			210,271	206,997	1.6%
Education – State Support to Higher Education	192,950	219,341			192,950	219,341	(12.0)%
Health, Human and Social Services	1,406,586	1,380,648			1,406,586	1,380,648	1.9%
Law , Justice, Public Protection and Regulation	279,097	321,186			279,097	321,186	(13.1)%
Agriculture and Natural Resources	140,921	152,666			140,921	152,666	(7.7)%
Economic Resources	74,004	40,121			74,004	40,121	84.5%
							7.1%
Transportation, as restated	507,300	473,550			507,300	473,550	
Intergovernmental – Payments to School Districts	404,909	393,606			404,909	393,606	2.9%
Intergovernmental – Revenue Sharing	169,514	161,564			169,514	161,564	4.9%
Unallocated Interest Expense	6,712	9,198			6,712	9,198	(27.0)%
Unallocated Depreciation	53	53	44.050	40.000	53	53	0.0%
Lottery			41,053	42,806	41,053	42,806	(4.1)%
Clean Water State Revolving			9,673	9,879	9,673	9,879	(2.1)%
Drinking Water State Revolving			8,651	9,352	8,651	9,352	(7.5)%
Other			56,081	66,042	56,081	66,042	(15.1)%
Total Expenses	3,577,590	3,539,123	115,458	128,079	3,693,048	3,667,202	0.7%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Transfers	9,939	183,698	152,015	146,265	161,954	329,963	
Special Items		17,619			0	17,619	
Transfers	113,558	102,937	(113,558)	(102,937)	0	0	
Change in Net Position	123,497	304,254	38,457	43,328	161,954	347,582	
Net Position – Beginning, as restated	5,308,747	5,004,493	593,057	549,729	5,901,804	5,554,222	
Restatement - implementation of GASB 68 & 71	83,510		1,867		85,377		
Adjusted Net Position - Beginning	5,392,257	5,004,493	594,924	549,729	5,987,181	5,554,222	
Net Position – Ending , as restated	\$ 5,515,754	\$ 5,308,747	\$ 633,381	\$ 593,057	\$ 6,149,135	\$5,901,804	
Percent Change in Total							
Net Position from prior year	3.9%		6.8%		4.2%		

#### Governmental Activities:

The State's net position for Governmental Activities at the end of fiscal year 2015 was \$5.5 billion. This represents an increase of 3.9% or \$207.0 million; \$123.5 million from current operations and \$83.5 million from GASB 68 and 71 restatements. This was the result of the net effect of the following: (1) \$3.6 billion revenues (a decrease from the prior year of \$135.3 million); less (2) \$3.6 billion expenses (an increase over the prior year of \$38.5 million); plus (3) net transfers of \$113.6 million (primarily from the South Dakota Lottery).

- The decrease in revenues was primarily due to an \$89.1 million decrease in operating grants and contributions; and a \$94.9 million decrease in investment earnings. These decreases were offset by an increase of \$36.8 million in sales taxes, motor fuel taxes, and contractors excise tax revenues; which are attributed to the growing and expanding South Dakota economy.
- The increase in expenses was primarily due to \$33.9 million, \$33.8 million, and \$25.9 million increases to
  economic resources; transportation; and health, human, and social services functions of government. These
  increases were offset by \$42.1 million and \$26.4 million reductions in law, justice, public protection, and
  regulation; and state aid to higher education expenditures, respectively.

The following two charts illustrate the above program revenues and expenses for Governmental Activities for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015:



This fiscal year, the State received 41.6% of its revenues from grants and contributions, and 24.3% from sales tax. In the previous year, grant and contributions accounted for 42.5% and 23.1% from sales tax. Charges for service accounted for 13.0% as compared to 11.7% in the prior fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2015, health, human and social services (taking care of people) accounted for 39.3% of the State's expenses, followed by 22.6% to education (K-12 and post-secondary), 14.2% to transportation (constructing and maintain roads and bridges) and 7.8% for law, justice, public protection, and regulation (protecting people).

#### Business-type Activities:

Net position of the business-type activities at the end of fiscal year 2015 was \$633.4 million, an increase of \$38.5 million due to total revenues exceeding total expenses and transfers out. Although net position for Business-type Activities only accounts for roughly 10.3% of the total net position, Business-type Activities provided \$113.6 million in net transfers to Governmental Activities to help fund current operations, most of which came from the South Dakota Lottery.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Some funds are required by law, while others are established internally to maintain control over a particular activity.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the State's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows and outflows during the fiscal year and on balances of spendable resources as of fiscal year-end. Such information is useful in assessing the State's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. However, this measure must be used with care because large portions of the balance may relate to internally imposed limitations, such as constitutional or statutory language, which could limit resource use (e.g., General Fund Budget Reserve, Dakota Cement Trust Fund, Health Care Trust Fund, Education Enhancement Trust Fund, Property Tax Reduction Fund, and Permanent Fund), unless appropriated by legislative action as defined by State law.

As shown in the table below, at the end of the current fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.8 billion, an increase of \$35.6 million during the year. Of this amount, approximately 27.4%, or \$505.0 million of the combined ending fund balances is nonspendable; either due to its form or legal constraints. The nonspendable portion is predominately made up of the Education Enhancement Trust and the Health Care Trust funds to be held as permanent investments. Approximately 52.1%, or \$960.2 million of the combined ending fund balances is restricted by outside sources or enabling legislation. 2.8%, or \$51.1 million of the combined balance is committed by state law and 8.0%, or \$147.8 million, has been assigned internally for specific purposes. The remaining \$179.9 million or 9.7% is unassigned according to GASB Statement 54. Certain resources within the \$179.9 million of the unassigned fund balance have other internally imposed limitations as discussed below. (Please refer to Notes to the Financial Statements for a further explanation and breakdown of these balances.)

## State of South Dakota Governmental Fund Balance as of June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	General Fund	Tran	sportation	Se	Social ervices ederal	Dakota Cement Trust	ducation ancement Trust	N	onmajor	Total	% of Total Fund Balance
Nonspendable	\$ 3,911	\$	18,704	\$	163	\$	\$ 347,252	\$	134,974	\$ 505,004	27.4%
Restricted	10,479		132,575			305,395	149,877		361,866	960,192	52.1%
Committed									51,119	51,119	2.8%
Assigned	120,180				1,216				26,417	147,813	8.0%
Unassigned	 183,570								(3,624)	179,946	9.7%
Total Fund Balances	\$ 318,140	\$	151,279	\$	1,379	\$ 305,395	\$ 497,129	\$	570,752	\$ 1,844,074	
% Change from prior year	(0.7)%		21.1%		0.6%	1.0%	1.9%		(0.2)%	2.0%	

The following governmental funds are major funds and had significant impact on the State's financial position during fiscal year 2015:

#### General Fund (\$318.1 million).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the State. It accounts for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The General Fund receives a majority of its operating cash from sales and use tax, and contactor's excise tax revenue. Other General Fund tax revenues include, but are not limited to, unclaimed property remittance, bank taxes, cigarette excise tax, tourism tax, mineral tax, alcoholic beverage tax, and insurance company tax. The General Fund also receives annual statutory transfers from the South Dakota Lottery Fund, the Securities and Insurance Fund, the Education Enhancement Trust Fund, the Dakota Cement Trust Fund, Education Enhancement Tobacco Tax Fund, the South Dakota Gaming Commission Fund, and the Health Care Trust Fund.

A vast majority of the General Fund expenditures are for education (K-12 and post-secondary); health, human, and social services (taking care of people); and law, justice, public protection, and regulation (protecting people). The General Fund also makes annual transfers out for debt service and to various other funds.

The exhibit below details the General Fund revenue, expenditures, and transfers in a comparative table.

#### State of South Dakota Change in Revenue, Expenditures and Transfers General Fund

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Gener	al Fund	% of		Gener	% of	
	FY2015	FY2014	Change		FY2015	FY2014	Change
Revenue:				Expenditures:			
Taxes:				Current:			
Sales and Use Tax	\$ 859,575	\$ 841,456	2.2%	General Government	\$ 52,024	\$ 48,635	7.0%
Contractor's Excise Tax	101,999	93,460	9.1%	Education (all)	623,139	638,742	(2.4)%
Insurance Company Tax	72,644	66,398	9.4%	Health, Human and Social Services	529,791	484,262	9.4%
Cigarette Excise Tax	35,091	32,866	6.8%	Law, Justice, Public Protection and Regulation	152,431	147,203	3.6%
Bank Tax	20,669	23,943	(13.7)%	Agriculture and Natural Resources	16,163	15,638	3.4%
Tourism Tax	16,612	16,136	2.9%	Economic Resources	28,745	24,415	17.7%
Alcohol Beverage Tax	16,356	15,988	2.3%	State Shared Revenue Paid			
Mineral Tax	7,508	9,286	(19.1)%	to Other Other Governments	37,685	38,047	(1.0)%
Other	7,489	7,478	0.1%	Debt Service:			
Licenses, Permits and Fees	10,267	10,097	1.7%	Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		16,924	
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties	368	358	2.8%	Total Expenditures	\$1,439,978	\$1,413,866	1.8%
Use of Money and Property	6,658	8,254	(19.3)%				
Sales and Services	23,463	17,706	32.5%				
Administering Programs	10	25	(60.0)%				
Unclaimed Property Remittance	50,883	101,143	(49.7)%				
Other Revenue	7,548	6,498	16.2%				
Total Revenue	\$1,237,140	\$ 1,251,092	(1.1)%				
Transfers In:				Transfers Out:			
South Dakota Lottery fund	\$ 105,708	\$ 98,534	7.3%	Public Safety Emergency Management	\$ 6,829	\$	
Securities and Insurance fund	45,752	42,704	7.1%	Vocational Education Facilities	2,217	1,650	34.4%
Education Enhancement Trust fund	17,037	15,700	8.5%	Building Authothity Debt Service fund	1,429	12,157	(88.2)%
Dakota Cement Trust fund	10,804	10,063	7.4%	Labor	1,406	1,376	2.2%
Health Care Tobacco Tax fund	7,860	8,305	(5.4)%	State Fire Suppression fund	750	1,950	(61.5)%
Education Enhancement Tobacco Tax fund	7,629	8,061	(5.4)%	Accounting and Payroll	596	602	(1.0)%
South Dakota Gaming Commission fund	6,182	6,379	(3.1)%	Aviation	525	517	1.5%
Health Care Trust fund	4,674	4,323	8.1%	Railroad Trust Fund	320	8.200	
All Other Transfer Ins	9,656	5,665	70.5%	SDRS		7,598	
Total Transfers In	\$ 215,302	\$ 199,734	7.8%	All Other Transfer Outs	948	4,981	(81.0)%
				Total Transfers Out	\$ 14,700	\$ 39,031	(62.3)%

The General Fund experienced increases in most of its major sources of revenues such as sales and use tax (increase of \$18.1 million), contractors excise tax (increase of \$8.5 million), insurance company tax (increase of \$6.2 million), cigarette excise tax (increase of \$2.2 million) and sales and service fees (increase of \$5.8 million). These increases are directly attributed to the steadily growing South Dakota economy. Despite these increases, the General Fund experienced an overall revenue decrease of \$14.0 million from the prior year. This decrease in overall General Fund revenue is attributed to a \$50.3 million decrease in unclaimed property remittance. This decrease in unclaimed property remittance was expected as the prior fiscal year experienced a one-time surge in unclaimed property remittance of \$65.6 million due to legislative changes which shortened the time period in which unclaimed property is presumed abandoned.

Transfers into the General Fund from the prior year increased by \$15.6 million or 7.8% while transfers out of the General Fund decreased by \$24.3 million or 62.3% resulting in a "net" transfer change from the prior year of \$40.0 million. The increases in transfers into the General Fund are attributed to growth in the South Dakota Lottery, Securities and Insurance Fund and increased value of the State's three trust funds and other funds with statutory transfers.

With the implementation of GASB Statement 54, fourteen statutorily created funds do not qualify as Special Revenue Funds and were required to be combined with the State's General Fund in fiscal year 2015. The General Fund and these fourteen funds were, and will continue to be budgeted for, accounted for, and tracked separately on the State's budget and accounting systems.

The following table identifies the General Fund beginning and ending fund balances before and after the GASB Statement 54 changes (expressed in thousands):

		F Be	eral Fund FY2014 ginning d Balance		I	eral Fund FY2015 Ending d Balance
Fund Balance - General Fund, as restated		\$	320,317		\$	318,140
Less: Statutorily Created Funds Combined with the General Fund Property Tax Reduction - assigned for Education	Beginning Balance \$ 48,184			Ending Balance \$ 44,610		
Tourism Promotion - assigned for Tourism Promotion	2,835			2,886		
Investment Council Operating - assigned for Other Private Activity Bond - assigned for Other	990 170			3,571 409		
Teen Court - assigned for Other	36			11		
Proof of Concept - assigned for Economic Development	446			202		
Economic Development - assigned for Economic Development	894			1,072		
Local Infrastructure Improvement - assigned for Economic Development	1,491			3,780		
Workforce Education - assigned for Education	27			1,432		
Tax Relief - unassigned	240			-		
Building South Dakota - assigned for Economic Development and						
Education; and Health and Public Assistenace	21,107			15,413		
Extraordinary Litigation Expense - assigned (unassigned)	632			(1,437)		
Legislative Contingency Fund - unassigned				1,000		
Unclaimed Property - unassigned	29			30		
Total GASB 54 combinations		-	77,081			72,979
Fund Balance - General Fund - excluding GASB 54 combinations		\$	243,236		\$	245,161

See the Notes to the Financial Statements for more information on the GASB Statement 54 changes.

In evaluating a contract between SDRC, Inc. and GOED, relating to the EB-5 program, it was determined the SDRC Indemnification Fund One Account should be reported in the State's General Fund. As of June 30, 2015 the following equity balances were included within the State's General Fund (expressed in thousands):

			Be	eral Fund FY2014 eginning ad Balance		I	eral Fund FY2015 Ending d Balance
Fund Balance - General Fund - excluding GASB 54 combinations			\$	243,236		\$	245,161
Less: SDRC Funds Combined with the General Fund SDRC Indemnification Fund One Account - restricted	•	ginning alance			nding llance		
for Economic Development  Total SDRC combinations	\$	1,271		1,271	\$ 1,637		1,637
Fund Balance - General Fund - excluding all combinations			\$	241,965		\$	243,524

At the end of the fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$318.1 million (including GASB 54 combination and the SDRC accounts), a decrease of \$2.2 million, or 0.7% from the prior year.

Specific changes in the General Fund balance include the following:

- Restricted ending fund balance of \$10.5 million increased by \$2.2 million or 26.8% from the prior fiscal year.
   \$1.8 million of this increase is attributed to securities held as unclaimed property as the number of securities held by the State as unclaimed property increased during the fiscal year; in addition the market value of the securities held also increased.
   \$0.5 million of this increase is related to an increase in the SDRC Indemnification Fund.
- Assigned ending fund balance of \$120.2 million decreased by \$28.8 million, or 19.4% from the prior fiscal year. This decrease was primarily due to SB 51 from the 2015 Legislative Session which eliminated the \$16.0

million contingency funds available to the Department of Social Services and a decrease of \$6.7 million which represents continued construction of the State's new Veterans' Home.

Unassigned fund balance of \$183.6 million increased by \$24.2 million, or 15.2% from the prior fiscal year. The
majority of this increase is attributed to a \$21.5 million increase in the General Fund Budget Reserve. This
increase in the General Fund Budget Reserve is comprised of \$10.0 million of revenue growth that exceeded
estimates adopted by the legislature for fiscal year 2015. Moreover, State agencies demonstrated fiscal
restraint by spending \$11.5 million less than appropriated.

It is important to note that some of this unassigned fund balance has other restricting factors that may limit or decrease its availability for general appropriations because it either has another purpose as intended by state law, or has internally imposed limitations. Those limitations on the unassigned fund balance include; \$126.7 million is the General Fund Budget Reserve which is created by state law and only to be used to address emergency situations without having to raise taxes or cut spending. Other limitations on the General Fund include:

- > \$26.4 million of the unassigned fund balance represents tax revenue that was received and recognized as revenue in the General Fund in fiscal year 2015 for financial reporting purposes, but not distributed on a cash basis to the General Fund until fiscal year 2016. This revenue will be used in fiscal year 2016 cash basis operations.
- > \$29.7 million of the unassigned fund balance is not part of cash and cash equivalents, but rather a net effect of receivables and other assets in excess of liabilities.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the assigned and unassigned fund balances to total fund expenditures. The assigned fund balance represents 8.4% of the total General Fund operating expenditures, while the unassigned fund balance (including the Budget Reserve) represents 12.8% of that same amount.

See the Budgetary Highlights – General Fund section in this document for more discussion on General Fund.

#### *Transportation* (\$151.3 million).

The Transportation Fund is a major special revenue fund that accounts for the construction and maintenance of the State's highways and bridges, and funding public transportation. Its revenue is comprised of federal grants, state motor fuel taxes, and state motor vehicle excise taxes. All revenues of the Transportation fund are used and expended under the direction of the State's Department of Transportation. The total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year for this fund was \$151.3 million, an increase of \$26.4 million, or 21.1% from the prior fiscal year.

During the fiscal year, total revenue for the Transportation Fund increased by \$5.3 million, or 0.9% from the prior year. This increase in revenue is the result of a \$24.3 million, or an 11.6% increase in taxes, but offset by a \$19.5 million, or 5.3% decrease in administering program revenue (i.e. federal grant revenue) from the prior year. The declining federal grant revenue has resulted in funding more projects with State tax revenues.

Total expenditures in the Transportation fund decreased by \$33.2 million or 5.6% from the previous year. This change comes from a \$24.9 million or 5.5% decrease in contractual services and an \$8.3 million or 27.7% decrease in capital outlay attributed to a decrease in construction activity.

#### Social Services Federal (\$1.4 million).

The Social Service Federal fund is a major special revenue fund that consists of over sixty federal grants and entitlement programs administered to provide social, financial, and medical services to eligible South Dakotans with the goal of fostering independence and personal responsibility. This fund is administered by the State's Department of Social Services. Some of the major grants included in this fund are Medicaid, Low Income Heating and Energy Assistance Payments, Temporary Assistance to Needy Families, State Children's Health Insurance Program, State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, Child Care & Development Fund Mandatory, Child Care & Development Block Grant, Foster Care - Title IV-E, and Child Support Enforcement.

Revenue in the fund consists of federal grants from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the U.S. Department of Energy, the U.S. Department of Justice, and Federal pass-through grants from various State entities. The majority of the funding is expended on entitlement programs, service contracts to providers, and the administration of these programs. A majority of the State match to these federal grants is

accounted for and expended out of the General Fund. The total fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year for the Social Services Federal Fund was \$1.4 million, unchanged from the prior fiscal year.

Program revenue of \$683.4 million decreased by 1.6% and expenditures of \$683.2 million fell by 1.6% from the prior fiscal year predominantly due to the drop in the federal FMAP rate in the Medicaid program.

#### Dakota Cement Trust Fund (\$305.4 million).

As created in Article XIII, Sections 20 and 21 of the Constitution of the State of South Dakota, this fund consists of the proceeds from the sale of the State Cement Plant and all investment earnings. "Four percent of the lesser of the average market value of the trust fund determined by adding the market value of the trust fund at the end of the sixteen most recent calendar quarters as of December thirty-first of that year and dividing that sum by sixteen, or the market value of the trust fund at the end of that calendar year" shall be transferred to the General Fund in support of education. The Dakota Cement Trust Fund transferred \$10.8 million to the General Fund in fiscal year 2015 and \$10.1 million in fiscal year 2014.

The fund balance in the Dakota Cement Trust Fund at June 30, 2015, was \$305.4 million and is restricted for education. This is an increase of \$3.0 million from the previous year. The increase resulted primarily from investment income of \$14.1 million, exceeding expenditures and the required transfer to the General Fund.

#### Education Enhancement Trust Fund (\$497.1 million).

This fund consists of monies received from the Tobacco Settlement Agreement, monies transferred from the Tobacco Securitization Fund, monies from the Youth-at-Risk Fund and General Fund appropriations for scholarship purposes. The fund is authorized by State law to make an annual distribution equal to 4.0% of its market value (less the investment expenses) into the General Fund for educational enhancement programs. Article XII, section 6 of the Constitution of the State of South Dakota also states that, "the Education Enhancement Trust Fund may not be diverted for other purposes, nor may the principal be invaded unless appropriated by a three-fourths vote of all the members-elect of each house of the legislature." The Education Enhancement Trust Fund transferred \$17.0 million to the General Fund in fiscal year 2015 and \$15.7 million in fiscal year 2014.

The fund balance in the Education Enhancement Trust Fund at June 30, 2015, was \$497.1 million, an increase of \$9.5 million from the prior year. This increase resulted primarily from investment income of \$21.6 million and transfers in to the Education Enhancement Trust Fund of \$5.5 million for residual Tobacco Settlement Revenue (from the Education Enhancement Funding Corporation), exceeding the operating expenditures and the required transfer to the General Fund.

#### Proprietary Funds

The State's proprietary funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting and include the State's enterprise funds and internal service funds. The following proprietary funds had significant activity or changes to net position during fiscal year 2015:

#### Lottery Fund (\$7.1 million).

The Lottery Fund accounts for the operations of the South Dakota State Lottery which markets instant tickets and lotto games, and regulates video lottery to raise revenue for State programs and projects. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Lottery Fund reported total net position of \$7.1 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million in comparison with the prior year. During the current fiscal year, the State Lottery produced income (before transfers) in the amount of \$111.4 million on total revenue of \$152.3 million, compared to the previous fiscal year's income (before transfers) of \$105.8 million on total revenue of \$148.3 million. The increase in revenues was the result of an increase in video lottery sales. During fiscal year 2015, the State Lottery Fund distributed approximately \$94.7 million to the Property Tax Reduction Fund (a subfund of the General Fund), \$11.0 million to the General Fund, \$6.2 million to the Capital Construction Fund, and \$0.2 million to the Department of Human Services.

#### Clean Water State Revolving Fund (\$218.1 million).

The Clean Water State Revolving Fund program provides low interest loans to governmental entities for wastewater, storm sewer, and nonpoint source pollution projects. Projects with compliance or health and safety concerns receive highest priority.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Clean Water State Revolving Fund reported total net position of \$218.1 million, an increase of \$8.5 million, or 4.1% in comparison to the prior fiscal year. Total operating and nonoperating

revenue decreased by \$7.4 million or 28.8% from the prior year. This decrease is attributed to an \$8.1 million decrease in grant and other income offset slightly by increases in both sales and services, and interest earnings. Total operating and nonoperating expenses decrease by \$0.2 million or 1.9% from the prior year resulting in total revenues exceeding total expenses by \$8.5 million in fiscal year 2015.

#### Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (\$168.6 million).

The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund program provides low interest loans for drinking water projects. Projects with compliance or health and safety concerns receive highest priority.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Drinking Water Revolving Fund reported total net position of \$168.6 million, an increase of \$9.8 million or 6.2% in comparison with the prior year. This increase resulted primarily from federal grant revenues increasing by \$5.4 million or 87.2% and a decrease of \$0.7 million or 7.3% in total expenses.

#### Budgetary Highlights - General Fund

The following analysis is based on the Budgetary Comparison Schedules included in the Required Supplementary Information that immediately follows the basic financial statements.

The original budget is defined as the first complete appropriated budget, adjusted by reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes before the beginning of the fiscal year. Any such transaction that is authorized as a legislative or executive change before the beginning of the fiscal year is included in the original budget, regardless of the effective date of the document loaded on the accounting system. The original budget also includes employee compensation allocations and any actual appropriation amounts carried forward by law from prior years; including special appropriations, maintenance and repair, and carryovers. The final budget is defined as the original budget, adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes after the beginning of the fiscal year.

#### General Fund

The difference between the original and the final budget was a \$10.0 million decrease in appropriations. That decrease can be attributed to three separate appropriation areas comprised of emergency specials, general bill adjustments, and a repeal of contingency funds.

The General Fund had \$22.6 million worth of emergency special appropriations during fiscal year 2015 that consisted of the following:

- \$6.8 million appropriation to the Department of Public Safety for costs related to disasters in South Dakota.
- \$6.0 million appropriation to the Bureau of Administration for the captive insurance startup for property insurance coverage and the captive insurance for five of State's component units' liability coverage.
- \$3.9 million appropriation to the Science and Technology Authority for costs related to the Ross Shaft at the Sanford Underground Research Facility.
- \$1.7 million appropriation to the Department of Social Services for costs related to the community based provider workforce improvement program.
- \$1.0 million appropriation to the Department of Human Services for costs related to the community based provider workforce improvement program.
- \$0.7 million appropriation to the Department of Agriculture for costs related to mountain pine beetle suppression.
- \$0.6 million appropriation to the Department of Health for reimbursements related to the recruitment assistance program.
- \$0.5 million appropriation to the Department of Revenue for costs related to tax refunds for elderly and disabled persons.

- \$0.4 million appropriation to the Bureau of Finance and Management for a grant to the conservation fund held by the South Dakota Community Foundation.
- \$0.3 million appropriation to the Department of Education for costs related to the jobs for America's graduates program.
- \$0.3 million appropriation to the Board of Regents for costs related to the need-based scholarship and critical teaching needs scholarship programs
- \$0.2 million appropriation to the United Judicial System for costs related to the adult community residential recidivism service.
- \$0.2 million appropriation to the Department of Corrections for costs related to the community based provider workforce improvement program.

The General Fund had general bill adjustments that decreased the original budget by \$16.5 million during fiscal year 2015 which consisted of the following:

- \$0.6 million increase in appropriation to the Department of Education for programs in Education Resources.
- \$0.4 million increase in appropriation to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for programs in Environmental Services.
- \$0.3 million increase in appropriation to the Secretary of State.
- \$0.2 million increase in appropriation to the Department of Game, Fish and Parks for programs in State Parks and Recreation.
- \$0.2 million increase in appropriation to the Department of Social Services for programs in Behavioral Health.
- \$0.2 million increase in appropriation to the Board of Regents for programs at the University of South Dakota Proper, South Dakota State University Proper, South Dakota School of Mines and Technology, Northern State University, Dakota State University, the South Dakota School for the Deaf, and the South Dakota School for the Blind and Visually Impaired.
- \$0.1 million increase in appropriation to the Department of Corrections for programs in Mike Durfee State Prison, State Penitentiary, Women's Prison, State Treatment and Rehabilitation Academy.
- \$10.0 million decrease in appropriation to the Department of Social Services for programs in Medical and Adult Services and Children's Services.
- \$7.0 million decrease in appropriation to the Department of Education for programs in State Aid to General Education and Postsecondary Vocational Education.
- \$1.5 million decrease in appropriation to the Department of Corrections for programs in Inmate Services and Juvenile Community Corrections.

The General Fund had a repeal of contingency funds that decreased the original budget by \$16.0 million during fiscal year 2015 which consisted of the following:

\$16.0 million decrease to Bureau of Finance and Management due to the repeal of contingency funds.

The net effect of the emergency special appropriations, general bill adjustments, and a repeal of contingency funds resulted in a \$10.0 million decrease in appropriations. Overall, there were no over-expenditures by any State departments. The difference between the final amended budget and actual spending was \$46.3 million below final budgeted estimates.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The State's capital assets are capitalized at historic cost. The State's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 is \$3.9 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; land improvements; land improvements – roads; buildings; equipment; vehicles; infrastructure; and construction in progress.

# State of South Dakota Capital Assets - Primary Government (Expressed in Thousands)

	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	Total P	Primary		
	Activ	rities	Activ	ities	Gover	nment		
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014		
Land, as restated	\$ 115,637	\$ 111,868	\$ 295	295	\$ 115,932	\$ 112,163		
Land Improvements	40,198	37,982	924	924	41,122	38,906		
Land Improvements - Roads	613,620	3,620 607,417			613,620	607,417		
Buildings, as restated	601,287 595,702		4,008	4,008	605,295	599,710		
Equipment, as restated	216,108 207,25		3,623	3,677	219,731	210,931		
Intangible Assets – Software, as restated	72,947	69,841	2,341	2,860	75,288	72,701		
Vehicles, as restated	152,180	145,341			152,180	145,341		
Infrastructure	3,761,358	3,655,948			3,761,358	3,655,948		
Construction in Progress, as restated	264,784	293,124			264,784	293,124		
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>	5,838,119	5,724,477	11,191	11,764	5,849,310	5,736,241		
Accumulated Depreciation, as restated	(1,972,123)	(1,906,076)	(8,380)	(8,114)	(1,980,503)	(1,914,190)		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$3,865,996	\$3,818,401	\$ 2,811	\$ 3,650	\$3,868,807	\$3,822,051		

The most significant capital asset the State reported in fiscal year 2015 is infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, tunnels, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams and lighting systems. Infrastructure assets account for \$2.3 billion (net of accumulated depreciation), which is 59.5% of total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation).

The State's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) increased from fiscal year 2014 to 2015 by approximately 1.2%. This change was primarily due to ongoing construction and completion of segments of infrastructure - highways, bridges, and railroads. The increase consisted of:

- Construction in progress for highways and bridges increased by \$95.7 million for new projects and decreased by \$145.8 million for projects completed and capitalized.
- Other construction in progress as a whole increased by \$21.8 million. This increase was the result of new construction for new and ongoing projects: the Department of Veterans Affairs (\$23.3 million, net of projects completed and capitalized), the Department of Game, Fish, and Parks (\$3.4 million, net of projects completed and capitalized), the Department of Public Safety (\$1.8 million, net of projects completed and capitalized), the Bureau of Administration (\$0.4 million, net of projects completed and capitalized), the Attorney General's Office (\$0.2 million, net of projects completed and capitalized), and the Bureau of Finance and Management (\$0.1 million, net of projects completed and capitalized). However, one agency had projects completed and capitalized for

decreases in construction in progress: the Department of Transportation (\$8.3 million, net of new and ongoing projects).

- Building and building improvements increased by \$5.6 million. New buildings included the DOT Highmore Shop and Office (\$1.3 million), the DOT Rapid City Specialty Crew building (\$1.2 million), the DOT Martin Maintenance Shop (\$1.1 million), the DOT Kadoka Maintenance Shop (\$0.6 million), the DOT Flandreau Maintenance Shop (\$0.5 million), and the DOT Miller Cold Storage building (\$0.2 million). Building improvements included various DOT Maintenance Shop renovations and additions (\$1.2 million) and the DOC Pen West Farm Dorm boiler replacement (\$0.1 million). There were decreases to buildings and building improvements from disposing of the Redfield Armory Kitchen (\$0.3 million), the DSS Powerhouse (\$0.2 million) and the DOT Martin Maintenance Shop (\$0.1 million).
- Equipment assets increased by \$8.8 million. This was mainly due to the purchase of new equipment and replacing of aged equipment by: the Department of Transportation (\$7.2 million, net of disposals), the Department of Game, Fish, and Parks (\$0.3 million, net of disposals), the Department of Executive Management (\$0.3 million, net of disposals), the Legislative Research Council (\$0.3 million, net of disposals), the Department of Public Safety (\$0.3 million, net of disposals), the Department of Veterans' Affairs (\$0.2 million, net of disposals), the Attorney General's Office (\$0.2 million, net of disposals), the Department of Agriculture (\$0.1 million, net of disposals), the Department of Health (\$0.1 million, net of disposals), and the Department of Human Services (\$0.1 million, net of disposals). There were decreases in equipment mainly due to disposing of aged equipment by: the Department of Military (\$0.3 million, net of additions), and the Department of Social Services (\$0.2 million, net of additions).
- Intangible assets increased by \$2.6 million, comprised of new software for the Department of Executive Management (\$1.1 million), the Department of Transportation (\$0.7 million, net of disposals), the Department of Corrections (\$0.7 million), and the Department of Education (\$0.4 million). There were decreases for intangible assets in the Department of Health (\$0.2 million, net of additions), and the Attorney General's Office (\$0.1 million, net of additions).
- Land and land improvements increased by \$6.0 million which consisted primarily of land and land improvements by the Department of Transportation (\$5.3 million, net of disposals) and the Department of Game, Fish, and Parks (\$0.7 million).
- Vehicles increased by \$6.8 million which consisted of replacing aged vehicles by the Department of Transportation (\$5.0 million, net of disposals), the Department of Executive Management (\$1.2 million, net of disposals), the Department of Game, Fish, and Parks (\$0.5 million, net of disposals), and the Department of Public Safety (\$0.1 million, net of disposals).

More detailed information on the State's capital assets can be found in Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### Debt Administration

The authority of the State to incur limited debt for specific purposes is described in Article XIII, Section 2, of the State's Constitution. The State Constitution prohibits the State from having general obligation indebtedness in excess of \$100,000. The South Dakota Building Authority, a legally separate blended component unit of the State, was created and organized by Chapter 5-12 of the South Dakota Codified Laws to issue debt on behalf of the primary government. On May 4, 2015, the issuer credit rating (ICR) for the State of South Dakota as issued from Standard and Poor's was upgraded from AA+ to a AAA with a stable outlook. That rating remains at June 30, 2015.

The South Dakota Building Authority (SDBA) issues bonds, certificates of participation, and trust certificates to finance the cost to acquire, construct, remodel, maintain, and equip buildings and other facilities of State departments and institutions. These obligations are payable from revenue generated through lease agreements between the SDBA and other State departments and institutions. The SDBA is a blended component unit of the State. At June 30, 2015, the uninsured rating was Aa2 from Moody's with a stable outlook and AA+ with a stable outlook from Standard and Poor's. The indebtedness, bonds, or obligations incurred or created by the SDBA may not be or become a lien, charge, or liability against the State. The bonds and all related financial transactions used to finance buildings of State departments and institutions are reported as part of governmental activities in the State's Basic Financial Statements, except for debt of universities, which is reported as part of the discretely presented component unit information.

The SDBA issued \$23.8 million in revenue bonds for Governmental Activities. The State incurred no new long-term general indebtedness under Business-type Activities. The South Dakota Building Authority issued \$87.7 million in revenue bonds for Higher Education (a discretely presented component unit).

The State eliminated \$54.8 million of bond debt during fiscal year 2014. This included paying off \$37.9 million in bonds and escrowing an additional \$16.9 million for principal and interest payments for an additional bond to be paid at its call date. As a result of this action, any debt payments made from, or appropriated from the General Fund now have dedicated sources of revenue supporting that debt payment which is transferred into the General Fund. Thus, the State has no General Fund supported debt after September 1, 2014.

The Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation (EEFC) is a special purpose corporation, organized by Chapter 5-12 of the South Dakota Codified Laws. EEFC is an instrumentality of, but separate and apart from the State. Although legally separate from the State, EEFC is a blended component unit of the State and accordingly, is included in the State's financial statements. Pursuant to a Purchase and Sale Agreement with the State, the State sold to EEFC its future rights, title, and interest in the Tobacco Settlement Revenues (TSRs) under the Master Settlement Agreement. The purchase price of the State's future right, title, and interest in the TSRs has been financed by the issuance of the Bonds and the Residual Certificate. The Residual Certificate represents the right of the State to receive all amounts required to be distributed after payment of all outstanding bonds and other liabilities of EEFC as set forth in the Trust Indenture. Pursuant to the Resolution, EEFC is prohibited from selling additional bonds, other than refunding bonds. The bonds represent limited obligations of EEFC, payable solely from and secured solely by the pledged TSRs and the pledged amounts. The bonds are not a debt or liability of the State or of any political subdivision or agency thereof. EEFC has no taxing power. EEFC did not issue any refunding bonds in fiscal year 2015.

The South Dakota Conservancy District (SDCD) issues revenue bonds for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) and for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF). These funds provide low interest loans or other types of financial assistance for the construction of publicly-owned wastewater treatment facilities; implementation of nonpoint source management programs; and construction and maintenance of drinking water facilities respectively. The bonds are paid solely from CWSRF and DWSRF loan repayments. The SDCD bonds do not constitute a debt or liability of the State or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. At June 30, 2015, the SDCD had maintained its long-term rating of Aaa from Moody's and AAA from Standard & Poor's on all outstanding State Revolving Fund Program Bonds.

The revenue bonds and related financial transactions for the CWSRF and DWSRF are reported as part of the Business-type Activities in the State's Basic Financial Statements. In fiscal year 2015, SDCD issued \$48.9 million in bonds for the CWSRF and \$11.0 million for DWSRF programs.

At June 30, 2015, primary government had total notes and bonded debt outstanding as follows:

## State of South Dakota Outstanding Loans and Bonded Debt

(Expressed in Thousands)

		ımental vities		ss-type ⁄ities		Primary nment	
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	
Revenue Bonds:							
South Dakota Building Authority	\$ 43,568	\$ 32,247	\$	\$	\$ 43,568	\$ 32,247	
Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation	131,196	145,056			131,196	145,056	
South Dakota Conservancy District			263,817	207,447	263,817	207,447	
Trust Certificates:							
South Dakota Building Authority	570	880			570	880	
Capital Leases, as restated:	116,352	114,587			116,352	114,587	
Total	\$ 291,686	\$ 292,770	\$ 263,817	\$ 207,447	\$ 555,503	\$ 500,217	

Additional information on the State's long-term debt obligations can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Nonfarm employment in South Dakota increased during fiscal year 2015 and continues to expand at a moderate pace. In fiscal year 2015, nonfarm employment in the State increased 1.4%, or 6,000 jobs. The unemployment rate in South Dakota remained one of the lowest in the nation in fiscal year 2015. South Dakota's unemployment rate was 3.8% in June 2015, while the U.S. unemployment rate was 5.3% the same month. In calendar year 2014, the most recent annual data that is available, South Dakota's nonfarm personal income grew 4.9%, which was higher than the U.S. growth rate of 4.6% and well above the Plains' State Region growth rate of 4.3%. South Dakota's per capita personal income continues to improve compared to the national average. Over the past 10 years, South Dakota's per capita personal income has improved from 93.1% of the U.S. average in 2005 to 98.3% of the U.S. average in 2014.

Further information on the South Dakota economy and economic outlook is included in the transmittal letter.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the Bureau of Finance and Management, 500 East Capitol Avenue, Pierre, South Dakota 57501, (605) 773-3411 or visit our website at <a href="http://bfm.sd.gov">http://bfm.sd.gov</a>.

The State's discretely presented component units, with the exception of Higher Education and the South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority, issue their own separately audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the Department of Legislative Audit at 427 South Chapelle, c/o 500 East Capitol, Pierre, South Dakota 57501, (605) 773-3595 or visit their website at http://legislativeaudit.sd.gov.



#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The *Basic Financial Statements* include the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds financial statements, the proprietary funds financial statements, the fiduciary funds financial statements, and the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements. The following individual statements are included:

- Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position
- Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Activities
- Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
- Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
- Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
- Reconciliation of the Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
- Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds
- Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds
- Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
- Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds
- Notes to the Financial Statements

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Dapressed in Thousands)	Primary Government								
	Governm Activit			iness-type ctivities		Total			
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents		24,698	\$	254,871	\$	1,279,569			
Receivables, net	40	03,707		429,345		833,052			
Due From Component Units Due From Primary Government		1,065		33		1,098 0			
Internal Balances		5,210		(5,210)		0			
Investments	8:	23,688		195,428		1,019,116			
Inventory		24,446		2,555		27,001			
Advances to Component Units	•	1,413		22,276		23,689			
Other Assets		6,389		175		6,564			
Assets Held for Resale						0			
Restricted Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,428		2,841		4,269			
Investments		20,080		552		20,632			
Net Pension Asset	1	55,519		3,477		158,996			
Other		216		701		917			
Capital Assets: Land and Other Non-depreciable Assets	7'	38,161		295		738,456			
Infrastructure, net		74,544		293		2,274,544			
Property, Plant, and Equipment, net		38,507		2,516		591,023			
Construction in Progress		34,784		,-		264,784			
Total Assets		33,855		909,855		7,243,710			
	'								
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	1:	38,734		3,095		141,829			
Deferred Swap Outflow		F 004		0.404		0			
Deferred Outflow on Debt Refunding  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,661 <b>44,395</b>		6,104 <b>9,199</b>		11,765 <b>153,594</b>			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		44,393		9,199		153,594			
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		39,656		9,616		299,272			
Due To Primary Government		,		-,		0			
Due To Component Units		6,915				6,915			
Accrued Interest Payable		5,977		4,032		10,009			
Unearned Revenue		56,556		1,912		58,468			
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Due Within One Year	(	64,708		16,821		81,529			
Due In More Than One Year		58,568		249,263		607,831			
Total Liabilities	78	32,380		281,644		1,064,024			
Deferred Inflows of Resources  Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		20 116		4.020		184,145			
Deferred Forward Contract Inflow	10	30,116		4,029		104,145			
Deferred Inflow on Gain on Debt Refinancing						0			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18	30,116		4,029		184,145			
	-					, ,			
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,7	13,057		2,810		3,715,867			
Restricted for:									
Education	3.	14,095				314,095			
Highways		40,540				140,540			
Railroads		42,873				42,873			
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation		18,417				18,417			
Agriculture and Natural Resources		79,749				79,749			
Game and Fish Parks and Recreation		7,045 6.104				7,045 6,104			
Health and Public Assistance		12,207				12,207			
Economic Development		56,313				56,313			
Debt Service		28,341		99		28,440			
Capital Projects		13,609				13,609			
HOME and NSP Program						0			
Energy Conservation Programs		11,547				11,547			
Higher Education - Expendable						0			
Higher Education - Nonexpendable Funds Held as Permanent Investments:						0			
		97,370				197,370			
Evnendable	10					478,763			
Expendable Nonexpendable									
Expendable Nonexpendable Pensions	47	78,763		2.545					
Nonexpendable	47			2,545		116,678			
Nonexpendable Pensions	47	78,763		2,545		116,678			
Nonexpendable Pensions Interim Lab	47	78,763		2,545		116,678 0			
Nonexpendable Pensions Interim Lab Mine Closure Sanford Center for Science Education Other Purposes	4: 1:	78,763 14,133 16,675		3,511		116,678 0 0 0 0 20,186			
Nonexpendable Pensions Interim Lab Mine Closure Sanford Center for Science Education	4 1:	78,763 14,133	<u></u> \$		\$	116,678 0 0 0			

Housing Authority	To	cience and echnology Authority		igher ication	Nonmajor				
\$ 144,63 843,74		21,320 3,195	\$	207,961 118,510	\$	6,248 17,386			
5,00		300		1,615		,000			
601,11 3,18		2,986		442,165 9,253		1,782			
4	13	383		3,281		10 4,978			
1,10	98	3,810		85,284 75,548 111,795 13,189		1 5,841			
22	20	18,900		37,941		568			
5,72	24	44,416 24,337		866,320 86,629		23,024			
1,604,77	75	119,647	-	2,059,491		59,838			
99 11,98		3,367		99,194					
72				5,240					
13,70	<u> </u>	3,367		104,434		0			
11,41	6	3,542		56,173		1,153			
	'1	0,012		1,019		8			
5,47	7			4,087		354			
0, 17	•			8,149		2,390			
33,66	9	520		62,186		1,670			
1,065,03		687		572,902		40,770			
1,115,66	<u> </u>	4,749		704,516		46,345			
1,28	33 13	4,412		129,478					
				18					
1,32	<u></u>	4,412		129,496		(			
(44	11)	87,131		541,189		1,084			
416,62	29			4,829		5,000			
70,43	31								
				214,422					
				371,854					
81	9	2,764		81,512					
		4,397 1,379							
14,04	7	3,830 10,000							
		4,352		116,107		7,409			

## STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

<b></b>	E	xpenses		Charges for Services		perating ants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:	•	105.070	æ	044 700	æ	10 201	æ	
General Government	\$	185,273	\$	244,728	\$	10,381	\$	
Education - Elementary, Secondary, and		040 074		0.400		470.050		
Vocational Schools  Education - State Support to Higher Education		210,271 192,950		8,489		173,353		
Health, Human, and Social Services		1,406,586		39,058		853,746		19,106
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation		279,097		85,252		63,296		19,100
Agriculture and Natural Resources		140,921		76,994		40,767		
Economic Resources		74,004		1,611		7,670		
Transportation		507,300		9,007		344,329		2,840
Intergovernmental - Payments to School Districts		404,909		9,007		344,323		2,040
Intergovernmental - Revenue Sharing		169,514						
Unallocated Interest Expense		6,712						
Unallocated Depreciation		53						
Total Governmental Activities		3,577,590		465,139		1,493,542		21,946
Total Governmental Activities		3,377,390		403,139		1,493,342		21,940
Business-type Activities:								
Lottery		41,053		152,362		138		
Clean Water State Revolving		9.673		6.856		11,379		
Drinking Water State Revolving		8,651		4,197		14,305		
Revolving Economic Development and Initiative		450		1,013		708		
Unemployment Insurance		26,534		41,543		2,457		
Second Injury		1.891		8		20		
State Fair		3.264		2.867		29		2,810
Federal Surplus Property		4,388		4.263		7		_,,,,,
Rural Rehabilitation		421		315		165		
Prison Industries		2,410		2,751		23		
Health Insurance Risk Pool		2,282		2,009		553		
Professional and Licensing		7,558		8,140		151		
Banking and Insurance		3,973		4,481		58		
Other		2,910		3,853		12		
Total Business-type Activities		115,458		234,658		30,005		2,810
Total Primary Government	\$	3,693,048	\$	699,797	\$	1,523,547	\$	24,756
•								
Component Units:								
Housing Authority	\$	76,989	\$	65,258	\$	27,906	\$	
Science and Technology Authority		21,045		463		19,374		7,194
Higher Education		711,148		429,628		139,567		5,812
Nonmajor		6,658		3,469		582		1,333
Total Component Units	\$	815,840	\$	498,818	\$	187,429	\$	14,339
-		-						

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Sales Taxes

Motor Fuel Taxes

Contractors Excise Taxes

Bank Card and Franchise Taxes

Other Taxes

Investment Earnings

State Support to Higher Education

Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

Miscellaneous

Additions to Endowments

Transfers

Total General Revenues, Additions to Endowments, and Transfers

**Changes in Net Position** 

Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Р	rimary Governmen	<u>.                                    </u>		Compone	iii Uiii(S	
ernmental ctivities	Business-type Activities	Total	Housing Authority	Science and Technology Authority	Higher Education	Nonmajor
\$ 69,836	\$	\$ 69,836				
(28,429)	·	(28,429)				
(192,950)		(192,950)				
(494,676)		(494,676)				
(130,549)		(130,549)				
(23,160)		(23,160)				
(64,723)		(64,723)				
(151,124)		(151,124)				
(404,909) (169,514)		(404,909) (169,514)				
(6,712)		(6,712)				
(53)		(53)				
(1,596,963)	0	(1,596,963)				
	111,447	111,447				
	8,562	8,562				
	9,851	9,851				
	1,271	1,271				
	17,466	17,466				
	(1,863) 2,442	(1,863) 2,442				
	(118)	(118)				
	59	59				
	364	364				
	280	280				
	733	733				
	566 955	566 955				
0	152,015	152,015				
(1,596,963)	152,015	(1,444,948)				
			\$ 16,175	¢	\$	\$
			<b>Φ</b> 10,175	\$ 5,986		Ψ.
					(136,141)	(1,274
			16,175	5,986	(136,141)	(1,274
871,402		871,402				
151,901		151,901				
101,678		101,678				
20,669		20,669				
331,649		331,649		242	40.500	
47,130		47,130 0		216	12,538 192,950	60
1,198		1,198				
81,275		81,275			15,680	
113,558	(113,558)	0			15,080	
1,720,460	(113,558)	1,606,902	0	216	221,168	60
	00.457	161,954	16,175	6,202	85,027	(1,214
123,497	38,457	101,934	10,173	0,202	03,027	(.,=
 <b>123,497</b> 5,392,257	38,457 594,924	5,987,181	485,310 <b>\$ 501,485</b>	107,651	1,244,886	14,707

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)		General Fund	Trar	nsportation	S	Social ervices ederal		Dakota Cement Trust		ducation nancement Trust	N	lonmajor		Total
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	_ s	275.909	\$	112.792	\$	8	\$	57.362	\$	108.740	\$	380.540	\$	935.351
Restricted Cash	Ψ	1,421	Ψ	112,732	Ψ	O	Ψ	37,302	Ψ	100,740	Ψ	7	Ψ	1,428
Investments		11,282						247,366		404,373		160.667		823,688
Restricted Investments		11,202						241,000		404,070		20,080		20,080
Receivables from:												20,000		20,000
Taxes, net		114.403		17.227								3.254		134.884
Interest and Dividends		1,214		236		2		772		1,515		1,627		5,366
Other Funds		43,785		1.319		5		112		1,515		5,631		50,740
Component Units		45,765		1,519		5						205		222
Other Governments		875		55,972		35,726						76,922		169.495
Loans and Notes, net		0/5		369		35,726						49,944		50,313
		12,182		369 165		11 642								
Other, net						11,643 18						17,945 2.142		41,935
Inventory		2,291		18,416		18						,		22,867
Advances to Component Units		4 000				440						1,413		1,413
Other Assets		1,620		288		146						1,361		3,415
Restricted Other Assets	_	216			_		_		_		_		_	216
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	465,207	\$	206,792	\$	47,548		305,500	\$	514,628	\$	721,738	\$ 2	2,261,413
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities:	_													
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	95,437	\$	48,003	\$	40,558	\$	105	\$	462	\$	34,465	\$	219,030
Payable to:														
Other Funds		4,599		1,230		5,325				17,037		24,124		52,315
Component Units		5,204		98		90						1,490		6,882
Other Governments		12,954		4,104		131						61,477		78,666
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		154		19		20						81		274
Unearned Revenue		28,330		2,046		45						14,100		44,521
Total Liabilities	_	146,678		55,500		46,169		105		17,499		135,737		401,688
Deferred Inflows of Resources:														
Unavailable Revenue		389		13								15,249		15,651
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		389		13		0		0		0		15,249		15,651
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		309		13								15,249		15,651
Fund Balances:														
Nonspendable		3,911		18,704		163				347,252		134,974		505,004
Restricted		10,479		132,575				305,395		149,877		361,866		960,192
Committed												51,119		51,119
Assigned		120,180				1,216						26,417		147,813
Unassigned		183,570										(3,624)		179,946
Total Fund Balances	_	318,140		151,279		1,379		305,395		497,129		570,752	_	1,844,074
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				_										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	465,207	\$	206,792	\$	47,548	\$	305,500	\$	514,628	\$	721,738	\$ 2	2,261,413

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,844,074
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are		
therefore not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land and Construction in Progress	\$ 1,001,392	
Infrastructure	3,761,358	
Other Capital Assets	971,171	
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,901,804)	
Total Capital Assets		3,832,117
Net pension asset used in governmental activities is not a financial resource		
and is therefore not reported in the governmental funds.		144,677
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Related to Pension	129,039	
Related to Debt Refunding	5,661	
Total Deferred Outflows		134,700
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities to		
individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		61,742
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds. Those liabilities are:		
Bonds and Notes	(175,334)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(5,977)	
Capital Leases	(100,941)	
Compensated Absences	(52,411)	
Pollution Remediation	(14,986)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities		(349,649)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Revenues not available soon enough after year-end to pay for the		
current period's expenditures	15,651	
Related to Pensions	(167,558)	
Total Deferred Inflows		(151,907)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 5,515,754

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	General Fund	Tran	sportation	Social Services Federal	Dakota Cement Trust	Education Enhancement Trust	Nonmajor	Total
Revenue:								
Taxes	\$ 1,137,943	\$	232,787	\$	\$	\$	\$ 111,907	\$ 1,482,637
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	10,267		5,318				266,157	281,742
Fines, Forfeits, and Penalties	368						14,148	14,516
Use of Money and Property	6,658		1,114	7	14,110	21,627	16,349	59,865
Sales and Services	23,463		83				18,985	42,531
Administering Programs	10		345,552	679,328			478,472	1,503,362
Tobacco Settlement							23,421	23,421
Other Revenue	58,431		2,024	4,093			13,066	77,614
Total Revenue	1,237,140		586,878	683,428	14,110	21,627	942,505	3,485,688
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government	52,024				273	637	34,851	87,785
Education	25,280						181,209	206,489
Education - Payments to School Districts	404,909							404,909
Education - State Support to Higher Education	192,950							192,950
Health, Human, and Social Services	529,791			683,193			222,866	1,435,850
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation	152,431		18,798				110,459	281,688
Agriculture and Natural Resources	16,163						127,303	143,466
Economic Resources	28,745						45,437	74,182
Transportation			545,223				9,313	554,536
State Shared Revenue Paid to								
Other Governments	37,685						131,829	169,514
Capital Outlay							2,038	2,038
Debt Service:								
Principal							17,272	17,272
Interest							9,261	9,261
Bond Issuance Costs							346	346
Total Expenditures	1,439,978		564,021	683,193	273	637	892,184	3,580,286
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures	(202,838)		22,857	235	13,837	20,990	50,321	(94,598)
(* **, ***	( - ,,		,		-,	.,	,-	(- ,,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Capital Leases							1,125	1,125
Bonds Issued							13,410	13,410
Premiums on Bond Issuance							314	314
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds							10,408	10,408
Premiums on Refunding Bonds							1,657	1,657
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	59		1,449				591	2,099
Payments on Advance Refundings							(11,379)	(11,379)
Transfers In	215,302		6,378			5,521	44,100	271,301
Transfers Out	(14,700)		(4,308)	(227)	(10,804)	(17,037)	(111,706)	(158,782)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	200,661		3,519	(227)	(10,804)	(11,516)	(51,480)	130,153
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,177)		26,376	8	3,033	9,474	(1,159)	35,555
_			•			· ·		-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	320,317	_	124,903	1,371	302,362	487,655	571,911	1,808,519
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 318,140	\$	151,279	\$ 1,379	\$ 305,395	\$ 497,129	\$ 570,752	\$ 1,844,074

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 35,555
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over the useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense Excess of Capital Outlay Over Depreciation Expense	\$ 157,293 (101,296)	55,997
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets, including sales, donations, and trade-ins, is to decrease net position.		(11,124)
Capital leases entered into during the fiscal year are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, it is not reported in the Statement of Activities as it is shown as an increase in long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(1,125)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:		
Bond Principal Retirement Capital Lease Payments Total Long-Term Debt Repayment	28,651 1,688	30,339
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported in governmental activities.		15,366
Net effect of revenues reported on the accrual basis in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and thus are not reported as revenues in the funds until available.		(5,212)
The issuance of bonds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are recognized in future periods in the Statement of Activities.		
Bonds Issued Bond Refunding Costs Bond Premium Total Amounts Related to Bond Issuance	(23,818) (32) (1,634)	(25,484)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Net (Increase) Decrease in Accrued Interest (Increase) Decrease in Compensated Absences (Increase) Decrease in Net Pension Costs (Increase) Decrease in Pollution Remediation	2,689 (1,817) 28,470 (157)	
Total Additional Expenditures	, , , , ,	 29,185
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 123,497

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities						
	_	.ottery	W	Major Clean ater State evolving	Wa	Orinking ater State evolving	Nonmajor	Total		Internal Service Funds
Assets	_	ottery		evolving		evolving	Nonnajor	Total		i ulius
Current Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,749	\$	29,601	\$	20,256	\$ 196,265	\$ 254,871	\$	89,347
Receivables:		00		0.700		4 000	050	4.000		000
Interest and Dividends Other Funds		39		2,730		1,838	353 693	4,960 693		202
Component Units							33	33		8,297 843
Other Governments				397		409	254	1,060		95
Loans and Notes, net				20,743		10,927	9,477	41,147		00
Other, net		4,848				,	1,751	6,599		1,158
Investments		,		17,020		11,439	,	28,459		
Inventory							2,555	2,555		577
Advances to Component Units				877				877		
Other Assets		16					159	175		2,974
Total Current Assets		13,652		71,368		44,869	211,540	341,429		103,493
Due From Other Funds							500	500		
Restricted Assets:										
Restricted Cash		28		3			2,810	2,841		
Restricted Investments		456		96				552		
Net Pension Asset		544		93		77	2,763	3,477		10,842
Other		701						701		
Investments				105,214		61,755		166,969		
Capital Assets:										
Land and Other Non-depreciable Assets							295	295		
Property, Plant, and Equipment		4,272					6,623	10,895		102,646
Accumulated Depreciation		(3,211)					(5,168)	(8,379)		(70,320)
Construction in Progress	-	1,061		0		0	1.750	2,811		1,553
Total Capital Assets Advances to Component Units	-	1,061		21,399			1,750	21,399		33,879
Other Noncurrent Assets				21,399		132,072	30,287	375,555		
Total Assets		16,442		411,369		238,773	249,650	916,234		148,214
Total Assets		10,442		411,303		230,773	243,030	310,234		170,217
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		483		84		70	2,458	3,095		9,695
Deferred Amount from Refunding of Bonds				3,590		2,514	,	6,104		,
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		483		3,674		2,584	2,458	9,199		9,695
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		2,518		650		212	6,085	9,465		5,960
Payable to:										
Other Funds		6,043		2		1	344	6,390		1,352
Component Units								0		33
Escrow Payable		69						69		
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable		404		10,262		5,703	205	15,965		3,732
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		181		37		24	685	927		22,043
Accrued Interest Payable		272		3,044		988	1.010	4,032		11 000
Unearned Revenue Total Current Liabilities	-	9,083		13,995		6,928	1,640	1,912 <b>38,760</b>		11,033 <b>44,153</b>
Noncurrent Liabilities:		9,003		13,995		0,920	8,754	30,700		44,133
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable				182,826		65.026		247,852		11,679
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		160		33		21	535	749		27,723
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		100		33		662	333	662		54
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		160		182,859		65,709	535	249,263		39,456
Total Liabilities		9,243		196,854		72,637	9,289	288,023		83,609
Total Elabilities		0,240		100,004		12,001	0,200	200,020		00,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		630		108		89	3,202	4,029		12,558
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		630		108		89	3,202	4,029		12,558
	_						-,	.,		,,,,,,
Net Position										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,060					1,750	2,810		18,468
Restricted for:		,					,	,,,,,		-,
Debt Service				99				99		
Pensions		397		70		58	2,020	2,545		7,979
Other		701					2,810	3,511		
Unrestricted		4,894		217,912		168,573	233,037	624,416		35,295
Total Net Position	\$	7,052	\$	218,081	\$	168,631	\$ 239,617	\$ 633,381	\$	61,742
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STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Business-type	Activities - Enterp	orise Funds		Governmental Activities
	-	Major				
	Lottery	Clean Water State Revolving	Drinking Water State Revolving	Nonmajor	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenue:		_	_			_
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	\$ 1,523	\$	\$	\$ 14,366	\$ 15,889	\$
Use of Money and Property		5,414	3,312	1,442	10,168	9
Sales and Services	150,745	1,438	882	12,480	165,545	236,971
Administering Programs				64	64	
Assessments			_	41,551	41,551	
Other Revenue	23	4	3	1,359	1,389	3,982
Total Operating Revenue	152,291	6,856	4,197	71,262	234,606	240,962
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services and Benefits	1,767	322	270	9,743	12,102	36,543
Travel	130	12	8	853	1,003	700
Contractual Services	7,940	688	639	9,000	18,267	49,991
Supplies and Materials	655	2	2	5,511	6,170	14,972
Grant and Other	73	2,436	5,337	(15)	7,831	1
Interest		6,197	2,389		8,586	329
Depreciation/Amortization	726			156	882	6,441
Lottery Prizes	29,745				29,745	
Insurance Claims				30,455	30,455	119,002
Total Operating Expenses	41,036	9,657	8,645	55,703	115,041	227,979
Operating Income (Loss)	111,255	(2,801)	(4,448)	15,559	119,565	12,983
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):						
Gain on Disposal of Assets					0	671
Loss on Disposal of Assets				(2)	(2)	(109)
Interest Income	138	3,916	2,645	3,486	10,185	817
Other Expense	(17)	(16)	(6)	(376)	(415)	(86)
Grant and Other Income	71	7,463	11,660	678	19,872	
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	192	11,363	14,299	3,786	29,640	1,293
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions						
and Transfers	111,447	8,562	9,851	19,345	149,205	14,276
Capital Contributions and Transfers:						
Capital Contributions				2,810	2,810	51
Transfers In				3,345	3,345	1,384
Transfers Out	(112,074)	(41)	(34)	(4,754)	(116,903)	(345)
Net Capital Contributions and Transfers	(112,074)	(41)	(34)	1,401	(110,748)	1,090
Change in Net Position	(627)	8,521	9,817	20,746	38,457	15,366
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated	7,679	209,560	158,814	218,871	594,924	46,376
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 7,052	\$ 218,081	\$ 168,631	\$ 239,617	\$ 633,381	\$ 61,742

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:   Caphrage   Cash Flows from Operating Activities:   Receipts from Customers and Users   S152,207   S1,548   S86   S6,527   S20,578   S2,201,778   Receipts from Interfund Services Provided   S152,207   S1,548   S86   S6,527   S20,578   S2,201,778   Receipts from Federal Agencies   T0 70   T0 70   Receipts from Dearl Agencies   S76   S2,790   C2,779   C2,779   C3,522   C3,722   C3,723	(Expressed in Thousands)						Governmental
Clean   Water State   Revolving				pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		Activities
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:         \$ 152,207         \$ 1,548         \$ 896         \$ 65,927         \$ 220,578         \$ 92,915           Receipts from Interfund Services Provided         70			Clean				
Receipts from Customers and Users   \$152,207   \$1,548   \$896   \$6,5927   \$22,0578   \$92,918   Receipts from Interfund Services Provided		Lottery	Revolving	Revolving	Nonmajor	Total	Funds
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided   4,144   4,144   147,231   147,	• •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	===	
Receipts from Eederal Agencies   25,790   20,779   20,652   67,221	·	\$ 152,207	\$ 1,548	\$ 896	. ,		
Receipts from Loan Payments   25,790   20,779   20,652   67,221					,		147,232
Payments to Suppliers and for Benefits and Claims   (7,748)   (1,319)   (331)   (44,175)   (10,917)   (1,2481)   (37,926)			25 700	20.770			
Payments for Employee Services   (1,338)   (341)   (285)   (10,017)   (12,481)   (37,80)   (289)   (37,20)   (37,2		(7 749)	-,	-, -	,	,	(175.020)
Payments for Interfund Services Used   (933)   (2,902) (8,72)				, ,			, ,
Payments for Lottery Prizes   (29,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (28,334)   (38,334)   (			(341)	(200)	, , ,		, , ,
Payments for Principal Forgiveness   (1,286)   (4,553)   (58,390)   Payments for Loans Originated   (25,124)   (14,620)   (16,458)   (56,202)   Other Receipts (Payments)   108   (351)   (187)   40   (390)   200     Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating   112,462   (1,083)   1,399   18,314   131,092   17,907     Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:   Capital Contributions   2,810   2,810   (44)   (44)   (3,29)     Construction in Progress   (44)   (44)   (44)   (3,29)     Construction in Progress   (44)   (44)   (3,29)     Sales of Capital Assets   (44)   (44)   (3,29)     Construction in Progress   (44)   (44)   (3,29)     Sales of Capital Lease Obligations   (2,266)   (2,766)   (3,58)     Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities   (3,58)     Fransfers Out   (112,448)   (41)   (34)   (4,754)   (117,277)   (34)     Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing   (112,448)   (41)   (34)   (4,754)   (117,277)   (34)     Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing   (3,38)   (3,38)   (3,38)   (3,38)   (3,38)     Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes   (7,580)   (4,475)   (12,055)     Bond Issuance Costs   (3,38)   (6,98)   (337)     Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes   (5,845)   (2,183)   (6,028)     Receipts for Administering Program   (5,986)   (14,61)   (18,47)   (11,248)	<b>,</b>				(1,009)	. , ,	(0,121)
Payments for Loans Originated Other Receipts (Payments)	•	(29,334)	(1.206)	(4.552)		,	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating			,	, , ,	(16.450)	, , ,	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating   Activities   112,462   (1,083)   1,399   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   131,092   17,907   17,907   18,314   17,907		100	, , ,	, , ,	. , ,		200
Activities		100	(351)	(107)	40	(390)	200
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing		440.400	(4.000)	4 200	40.044	404.000	47.007
Activities	Activities	112,462	(1,083)	1,399	18,314	131,092	17,907
Capital Contributions							
Purchases of Capital Assets Construction in Progress Sales of Capital Assets Payments on Capital Lease Obligations Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities: Transfers In Transfers In Transfers Out Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing Issuance of Bonds For Administering Program Bond Issuance Costs Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes Received (Paid) on For Administering Program Bond Issuance Costs Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes Received (Paid) on Cash and Notes (5,845) (2,183) (8,028) Receipts for Administering Program Go,986 Ret Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities  Cash Flows From Investing Activities  Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investment Expense Investment Expense Investment Expense Investment Expense Investment Search and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year  8,633 11,036 10,029 175,055 204,973 76,086 2,766 (6,366 (6,366) (6,366					2 010	2 910	
Construction in Progress   1,24	•				,	,	(2.201)
Sales of Capital Assets	·				(44)	(44)	
Payments on Capital Lease Obligations   (3,58)							, ,
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities   0							
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:   Transfers In							(3,583)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:           Transfers In         3,846         3,846         1,384           Transfers Out         (112,448)         (41)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (348)           Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing         (2)         (2	· , , .	•	•		0.700	0.700	(0.000)
Transfers In Transfers Out         (112,448)         (41)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)           Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing         (2)         (2)         (2)         (2)         (2)         (2)         (2)         (2)         (2)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (117,277)         (34)         (4,754)         (112,055)         69,417         (9,417)         (12,45)         (4,754)         (12,055)         69,417         (12,055)         69,417         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)         (12,055)	Financing Activities				2,766	2,766	(6,362)
Transfers Out Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing   ST,342   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   69,417   12,075   12,07	Transfers In				3,846	3,846	1,384
Issuance of Bonds   57,342   12,075   69,417     Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes   (7,580)   (4,475)   (12,055)     Bond Issuance Costs   (318)   (69)   (387)     Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes   (5,845)   (2,183)   (8,028)     Receipts for Administering Program   6,986   11,461   18,447     Other Noncapital Financing Activities   429   209   475   1,113     Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital     Financing Activities   (112,448)   50,973   16,984   (435)   (44,926)   1,036     Financing Activities   147   3,799   2,675   3,491   10,112   766     Investment Income   147   3,799   2,675   3,491   10,112   766     Investment Expense   (17)   (16)   (6)   (116)   (155)   (86     Purchase of Investment Securities   (52,286)   (20,525)   (72,811)     Proceeds from the Sale and Maturity of Investments   17,181   9,480   26,661     Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities   130   (31,322)   (8,376)   3,375   (36,193)   678     Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash     Equivalents During the Fiscal Year   144   18,568   10,007   24,020   52,739   13,263     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084	Transfers Out	(112,448)	(41)	(34)	(4,754)	(117,277)	(345)
Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes         (7,580)         (4,475)         (12,055)           Bond Issuance Costs         (318)         (69)         (387)           Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes         (5,845)         (2,183)         (8,028)           Receipts for Administering Program         (6,986)         11,461         18,447           Other Noncapital Financing Activities         429         209         475         1,113           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (112,448)         50,973         16,984         (435)         (44,926)         1,035           Cash Flows From Investing Activities:         Investment Income         147         3,799         2,675         3,491         10,112         765           Investment Expense         (17)         (16)         (6)         (116)         (155)         (86           Purchase of Investment Securities         (52,286)         (20,525)         (72,811)         76,081           Proceeds from the Sale and Maturity of Investments         17,181         9,480         26,661         26,661           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         130         (31,322)         (8,376)         3,375         (36,193)         675           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash E	Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing				(2)	(2)	
Bond Issuance Costs   (318)   (69)   (387)     Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes   (5,845)   (2,183)   (8,028)     Receipts for Administering Program   6,986   11,461   18,447     Other Noncapital Financing Activities   429   209   475   1,113     Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital     Financing Activities   (112,448)   50,973   16,984   (435)   (44,926)   1,038     Cash Flows From Investing Activities:     Investment Income   147   3,799   2,675   3,491   10,112   768     Investment Expense   (17)   (16)   (6)   (116)   (155)   (860     Purchase of Investment Securities   (52,286)   (20,525)   (72,811)     Proceeds from the Sale and Maturity of Investments   17,181   9,480   26,661     Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities   130   (31,322)   (8,376)   3,375   (36,193)   679     Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash     Equivalents During the Fiscal Year   144   18,568   10,007   24,020   52,739   13,263     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   204,973   76,084     Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year   8,633   11,036   10,249   175,055   10,249   175,055   10,249   175,055   10,249   175,055   10,24	Issuance of Bonds		57,342	12,075		69,417	
Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes   (5,845)   (2,183)   (0,028)   Receipts for Administering Program   6,986   11,461   18,447   Other Noncapital Financing Activities   429   209   475   1,113	Principal Payments on Bonds and Notes		(7,580)	(4,475)		(12,055)	
Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes   (5,845)   (2,183)   (8,028)   Receipts for Administering Program   6,986   11,461   18,447   Other Noncapital Financing Activities   429   209   475   1,113	Bond Issuance Costs		(318)	(69)		(387)	
Receipts for Administering Program	Interest Payments on Bonds and Notes						
Other Noncapital Financing Activities         429         209         475         1,113           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (112,448)         50,973         16,984         (435)         (44,926)         1,038           Cash Flows From Investing Activities:         147         3,799         2,675         3,491         10,112         768           Investment Income         147         3,799         2,675         3,491         10,112         768           Investment Expense         (17)         (16)         (6)         (116)         (155)         (86           Purchase of Investment Securities         (52,286)         (20,525)         (72,811)         (72,811)         (72,811)         (72,811)         (72,811)         (72,811)         (72,811)         (73,811)         (74,811)         (74,812)         (74,812)         (74,813)         (74,812)         (74,812)         (74,813)         (74,812)         (74,813)	•			, , ,		, , ,	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities   (112,448)   50,973   16,984   (435)   (44,926)   1,039				209	475	1.113	
Financing Activities         (112,448)         50,973         16,984         (435)         (44,926)         1,035           Cash Flows From Investing Activities:         Investment Income         147         3,799         2,675         3,491         10,112         765           Investment Expense         (17)         (16)         (6)         (116)         (16)         (16)         (16)         (16)         (16)         (16)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (17)         (16)         (17)         (17)         (18)         (10) <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>							
Investment Income	` , , .	(112,448)	50,973	16,984	(435)	(44,926)	1,039
Investment Income	Cash Flows From Investing Activities:						
Investment Expense   (17)   (16)   (6)   (116)   (155)   (86)		147	3.799	2.675	3.491	10.112	765
Purchase of Investment Securities         (52,286)         (20,525)         (72,811)           Proceeds from the Sale and Maturity of Investments         17,181         9,480         26,661           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         130         (31,322)         (8,376)         3,375         (36,193)         679           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Fiscal Year         144         18,568         10,007         24,020         52,739         13,263           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         8,633         11,036         10,249         175,055         204,973         76,084						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(86)
Proceeds from the Sale and Maturity of Investments         17,181         9,480         26,661           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         130         (31,322)         (8,376)         3,375         (36,193)         679           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Fiscal Year         144         18,568         10,007         24,020         52,739         13,263           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         8,633         11,036         10,249         175,055         204,973         76,084		(11)	. ,		( )	. ,	(00)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         130         (31,322)         (8,376)         3,375         (36,193)         679           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Fiscal Year         144         18,568         10,007         24,020         52,739         13,265           Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year         8,633         11,036         10,249         175,055         204,973         76,084			. , ,	, , ,		. , ,	
Equivalents During the Fiscal Year       144       18,568       10,007       24,020       52,739       13,263         Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year       8,633       11,036       10,249       175,055       204,973       76,084		130			3,375		679
Equivalents During the Fiscal Year       144       18,568       10,007       24,020       52,739       13,263         Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year       8,633       11,036       10,249       175,055       204,973       76,084	Not Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash						
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year 8,633 11,036 10,249 175,055 204,973 76,084	·	144	19 560	10.007	24.020	52 720	12 262
	Equivalents During the FISCAL Tear	144	10,308	10,007	24,020	32,739	13,203
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year <u>\$ 8,777</u> \$ 29,604 <u>\$ 20,256</u> \$199,075 <u>\$ 257,712</u> \$ 89,347	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	8,633	11,036	10,249	175,055	204,973	76,084
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 8,777	\$ 29,604	\$ 20,256	\$199,075	\$ 257,712	\$ 89,347

Continued on next page

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		р.	icinoco tum	a Aati	iitioo Ento	rprise Funds				ernmental ctivities
		ь		e Activ	/ities - Elite	iprise runus			A	ctivities
	Lottery	Wa	Major Clean ter State volving	Wat	inking ter State volving	Nonmajor		Total	5	nternal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	Lottory		TOITING		voiving	Hommajor	_	· Otai		undo
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 111,255	\$	(2,801)	\$	(4,448)	\$ 15,559	\$	119,565	\$	12,983
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss):			, , ,		,					
Depreciation/Amortization Expense	726					156		882		6,441
Interest Expense			6,196		2,389			8,585		305
Bond Issuance Costs			318		69			387		
Miscellaneous Nonoperating Items	71							71		
Decrease/(Increase) in Assets:										
Accounts Receivable	(3)					249		246		(352)
Interest, Dividends & Penalties Receivable			439		98	81		618		
Loans and Notes Receivable			(5,187)		2,748	2,714		275		
Due From Other Funds						105		105		(365)
Due From Component Units						(22)		(22)		12
Due From Other Governments			110		15	73		198		47
Inventory						304		304		96
Other Assets	(16)					12		(4)		(314)
Other Restricted Assets	119							119		
Restricted Net Pension Asset	(331)		(57)		(47)	(1,681)		(2,116)		(6,598)
Decrease/(Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	(404)		(71)		(59)	(2,056)		(2,590)		(8,118)
Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	377		13		20	242		652		267
Accrued Liabilities	35		1		3	7		46		169
Compensated Absences Payable			(4)		(5)	85		76		307
Due To Other Funds	(5)					6		1		(337)
Due To Component Units										(25)
Due To Other Governments	21		(148)		527	(3)		397		42
Unearned Revenue	(15)					(569)		(584)		1,108
Escrow Payable	4							4		
Policy Claim Liabilities						(150)		(150)		(319)
Other Liabilities	(2)							(2)		
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	630		108		89	3,202		4,029		12,558
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating										
Activities	\$ 112,462	\$	(1,083)	\$	1,399	\$ 18,314	\$	131,092	\$	17,907
Name of Lands of Control of Property Assets										
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:	•	•		•		•	•		•	504
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets	\$	\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	564
Capital Lease Obligations Entered Into										5,606
Transfers In (Out) of Fixed Assets										51

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

Assets         Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 6,807         \$ 49,276         \$ 38,	381
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 6,807 \$ 49,276 \$ 38,	381
Receivables:	
Employer 2,434	
Employee 2,552	
Benefits 37	
Unsettled Investment Sales 1,607	
·	507
Due From Other Funds 110	
Due From Other Governments	12
Investment Income 21,693 547	6
	574_
Total Receivables <u>28,323</u> <u>719</u> 43,	099
Investments, at Fair Value:	<u></u>
Fixed Income 2,754,773	
Equities 5,986,036	
Real Estate 1,155,045	
Private Equity 861,980	
Pooled Investment Funds 169,717	
Total Investments 10,757,834 169,717	0
Properties, at cost 22 14,011	
Accumulated Depreciation (10)	
Computer Software Development in Progress 1,041	
Other Assets 12 10	
Total Assets 10,794,029 233,733 \$ 81,	480
Liabilities	
Payables:	
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities 5,865 222 \$ 11,	150
Due To Other Funds 69 214	
Due To Other Governments 70,	330
Compensated Absences Payable 298	
Unsettled Investment Purchases 11,263	
Total Liabilities 17,495 436 \$ 81,	480
Net Position	
Restricted for Pension Benefits 10,776,534	
Restricted for Individuals and Other Governments 233,297	
Total Net Position \$ 10,776,534 \$ 233,297	

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	South Dakota Retirement System Pension Trust Fund	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions		
Contributions:		•
Employee	\$ 110,153	\$
Employer From Clients and Inmates	109,550	0.000
Other		9,023
Total Contributions	219,703	7,103 <b>16,126</b>
Investment Income:	219,703	10,120
From Investing Activities		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	170,553	4,166
Interest	56,294	4,100
Dividends	163,962	
Real Estate	65,168	488
Pooled Interest and Dividends		4,101
Total Investment Activity Income	455,977	8,755
Less Investment Activity Expenses	(21,356)	·
Net Investment Income (Loss)	434,621	8,755
From Security Lending Activities		
Securities Lending Income	1,493	12
Securities Lending Expenses	(432)	
Escheated Property		1
Miscellaneous Income		635
Total Additions	655,385	25,529
Deductions	450.00	
Benefits	456,297	
Refunds of Contributions	26,197	0.000
Distribution to School Districts		9,969
Payments Made for Trust Purposes	2.011	10,215 4
Administrative Expenses  Total Deductions	3,911 <b>486,405</b>	20,188
Total Deductions	400,403	20,100
Change in Net Position	168,980	5,341
Net Position at Beginning of Year	10,607,554	227,956
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 10,776,534	\$ 233,297
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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GAAP allows for and requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### B. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the State of South Dakota (the State) reporting entity includes the primary government and its component units. The primary government consists of state departments, bureaus, boards, and commissions. Component units are legally separate governmental organizations for which the State is considered to be financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature of their relationship is such that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### Blended Component Units

Blended component units are legally separate entities that are, in substance, part of the State's primary government. A component unit is blended if: (1) services are provided, or almost entirely provided, to primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits primary government; (2) the governing body is substantively the same as the governing board of the primary government; or (3) the component unit's total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely, or almost entirely, by primary government.

The State's blended component units are:

The South Dakota Building Authority (SDBA) was created and organized by Chapter 5-12 of the South Dakota Codified Laws. The purpose of the SDBA is to build and otherwise provide certain facilities for use by the State. Amounts issued by the SDBA shall not be deemed to constitute a debt of the State of South Dakota or any political subdivision thereof. The SDBA is authorized to issue revenue bonds, notes, or other obligations on behalf of state institutions for the purpose of constructing, equipping and improving facilities, or refinancing of outstanding debt. The seven members are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. No person shall be appointed to the SDBA who is an elected official of the State of South Dakota or any subdivision thereof. One of the members shall be designated by the Governor as chairman. The indebtedness or obligations incurred or created by the SDBA may not be or become a lien, charge, or liability against the State of South Dakota. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the SDBA, and because the services provided by the SDBA are almost entirely provided to the State of South Dakota, it is considered a blended component unit. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The South Dakota Conservancy District (SDCD) was created by the Legislature under Chapter 46A-2 of the South Dakota Codified Law as a body politic and corporate for the purpose of constructing water resource facilities for the conservation, storage, distribution, and utilization of water for multiple purposes within the State of South Dakota. The SDCD has two funds, the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund. The Clean Water State Revolving Fund is a low interest loan program to finance the construction of wastewater facilities, storm sewers and non-point source pollution control projects. The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund is a low interest loan program to finance drinking water projects. The SDCD bonds do not constitute a debt or liability of the State of South Dakota, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the SDCD and the governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government, it is considered a blended component unit and will be included in primary government. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The Education Enhancement Funding Corporation (EEFC) is a special purpose corporation, organized under Chapter 5-12 of the South Dakota Codified Law. The EEFC was established to purchase all of the State of South Dakota's future right, title and interest in the Tobacco Settlement Revenues (TSRs) under the Master Settlement Agreement. The purchase price of the State's future right, title and interest in the TSRs has been financed by the issuance of the Bonds and the Residual Certificate. The Residual Certificate represents the right of the State to receive all amounts required to be distributed after payment of all outstanding bonds and other liabilities of the EEFC as set forth in the Trust Indenture. Obligations issued by the EEFC shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability or obligation of the State. Because there is a financial benefit/burden relationship between the Corporation and the State of South Dakota and the services provided by the EEFC are entirely provided to the State of South Dakota it is considered a blended component unit. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

#### Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are legally separate organizations that are either financially accountable to the State, or their exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns or rows in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the State.

The State's major discretely presented component units are:

The South Dakota Housing Development Authority (SDHDA) was created by the Legislature under Chapter 11-11 of the South Dakota Codified Law for the purpose of encouraging the investment of private capital and stimulating the construction and rehabilitation of residential housing for the people of the State of South Dakota. The SDHDA issues negotiable notes and bonds in amounts authorized by the Governor of South Dakota. Notes and bonds of the SDHDA do not constitute a debt or liability of the State of South Dakota, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. These notes and bonds are payable solely from the revenues or assets of the SDHDA. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the SDHDA, but does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending, it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The South Dakota Science and Technology Authority (SDSTA) were created by the Legislature under Chapter 1-16H of the South Dakota Codified Law to foster and facilitate science and technology investigation, experimentation, and development. The initial focus of the SDSTA was to support the transfer of the Homestake Gold Mine in Lead, South Dakota for development by the research community to become the world's premier underground Science and Engineering Laboratory. Past history has established a pattern of the State of South Dakota assuming the obligation to finance the organization which creates a financial benefit/burden relationship. This relationship does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending; therefore it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The South Dakota Board of Regents (SDBOR) was created under Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of South Dakota. Chapter 13-49 of the South Dakota Codified Law establishes the authority for SDBOR to govern the system of public higher education in the State of South Dakota. The system's primary goal is to provide high quality, diverse educational opportunities and services to the people of South Dakota through the effective use of the resources entrusted to it. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over SDBOR and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, but does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending, it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. (Affiliated organizations of Higher Education were excluded from the amounts reported in the notes to the financial statements.)

The State's nonmajor discretely presented component units are:

The South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority (SDVAFA) was created by the Legislature under Chapter 1-16E of the South Dakota Codified Law for the purpose of administering the beginning farmer bond and agribusiness bonding programs and making annual recommendations to the Legislature and Governor on programs to develop and promote agricultural processing activity in the State of South Dakota. The principal and interest on the bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the State of South Dakota. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the SDVAFA but does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending, it

is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority (SDEDFA) was created by the Legislature under Chapter 01-16B of the South Dakota Codified Law for the purpose of making loans to businesses to spawn economic growth. Obligations issued by the SDEDFA shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability or obligation of the State. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the SDEDFA but does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending, it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority (SDEDA) was established by the Legislature under Chapter 01-16J of the South Dakota Codified Law for the purpose of protecting and promoting the economic impact of Ellsworth Air Force Base and associated industry. Payments of the principal of, or interest on, and bonds, notes, instruments, or obligations issued by the SDEDA shall not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability or obligation of the State. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the SDEDA but does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending, it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

#### Related Organizations

The **South Dakota Health and Educational Facilities Authority** (SDHEFA) are excluded from the reporting entity because the State's accountability does not extend beyond appointing a voting majority of the organization's board members. SDHEFA is a body politic, corporate and public instrumentality of the State of South Dakota. The Authority was created in 1972 to enhance the health and education of citizens of the State of South Dakota by providing healthcare, educational and other non-profit institutions access to low cost capital.

#### Separately Issued Financial Statements

Separately issued financial statements of the South Dakota Building Authority, Education Enhancement Funding Corporation, South Dakota Housing Development Authority, Science and Technology Authority, South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority, South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority, and South Dakota Health and Educations Facilities Authority are available from the Department of Legislative Audit, 427 South Chapelle, c/o 500 East Capitol, by calling (605) 773-3595, or online at <a href="http://legislativeaudit.sd.gov/Reports/State/state\_reports\_all.htm">http://legislativeaudit.sd.gov/Reports/State/state\_reports\_all.htm</a>.

#### C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The focus of the government-wide financial statements and notes to the financial statements is the primary government. A separate column is presented for each major discretely presented component unit and a column for all nonmajor discretely presented component units in the aggregate.

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's nonfiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental

funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with nonmajor funds being combined into a single column.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the State receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants and donations. Tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which the related sales, income, or activity being taxed occurred. At June 30, 2015, there was \$26,209,286 of bank tax receipts that was not recognizable in the State's financial statements because a reasonable estimate was unable to be determined for how much is considered measurable. Revenue from grants and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Sales tax, motor fuel taxes, grant revenue, investment income and charges for goods and services are all considered to be susceptible to accrual if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Bank taxes are considered measurable when returns are filed, not when payments are received. All other revenue is considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, expenditures related to debt service, compensated absences, capital leases and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due and payable.

#### Proprietary, Fiduciary, and Similar Component Units Financial Statements

The financial statements of the proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements described above. Proprietary funds include both enterprise and internal service fund types.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition, such as subsidies and investment earnings, are reported as nonoperating.

#### Financial Statement Presentation

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

**The General Fund** is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**The Transportation Fund** accounts for dedicated state tax revenue for the construction, maintenance, and supervision of state highways and bridges and federal grants received by the Department of Transportation.

**The Social Services Fund** accounts for federal grants received by the Department of Social Services to fund social welfare programs.

**The Dakota Cement Trust Fund** was created with the proceeds from the sale of the State Cement Plant which is invested by The South Dakota Investment Council. Transfers from this fund are made to the General Fund for the support of education in South Dakota.

**The Education Enhancement Trust Fund** primarily accounts for revenue from the tobacco settlement and securitization of future tobacco revenue. Income from the fund is used to fund education enhancement programs.

The State reports the following major proprietary funds:

**The Clean Water State Revolving Fund** is used to provide loans to local governments for wastewater, storm sewer, and nonpoint source pollution control projects.

**The Drinking Water State Revolving Fund** is used to provide loans to local governments for drinking water projects.

**The Lottery Fund** accounts for the operations of the State Lottery.

In addition, the State reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

**Special Revenue Funds** account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. Special revenue funds account for federal grant programs, taxes with distributions defined by the State Constitution or State laws and other resources restricted or committed as to purpose.

**Debt Service Funds** account for the accumulation of resources for the retirement of long-term debt principal and interest.

**The Capital Projects Fund** administered by the South Dakota Building Authority accounts for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary and fiduciary funds, or component units.

**The Permanent Fund** administered by the Department of School and Public Lands accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Proprietary Funds:

**Enterprise Funds** report activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. This fund type is also used when the activity is financed with debt that is secured by a pledge of the net revenues from the fees.

Internal Service Funds report activities that provide goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the primary government and its component units or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. These goods and services include information services, telecommunications, insurance risk pools, and fleet and travel management. In the government-wide financial statements, internal service funds activity is included in governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds:

**Pension Funds** account for resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the State's defined benefit pension plan.

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** account for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. The Common School Fund accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support local school districts.

**Agency Funds** report assets and liabilities of resources held for temporary investment and remittance of the resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples of funds in this category include local government tax collections by the Department of Revenue, child support payments collected by the Department of Social Services and employee payroll withholdings by the State Auditor.

#### E. Budgetary Accounting

Agencies and departments submit budget requests to the Bureau of Finance and Management. The commissioner approves the Bureau's budget recommendation that is presented to the Governor for his consideration. The Governor's decisions are presented to the legislature in the Governor's budget book.

The financial plan for each fiscal year is adopted by the legislature by the passage of a general appropriations bill, special appropriations bills, and deferred maintenance appropriations. The formal budget approved by the legislature does not include budgeting for revenues and other financing sources/uses.

The general appropriations act includes only appropriations for ordinary current and capital expenses of the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the State. State law classifies appropriations into general, federal, and other fund budget classifications. The budget is controlled at the program level for personal services and operating expenses. Detailed appropriation information at this level is presented in the Available Funds Report that is available from the Bureau of Finance and Management.

The State's annual budget is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to reserve a portion of the budget to future periods for payment of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments. Encumbrances at June 30, 2015, totaled \$18,842,714. The encumbrance amount is broken down by major fund and nonmajor fund below:

	Amount
Fund	Encumbered
Major Fund:	
General Fund	\$ 5,290,259
Transportation	7,740,576
Nonmajor:	
Nonmajor Total	5,811,879
Total	\$18,842,714

## F. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand, cash in banks and cash in the State Treasury. Cash equivalents are valued at cost plus accrued interest. Cash equivalents include short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents reported in the Statement of Cash Flows also represent all investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash balances of most state funds are pooled and invested by the State Investment Officer. Investment income is allocated to participating funds per South Dakota law. Participating funds are determined by the Bureau of Finance and Management and approved by the Joint Interim Appropriations Committee of the Legislature.

Investments, as reported on the balance sheet, represent all long-term investments not considered cash equivalents. Investments include corporate stocks, bonds, convertible debt, U.S. government and agency securities, mortgage backed securities, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, annuity contracts, investment contracts, international securities, private equity and real estate. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Fair values for the fixed income securities are obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, and Citigroup Global Markets. Domestic and Canadian

equity security fair values are obtained from FT Interactive Data, non-Canadian foreign equity security fair values are obtained from Exshare, and spot foreign currency exchange rates are obtained from Reuters. Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency cash balances are translated into U.S. dollars using the year-end spot foreign currency exchange rates. Fair values of foreign currency forward contracts are obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets. Fair values of limited partnership investments are based on valuations on the underlying companies of the limited partnerships as reported by the general partner.

For alternative investments where no readily available market value exists, management, in consultation with their investment managers, values these investments in good faith based upon audited financial statements or other information provided by the underlying investment managers.

Futures contracts are utilized to adjust the portfolio asset mix. The fair value of the equity securities futures position is determined using Standard & Poor's contract data. The fair value of the fixed income futures position is determined by using the U.S. Treasury note and bond contracts information and the Citigroup Broad Investment Grade Index. Changes in the fair value of these futures contracts are recognized as gains or losses in the period of change.

#### Receivables

Receivables in the governmental and business-type activities consist mainly of amounts due from component units, other governments, loans and customers.

#### Inventories

Inventories reported in the governmental fund types are reported at cost using the weighted average cost method. Proprietary fund type inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the moving average cost method. Inventories reported in the Higher Education component unit discrete presentation are reported at cost using the FIFO method. Inventories are expensed using the consumption method.

Federal commodities on hand are reported as inventories, offset by unearned revenue. Commodities are reported at fair value established by the federal government at the date received. At June 30, 2015, the commodities inventory was reported in the amount of \$1,002,358.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at cost, or estimated historical cost, if original cost records are not available. Donated property, plant, and equipment are valued at fair market value at the date of donation. Property, plant, and equipment acquired through capital leases are capitalized at fair market value at the inception of the lease.

All land is capitalized regardless of cost. Land improvements are capitalized when the cost of the improvement is \$50,000 or more. Buildings and building improvements are capitalized when the cost is \$100,000 or more. Equipment (including purchased software licenses) is capitalized when the cost of individual items is \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets are capitalized when the cost of the assets is \$1,000,000 or more for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, and \$50,000 or more for proprietary funds and component units. Intangible assets such as easements, patents, trademarks, internally generated computer software, etc. (as defined by GASB Statement 51) are capitalized when the cost is \$250,000 or more. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	20-30
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Infrastructure	20-99
Equipment	3-17
Intangible Assets	3-25

The State owns works of art and historical treasures that have not been capitalized and depreciated because the assets cannot be reasonably valued and/or the assets have inexhaustible useful lives. Works of art and historical treasures include items such as statues, monuments, historical documents, paintings, artifacts, etc. Higher Education, a business-type activity discretely presented component unit, adopted the State's policy on capitalizing historical treasures and collections. The exceptions to this policy are the Memorial Art Center Collection at the South Dakota State University and the Oscar Howe paintings collection at the University of South Dakota. The collections are valued at the historical cost or estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The reported capitalized value of these collections was \$8,753,716 and \$375,585 respectively, as of June 30, 2015. All proceeds from the sale of items within these collections will be used to acquire other items for the collections.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position by the government that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources are reported in the applicable governmental, business-type activities, or in the component units columns on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources of governmental funds, proprietary funds, and component units are reported in detail in their respective fund statements.

# Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s), and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the applicable governmental, business-type activities, or in the component unit columns on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Deferred inflows of resources of governmental funds, proprietary funds and component units are reported in detail in their respective fund statements.

#### Net Position and Fund Balances

"Net position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements and "fund balance" on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements consists of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported in three categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** is a category reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debts that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted net position** consists of assets that have externally imposed constraints placed on them by either creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation of the State.

**Unrestricted net position** consists of assets that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The State's policy is that unrestricted amounts are spent first, when expenditures are incurred for purposes of which multiple resources are available within a fund.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the State is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances can be reported in five different categories:

**Nonspendable fund balance** includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale.

**Restricted fund balance** consists of assets that have externally imposed constraints placed on them by either creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation of the State.

**Committed fund balance** represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the State Legislature through legislation passed into law.

**Assigned fund balance** includes amounts that are constrained by the State's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the executive branch or by directive of the Appropriations Committee of the Legislature or in some cases by passage of an appropriation. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance also represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

**Unassigned fund balance** represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance also includes negative residual balances in other governmental funds.

The State does not use separate funds to segregate restricted, committed and assigned resources. It instead uses the accounting structure to track sources of resources. The State's policy is that assigned amounts are spent first, then committed, restricted and finally unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes of which multiple resources are available within the accounting structure.

# G. Compensated Absences

All full-time and permanent part-time employees earn annual leave and sick leave. Employees earn fifteen days annual leave per year that can be accumulated to thirty days, except for employees with more than fifteen years of employment, who earn twenty days annual leave per year that can be accumulated to forty days. Upon termination, employees receive payment for their accumulated annual leave. Employees earn fourteen days sick leave per year. Unless dismissed for cause, employees who terminate after seven years of continuous employment receive payment for one-fourth of their accumulated sick leave balance, not to exceed four hundred eighty hours.

A liability has been recorded in the government-wide and fund financial statements for compensated absences in accordance with GASB statements.

#### H. Lottery Security Deposits

State law requires video lottery operators to furnish security to the Lottery. Security may be in the form of a surety bond, deposit in cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or a certificate of deposit issued by a South Dakota financial institution with the Lottery endorsed on it as a payee. As of June 30, 2015, the amount of certificate of deposits being held by the Lottery was \$456,245 and is included in cash and cash equivalents on the balance sheet. The amount of \$4,781,700 was in the form of surety bonds, deposits in cash, or irrevocable letters of credit and is not reported on the Statement of Net Position.

# I. Interfund Activity and Balances

Interfund activity, as a general rule, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. An exception to this rule is activities between funds reported as governmental activities and funds reported as business-type activities. An example is the transfer of profits from the Lottery Fund to the General Fund. Elimination of these activities would distort the direct costs and program revenues for the functions concerned.

In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets (such as goods or cash) without equivalent flows of assets in return, or a requirement for repayment. In addition, transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund which expends the resources. An example is securities taxes collected by the Department of Revenue which are deposited into a special revenue fund but are transferred to and expended by the General Fund.

Interfund balances and interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Position.

#### J. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), and additions to/deductions from SDRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 2. ACCOUNTING CHANGES, RESTATEMENTS, AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

Implementation of Recent GASB Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the State implemented the following new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement 27

GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date

These two Statements establish the standards for measuring and recognizing pension related liabilities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expense/expenditures and revenues for pensions provided to its employees and requires the State to record its proportionate share of the net pension asset.

As a result of implementing these Statements:

The beginning net position in the governmental activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Activities increased by \$83,509,774. This increase reflects a \$60,860,917 increase for the beginning net pension asset and a \$22,648,857 increase for contributions made to South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

The beginning net position in the business type activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Activities increased by \$1,867,462. This increase reflects a \$1,360,984 increase for the beginning net pension asset and a \$506,478 increase for contributions made to South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

The beginning net position in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position – Proprietary Funds increased as follows:

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
		M Cle Water			rinking ter State				Internal Service	
	Lottery		Revolving		volving	Nonmajor Total		Funds		
Beginning Net Pension Asset	\$ 212,732	\$	36,392	\$	30,225	\$1,081,635	\$ 1,360,984	\$	4,242,968	
Contributions Made From July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	79,167		13,543		11,248	402,520	506,478		1,578,983	
Total Change in Beginning Net Position From GASB 68	\$ 291,899	\$	49,935	\$	41,473	\$1,484,155	\$ 1,867,462	\$	5,821,951	

The beginning net position for the component units columns of the Government-wide Statement of Activities increased by \$62,672,114 as follows:

		Science and			
	Housing	Technology	Higher		
	Authority	Authority	Education	Nonmajor	Total
Beginning Net Pension Asset	\$ 433,628	\$ 1,490,926	\$ 43,750,128	\$	\$45,674,682
Contributions Made From					
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	161,371	554,835	16,281,226		16,997,432
Total Change in Beginning					
Net Position From GASB 68	\$ 594,999	\$ 2,045,761	\$ 60,031,354	\$ 0	\$62,672,114

#### Restatements - Primary Government

The beginning net position reported in the governmental activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Activities increased \$19,646,000 because of asset capitalization errors in previous years. The assets are correctly capitalized in fiscal year 2015. The restatements will have the same effect on the beginning balance in Note 6.

The beginning net position reported in the governmental activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Activities decreased by \$13,860,000 because of an error in previous year long-term liabilities. The long-term liabilities are correctly reported in fiscal year 2015. The restatement will also affect Note 14.

#### Restatements - Component Units

The beginning net position balance reported for Higher Education, reported as a major discretely component unit, increases by \$901,000 for errors in the reporting of receivables, liabilities, fixed assets, and other miscellaneous reporting errors in prior years. This restatement will have the same effect on the Government-wide financial statements.

# 3. CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) and administrative rules authorize the types of deposits and investments. Most State public funds are invested in the Cash Flow Portfolio using the pooled deposit and investment concept. This concept allows for the deposit and investment of aggregate idle fund monies, while preserving the integrity of fund cash balances of each State fund.

Negative cash balances in funds participating in the Cash Flow Portfolio are reclassified at year-end as interfund payables. The cash and cash equivalents balance in the General Fund was reduced by \$16,097,445 for deficit cash balances that existed in various state funds at June 30, 2015, and is reported as an interfund receivable.

Certain funds and component units have statutory authority to make deposits and investments in specific types of securities, which may be more or less restrictive than the general authority covering the Cash Flow Portfolio. Additionally, bond provisions may require restrictions on types of investments. The State was in compliance with legal requirements governing deposit and investing activities.

Securities that are unclaimed at financial institutions are transferred to the State and held temporarily by the State until they are determined abandoned. The securities or proceeds can be claimed by the owners under established procedures. The Office of the State Treasurer administers any unclaimed securities per SDCL §43-41B, Uniform Unclaimed Property Act. Any unclaimed property, including any income or increment derived therefrom, is considered abandoned after remaining unclaimed by the owner for more than three years. Once determined abandoned, the State Treasurer has the authority to either keep the security or liquidate it anytime thereafter. As of June 30, 2015, the securities, for which cost at the time of acquisition is not readily available, have a market value of \$11,282,201, and are shown as investments in the General Fund.

# A. Primary Government

Investments of the Primary Government are grouped into four categories based upon investment objectives and risk. The first category is the Cash Flow Portfolio. This category represents the pooled public funds of the Primary Government (comprising 78% of the Cash Flow Portfolio) and discretely presented component units (comprising 22% of the Cash Flow Portfolio). Higher Education, the Science and Technology Authority and the Housing Authority are discretely presented component units and have deposits and investments in the Cash Flow Portfolio. Because of the pooled deposit and investment concept of the Cash Flow Portfolio, the discretely presented component units' share of the portfolio cannot be broken out separately for risk disclosure purposes. For risk disclosure purposes, their share of the Cash Flow Portfolio is included in the Primary Government. The second category is the Retirement Portfolio. This category represents the investments of the South Dakota Retirement System. The third category is the Trust Portfolios. This category includes the portfolios of School and Public Lands, Dakota Cement Trust Fund, Education Enhancement Trust Fund and Health Care Trust Fund. The fourth category is Other Funds. This category represents funds that are not managed by the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC) and includes Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation, Clean Water State Revolving Fund, Drinking Water State Revolving Fund and the Vocational Education Program.

#### Deposits

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository institution, the State of South Dakota will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Cash Flow Portfolio's certificates of deposit and other deposits in state financial institutions in excess of depository insurance must be 100% collateralized. Collateral is valued at the lower of cost or market as reported in the quarterly call reports prepared by the qualified public depositories pursuant to SDCL 4-6A-7. Collateral is required to be segregated by each depository as approved by the South Dakota Public Deposit Protection Commission. Collateral may not be held in any safety deposit vault owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by the pledging financial institution, but must be deposited for safekeeping in a financial institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve. At June 30, 2015, pledged collateral for all depositories did not equal at least 100 percent of the total public deposits in excess of depository insurance. As a result, \$38,242 of the Cash Flow Portfolio's certificates of deposit was exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Retirement Portfolio has a formal deposit policy specific to custodial credit risk. The policy states that the United States Dollar (USD) equivalent of any non-USD currency cannot exceed 2.0% of the portfolio fair value on a trade date +7 days basis. At June 30, 2015, the Retirement Portfolio had bank balances in foreign currencies in various foreign countries. These deposits are not collateralized or covered by depository insurance. As a result, the Retirement Portfolio was exposed to custodial credit risk of \$5,752,032.

The Trust Portfolios have a formal deposit policy specific to custodial credit risk. The policy states that the USD equivalent of any non-USD currency cannot exceed 2.0% of the portfolio fair value on a trade date +7 days basis. At June 30, 2015, the Trust Portfolios had bank balances in foreign currencies in various foreign countries. These deposits are not collateralized or covered by depository insurance. As a result, the Trust Portfolios were exposed to custodial credit risk of \$761,502.

The Other Funds have no formal deposit policy specific to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, the Other Funds had bank balances that are not collateralized or covered by depository insurance. As a result, the Other Funds were exposed to custodial credit risk of \$599,101.

#### **Investments**

#### Securities Lending

State statutes and SDIC policies permit the use of investments for securities lending transactions. These transactions involve the lending of corporate debt, foreign equity securities, and domestic equity securities to broker-dealers for collateral in the form of securities, with the simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the SDIC or the borrower. As of June 30, 2015, the fair value of securities on loan was \$179,342,043, and the collateral held on the same date was \$184,056,182. At year-end, the SDIC has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the SDIC owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the SDIC.

The SDIC's securities custodian is an agent in lending securities and shall accept only U.S. Government securities or its agencies as collateral for any loan or loaned securities. The collateral required must equal 102% of fair value plus accrued interest for corporate debt securities, 102% of fair value for U.S. equity securities and 105% of fair value for foreign securities except in the case of loans of foreign securities which are denominated and payable in USD, in which event the collateral required is 102% of fair value. The earnings generated from the collateral investments results in the gross earnings from lending activities, which is then split on a percentage basis with the lending agent. The contract with the lending agent requires the agent to indemnify the SDIC if the borrowers fail to return the loaned securities and the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent.

The SDIC does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults, therefore no asset and corresponding liability for the collateral value of securities received has been established on the Statement of Net Position. Regarding restrictions on loans, the securities lending agreement does limit the total value of securities that can be out on loan on any given day.

# Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. SDIC securities lending policies are detailed in the preceding Securities Lending section. As of June 30, 2015, the SDIC does not have custodial credit risk with regards to security lending collateral. The Other Funds do not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The Other Funds had custodial credit risk totaling \$221,397,593 in guaranteed investment contracts, federal agency bonds and U.S. Treasury bonds at June 30, 2015.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. SDIC policy limits or establishes ranges for the durations of the fixed income portfolios held by the various funds.

The Cash Flow Portfolio policy limits average portfolio duration to 2.88 years, and no holding's maturity can exceed 5.25 years. The Retirement Portfolio fixed income portfolio duration must fall between 70% and 130% of the duration

of the Citigroup Broad Investment Grade (BIG) Index. The Trust Portfolios investment-grade fixed income portfolios are benchmarked to the duration of the Citigroup BIG Index. The Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) investments have a range of 5 to 10 years to maturity at purchase. No formal interest rate risk policy exists for the fixed income portfolios of the Other Funds.

The weighted modified durations (in years) of the various funds are listed in the following table (dollars expressed in thousands):

	Cash Flow P	ortfolio	Retirement F	ortfolio	Trust Port	folios	Other Funds		
		Mod.		Mod.		Mod.		Mod.	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Dur.	Fair Value	Dur.	Fair Value	Dur.	Fair Value	Dur.	
U.S. Treasuries	\$		\$ 117,198	6.76	\$ 22,237	6.76	\$ 57,486	1.00	
U.S. Treasury bills	2,000	0.03	99,987	0.38					
U.S. Treasury STRIPS			61,974	8.53	4,832	5.09			
U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities					40,716	0.68			
U.S. Agencies	266,170	2.00	55,868	4.61	17,840	6.73	3,122	2.11	
U.S. Agency Discount Notes			109,681	0.22	840	0.13			
U.S Government-backed loans					1,325	11.76			
Investment grade corporates	813,672	2.24	416,670	4.72	77,567	4.75			
High-yield corporates			145,386	3.97	1,637	7.30			
High-yield bond mutual fund					15,929	4.50			
Agency Mortgage-backed securities			317,502	4.87	59,122	4.86			
Non-agency Mortgage-backed securities			513,976	0.53	55,065	0.54			
Municipal bonds					48,157	3.90			
Investment agreements							140,072	10.59	
Total	\$1,081,842		\$1,838,242		\$ 345,267		\$ 200,680		
Portfolio modified duration		2.18		3.27		3.75		7.71	

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the State of South Dakota. SDIC policy establishes a percentage range and a normal allocation to various credit risk categories. The Cash Flow Portfolio actively managed portion can invest 4% of the portfolio into each corporate security rated Aaa or Aa, 2% in A-rated, 1% in Baa1 or Baa2, and 0.5% in individual holdings of corporate securities rating Baa3. The maximum overweight of Baa3 rated holdings versus the benchmark is 5% of the Cash Flow duration portfolio. The SDIC sets the investment policy annually for the Trust Portfolios and the Retirement Portfolio. This policy establishes the average percentage invested in each asset category and the fund allocation range that each asset category can vary during the fiscal year.

The Clean Water State Revolving Fund and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Master Trust Indenture requires any investment agreement to be with a guarantor whose long-term rating category is no lower than the two highest long-term rating categories.

Statutes authorize the Vocational Education Program to invest in the following: (1) direct obligations of the U.S.; (2) obligations issued by any agency or instrumentality of the U.S.; (3) certificates of deposit or time deposits of any bank which is a qualified public depository or any savings and loan association which is a savings and loan depository; (4) obligations of any solvent insurance company or other corporation existing under the laws of the U.S., or any state thereof provided the company or corporation is rated in one of the two highest rating classifications established by a standard rating service of insurance companies or a nationally recognized rating agency; (5) short-term discount obligations of the FNMA; or (6) obligations issued by any state of the U.S.

The Education Enhancement Funding Corporation does not have a formal policy on investment credit risk.

As of June 30, 2015, the portfolios held the following investments, excluding those issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government which are not considered to have credit risk. The investments are grouped as rated by Moody's Investors Service (expressed in thousands):

	Cas	h Flow	R	etirement	Т	Trust		Other
	Po	rtfolio Portfolios		Por	tfolios	F	unds	
Moody's Rating	Fair	Value	F	air Value	Fair	Value	Fa	ir Value
Aaa	\$	490,712	\$	1,053,039	\$ 3	05,536	\$	24,005
Aa		102,583		46,704	;	33,621		
Α		598,073		204,134		53,314		
Baa		113,016		199,302	;	34,389		138,835
Ba				91,161		5,581		1,236
В				98,276		4,587		
Caa				201,334		17,653		
Ca				151,403		14,611		
D				3,887		359		
P-1				109,681		840		
Unrated				79,832	;	30,062		8,254
Total	\$ 1,	304,384	\$	2,238,753	\$ 5	00,553	\$	172,330

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. The Retirement and Trust Portfolios' exposure to foreign currency risk is derived from their positions in foreign currency and foreign currency-denominated equity investments. The Retirement and Trust Portfolios do not hedge foreign currency back to USD (to match the unhedged benchmark) but do allow hedging under certain circumstances when deemed appropriate by the State Investment Officer and portfolio manager.

The Retirement and Trust Portfolios' exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2015, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Re	Retirement Portfolio			Trust Portfolios				
	Equities	Cash		Equities	Cash				
	U.S. Dollar	U.S. Dollar		U.S. Dollar	U.S. Dollar				
Currency	Fair Value	Fair Value	Total	Fair Value	Fair Value	Total			
Australian Dollar	\$ 7,358	\$	\$ 7,358	\$	\$	\$			
Brazilian Real	1,300	15	1,315						
British Pound	340,038	1,292	341,330	32,074	26	32,100			
Canadian Dollar	82,326	1,137	83,463	5,666	47	5,713			
Danish Kroner	6,023		6,023						
Euro	289,277	1,015	290,292	25,142	80	25,222			
Hong Kong Dollar	4,914	117	5,031						
Hungarian Forint	1,014		1,014						
Japanese Yen	148,980	2,172	151,152	10,512	609	11,121			
South Korean Won	59,381	4	59,385	4,640		4,640			
Singapore Dollar	334		334						
Swedish Krona	1,942		1,942						
Swiss Franc	300,642		300,642	32,642		32,642			
Thai Baht	893		893						
Total Fair Value	\$1,244,422	\$ 5,752	\$ 1,250,174	\$ 110,676	\$ 762	\$ 111,438			

Investments with limited partnerships and certain global equity investments with outside managers, which are not included in the table above, may expose the State to additional foreign currency risk. For the Trust Portfolios, the total fair value of investments in real estate and private equity limited partnerships as of June 30, 2015 was \$145,874,493. For the Retirement Portfolio, the total fair value of investments in real estate and private equity limited partnerships as

of June 30, 2015 was \$2,017,025,601. The total fair value of global equity investments and high-yield fixed income investments managed by outside managers was \$162,708,986 and \$43,335,031, respectively.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Cash Flow Portfolio has a policy in place limiting its investments in individual holdings. Information regarding the Cash Flow Portfolio policy is located in the Credit Risk section. The SDIC does not have a formal policy in place to limit investments in any particular issuer for the Retirement Portfolio and Trust Portfolios. Additionally, there are no single issuer exposures (excluding those issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, or involving mutual funds or investment pools) within the portfolios that comprise 5% of the overall portfolios at June 30, 2015.

# Derivative Financial Instruments in Primary Government

#### Retirement Portfolio and Trust Portfolios

Derivatives are generally defined as a contract whose value depend on, or derives from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate or index. The Retirement Portfolio is exposed to a variety of derivative products through the investment management of the SDIC and their outside managers. The Trust Portfolios utilized no derivative instruments in SDIC's internally managed portfolios, but may be exposed to a variety of derivative products through their outside managers. The following notes detail the derivative instruments used in the SDIC's internally managed portfolios. All of the SDIC's derivatives are classified as investment derivatives.

#### Futures Contracts

A futures contract is a contract to buy or sell units of an index or financial instrument at a specified future date at a price agreed upon when the contract is originated. The SDIC purchases and sells financial and interest rate futures as a means of adjusting the Retirement Portfolio's mix at a lower transaction cost than transactions that would otherwise occur in the underlying portfolios. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, S&P 500 futures and 10-year U.S. Treasury note futures were utilized. Upon entering into such a contract, the SDIC pledges to the broker cash or U.S. government securities equal to the minimum initial margin requirement of the futures exchange. Additionally, the portfolios receive or pay a daily variation margin, which is an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in value of the contract. At June 30, 2015, the pending variation margin of (\$3,501,869) is presented in the Statement of Net Position as "Due to brokers – futures transactions." The change in fair value of the futures contracts is presented in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as "Net appreciation in fair value of investments." For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the net change in fair value from futures contracts was (\$78,816,141). At June 30, 2015, futures contracts outstanding were as follows:

	Open Position	Contracts	Notional Contract size	Fair Value (Exposure) \$ 345,080,078		
U.S. Treasury Note future due September 2015	Long	2,735	\$100,000 par value 6% U.S. Treasury note	\$ 345,080,078		
S&P 500 Index future due September 2015	Short	17,520		\$ (1,799,742,000)		

# Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

The SDIC enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage foreign currency exposure, as permitted by portfolio policies. The fair values of the contracts are presented in the Statement of Net Position as "Investments at fair value – Equities." The change in fair value of the forward contracts is presented in the Statement of Changes in Net Position as "Net appreciation in fair value of investments." For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the net change in

fair value from foreign currency forward contracts was \$5,219,791. At June 30, 2015, the foreign currency forward contracts outstanding were as follows:

Description	Notional Amount	Maturity Date	Fair Value (U.S. Dollars)	
Forward sale	(20,770,519) CHF	08/10/2015	\$ 111,075	
Forward sale	(275,612,600) CNY	11/03/2015	347,409	
Forward sale	(15,000,000) EUR	11/30/2016	312,456	
Forward purchase	275,612,600 CNY	09/10/2015	(609,703)	

#### Credit Risk

SDIC is exposed to credit risk on derivative instruments that are in asset positions. The SDIC attempts to minimize credit risk by entering into derivatives contracts with major financial institutions. At June 30, 2015, the net fair value of foreign currency forward contracts was \$984,062. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. The credit ratings of the counterparties are as follows:

Moody's	Number of	Fair
Credit Rating	Counterparties	Value
A1	1	\$ 984.062

#### Interest Rate Risk

The SDIC is exposed to interest rate risk on its 10-year U.S. Treasury Note futures contract. As interest rates increase, the value of the futures contract decreases.

# Foreign Currency Risk

SDIC is exposed to foreign currency risk on its foreign currency forward contacts because they are denominated in foreign currencies. The net fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts in USD is \$161,237.

# B. Component Units

# **Deposits**

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository institution, the component unit's deposits may not be returned to it. The Housing Development Authority deposit policy requires deposits in excess of the Depository Insurance maximums be collateralized 100%. Collateral must be deposited for safekeeping in a financial institution that is not owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by the pledging financial institution. The financial institution where the collateral is held must be a member of the Federal Reserve. The additional component units do not have deposit policies for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2015, the component units had no deposits that were not collateralized or covered by depository insurance.

#### *Investments*

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the component unit will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The component units do not have investment policies for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, investments in the amount of \$1,938,757 were uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the component unit's name.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The component units have limits on the maturities of investments for their restricted accounts. Investments of the Capital Reserve accounts must provide for the purposes thereof as estimated by the Housing Development Authority. The investments must not mature later than the final maturity of the related Series of the Bonds. The average duration of individual securities will not exceed twenty years. Investments of the Mortgage Reserve accounts must provide for the purposes thereof as estimated by the Housing Development Authority.

The duration of fifty percent of individual securities will not exceed two years from the date of purchase or deposit. The Housing Development Authority assumes that its callable investments will not be called. The Housing Development Authority invests in mortgage pass-through securities issued by GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC. Because prepayments of mortgages underlying these securities affect the principal and interest payments received by these securities, the securities are considered highly sensitive to interest rate risk.

The Economic Development Finance Authority limits the maturities of investments for its restricted accounts (all accounts other than the General Account) to terms of two years or less from the date of the investment.

The Ellsworth Development Authority and the Science and Technology Authority do not have policies for interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2015, the Housing Development Authority and the Economic Development Finance Authority had investments maturing as follows (expressed in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value_	Le	ss than 1		1 to 5	6	6 to 10		Greater han 10
U.S. Government Obligations	\$	81,168	\$	5,415	\$	44,252	\$	30,982	\$	519
U.S. Treasury Notes										
Certificates of Deposit		12,759		4,784		7,866		109		
U.S. Agencies		510,165		25,725		63,399		25,548		395,493
Mutual Funds		139,760		139,760						
State Obligations		4,009		1,057		2,415		537		
Investment Agreements		640								640
Total	\$	748,501	\$	176,741	\$	117,932	\$	57,176	\$	396,652

# Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the investment policy of the Housing Development Authority to invest in securities limited to direct general obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government agencies, direct and general obligations of any state within the United States, mutual funds invested in securities mentioned above, and investment agreements secured by securities mentioned above. If securities are downgraded after purchase, the Authority will analyze the reason for the downgrade and determine what, if any, action is needed. Investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are not considered to have a credit risk.

The investment management policy of the Economic Development Finance Authority limits investments in Corporate Bonds to those rated in either of the two highest rating categories by either Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation.

The Ellsworth Development Authority and the Science and Technology Authority are limited to investments permitted by state statue.

As of June 30, 2015, the Housing Development Authority investments had the following ratings (expressed in thousands):

Moody's Rating	Fai	ir Value
Aaa	\$	482,494
Aa		537
Unrated		10,554
Total Fair Value	\$	493,585

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. As of June 30, 2015, the Economic Development Finance Authority has the maximum portfolio exposure to permitted investments:

	Restricted	d Account	<b>Unrestricted Account</b>			
	Portfolio	Exposure	Portfolio Exposure			
	Total	Individual	Total	Individual		
U.S. Governments	100%	100%	100%	100%		
U.S. Agencies	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Certificates of Deposit	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Repurchase Agreements	50%	25%	50%	25%		
Corporate Bonds	0%	0%	50%	10%		
Money Market Funds	25%	25%	25%	25%		

The Housing Development Authority will minimize Concentration Credit Risk by diversifying the investment portfolio and reducing the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer. As of June 30, 2015, Housing Development Authority's investments held 5% or more of the following issuers: Federal Home Loan Bank (13.78%), Federal National Mortgage Association (23.76%), and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (6.67%).

Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments in Component Units

# South Dakota Housing Development Authority

The Authority has entered into interest rate swap agreements in connection with issuing variable rate mortgage revenue bonds. The intentions of the swaps are to create synthetic fixed rate debt at a lower interest rate than achievable from long-term fixed rate bonds and to achieve the Authority's goal of lending to low and moderate-income first-time home buyers at below market fixed interest rates.

# Swap Terms

The terms, including the fair values and counterparty credit ratings of the outstanding swaps as of June 30, 2015, are contained in the table below. The initial notional amounts of the swaps match the principal amounts of the associated

debt. The Authority has purchased the right to terminate the outstanding swap balances at par value on dates that are generally 10 years after the date of issuance of the related bonds (dollars expressed in thousands).

Bond Series	Current Notional Amount	Effective Date	Fixed Rate	Variable Rate Received	Termination Date	Counterparty Credit Rating*	Fair Value
Merrill Lynch Capital Services			Nato	110001100			
2007 I	\$ 34,000	10/16/2007	4.14%	63.8% of LIBOR plus 0.30%	05/01/2038	Baa1	\$ (2,707)
JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.				•			
2008 F	34,000	09/04/2008	3.85%	63.7% of LIBOR plus 0.31%	05/01/2039	Aa3	(3,006)
Bank of America, N.A.							
2009 C	22,000	11/18/2009	3.14%	64.0% of LIBOR plus 0.22%	05/01/2039	A1	(1,433)
Merrill Lynch Derivative Produ	ucts, AG.			·			
2005 G	25,000	08/31/2005	3.77%	63.8% of LIBOR plus 0.29%	05/01/2035	Aa3	(420)
2006 C	45,000	06/14/2006	4.42%	64% of LIBOR plus 0.29%	05/01/2037	Aa3	(1,770)
2008 C	36,900	04/23/2008	3.24%	63.7% of LIBOR plus 0.30%	05/01/2039	Aa3	(2,122)
MPB 2008 A	6,885	08/02/2008	3.55%	63.8% of LIBOR plus 0.20%	05/01/2048	Aa3	(527)
<ul> <li>Moody's Investors Service</li> </ul>							

The fair values presented above were estimated by the Housing Development Authority's counterparty to the swaps. The valuation was determined by calculating the difference between the present values of each fixed cash flow to be paid and each floating cash flow to be received by the Authority based upon the current market yield curve. The present value factors for each cash flow are based on the implied zero coupon yield curve determined by current market rates. Additionally, the values of the call options are determined by calculating the present value of each predicted option outcome, whose interest rate prediction variance is determined by current market implied volatility. Together these calculations determine the current fair value of the Authority's swap contracts. The fair values in the table above represent the termination payments that would have been due had the swaps been terminated as of June 30, 2015. A positive fair value represents money due the Authority by the counterparty upon termination of the swap, while a negative fair value represents money payable by the Authority.

#### Swap Risks

#### Credit Risk

The terms of the swaps expose the Housing Development Authority to potential credit risk with the counterparty upon the occurrence of a termination event. The fair value of a swap represents the Authority's current credit exposure to the counterparty with which the swaps were executed. The Authority has credit risk exposure to its counterparties when the swap positions have a positive value. Several of the swap agreements require that, upon demand, a party post collateral to secure its obligation to make a termination payment to the extent the fair value exceeds a collateral threshold specified in the agreement. The collateral thresholds are based on the prevailing ratings, as determined by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, of each counterparty, in the case of the counterparties, or hedged bonds, in the case of the Authority. These bilateral requirements are established to mitigate potential credit risk exposure. As of June 30, 2015, neither the Authority nor any counterparty had been required to post collateral.

#### Basis Risk

The Authority incurs the potential risk that the variable interest payments on its bonds will not equal the variable interest receipts from its swaps. This basis risk exists because the Authority pays the actual variable rate on its bonds, but under the terms of its swaps receives a variable rate based upon the one-month, taxable LIBOR rate. Basis risk will vary over time due to inter-market conditions. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the weighted average interest rate on the Authority's variable rate debt associated with swaps was 1.30% per annum, while the weighted average interest rate on the swaps was 1.39% per annum. In order to reduce the cumulative effects of basis risk, the variable rate determination structure for interest receipts within the swap is based upon a regression analysis of the long-term relationship between variable tax exempt rates and the one-month taxable LIBOR rate.

#### Termination Risk

The Authority's swap contracts are based upon the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events. The swap contracts may be terminated by either party if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. Upon termination, a payment is due to one party irrespective of causality based upon the fair value of the swap. The potential termination risks to the Authority are the liability for a termination payment to the counterparty or the inability to replace the swap under favorable financial terms. To reduce the Authority's termination risk, the swap contracts limit the counterparty's ability to terminate due to the following Authority actions or events: payment default, other defaults that remain uncured for 30 days after notice, bankruptcy and insolvency.

#### Amortization Risk

The Authority may incur amortization risk because prepayments from the mortgage loan portfolio may cause the outstanding amount of variable rate bonds to decline faster than the amortization of the swap. To ameliorate amortization risk, call options were structured within the swaps to enable the Authority to manage the outstanding balances of variable rate bonds and notional swap amounts. Additionally, the Authority may terminate the swaps at market value at any time.

#### Tax Risk

The structure of the variable interest rate payments the Authority receives from its swap contracts are based upon the historical long-term relationship between taxable and tax-exempt short-term interest rates. Tax risk represents a risk that may arise due to a change in the tax code that may fundamentally alter this relationship. The Authority has chosen to assume this risk because it was not economically feasible to transfer to the swap counterparty.

#### Concentration Risk

The total outstanding notional amount of swaps with a single counterparty will not exceed \$150,000,000.

#### Swap Payments and Associated Debt

As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. Debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows using rates as of June 30, 2015 (expressed in thousands):

Year End	Variable-Rate Bond				Inte	rest Rate	
30-Jun	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Sw	ap – Net	 Total
2016	\$	100	\$	176	\$	7,022	\$ 7,298
2017		100		176		6,961	7,237
2018		105		176		6,943	7,224
2019		110		176		6,940	7,226
2020		120		176		6,936	7,232
2021-2025		665		874		34,620	36,159
2026-2030		27,520		843		33,517	61,880
2031-2035		110,930		585		23,367	134,882
2036-2040		74,615		152		5,298	80,065
2041-2045		1,535		19		386	1,940
2046-2049		1,085		5		105	 1,195
Total	\$	216,885	\$	3,358	\$	132,095	\$ 352,338

#### Rollover Risk

Rollover risk is the risk that a swap associated with a bond issue does not extend to the maturity of that debt. When the swap terminates, the associated debt will no longer have the benefit of the swap. The Authority did not have any rollover risk as of June 30, 2015.

#### Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS) Forwards Contracts

The South Dakota Housing Development Authority has entered into forward contracts to hedge the interest rate risk of delivering MBS securities guaranteed by Ginnie Mae and Fannie Mae in the future, before the securities are ready for delivery (referred to as "to-be-announced" or TBA Mortgage-Backed Securities). These securities represent pools of qualified mortgage loans originated by Authority approved lenders. The forward contracts offset the financial impact to the Authority of changes in interest rates between the time of loan reservations made to originating mortgage lenders and the securitization and sale of such loans as Ginnie Mae or Fannie Mae securities. The forward contracts are considered derivative instruments and the fair values were obtained from an external pricing specialist who used acceptable methods and assumptions in accordance with GASB requirements, subject to review and approval by the Authority. A positive fair value represents money due the Authority by the counterparty, while a negative fair value represents money payable by the Authority.

Outstanding forward sales contracts as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Forward Contracts to sell TBA Mortgage- Backed Securities	Notional Amount June 30, 2015	Trade Date	Delivery Date	Coupon Rate	Fair Values June 30, 2015	Moody's Credit Rating
Bank of America Merrill Ly						
GNMA II	\$ 1,000,000	5/1/2015	7/20/2015	3.50%	\$ 8,516	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	5/8/2015	7/20/2015	3.50%	11,016	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	5/13/2015	7/20/2015	3.50%	3,125	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	5/18/2015	7/20/2015	3.50%	6,094	Not rated
GNMA II	2,000,000	6/15/2015	7/20/2015	3.00%	(9,688)	Not rated
FNMA	1,000,000	6/9/2015	8/13/2015	3.50%	(4,531)	Aaa
GNMA II	1,000,000	5/22/2015	8/20/2015	3.50%	5,039	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/12/2015	8/20/2015	3.50%	(4,063)	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/8/2015	8/20/2015	3.50%	(3,281)	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/15/2015	8/20/2015	3.50%	(4,063)	Not rated
FNMA	1,000,000	6/15/2015	9/14/2015	4.00%	(1,563)	Aaa
FNMA	1,000,000	6/22/2015	9/14/2015	3.50%	1,719	Aaa
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/24/2015	9/21/2015	4.00%	(2,656)	Not rated
Bank of New York Mellon						
FNMA	1,000,000	5/11/2015	7/14/2015	3.50%	6,875	Aaa
GNMA II	2,164,500	6/15/2015	7/20/2015	3.50%	(7,440)	Not rated
FNMA	1,000,000	5/14/2015	8/13/2015	3.50%	5,781	Aaa
FNMA	1,000,000	5/15/2015	8/13/2015	3.00%	13,281	Aaa
FNMA	500,000	5/29/2015	8/13/2015	4.00%	3,359	Aaa
FNMA	500,000	6/8/2015	8/13/2015	4.00%	(1,094)	Aaa
GNMA II	1,000,000	5/20/2015	8/20/2015	3.00%	3,906	Not rated
GNMA II	500,000	6/1/2015	8/20/2015	3.00%	4,297	Not rated
GNMA II	500,000	6/1/2015	8/20/2015	3.50%	3,594	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/11/2015	8/20/2015	4.00%	(1,406)	Not rated
FNMA	500,000	6/15/2015	9/14/2015	3.50%	(781)	Aaa
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/23/2015	9/21/2015	3.50%	(2,969)	Not rated
Piper Jaffray						
GNMA II	3,893,000	6/15/2015	7/20/2015	3.00%	(20,073)	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/9/2015	8/20/2015	4.00%	(2,188)	Not rated
Simmons First	0.000.000				0.4.00-	
GNMA II	2,000,000	4/24/2015	7/20/2015	3.00%	34,688	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	5/22/2015	8/20/2015	3.00%	5,781	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/17/2015	9/21/2015	3.50%	(3,750)	Not rated
GNMA II	1,000,000	6/17/2015	9/21/2015	4.00%	(4,140)	Not rated
	\$ 34,557,500				\$ 43,385	

# 4. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

# A. Receivables - Net

The line "Receivables, net" reported on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position consisted of the following (expressed in thousands):

	Governmental Activities											
	General Fund	Trans- portation Fund	Social Services Federal Fund	Dakota Cement Trust Fund	Education Enhancement Trust Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total				
Taxes Receivable	\$127,423	\$ 17,255	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,254	\$	\$ 147,932				
Allowance	(13,020)	(28)						(13,048)				
Accounts Receivable	13,423	582	11,643			23,824	1,158	50,630				
Allowance	(1,241)	(417)				(5,879)		(7,537)				
Due From Other Governments	875	55,972	35,726			76,922	95	169,590				
Interest Receivable	1,214	236	2	772	1,515	1,627	203	5,569				
Current Loans and Notes						7,048		7,048				
Allowance						(2,239)		(2,239)				
Non-current Loans and Notes Allowance		369				45,135		45,504				
Due From Fiduciary Funds	28					161	69	258				
Receivables, net	\$128,702	\$ 73,969	\$ 47,371	\$ 772	\$ 1,515	\$ 149,853	\$1,525	\$ 403,707				

	Business-type Activities									
		ottery <sup>-</sup> und	Clean Water State Revolving Fund	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	Ent	n-major terprise Funds		Total		
Accounts Receivable	\$	4,866	\$	\$	\$	4,104	\$	8,970		
Allowance		(18)				(2,354)		(2,372)		
Due From Other Governments			397	409		254		1,060		
Interest Receivable		39	2,730	1,838		353		4,960		
Current Loans Receivable			20,743	10,927		9,705		41,375		
Allowance						(228)		(228)		
Noncurrent Loans Receivable			213,196	132,072		31,456		376,724		
Allowance						(1,169)		(1,169)		
Due From Fiduciary Funds						25		25		
Receivables, net	\$	4,887	\$237,066	\$ 145,246	\$	42,146	\$	429,345		

# B. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

The line "Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities" reported on the Government-wide Statement of Net Position consisted of the following (expressed in thousands):

		Governmental Activities														
	_	eneral Fund	ро	rans- rtation Fund	Se	ocial ervices ederal Fund	Cei	kota ment rust	Enha	cational ncement Trust	Gov	n-major ermental Funds	Se	ternal ervice unds		Total
Payroll and Withholdings	\$	12,957	\$	4,925	\$	2,266	\$		\$		\$	9,106	\$	2,438	\$	31,692
Accounts Payable		18,969		43,078		5,422		105		462		18,704		3,314		90,054
Medicaid and CHIP Claims		25,456				32,870						6,655				64,981
Due to Other Governments		979		4,104		131						29,740		208		35,162
Bank Tax Refund		9,573														9,573
Shared Revenue Distribution		11,975										31,737				43,712
Claims Payable														14,383		14,383
Due to Fiduciary Funds		43										56				99
Total	\$	79,952	\$	52,107	\$	40,689	\$	105	\$	462	\$	95,998	\$ 2	20,343	\$	289,656

	Business-type Activities											
	ottery <sup>-</sup> und	W S Rev	Clean Water State Revolving Fund		nking ater tate olving und	Non-major Enterprise Funds			Total			
Payroll and Withholdings	\$ 118	\$	21	\$	18	\$	611	\$	768			
Accounts Payable	1,915		629		194		5,383		8,121			
Due to Fiduciary Funds							11		11			
Escrow Payable	69								69			
Claims Payable							71		71			
Other Liabilities	 485						91		576			
Total	\$ 2,587	\$	650	\$	212	\$	6,167	\$	9,616			

# 5. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2015 is as follows (expressed in thousands):

# A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

	Due From																		
Due To	General Fund	Trans- portation Fund	Social Service Federa Fund	s	Education Enhancement Fund		on-major vernmental Funds	Lottery Fund	Clea Wate Stat Revolv	er e	Drinking Water State Revolving	Ent	n-major erprise unds	Interna Service Funds	•	Fidu Fui	ciary nds	To	otal
General Fund	\$	\$	\$ 4,21	8	\$ 17,037	\$	17,126	\$ 5,374	\$		\$	\$	2	\$		\$	28	\$ 43	3,785
Transportation Fund	2		1	1			903	15					3	38	5				1,319
Social Services Federal																			
Fund							5												5
Non-major Governmental																			
Funds	452	78	31	1			3,082	567		2	1		171	16	6		161	4	4,991
Non-major Enterprise Funds	1,030	4	1	4			73							4	7		25		1,193
Internal Service Funds	2,432	1,148	77	1			2,879	87					157	75	4		69	1	8,297
Fiduciary Funds	43						56						11		_				110
Total	\$ 3,959	\$ 1,230	\$ 5,32	5	\$ 17,037	\$	24,124	\$ 6,043	\$	2	\$ 1	\$	344	\$ 1,35	2	\$	283	\$ 59	9,700

Interfund receivables and payables are recorded for: 1) interfund goods or services provided or other reimbursable transactions occurring between funds; 2) year-end entries eliminating deficit cash balances in funds as described further in Note 3; and, 3) other payables existing between funds. Included in the interfund balances above is \$500,000 due from the General Fund to the Revolving Economic Development and Initiative Fund, reported as a non-major Enterprise Fund, and this amount is expected to be disbursed in fiscal year 2017 per SDCL 1-16G-48.

Advances between funds also exist at June 30, 2015 which are not shown in the above table. These are interfund borrowings between funds that are not due within one year. In fiscal year 2015, advances include \$639,576 from the Energy Conservation Fund, reported as a non-major governmental fund, to the General Fund for energy conservation projects.

#### B. Interfund Transfers

	Transferred To													
Transferred From	General Fund	Transportation Fund		Education Enhancement Trust Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds		Non-major Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds			Total	
General Fund	\$	\$	50	\$		\$	12,937	\$	329	\$	1,384	\$	14,700	
Transportation Fund	3,096						1,212						4,308	
Social Services Federal Fund							227						227	
Dakota Cement Trust Fund	10,804												10,804	
Education Enhancement Trust Fund	17,037												17,037	
Non-major Governmental Funds	76,235	6,1	167		5,521		20,767		3,016				111,706	
Lottery Fund	105,708	1	161				6,205						112,074	
Clean Water State Revolving Fund							41						41	
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund							34						34	
Non-major Enterprise Funds	2,422						2,332						4,754	
Internal Service Funds							345						345	
Total	\$ 215,302	\$ 6,3	378	\$	5,521	\$	44,100	\$	3,345	\$	1,384	\$	276,030	

Transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; 2) move receipts restricted for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due; and, 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In fiscal year 2015, \$192,950,231 of State appropriations was used to support state-run universities, which are reported under Higher Education, a component unit. The amounts are reported as expenditures in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as expenses in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities. They are reported as revenues in the component unit's column of the Statement of Activities.

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

# A. Primary Government

Capital Assets consisted of the following for fiscal year 2015 (expressed in thousands):

Governmental Activities	_	nning	Α.	44:4:	Da	Jatiana		Ending
Canital Assata Not Baing Danragiated	Ваі	ance	A(	dditions	DE	eletions		Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:  Land, as restated	\$	111.868	\$	4,872	\$	1,103	\$	115,637
•	Φ	8.060	Φ	4,872 844	φ	1,103	φ	8,904
Land Improvements Land & Improvements - Roads		607.417		6,203				613,620
•		,				166 600		•
Construction in Progress, as restated		293,124	-	138,262		166,602		264,784
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		,020,469		150,181	-	167,705		1,002,945
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements		29,922		1,372				31,294
Buildings, as restated		595,702		6,157		572		601,287
Equipment, as restated		207,254		15,673		6,819		216,108
Intangible Assets - Software, as restated		69,841		3,575		469		72,947
Vehicles, as restated		145,341		16,823		9,984		152,180
Infrastructure	3	,655,948		140,178		34,768		3,761,358
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4	,704,008		183,778		52,612		4,835,174
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		11,034		1,358				12,392
Buildings, as restated		196,320		16,081		464		211,937
Equipment, as restated		120,811		14,311		6,012		129,110
Intangible Assets - Software, as restated		46,545		4,049		238		50,356
Vehicles, as restated		80,732		9,642		8,860		81,514
Infrastructure, as restated	1.	,450,634		62,333		26,153		1,486,814
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	1,	,906,076		107,774		41,727		1,972,123
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2	,797,932		76,004		10,885		2,863,051
Total Governmental Activities, Net		,818,401	\$	226,185	\$	178,590	\$	3,865,996
		,,		,		,		-,,

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Business-type Activities	_	nning ance	Addi	tions	Dele	tions	nding Ilance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	295	\$		\$		\$ 295
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		295		0		0	 295
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements		924					924
Buildings		4,008					4,008
Equipment		3,677		44		98	3,623
Intangible Assets - Software		2,860				519	2,341
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		11,469		44		617	10,896
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Land Improvements		604		14			618
Buildings		3,167		71			3,238
Equipment		2,759		558		91	3,226
Intangible Assets - Software		1,584		233		519	1,298
Total Accumulated Depreciation		8,114		876		610	8,380
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		3,355		(832)		7	2,516
Total Business-type Activities, Net	\$	3,650	\$	(832)	\$	7	\$ 2,811

Depreciation was charged to the function of government as follows:

Governmental Activities	Amount
Unallocated	\$ 53
General Government	10,588
Health, Human and Social Services	3,340
Law, Justice, Public Protection and Regulation	11,590
Agriculture and Natural Resources	4,009
Transportation	75,205
Education	2,906
Economic Resources	83
Total Governmental Activities	\$107,774
Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds	\$ 876

# B. Component Units

Capital Assets for Component Units consisted of the following for fiscal year 2015 (expressed in thousands):

Histories and the second	Beginning	Alle	Balada	Balance
Higher Education:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	ф <u>00</u> 000	ф 4.004	Φ 0	Φ 05.005
Land, as restated	\$ 23,926	\$ 1,381	\$ 2	\$ 25,305
Construction in Progress, as restated	68,321	92,247	74,417	86,151
Works of Art and Historical Treasures	9,045	84	74.440	9,129
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	101,292	93,712	74,419	120,585
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	37,576	1,390		38,966
Infrastructure	57,103	8,393	187	65,309
Buildings, as restated	992,137	75,339	648	1,066,828
Equipment and Other Assets, as restated	246,007	13,498	5,236	254,269
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,332,823	98,620	6,071	1,425,372
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	15,757	1,559		17,316
Infrastructure	19,787	2,296		22,083
Buildings, as restated	314,833	28,985	496	343,322
Equipment and Other Assets, as restated	187,459	12,741	4,534	195,666
Total Accumulated Depreciation	537,836	45,581	5,030	578,387
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	794,987	53,039	1,041	846,985
Total Higher Education Capital Assets, Net	896,279	146,751	75,460	967,570
*** Higher Education amounts do not include their foundati	ons.			
South Dakota Housing Development Authority:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	220			220
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	220	0	0	220
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,210	50		1,260
Buildings	4,949	30		4,949
Equipment	4,051	77	386	3,742
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	10,210	127	386	9,951
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	000	4.4		0.40
Land Improvements	602	41		643
Buildings	711	126	222	837
Equipment and Other Assets	2,857	276	386	2,747
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,170	443	386	4,227
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	6,040	(316)	0	5,724
Total Housing Authority Capital Assets, Net	6,260	(316)	0_	5,944

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Science and Technology Authority:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	Balance	Additions	Detetions	Balarice
Land	1,534	45		1,579
Underground Mine	17,055	196		17,251
Archive Materials	70	100		70
Construction in Progress	9,680	15,213	556	24,337
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	28,339	15,454	556	43,237
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Building Improvements	33,813			33,813
Buildings	7,223			7,223
Equipment	8,991	1,421	66	10,346
Equipment Under Capital Leases	884	.,		884
Vehicles	79	17	10	86
Infrastructure	1,659			1,659
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	52,649	1,438	76	54,011
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Building Improvements	3,194	873		4,067
Buildings	1,318	144		1,462
Equipment	2,570	890	23	3,437
Equipment Under Capital Leases	248	114		362
Vehicles	54	11	9	56
Infrastructure	173	38		211
Total Accumulated Depreciation	7,557	2,070	32	9,595
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	45,092	(632)	44	44,416
Total Science and Technology Authority Capital Assets, Net		14,822	600	87,653
Fill words Donal and a state of the				
Ellsworth Development Authority				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	004	4 700	4 500	500
Land and Easements	381	1,709	1,522	568
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Pains Papersisted	23,466	1,657	25,123	0 <b>568</b>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	23,847	3,366	26,645	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Equipment	4			4
Buildings		16,872		16,872
Improvements		6,921		6,921
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4	23,793	0	23,797
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Equipment	4			4
Buildings		515		515
Improvements		254		254
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4	769	0	773
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	0	23,024	0	23,024
Total Ellsworth Development Authority Capital Assets, Net	23,847	26,390	26,645	23,592
Total Discretely Presented Component Units, Net	\$ 999,817	\$ 187,647	\$ 102,705	\$ 1,084,759

# C. Construction in Progress

The State has entered into contracts for the renovation and construction of buildings, structures and infrastructure (highway projects). Constructions in Progress at June 30, 2015 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

		Amount
Primary Government		
Governmental Activities		
Land Improvements	\$	224
Buildings and Structures		39,810
Equipment		2,992
Intangibles - Computer Software		55,205
Infrastructure		166,553
Total Governmental Activities		264,784
		,
Business - Type Activities		
Total Business - Type Activities		0
••		
Total Primary Government	\$	264,784
Discretely Presented Component Units		
Higher Education		
Land Improvements	\$	3,173
Buildings and Structures	•	75,947
Infrastructure		7,031
Science and Technology		.,
Buildings and Structures		5,857
Infrastructure		18,480
Total Discretely Presented Component Units	\$	110,488

# 7. RETIREMENT PLANS

#### A. South Dakota Retirement System

General Description of the System

The South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS or the System) is a cost sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State and its political subdivisions. Members of SDRS include full time employees of public schools, the State, the Board of Regents, city and county governments, and other public entities. Public schools, cities, and counties may choose not to include certain full time employees in the System.

SDRS is considered a part of the State financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. Authority for establishing, administering, and amending plan provisions is found in South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 3-12. Copies of the audited SDRS financial statements are available at <a href="http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/">http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/</a>.

The South Dakota Retirement System Board of Trustees (the Board) is the governing authority of SDRS. The Board consists of 14 elected representatives from participating groups, two appointees of the governor, and an ex officio nonvoting representative of the South Dakota Investment Council. The elected representatives of the Board are two teacher members; two State employee members; a participating municipality member; a participating county member; a participating classified employee member; a current contributing Class B member other than a justice, judge, or magistrate judge; a county commissioner of a participating county; a school district board member, a justice, judge, or

magistrate judge, an elected municipal official of a participating municipality; a retiree; and a faculty or administrative member employed by the Board of Regents. The two Governor's appointees consist of one head of a principal department established pursuant to SDCL 1-32-2, or one head of a bureau under the office of executive management and one individual from the private or public sector.

SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions. The system includes three classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement members. Members and their employers make matching contributions, which are defined in State statute. SDRS may expend up to 3% of the annual contributions for administrative expenses subject to approval by the executive and legislative branches of the State.

SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of contributory service. Class A members and Class B judicial members who retire after age 65 with three years of service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class C Cement Plant Retirement members have a normal retirement age of 65 and early retirement is age 55 with the required credited service. Class C provides for disability payments for those disabled on or before March 16, 2001. All participants of the Plan on March 15, 2001 were 100% vested.

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) and based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI
  - 90.0% to 99.9% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
  - \* 80.0% to 90.0% funded 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost of Living Adjustment.

SDRS is a qualified defined benefit retirement plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes. SDRS last received a favorable determination letter dated July 3, 2012, in which the Internal Revenue Service stated that the System, as then designated, was in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. SDRS believes that the system currently is designed and being operated in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, and therefore, SDRS continues to be tax exempt as of June 30, 2015. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been included in SDRS's financial statements.

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

SDRS's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental accounting for a pension trust fund. Employee and employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitment, as well as statutory requirements. Pension benefit payments are due the first day of the month following the retirement of a member, and the first of each month thereafter. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of investments in securities is determined based on last reported prices for those securities traded on national and international stock exchanges. In general, fixed income securities not traded on a national or international exchange are valued based on comparable securities of issuers with similar yield and risk. The value of foreign securities in foreign currency amounts is expressed in U.S. dollars at the closing daily rate of exchange. Purchases and sales are recorded as of the trade date.

Foreign exchange rate gains and losses are included with the net appreciation in fair value in investments. Futures contracts are marked to market based on quoted futures prices with changes in fair value reflected in the current period.

Interest is accrued in the period in which it is earned and dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The preparation of SDRS's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the plan administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and changes therein. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Contributions

Covered employees are required by statute to contribute a percentage of their salary to SDRS as follows:

Class A members 6%
Class B judicial members 9%
Class B public safety members 8%

All participating employers are required to contribute an amount equal to the members' contributions. Members may make an additional contribution of 1.5% of compensation for optional spouse coverage (closed to new enrollees after July 1, 2010).

SDRS is funded by fixed member and employer contributions at a rate established by South Dakota law. On an annual basis, an independent actuarial valuation of SDRS is performed to determine the adequacy of the fixed contributions to pay the normal costs and expenses if the System is fully funded or pay the normal costs, expenses and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) if the System is not fully funded. The June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation of the plan determined that the System is fully funded and that the statutorily required employer contributions meet the requirements for the annual required contributions of the employers under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, Financial reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans along with amendments included in Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans; and the statutorily required employer contributions are sufficient to pay the employer normal cost and expenses.

Contributions for the primary government during fiscal year 2015 were \$24,588,311 and during fiscal year 2014 were \$23,155,335. Contributions for the State's component units during fiscal year 2015 were \$17,493,492 and during fiscal year 2014 were \$16,997,432.

#### State's Proportionate Share of SDRS

For fiscal year 2015, the State and it's component units used a July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 measurement date for reporting purposes.

The State's proportionate share of SDRS's collective net pension asset is 22.0687777% or \$158,996,518 using a June 30, 2014 measurement date. This percentage was measured based on all employer contributions from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Pension revenues were \$6,715,954 and contributions subsequent to the measurement date were \$24,588,311.

The State's component units pension revenues were \$4,929,921 and contributions subsequent to the measurement date were \$17,493,492.

The components of the net pension asset of the System at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	 e of South Dakota ortionate Allocation 22.0687777%	Co	retely Presented imponent Units rtionate Allocation 16.1998334%
Total Pension Liability	\$ 2,181,961,102	\$	1,601,692,981
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (2,340,957,620)		(1,718,406,156)
Net Pension Asset	\$ (158,996,518)	\$	(116,713,175)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of Net Pension Liability	107.3%		107.3%

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3.25%

Salary Increase: 5.83% at entry to 3.87% after 30 years of service

Discount Rate: 7.25% through 2017 and 7.50% thereafter, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1 2005 to June 30, 2010. The mortality assumptions were revised based on an extension of the experience study including mortality experience through June 30, 2013.

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% through FY 2017 and 7.50% thereafter. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Investments – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	64%	4.7%
Fixed Income	26%	1.8%
Real Estate	8%	5.5%
Cash	2%	0.8%
Total	100%	

**Sensitivity of (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate** – The following presents the net pension (asset) liability of the State's proportionate share of SDRS's collective net pension asset of \$158,996,518 using a June 30, 2014 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% through FY 2017 and 7.50% thereafter, as well

as what the System's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25/6.50%) or 1% point higher (8.25/8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
State's proportionate share of SDRS's net pension (asset) liability	\$ 157,118,465	\$ (158,996,518)	\$ (416,821,282)	
Discretely presented component units proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability	115,334,676	(116,713,283)	(305,972,615)	

**Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** – The Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources related to pensions at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

# State of South Dakota Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

(Expressed in Thousands)

	<u>P</u>	rimary Go	overnment		Discretely Presented Component Units		
Source		eferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	13,453	\$	\$	9,875	\$	
Changes in Assumptions		103,788			76,187		
Net Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments			184,145			135,173	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		24,588			17,493		
Total	\$	141,829	\$ 184,145	\$	103,555	\$ 135,173	

The \$24.6 million and the \$17.5 million reported above as deferred outflows of resources by the primary government and the discretely presented component units are the result of employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. These contributions will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the upcoming year. The remaining amounts reported above as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows (dollars expressed in thousands):

### Recognition of Remaining Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) or Resources

Year Ending June 30	Primary vernment	Pr	scretely esented onent Units
2016	\$ (12,634)	\$	(9,274)
2017	(12,634)		(9,274)
2018	(12,634)		(9,274)
2019	 (29,001)		(21,289)
Total	\$ (66,903)	\$	(49,111)

# B. Department of Labor Employment Security Retirement Plan

Employees of the Department of Labor and Regulation hired prior to July 1, 1980 had the option to become a member of the SDRS, or maintain membership in the Employment Security Retirement Plan. Per SDCL 61-2-15, the Department of Labor and Regulation may establish this retirement program and contract with a retirement plan

administrator selected by the employee's retirement board. In addition this SDCL further specifies that no obligation may be incurred against the State's General Fund to pay for this program. The assets of the plan are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the assets are remitted to a third-party who administers the plan for the participants. The State has no liability for losses under the plan.

The Employment Security Retirement Plan was established as a defined benefit single employer plan administered through a private insurance carrier, however; the plan can be changed at any time. If the plan should terminate, the full amount in the employee account will be used to provide a retirement benefit to the employee. The plan assets over and above employee accounts will be used up on a priority basis to provide retirement income for plan members.

On July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan had 14 active participants, 2 vested terminated participants, and 222 retired participants and beneficiaries.

# 8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The State of South Dakota (through South Dakota Retirement System) maintains a deferred compensation plan for the benefit of its employees created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all employees of the State and its political subdivisions. The plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years, thereby deferring taxation on the portion deferred. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights held by the deferred compensation plan, at all times until made available to a participant or the participant's beneficiary, shall be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants. The State has no liability for losses under the plan.

The assets of the deferred compensation plan are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the assets are remitted to a third-party who administers and markets the plan for the participants. A copy of the South Dakota Retirement System financial statements is available to the public at <a href="https://www.sdrs.sd.gov">www.sdrs.sd.gov</a>.

# 9. SPECIAL PAY PLAN

The State of South Dakota (through South Dakota Retirement System) offers the Special Pay Plan (SPP) that was established in July 2004 as a qualified plan pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) under the administrative responsibility of the SDRS Board of Trustees. South Dakota state government and the South Dakota Board of Regents are participating units and every state political subdivision may become a participating unit in the plan. The SPP mandates that qualifying employees (over age 55 and \$600 or more in "special" pay) of participating units defer 100 percent of their special lump-sum termination pay to the plan. The participating unit transfers the deferred pay to the fund. This deferred pay is available to a participant immediately after termination, upon later retirement, or to beneficiaries or an estate upon the participant's death. A copy of the South Dakota Retirement System financial statements is available to the public at <a href="https://www.sdrs.sd.gov">www.sdrs.sd.gov</a>.

# 10. FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

Fund Balance Classifications - Governmental Funds

The following table provides additional detail regarding the fund balances reported on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet at June 30, 2015, (expressed in thousands):

	General	Trans- portation	Social Services Federal	Dakota Cement Trust	Education Enhancement Trust	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable							
Inventory	\$ 2,291	\$ 18,416	\$ 17	\$	\$	\$ 2,102	\$ 22,826
Prepaids	1,620	288	146	·	•	1,361	3,415
Permanent Fund Principal	,				347,252	131,511	478,763
Total Non-Spendable Fund Balances	3,911	18,704	163	0	347,252	134,974	505,004
Restricted							
Education				305,395	149,877	8,970	464,242
Health and Public Assistance						59,835	59,835
Law, Justice, and Public Protection						19,060	19,060
Economic Development	1,637					54,716	56,353
Transportation		132,575					132,575
Agriculture and Natural Resources						91,809	91,809
Energy Conservation or Development						11,547	11,547
Game and Fish						9,030	9,030
Parks and Recreation						7,086	7,086
Public Buildings						328	328
Public Broadcasting						549	549
Railroads						42,873	42,873
Debt Service						35,366	35,366
Capital Projects						13,609	13,609
Other	8,842					7,088	15,930
Total Restricted Fund Balances	10,479	132,575	0	305,395	149,877	361,866	960,192
Committed							
Education						200	200
Health and Public Assistance						4,816	4,816
Law , Justice, and Public Protection						13,393	13,393
Agriculture and Natural Resources						8,368	8,368
Environmental Cleanup						5,053	5,053
Energy Conservation or Development						3,918	3,918
Public Buildings						4,024	4,024
Railroads						329	329
Other						11,018	11,018
Total Committed Fund Balances	0	0		0		51,119	51,119
Total Committee Fund Balances						51,119	31,119
Assigned							
Education	58,597					845	59,442
Higher Education	6,625						6,625
Health and Public Assistance	9,699		1,216			13,687	24,602
Law, Justice, and Public Protection	3,590					6,622	10,212
Agriculture and Natural Resources	4,540					2,108	6,648
Tourism Promotion	2,887						2,887
Public Buildings	8,961					2,413	11,374
Economic Development	13,693						13,693
Other	11,588					742	12,330
Total Assigned Fund Balances	120,180	0	1,216	0	0	26,417	147,813
Unassigned Fund Balances *	183,570					(3,624)	179,946
Total Fund Balances	\$ 318,140	\$ 151,279	\$ 1,379	\$305,395	\$ 497,129	\$ 570,752	\$1,844,074

<sup>\*</sup> This amount includes \$126,737,000 of equity from the Budget Reserve established by the 1991 South Dakota Legislature as discussed further in the following paragraph.

#### Budget Reserve Account

The 1991 South Dakota Legislature established a budget reserve funded from any unobligated cash in the General Fund. The maximum balance of the budget reserve is 10% of the prior year's General Fund appropriation. Expenditures out of the budget reserve fund shall only be used by special appropriation (which requires a two-thirds vote of all the members of each house of the Legislature) and shall only redress such unforeseen expenditure obligations or such unforeseen revenue shortfalls as may constitute an emergency pursuant to South Dakota Constitution, Article III, Section 1. The balance in the budget reserve at June 30, 2015, was \$126,737,000 and is reported as unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

# General Fund

#### GASB 54

Since the implementation of GASB 54 in FY11 fourteen statutorily created funds no longer qualify as Special Revenue Funds and are required to be combined with the State's General Fund. As of June 30, 2015, the following equity balances are included within the State's General Fund in accordance with GASB 54 (expressed in thousands):

Fund Balance - June 30, 2015 as reported	\$ 318,140
Less: Statutorily Created Funds Combined with the General Fund	
Property Tax Reduction - assigned for Education	44,610
Tourism Promotion - assigned for Tourism Promotion	2,886
Investment Council Operating - assigned for Other	3,571
Private Activity Bond - assigned for Other	409
Teen Court - assigned for Other	11
Proof of Concept - assigned for Economic Development	202
Economic Development - assigned for Economic Development	1,072
Local Infrastructure Improvement - assigned for Economic Development	3,780
Workforce Education - assigned for Education	1,432
Tax Relief - unassigned	0
Building South Dakota - assigned for Economic Development, Education, and	
Health and Public Assistance	15,413
Extraordinary Litigation Expense - unassigned	(1,437)
Legislative Contingency Fund - unassigned	1,000
Unclaimed Property - unassigned	30
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015 excluding GASB 54 combinations	\$ 245,161

#### The Immigrant Investor Program (EB-5 Program)

In evaluating the contract between SDRC, Inc. and GOED, relating to the EB-5 program, it was determined the SDRC Indemnification Fund One Account should be reported in the State's General Fund. As of June 30, 2015, the following equity balance was included within the State's General Fund (expressed in thousands):

# The Immigrant Investor Program (EB-5 Program):

Fund Balance - June 30, 2015 excluding GASB 54 combinations	\$ 245,161
Less: SDRC Funds Combined with the General Fund	
SDRC Indemnification Fund One Account - restricted for Economic Development	1,637
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015 excluding all combinations	\$ 243,524

#### Net Position Restricted by Enabling Legislation

The Government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$1.54 billion of restricted net position for the primary government of which \$189.6 million was restricted by enabling legislation. Restrictions imposed by enabling legislation could be changed by future legislative action.

#### Funds Held as Permanent Investments

Funds held as permanent investments represent amounts that have been legally restricted for the purpose of providing a long-term source of investment income. Funds held in Special Revenue Funds for this purpose have their principal balance classified as nonspendable in the governmental fund financial statements since these amounts are not available for appropriation. In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, the principal balance is shown as nonexpendable and the investment earnings remaining in these funds at June 30, 2015, is shown as expendable.

Education Enhancement Trust Fund. This fund consists of monies received from the Tobacco Settlement Agreement, monies transferred from the Tobacco Securitization Fund, monies from the Youth-at-Risk Fund and General Fund appropriations for scholarship purposes. The Fund is authorized by State law to make an annual distribution equal to 4.0% of its market value (less the investment expenses) into the General Fund for educational enhancement programs. Article XII, section 6 of the Constitution of the State of South Dakota also states that, "the Education Enhancement Trust Fund may not be diverted for other purposes, nor may the principal be invaded unless appropriated by a three-fourths vote of all the members-elect of each house of the legislature."

Health Care Trust Fund. This fund is authorized by State law to make an annual distribution equal to 4.0% of its market value (less the investment expenses) into the General Fund for health care related programs. Article XII, section 5 of the Constitution of the State of South Dakota also states that, "the Health Care Trust Fund may not be diverted for other purposes, nor may the principal be invaded unless appropriated by a three-fourths vote of all of the members-elect of each house of the legislature."

*Permanent Fund.* This fund is administered by the Office of School and Public Lands and accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

These balances at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows (expressed in thousands):

Fund	 Expendable Nonexpendable		le Total Restricti		
Education Enhancement Trust	\$ 149,877	\$	347,252	\$	497,129
Health Care Trust	47,223		85,631		132,854
Permanent	 270		45,880		46,150
Total	\$ 197,370	\$	478,763	\$	676,133

# Individual Fund Deficits

The following individual funds had deficit fund equity at June 30, 2015 (expressed in thousands):

Fund Type/Fund	Deficit
Internal Service:	
State Worker's Compensation	\$ 21,291
Special Revenue:	
Law Enforcement Revolving	1,230
State Fire Suppression	1,359
Public Utilities Commission Federal	100

# 11. COMMITMENTS

**Construction and Other Commitments:** At June 30, 2015, the Department of Transportation had contractual construction commitments of \$246,282,381 for various highway projects and maintenance commitments (including stockpile) of \$7,057,150. Financing for these future expenditures will be primarily from approved federal grants and highway use taxes.

**The Department of Environment and Natural Resources** had construction and other contractual commitments of \$133,964,077 for various water development projects. Financing for these future expenditures will be from approved federal grants, legislative appropriations, and a bond issue. These commitments relate to the following funds/programs:

Clean Water State Revolving Fund	\$ 38,470,783
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	45,330,494
Water and Environment Fund Program	47,723,807
Federal Funds	2,438,993

The South Dakota Building Authority had contracts and other construction commitments of \$64,338,220.

**The South Dakota Housing Development Authority** had commitments to fund the Homeownership Program aggregating approximately \$50,826,423. Financing for these commitments will be from home-ownership mortgage bonds.

**The Governor's Office of Economic Development** had construction and other contractual commitments of \$81,412,083. Financing for these future expenditures will be from approved federal grants, bond issuances, from a previous 1% sales tax, an employer's investment in South Dakota's future fee, and general appropriations. These commitments relate to the following funds/programs:

Revolving Economic Development Initiative (REDI) Fund Grants/Loans	
REDI Fund Loans	\$ 14,477,037
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	10,721,530
Future Fund Program	30,464,134
Energy Program Loans	730,471
SD Works Committee Approved	7,223,701
Economic Development Partnership Program	1,117,110
Local Infrastructure Improvement Program	1,920,000
Reinvestment Payment Program	14,438,100
Energy Grants - Federal	320,000

The South Dakota Science and Technology Authority had the following contractual commitments: \$4,482,500 for the installation and maintenance of a deep level pump system at the Homestake Mine, \$3,634,063 for the construction of the Sanford Lab Visitor center, \$733,977 for exhibit designs and fabrication, \$999,334 for the Compact Acceleration System Performing Astrophysical Research project, and \$2,746,300 to design and outfit two additional underground facilities.

**The South Dakota Soybean Research and Promotion Council** had commitments of \$4,447,000 for projects related to soybean research, promotion, and other various activities aimed at enhancing consumer and producer awareness of soybeans and soybean related issues.

**The South Dakota Corn Utilization Council** had commitments of \$300,000 annually for 10 years beginning in FY16 to be provided to a foundation.

**The South Dakota Wheat Utilization, Research and Market Development Commission** had commitments of \$1,425,886 for projects relating to research, promotion, and other various activities aimed at enhancing producer awareness of wheat and wheat related issues.

The South Dakota Board of Regents had construction commitments of \$52,608,003.

# 12. SELF-INSURANCE

# A. Workers' Compensation Benefits and Unemployment Insurance

Various funds accumulate assets to cover risks that the State incurs in its normal operations. The State (rather than an insurance carrier) assumes the risk associated with claims of state employees for unemployment compensation benefits. "Premiums" charged to state funds to cover the costs of claims servicing and claims payments are based on a percentage of wages paid to state employees. Related transactions are accounted for in the State Unemployment Compensation Fund.

The State is self-insured for workers' compensation through the creation of reserves derived from a percentage of wages paid to state employees. This activity is accounted for in an internal service fund. Claims payable for workers' compensation is reported using an actuarial estimate based on historical experience that includes actual claims submitted as well as claims incurred, but not reported. Allocated claim adjustment expenses (those relating to a specific claim) are included in the determination of claims payable. Unallocated claim adjustment expenses are not included. Estimated recoveries on unsettled and/or settled claims reduce claims liability and are considered in the actuarial estimate. The claims liability is funded as claims are paid resulting in an actuarially determined unfunded liability of \$21,291,000 at June 30, 2015. The Workers' Compensation Fund liability at June 30, 2015, and the changes to the liability during fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 listed on the following page were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	FY2015			FY2014		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of fiscal year	\$	24,322	\$	23,407		
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses						
Provision for insured events of current fiscal year		4,814		4,521		
Changes in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years		206		(21)		
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	5,020		<u> </u>	4,500		
Payments						
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of current fiscal year		986		1,042		
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior fiscal years		2,405		2,543		
Total payments		3,391		3,585		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of fiscal year	\$	25,951	\$	24,322		

#### B. Health and Life Insurance

The State (rather than an insurance carrier) assumes substantially all risk associated with claims of covered public employees for health insurance and life insurance benefits (an insurance carrier, however, provides claims administration services for health insurance). The health and life insurance programs are accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund, reported as an internal service fund. "Premiums" are charged to state funds for all covered employees. Employees may purchase varying levels of health and/or life coverage for their spouses and/or dependents. Effective January 1, 2014, the life insurance program switched from being self-insured to a fully insured product. Claims payable for health insurance is reported using an actuarial estimate based on historical experience that includes actual claims submitted as well as claims incurred, but not reported. Allocated claim adjustment expenses are included in the determination of claims payable. Unallocated claim adjustment expenses are not included. Estimated recoveries on unsettled and/or settled claims reduce claims liability and are considered in the actuarial estimate. Claims expenses and liabilities for life insurance are reported using a case-by-case review of claims. Allocated claim adjustment expenses are uncommon and immaterial. Unallocated claim adjustment expenses are not included.

The health and life insurance programs liability at June 30, 2015 and the changes to the liability during fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Health Ir	nsurance	Life Insurance			
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses						
at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 14,055	\$ 15,952	\$	\$ 647		
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	108,813	102,577	8	1,271		
Payments:						
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable						
to insured events of current fiscal year	94,508	88,522	8	1,271		
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable						
to insured events of prior fiscal years	14,055	15,952		647		
Total payments	108,563	104,474	8	1,918		
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses						
at end of fiscal year	\$ 14,305	\$ 14,055	<u>\$</u>	\$ 0		

# C. Public Entity Pool for Liability

The State is insured through a Public Entity Pool for Liability Fund (PEPL), reported as an internal service fund. The PEPL Fund covers risks associated with automobile liability and general tort liability (including public officials' errors and omissions liability, medical malpractice liability, law enforcement liability, and products liability).

All funds and agencies of the State participate in the PEPL Fund. The PEPL Fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a "premium" to each fund and agency based on the number of automobiles titled to each agency (for automobile liability) or approved full-time employees (for general tort liability). The PEPL Fund initially limited claims to \$1,000,000 per occurrence, subject to limitations set forth in SDCL 3-22. The State claimed sovereign immunity for all other tort liabilities. A State Supreme Court opinion allows noneconomic damages against employees of the State while they are performing ministerial acts; therefore, beginning in FY1996, the PEPL Fund coverage document was amended to provide liability coverage for noneconomic damages that are the result of these acts and commercial reinsurance was purchased. In FY2015 the State purchased reinsurance for claims costs over \$500,000 with 100% of the remaining \$500,000. Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported, based on historical experience. Allocated claim adjustment expenses are included in the determination of claims payable. Unallocated claim adjustment expenses are not included. Estimated recoveries on unsettled and/or settled claims reduce claims liability and are considered in the actuarial estimate. At the end of fiscal year 2015, \$7,752,228 of the net assets balance in the PEPL Fund was designated for future catastrophic losses.

The PEPL Fund liability at June 30, 2015 and the changes to the liability during fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows (dollars expressed in thousands):

	_F`	Y2015	F`	Y2014
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of fiscal year	\$	5,407	\$	5,126
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses				
Provision for insured events of current fiscal year		910		923
Changes in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years		(1,532)		1,115
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		(622)		2,038
Payments				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of current fiscal year		236		251
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of				
prior fiscal year		701		1,506
Total payments		937		1,757
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of fiscal year	\$	3,848	\$	5,407

# D. Risk Management

The State is commercially insured for boiler insurance, aircraft, and crime bonds through outside insurance companies. Entities participating in these insurance coverages are only billed for premiums applicable to their coverage needs. Prior to April 13, 2015, the State was uninsured for property losses with the exception of all bonded buildings, all higher education facilities and buildings, and certain other revenue-producing buildings that are covered through outside insurance companies. On April 13, 2015, additional insurance was purchased resulting in the majority of all State buildings being covered.

# 13. OPERATING LEASES

The State of South Dakota has entered into numerous agreements to lease land, buildings, and equipment. Most operating leases contain a provision that the State may renew leases on a year-to-year basis. In most cases, management expects the leases will be renewed or replaced by other leases of a similar nature.

The following schedule is a summary of future minimum rental payments by years required under operating leases with lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2015 (expressed in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Primary vernment	Component Units			
2016	\$ 7,519	\$	3,318		
2017	7,152		2,279		
2018	6,634		1,819		
2019	6,137		1,468		
2020	5,488		1,396		
2021-2025	17,790		5,704		
2026-2030	5,711		206		
2031-2035	1,388				
2036-2040	100				
Total Minimum					
Payments	 57,919	\$ 16,190			

The total rental expenses for all operating leases for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$11,632,910 for the primary government and \$3,788,841 for component units.

# 14. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2015, and changes to long-term liabilities during the fiscal year then ended are as follows (expressed in thousands):

expressed in tribusarius).	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Deductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities *									
Revenue Bonds	\$ 168,757	\$	23,818	\$	(27,407)	\$	165,168	\$	16,125
Add Unamortized Premium	8,546		1,882		(832)		9,596		795
Net Revenue Bonds	177,303		25,700		(28,239)		174,764		16,920
Trust Certificates	880				(310)		570		290
Compensated Absences	56,072		39,735		(37,488)		58,319		30,925
Policy Claims Liability	5,407				(1,559)		3,848		1,361
Workers Compensation	24,349		5,020		(3,414)		25,955		3,344
Capital Leases, as restated	114,587		6,733		(4,968)		116,352		5,804
Pollution Remediation Obligation	14,829		250		(93)		14,986		250
Escheat Property	24,017		19,496		(15,031)		28,482		5,814
Total Governmental Activities, as restated	\$ 417,444	<u>\$</u>	96,934	\$	(91,102)	\$_	423,276		64,708
Business-type Activities									
Revenue Bonds	\$ 195,710	\$	59,815	\$	(12,055)	\$	243,470	\$	14,825
Add Unamortized Premium	11,738		9,602		(992)		20,348		1,140
Net Revenue Bonds**	207,448		69,417		(13,047)		263,818		15,965
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	289		886		(513)		662		
Compensated Absences	1,502		937		(835)		1,604		856
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 209,239	\$	71,240	\$	(14,395)	\$_	266,084		16,821
Component Units									
Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,691,368	\$	298,707	\$	(421,089)	\$ 1	1,568,986	\$	53,638
Less Unamortized Discount	(258)		22				(236)		11
Add Unamortized Premium	25,920		15,966		(5,105)		36,781		1,601
Net Revenue Bonds**	1,717,030		314,695		(426,194)	•	1,605,531		55,250
Compensated Absences	39,169		15,098		(13,701)		40,566		13,270
Capital Leases	3,515		1,791		(2,229)		3,077		1,477
Rural Development Loans Federal Portion of Perkins	2,166		248		(544)		1,870		110
Loan Program	38,192		414				38,606		
Advances from Primary Government	19,129		4,838		(278)		23,689		903
Total Component Units	\$ 1,819,201	\$	337,084	\$	(442,946)	\$ ^	1,713,339	\$	71,010

<sup>\*</sup>Governmental Activities Other Long-Term Obligations - The General Fund, special revenue and internal service funds in which the leases are recorded will liquidate the capital lease obligations. The compensated absence liability will be liquidated by the applicable governmental and internal service funds that account for the salaries and wages of the related employees. The workers' compensation and policy claims liabilities will be liquidated by applicable Internal Service funds which will ultimately be billed out to the applicable funds that account for the salaries and wages of the related employees. The pollution remediation obligations will be liquidated by the Petroleum Release Compensation Fund and the Department of Environment and Natural Resources – Other Fund. The escheat property obligation will be liquidated by the State's General Fund.

# Revenue Bonds and Trust Certificates

#### A. Governmental Activities

# 1. South Dakota Building Authority

The South Dakota Building Authority (SDBA) issues bonds and trust certificates to finance the cost to acquire, construct, remodel, maintain, and equip buildings and other facilities of state departments and institutions. Bonds and certificates of participation are payable from revenues generated through lease agreements between the SDBA and

state departments and institutions. Lease payments for bonds and certificates of participation are paid from the General Fund and other state dedicated fees of state departments, boards, and commissions, and an annuity.

The SDBA sold trust certificates to a trustee bank and assigned the right to receive lease rental payments over to the trustee bank. The principal and interest payments on the certificates are payable solely from amounts payable by the State under lease agreements. The certificates are not an indebtedness of the State within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limit, nor may the certificates be a claim against the property of the SDBA.

The indebtedness or obligations incurred or created by the SDBA may not be or become a lien, charge, or liability against the State of South Dakota. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

Following are SDBA bonds and trust certificates outstanding at June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

	Maturity	Interest		
Bond Series:	Through	Rates	A	mount
1996A	2016	5.900% - 5.950%	\$	2,696
2003	2015	4.125%		29
2006A	2026	4.250% - 5.000%		920
2008	2034	4.250% - 5.000%		1,630
2010B	2035	3.150% - 6.200%		4,780
2010C	2031	3.700% - 5.850%		3,335
2010D	2019	2.500% - 3.250%		448
2013D	2038	1.109% - 5.769%		4,320
2014A	2029	4.000% - 5.000%		1,800
2014D	2026	4.500% - 5.000%		6,179
2014E	2027	4.500%		3,906
2015A	2030	.700% - 4.013%		11,500
Add Unamortized Premium				2,025
Total Bonds				43,568
Trust Certificate Series:				
1991A	2016	6.750000%		570
Total Trust Certificates				570
Total			\$	44,138

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the SDBA were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended June 30	Pr	incipal	li	nterest		Total
2016	\$	3,880	\$	4.724	\$	8,604
2017	Ψ	3.648	Ψ	4.388	*	8,036
		-,		,		3.747
2018		2,212		1,534		- /
2019		2,257		1,459		3,716
2020		2,335		1,375		3,709
2021 - 2025		12,684		5,409		18,093
2026 - 2030		11,252		2,522		13,774
2031 - 2035		2,960		756		3,716
2036 - 2040		885		104		989
Total	\$	42,113	\$	22,271	\$	64,384

#### 2. Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation

During the 2001 Legislative session, the Legislature authorized the South Dakota Building Authority to provide for the establishment of a corporation for the purpose of selling a portion or all of the State's rights, title and interest in the proceeds of the tobacco companies master settlement agreement. On July 26, 2002, the Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation was created pursuant to South Dakota Codified Law 5-12-48 through 5-12-60. The State of South Dakota gave up its rights to any proceeds of the tobacco companies master settlement agreement while the bonds are outstanding, or over the term of the bonds, whichever is shorter.

Following are Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

Bond Series:	<b>Maturity</b> Through	Interest <b>Rates</b>	 Amount
2013A	2022	1.551% - 3.539%	\$ 76,990
2013B	2027	5.00%	46,635
Add Unamortize	7,571		
Total			\$ 131,196

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended						
June 30	Р	rincipal	lı	Interest		Total
2016	\$	12,535	\$	4,453	\$	16,988
2017		11,935		4,259		16,194
2018		11,500		4,031		15,531
2019		10,900		3,783		14,683
2020		10,600		3,398		13,998
2021-2025		49,260		11,184		60,444
2026-2027		16,895		1,197		18,092
Total	\$	123,625	\$	32,305	\$	155,930

#### B. Business-type Activities

South Dakota Conservancy District - State Revolving Funds

The South Dakota Conservancy District issued tax-exempt revenue bonds for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) and for the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF). The SRF's provide low interest loans or other types of financial assistance to political units for the construction of publicly-owned wastewater treatment facilities, implementation of nonpoint source management programs, development and implementation of plans under the Estuary Protection Program, and construction and maintenance of drinking water facilities. To date, the programs have been used to make loans and refinance existing debt with a maximum of twenty years for repayment. Loans for the DWSRF can be made for 30 years, if the funds are for a disadvantaged community.

The South Dakota Conservancy District bonds do not constitute a debt or liability of the State of South Dakota, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. This financial presentation does not change the legal liability of the indebtedness.

The following is a schedule of outstanding bonds as of June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

Bond	Maturity	Interest	
Series	Through	Rates	 Mount
Clean Water State	Revolving Fun	d	
1996A	2017	5.625%	\$ 100
2010AB	2030-2031	4.084%-5.646%	47,340
2012AB	2027-2033	.25%-5.00%	79,200
2014AB	2020-2035	.30%-5.00%	48,860
Add Unamortized	Premium		17,588
Total			193,088
Drinking Water St	ate Revolving F	und	
2010AB	2030-2031	2.00%-5.646%	30,000
2012AB	2023-2027	.25%-5.00%	27,015
2014AB	2020-2035	.30%-5.00%	10,955
Add Unamortized	Premium		2,759
Total			70,729
Total Revenue Bo	nds		\$ 263.817

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the CWSRF and the DWSRF were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	 nterest	Total
Clean Water State Re	volv	ing Fund	_	 
2016	\$	9,290	\$ 7,187	\$ 16,477
2017		9,875	6,932	16,807
2018		10,125	6,641	16,766
2019		10,255	6,310	16,565
2020		9,585	5,972	15,557
2021-2025		51,135	24,125	75,260
2026-2030		47,650	12,412	60,062
2031-2035		27,585	2,860	 30,445
Total		175,500	72,439	247,939
Drinking Water State	Revo	olving Fund		
2016		5,535	2,307	7,842
2017		5,925	2,174	8,099
2018		6,075	2,023	8,098
2019		6,255	1,854	8,109
2020		5,850	1,685	7,535
2021-2025		22,115	6,174	28,289
2026-2030		13,275	2,498	15,773
2031-2035		2,940	292	3,232
Total		67,970	19,007	86,977
Total	\$	243,470	\$ 91,446	\$ 334,916

### C. Component Units

#### 1. South Dakota Housing Development Authority

The South Dakota Housing Development Authority (SDHDA) provides mortgage financing for construction, rehabilitation, and purchase of residential housing and assists in coordinating with federal, state, regional, and local public and private efforts with statewide housing planning. The SDHDA issues negotiable notes and bonds in amounts

authorized by the Governor of South Dakota. Notes and bonds of the SDHDA do not constitute a debt or liability of the State of South Dakota, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. These notes and bonds are payable solely from the revenues or assets of the SDHDA.

Following is a schedule of bonds, consolidated by category, outstanding at June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

	Maturity Through	Interest Rates	Amount
Home-Ownership Mortgage			
Program	2015-2045	.06%-6.25%	
Serial Bonds			\$ 241,985
Term Bonds			546,281
Add Unamortized Premium			9,440
Total			797,706
Cinale Comity Mortgogo Dovenus Dando	2015-2041	1.50%-5.00%	
Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Serial Bonds	2013-2041	1.50%-5.00%	40,150
Term Bonds			181,415
Add Unamortized Premium			1,134
Total			222,699
Total			222,099
Multiple Purpose Bonds	2015-2048	.15%-3.65%	
Serial Bonds			8,010
Term Bonds			15,200
Total			23,210
Multifermily Heusing Devenue Bende			
Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds Term Bonds	2015-2044	.08%-6.15%	29,102
Term Bonds	2013-2044	.00 /0-0.13 /0	29,102
Multifamily Risk Sharing Bonds			
Term Bonds	2015-2043	5.35%-5.85%	12,365
		2 22/2 222/0	
Total Bonds			\$ 1,085,082

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the SDHDA were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Principal		I	Interest		Total	
\$	33,520	\$	34,424	\$	67,944	
	48,045		33,428		81,473	
	46,285		32,217		78,502	
	46,301		30,877		77,178	
	36,972		29,527		66,499	
	167,617		131,067		298,684	
	174,374		103,379		277,753	
	230,769		66,421		297,190	
	162,645		30,621		193,266	
	95,511		8,904		104,415	
	32,470		73		32,543	
\$ 1	,074,509	\$	500,938	\$	1,575,447	
	\$	\$ 33,520 48,045 46,285 46,301 36,972 167,617 174,374 230,769 162,645 95,511	\$ 33,520 \$ 48,045 46,285 46,301 36,972 167,617 174,374 230,769 162,645 95,511 32,470	\$ 33,520 \$ 34,424 48,045 33,428 46,285 32,217 46,301 30,877 36,972 29,527 167,617 131,067 174,374 103,379 230,769 66,421 162,645 30,621 95,511 8,904 32,470 73	\$ 33,520 \$ 34,424 \$ 48,045 33,428 46,285 32,217 46,301 30,877 36,972 29,527 167,617 131,067 174,374 103,379 230,769 66,421 162,645 30,621 95,511 8,904 32,470 73	

#### 2. South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority

The South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority (EDFA) was established for the purpose of making loans to businesses for the acquisition and/or construction of land, buildings, machinery and equipment to spawn economic growth. The EDFA is authorized by South Dakota Codified Law to provide sufficient funds for achieving any of its corporate purposes. The total outstanding amount of such notes and bonds shall not exceed \$300 million at any time. No obligation issued by the EDFA shall constitute debt or liability or obligation of the State of South Dakota, or any political subdivision or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or any political subdivision.

The EDFA issues pooled and stand-alone bond issues. A pooled bond issue is secured by the EDFA's Capital Reserve Account. A stand-alone issue is based solely on the credit of the borrower and the EDFA acts only as a conduit to the financing. Therefore, the debt is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

The pooled bond issues require amounts to be deposited into the Capital Reserve Account. The money on deposit in the Capital Reserve Account is irrevocably pledged to the payment of all outstanding bonds and interest only when and to the extent that other monies are not available. The amount on deposit in the Capital Reserve Account must be equal to 12.5% of the related bond principal outstanding. Amounts in excess of the reserve requirements may be transferred to any state fund to be used for other purposes. At June 30, 2015, the balance in the Capital Reserve Account was \$5,000,000 and the reserve requirement was \$1,911,250.

The following is a schedule of outstanding bonds as of June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

	Maturity	Interest		
<b>Bond Series</b>	Through	Rates	Α	mount
2008	2015-2028	4.85%-5.875%	\$	5,795
2013A	2021-2033	1.00%-5.80%		9,495
Total			\$	15,290

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the EDFA were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended					
June 30	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2016	\$	685	\$	807	\$ 1,492
2017		710		782	1,492
2018		730		757	1,487
2019		760		728	1,488
2020		795		694	1,489
2021-2025		4,605		2,839	7,444
2026-2030		4,750		1,405	6,155
2031-2033		2,255		267	 2,522
Total	\$	15,290	\$	8,279	\$ 23,569

#### 3. Higher Education

#### a. Higher Education Facilities

Revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing buildings. The bonds are payable only from and secured by a pledge of net revenues of the University Housing and Auxiliary Facilities System. Net revenue is defined as gross revenue, less reasonable and necessary costs of currently maintaining, repairing, insuring, and operating the University Housing and Auxiliary Facilities System. Total net revenue pledges for fiscal year 2015 equaled \$31,690,262.

Following are revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

Bond Series	Maturity Through	Interest Rates	Amount
School of Mines and Technology 2008	2028	4.550%	\$ 3,185
2009	2039	2.150%-6.250%	9,030
2014A	2039	3.000%-5.000%	6,665
2014B	2029	5.000%	6,115
Less Unamortized Discount			(19)
Add Unamortized Premium			1,093
University of South Dakota			
2005A	2030	4.000%-5.000%	9,725
2009	2039	2.150%-6.250%	39,515
2013	2028	2.000%-5.000%	10,780
Less Unamortized Discount			(166)
Add Unamortized Premium			1,019
South Dakota State University 2005A	2030	4.000%-5.000%	2 220
			2,220
2006 2009	2060 2039	3.920% 2.150%-6.250%	5,155 28,380
2009	2039	2.000%-5.000%	26,360 54,645
2011 2014A	2025	3.000%-5.000%	21,410
Less Unamortized Discount	2023	3.00070-3.00070	(59)
Add Unamortized Premium			4,851
Northern State University			
2008	2038	4.550%	845
2009	2039	2.150%-6.250%	1,185
2011	2031	2.000%-5.000%	5,340
2014B	2029	5.000%	3,510
Less Unamortized Discount			(3)
Add Unamortized Premium			781
Dakota State University			
2007	2029	3.760%	300
2008	2028	3.760%	3,490
2014B	2029	5.000%	1,540
Add Unamortized Premium			234
Black Hills State University			
2006	2026	3.920%	845
2007	2029	3.880%	6,325
2014A	2039	3.000%-5.000%	9,820
2014B	2029	5.000%	1,675
Add Unamortized Premium			706
Total			<u>\$240,137</u>

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended					
June 30	P	Principal		nterest	Total
2016	\$	9,795	\$	10,659	\$ 20,454
2017		10,210		10,285	20,495
2018		10,605		9,870	20,475
2019		11,020		9,414	20,434
2020		11,475		8,924	20,399
2021-2025		64,780		35,841	100,621
2026-2030		54,490		21,240	75,730
2031-2035		44,725		8,937	53,662
2036-2040		14,600		1,275	 15,875
Total	\$	231,700	\$	116,445	\$ 348,145

#### b. South Dakota Building Authority (Higher Education Portion)

The South Dakota Building Authority issues bonds and trust certificates to finance the cost to acquire, construct, remodel, maintain, and equip buildings and other facilities for Higher Education institutions. Lease payments are made from tuition and fees paid by students. The obligations incurred or created by the South Dakota Building Authority may not be a lien, charge, or liability against the State of South Dakota.

Following is a schedule of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 (dollars expressed in thousands):

Bond	Maturity	Interest	
Series	Through	Rates	Amount
Revenue Bonds			
2003	2015	4.125%	\$ 336
2006A	2016	4.250%-5.000%	185
2008	2033	4.250%-5.000%	33,540
2009	2034	5.250%-6.760%	11,265
2010A	2027	3.150%-5.650%	8,435
2010B	2035	5.800%-6.200%	8,970
2010D	2019	2.500%-3.250%	147
2011	2026	3.000%-5.000%	10,160
2011A	2026	3.000%-5.000%	6,500
2012A	2028	1.500%-5.000%	8,305
2013B	2038	4.000%-5.000%	67,340
2013C	2018	1.109%-2.197%	6,685
2014A	2039	4.000%-5.000%	33,910
2014B	2029	5.00%	5,250
2014C	2020	1.000%-2.400%	6,820
2014D	2026	4.500%-5.000%	1,236
2014E	2032	4.500%-5.000%	30,004
2014F	2032	4.500%-5.000%	8,400
Add Unamortized F	Premium		17,524
Total Revenue Bon	ds		\$ 265,013

As of June 30, 2015, debt service requirements for principal and interest for the South Dakota Building Authority (Higher Education portion) were as follows (expressed in thousands):

Year Ended						
June 30	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Total
2016	\$	9,638	\$	11,557	\$	21,195
2017		10,380		11,290		21,670
2018		10,668		10,967		21,635
2019		10,908		10,603		21,511
2020		11,350		10,131		21,481
2021-2025		61,131		42,576		103,707
2026-2030		63,688		27,262		90,950
2031-2035		49,975		11,821		61,796
2036-2040		19,750		2,243		21,993
Total	\$	247,489	\$	138,449	\$	385,938

#### Capital Leases

The State has entered into various agreements to lease buildings, vehicles, and equipment. GASB standards require a lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee be accounted for as the acquisition of a fixed asset and the incurrence of an obligation by the lessee (a capital lease).

Capital lease obligations are recorded as liabilities in the Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

The following schedule is a summary of the future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 (expressed in thousands):

Fiscal Year	Gov	ernmental	Component			
Ending June 30	Α	ctivities		Units		
2016	\$	11,038	\$	1,628		
2017		10,962		758		
2018		10,587		580		
2019		9,517		357		
2020		8,387				
2021-2025		35,252				
2026-2030		33,889				
2031-2035		32,713				
2036-2040		30,548				
2041-2045		17,442				
2046-2049		7,992				
Total Minimum Lease Payments		208,327		3,323		
Less: Amount Representing Interest		91,975		246		
Present Value of Net Minimum						
Lease Payments	\$	116,352	\$	3,077		

The historical cost and depreciation of assets acquired under capital leases and included in capital assets on the Government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2015 are as follows (expressed in thousands):

	Governmental Activities			
Buildings	\$	112,276		
Equipment		3,803		
Vehicles		17,933		
Total		134,012		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		23,020		
Total, Net	\$	110,992		

#### Conduit Debt Obligations

Conduit debt obligations are certain limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments issued by state government for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity. The State has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf they are issued and the debt is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1. South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority

The South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority provides low interest financing to agricultural enterprises in the State of South Dakota. The loans can be used to acquire agricultural property. The Authority is authorized to issue federal tax-exempt bonds. The bond proceeds are lent to qualifying applicants. The applicant assumes the bond payment obligation to the bond purchaser in the form of a loan with the third party bond purchaser.

As of June 30, 2015, there were 127 Beginning Farmer Bond Program series Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable on June 30, 2015 could not be determined; however, the original issue amount totaled \$22,747,254.

As of June 30, 2015, there were 6 Agribusiness Bonding Program series Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable on June 30, 2015 could not be determined; however, the original issue amount totaled \$8,917,500.

As of June 30, 2015, there were 19 Livestock Nutrient Management Bond Program series Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable on June 30, 2015 could not be determined; however, the original issue amount totaled \$14,303,490.

As part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, the South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority issued 3 recovery zone bonds in state fiscal year 2011. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 could not be determined; however, the original issue amount totaled \$24,750,000.

#### 2. South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority

The Authority issues tax-exempt debt for the purpose of financing a company's acquisition and construction of land, buildings, machinery, and equipment to spawn economic growth. The bonds are special obligations of the Authority to which the payments paid by the company pursuant to a loan agreement have been and are hereby irrevocably pledged.

As of June 30, 2015, the aggregate amount of stand-alone bond principal outstanding was \$11,277,926. The original issue amount of stand-alone bonds totaled \$25,740,000.

#### 1. South Dakota Housing Development Authority

In fiscal year 2015, The South Dakota Housing Development Authority issued \$167,270,000 of fixed rate Homeownership Mortgage Bonds. Of that amount, \$20,000,000 was used to finance the Homeownership Mortgage Loan Program, and \$147,270,000 was used to refund existing bonds.

#### 2. South Dakota Board of Regents

In September 2014, the South Dakota Board of Regents (SDBOR) issued \$13,760,000 in Revenue Bonds Series 2014B to refund the remaining Series 2003 and Series 2004A bonds. The refunding portion with an average interest rate of 4.91 percent was used to refund \$6,215,000 of outstanding South Dakota School of Mines and Technology (SDSMT) Series 2003 Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.24 percent, \$2,305,000 of outstanding Black Hills State University (BHSU) Series 2004A Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.95 percent, \$4,620,000 of outstanding Northern State University (NSU) Series 2004A Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.91 percent, and \$2,120,000 of outstanding Dakota State University (DSU) Series 2004A Bonds with an average interest rate of 4.97 percent. The purpose of the refunding was to reduce the SDBOR borrowing cost on debt that was optionally redeemable at par, which decreased total debt service payments by \$2,746,580. This resulted in a present value savings on the SDSMT bonds of \$1,023,178, the BHSU bonds of \$311,482, the NSU bonds of \$637,887, and on the DSU bonds of \$279,961. The net refunding portion of \$14,639,609 (after payment of \$208,285 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) in addition to \$288,128 from BHSU, \$446,873 from NSU, and \$257,178 from DSU accounts were deposited in trust with an escrow agent to provide for the current refunding of the Series 2003 and Series 2004A bonds.

#### 3. South Dakota Building Authority

On August 28, 2014, the South Dakota Building Authority issued \$12,430,000 in Revenue Bonds Series 2014B and Series 2014C to refund the Series 2005C bonds. The refunding portion with an average interest rate of 4.05 percent was used to refund \$11,835,000 of outstanding Series 2005C bonds with an average interest rate of 4.50 percent. The net proceeds of the refunding portion of \$12,647,649 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded Series 2005C bonds (after payment of \$124,274 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs and transfer of \$718,061 in savings to the State General Fund). As a result, the refunded Series 2005C bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The advanced refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$645,907. This difference is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2030 using the effective-interest method. The Authority completed the advanced refunding for a net economic gain of \$31,008. The difference between the cash flows of the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds is a \$40,924 reduction in debt service payments, the actual cash amount realized was \$718,061.

On December 3, 2014, the Authority issued \$7,505,000 in Revenue Bonds Series 2014D to refund a portion of the Series 2006A bonds. The refunding portion with an average interest rate of 4.90 percent was used to refund \$7,410,000 of outstanding Series 2006A bonds with an average interest rate of 4.95 percent. The net proceeds of the refunding portion of \$8,070,764 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded Series 2006A bonds (after payment of \$71,373 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs and transfer of \$625,432 in savings to the State General Fund). As a result, the refunded Series 2006A bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The advanced refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$465,935. This difference is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2027 using the effective-interest method. The Authority completed the advanced refunding for a net economic gain of \$20,989. The difference between the cash flows of the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds is a \$23,612 reduction in debt service payments, the actual cash amount realized was \$625,432.

On December 3, 2014 the Authority issued \$44,240,000 in Revenue Bonds Series 2014E and Series 2014F to refund the Series 2007 bonds. The refunding portion with an average interest rate of 4.74 percent was used to refund \$44,675,000 of outstanding Series 2007 bonds with an average interest rate of 4.74 percent. The net proceeds of the refunding portion of \$48,621,144 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all the future debt service payments on the refunded Series 2007 bonds (after payment of \$412,624 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs and transfer of \$565,260 in savings to the State General Fund). As a result, the refunded Series 2007 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The advanced refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$3,849,539. This difference is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2032 using the effective-interest method. The Authority completed the advanced refunding for a net economic gain of \$33,075. The difference between the cash flows of the refunded bonds and the refunding bonds is a \$44,204 reduction in debt service payments, the actual cash amount realized was \$565,260.

#### Pollution Remediation Obligations

The State has pollutions remediation obligation liabilities as of June 30, 2015 of \$14,985,626.

#### 1. Gilt Edge Superfund Site

The State of South Dakota, acting through the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, has contracted with the United States Environmental Protection Agency for participation in the reclamation and remediation of the former Brohm Mine, the Gilt Edge Superfund Site in Lawrence County. The EPA's current estimate of total cleanup cost is \$176 million. The State is required by law to pay 10% of the total costs of reclamation and remediation of the site or \$17.6 million. The State has already spent approximately \$6.1 million with a remaining outstanding liability as of June 30, 2015 of \$11,450,026. The State's contribution to the costs of reclamation and remediation will come from the Regulated Response Fund, which has a cash balance of \$2.6 million, but will grow with future penalties collected for environmental violations deposited into the fund and interest earned on the cash deposit. After reclamation is completed, and after a holding period by the United States, the State will take control of the site and use the reclamation bond to pay 100% of the ongoing water treatment costs. The State had a cash balance of approximately \$8.0 million from the cash reclamation bond deposited by Brohm and \$8.6 million in a cash settlement as of June 30, 2015. However, actual costs incurred when the State takes control of the site cannot be anticipated at this time because the final cleanup action has not been determined yet.

#### 2. Petroleum Release Compensation Fund

The Petroleum Release Compensation Fund (PRCF) provides reimbursement for remediation of sites where a petroleum release has occurred. This fund and the requirement that the State provide reimbursement were established under SDCL 34A-13. As of June 30, 2015, PRCF was currently involved with 37 active cases, 31 active/monitoring cases, and 7 pending cases (spill report not yet filed), for a total of 75 cases. The estimated cost remaining for sites that have received at least one payment is \$335,600, the estimated cost for sites that haven't received any payments is \$2,600,000 and the estimated cost for the Abandoned Tank Removal Program is \$600,000. The total liability as of June 30, 2015 for this program is \$3,535,600. The cash balance in the PRCF on June 30, 2015 is \$4,749,291.

# 15. FUNCTIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION OPERATING EXPENSES

The operating expenses on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are presented in natural classifications. The following table presents those same expenses in functional classifications for Higher Education (excluding Foundations) as of June 30, 2015 as recommended by NACUBO (expressed in thousands):

						Sup	plies & Non-			Int	erest &			
	Persona	I				С	apitalized	G	irants &	(	Other			
Function	Service	3	Travel	Co	ontractual	E	quipment	Sı	ubsidies	Ex	penses	Dep	reciation	Total
Instruction	\$ 171,48	3	\$ 3,839	\$	15,885	\$	9,276	\$	958	\$		\$	4,152	\$ 205,593
Research	39,91	8	2,910		7,463		8,786		8,571		1		4,801	72,450
Public Service	25,51	2	1,199		5,302		4,273		1,652				197	38,135
Academic Support	39,17	9	976		6,775		7,211		21		116		1,801	56,079
Student Services	33,21	8	6,616		7,420		5,470		186				962	53,872
Institutional Support	42,49	1	1,027		20,696		2,915		1,649		661		943	70,382
O&M of Plant	20,91	0	240		13,923		6,412		2				30,646	72,133
Scholarships and														
Fellowships	1,13	1	30		19		249		23,172		177			24,778
Auxilliary Enterprises	11,04	2	108		33,626		11,377		293				1,507	57,953
Other											304		622	926
Total	\$ 384,88	4	\$ 16,945	\$	111,109	\$	55,969	\$	36,504	\$	1,259	\$	45,631	\$ 652,301

#### 16. VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL INSTITUTES

The State primary government has an ongoing financial responsibility for the funding of four technical institutes in the State. The technical institutes are considered part of the local school districts in the district where they are located. By law, the State may adopt rules governing the operation of the technical institutes including curriculum, tuition payments and other charges, and plans for construction or renovation of facilities. During fiscal year 2015, the State provided \$20,075,000 in General Fund state aid payments to the technical institutes.

Construction and renovation of facilities is funded with proceeds from debt issued by the Health and Education Facilities Authority. The Health and Educational Facilities Authority was created as a public instrumentality of the State to provide tax-exempt revenue bonds, notes, or other obligations on behalf of nonprofit health and educational institutions within the State. Although the State primary government appoints a voting majority of the board, the State's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments and is considered a related organization of the State.

The State enters into lease purchase agreements with the Health and Educational Facilities Authority and sub-leases the facilities to the school districts. The State makes lease payments to the Health and Educational Facilities Authority from a combination of General Fund appropriations, interest earnings from a special revenue fund and from student facility fees collected by the technical institutes and remitted to the State. Upon completion of payments under the lease agreements, titles to the facilities pass to the State. The sub-lease agreements with the school districts are then extended annually as long as the school districts pay the State \$100 per year and continue to use the facilities for postsecondary vocational education. Facilities constructed or renovated and the lease purchase agreements between the State and the Health and Educational Facilities Authority are reported under the governmental activities column in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

### 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The South Dakota Development Corporation (SDDC) is a South Dakota non-profit corporation and a Certified Development Company created for the purpose of administering the U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) 503/504 loan programs and the Microloan Program. The Microloan Program is formed as a partnership between the SDDC and the GOED. GOED has agreed to provide certain staff services and related support of the SBA 504 loans and Microloan Program loans made by SDDC. GOED provides these services out of GOED funds. The purpose of the SBA's 504 loan program and the Microloan program is to help facilitate economic development and the creation of jobs in South Dakota. These loans are used to assist companies either operating in the State or moving to the State. Businesses use the loan funds to expand their operations, improve their facilities, or set up operations in South Dakota. The 504 loans awarded during FY2015 were \$9,875,900. Funding for these loans came from the SBA. In addition, the SDDC has approved loans totaling \$838,173 for the Microloan Program as of June 30, 2015.

The following transactions occurred between discretely presented component units and between the State and discretely presented component units.

The South Dakota Housing Development Authority (SDHDA) was created in 1973 by an Act of the South Dakota Legislature as a body politic and corporate, and an independent public instrumentality for the purpose of encouraging the investment of private capital for the construction and rehabilitation of residential housing to meet the needs of persons and families in the state. SDHDA has a note receivable of \$1,620,404 from the South Dakota Ellsworth Development Finance Authority (SDEDFA), another component unit of the State of South Dakota. The note receivable is based on funding through the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) which is a non-interest bearing note that will be forgiven in 2033 if restrictive covenants related to providing low income housing are maintained for the 20 year duration.

**The South Dakota Science and Technology Authority** (SDSTA) was created and organized by Chapter 1-16H of the South Dakota Codified Laws. The purposes of SDSTA are to foster and facilitate scientific and technology, investigation, experimentation, and development by creating a mechanism through which laboratory, experimental and development facilities may be acquired and operated. SDSTA has various agreements with the other State component units and agencies that include:

The SDSTA received a \$2.0 million Future Fund grant from the State to remodel the Jonas Hall located on the campus of Black Hills State University.

A contract with the South Dakota School of Mines and Technology to be the lead institution for the accelerator project known as Compact Acceleration System Performing Astrophysical Research (CASPAR) for \$999,334 and extends into fiscal year 2016.

An agreement with the Governor's Office of Economic Development (GOED) whereby the State is granting up to \$6,000,000 between July 14, 2015 and September 30, 2018. The State has chosen to engage in a public-private partnership with SDSTA, the South Dakota Community Foundation and other private foundations to assist with the costs of infrastructure and laboratory upgrades, procurement of xenon for experiments, and interest payments.

The South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority (SDEDA) was created by Chapter 1-16J of the South Dakota Codified Laws for the purpose of protecting and promoting the economic impact of Ellsworth Air Force Base and associated industry, and to promote the health and safety of those living or working near the base. At June 30, 2015, the SDEDA has loans payable to the State Department of Environment and Natural Resources for \$1,413,421 and to the Clean Water State Revolving Fund for \$22,275,837. Proceeds from the loans provided financing for the construction of the waste water treatment plant. SDEDA has pledged future user charges as security under various loan agreements.

## 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### Board of Regents

On July 8, 2015, the South Dakota Building Authority issued the \$10,880,000 Series 2015B Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds to finance the Information System Building at Dakota State University and to finance the renovation of the Chemical and Biological Engineering and Chemistry Building at South Dakota School of Mines and Technology.

In December of 2015, the South Dakota Board of Regents, issued \$22,525,000 of Housing and Auxiliary Facilities System Revenue Bonds, Series 2015. The bonds were issued to (i) pay the costs of improvements to, or remodeling or renovation of, student housing at the University of South Dakota, (ii) pay the costs of additions and renovations of the student union and student housing at Dakota State University, (iii) provide funds for the current refunding of the South Dakota Board of Regents Housing and Auxiliary Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A; and (iv) pay certain expenses incident to the issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds.

#### South Dakota Housing Development Authority

On December 17, 2015, the South Dakota Housing Development Authority issued 2015 DE Homeownership Mortgage bonds in the amount of \$75,000,000 to fund first time home buyer loans. These bonds are comprised of: 2015 Series D bonds in the amount of \$50,000,000, and 2015 Series E bonds in the amount of \$25,000,000.

#### Bureau of Administration

The State of South Dakota created two captive insurance companies that are nonprofit LLC's. The first is a liability captive insurance company to provide liability coverage to 6 of the State's component units (South Dakota Building Authority, South Dakota Health and Educational Facilities Authority, South Dakota Science and Technology Authority, South Dakota Housing Development Authority, South Dakota Education Enhancement Funding Corporation, and South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority). The other is a property and casualty insurance company to provide property insurance to the State of South Dakota on the majority of all state buildings. Both of these captive insurance companies have contracted with the Division of Risk Management within the Bureau of Administration for management and administrative services. The liability captive company began providing coverage on 9/1/2015. The property and casualty insurance company began providing coverage on 10/1/2015.

#### South Dakota Science and Technology Authority

A loan agreement was signed between South Dakota Science and Technology Authority and South Dakota Community Foundation on Oct. 9, 2015, for \$2,000,000. The funds from this loan are to be used to purchase xenon for use in underground laboratory experiments. The note is due 10/1/2026, with simple interest to be paid quarterly at 2.5% per annum for 11 years.

#### 19. CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATION

The State of South Dakota is party to numerous legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operation. The outcomes of these lawsuits could have an impact on the State's financial statements. Based on prior experience, it is unlikely that the outcome of these claims will materially affect the financial position of the State. The contingencies at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

#### In Re: 2004 NPM Adjustment Proceedings

In 1998, the largest tobacco manufacturers and the states entered into the Master Settlement Agreement (MSA). Under the terms of the MSA, South Dakota receives approximately \$23 million per year in exchange for diligently enforcing its tobacco enforcement statutes, including against tobacco companies that are not part of the MSA. In 2002 and again in 2013 South Dakota securitized its annual payments from the MSA. The tobacco companies are alleging that all of the states failed to diligently enforce their tobacco statutes in 2004. The MSA requires a neutral arbitration panel to determine if a state diligently enforced its statutes. The process to arbitrate that issue has been started. If it is

found that South Dakota did not diligently enforce the statues in 2004, the State would need to repay the \$23 million it received for 2004. The State intends to assert that all statutes were diligently enforced. If the decision is unfavorable, it could have a material impact on the State's Tobacco Securitization Debt Service Fund.

#### Long, et al v. State of South Dakota

The owners of five properties upstream from the South Dakota Department of Transportation's Highway 11 project in Lincoln County sued the Department in 2010, alleging the Department's handling of drainage in connection with the project resulted in a compensable damaging of their properties under the State constitution. The circuit court in Minnehaha County, the Honorable Judge Reipel presiding, concluded on June 24, 2014, that there had been a compensable damaging of the properties and a jury subsequently awarded the landowners a total of \$1,297,505.90, plus post-judgment interest. The Department appealed to the South Dakota Supreme Court. The plaintiff landowners have appealed the trial court's refusal to award attorney and expert fees as a separate item of compensation. Oral argument on all appeal issues occurred on January 12, 2016. If the decision is unfavorable, compensation would be paid out of the State Highway Fund.

#### Gard v. Dooley, et al

On February 13, 2014, Gard, the Plaintiff, an inmate at the Mike Durfee State Prison in Springfield, filed a 1983 Complaint in which he alleged deliberate indifference to his significant medical needs. Gard is asking for \$100,000 in compensatory damages and \$250,000 in punitive damages against each of the eight defendants named in the lawsuit. Defendants filed a motion for summary judgement on April 7, 2015. The District Court has granted Gard multiple extensions and he currently has until January 21, 2016 to respond. The defendants intend to vigorously defend against the plaintiffs' action. However, due to the current stage of the litigation, as well as the nature of procedural and substantive defenses, counsel is not in a position to give any opinion at this time as to the risk of a favorable or unfavorable outcome regarding this matter.

## Dubois v. Dooley, et al

On August 11, 2015, Dubois, the Plaintiff, an inmate at the Mike Durfee State Prison in Springfield, filed a 1983 Complaint in which he alleged Health Services at said facility were deliberately indifferent to his serious medical needs resulting in permanent hearing loss. Dubois is seeking \$3,000,000 in compensatory damages. The defendants filed an Answer on November 12, 2015. The defendants have until March 1, 2016 in which to file their Motion for Summary Judgment to the District Court. The defendants intend to vigorously defend against the plaintiffs' action. However, due to the current stage of the litigation, as well as the nature of procedural and substantive defenses, counsel is not in a position to give any opinion at this time as to the risk of a favorable or unfavorable outcome regarding this matter.

Oglala Sioux Tribe and Rosebud Sioux Tribe et al v. State of South Dakota Department of Social Services

This case was filed on March 21, 2013. Plaintiffs are challenging the procedures of the State of South Dakota Department of Social Services in emergency removal hearings, claiming violations of constitutional rights and of the Indian Child Welfare Act. The State has filed a Motion to Dismiss which was denied by the court in January 2014. On March 30, 2015, the Court ruled in favor of the Plaintiffs on a partial summary judgment motion. All Defendants have filed Motions to Reconsider as of May 20, 2015. There are many motions pending for this case. If this matter has an unfavorable outcome, there will be considerable costs for discovery expenses, travel, and attorney fees totaling over \$1,000,000. This case is being run through the State Office of Risk Management Extraordinary Litigation Fund which is reported as part of the State's General Fund.

#### South Dakota v. BP, et al.

South Dakota Petroleum Release Compensation Fund, administered by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources of the State of South Dakota, brought claims against BP defendants for claims of fraud, misrepresentation, violations of their subrogation agreements, unjust enrichment, and is claiming that BP has strict liability under SDCL 34A-2-96, for the remediation of its environmental contamination at all of its divested former petroleum fuel dispensing facilities that were owned, operated, leased, controlled, distributed, and supplied by defendant in the state. South

Dakota is seeking damages that total in a range of \$79,620,991 to \$89,620,991 in addition to punitive damages. The trial is currently scheduled to begin May 16, 2016, in the Sixth Judicial Circuit Court, but BP is seeking to continue the trial to a later date.

State v. SDRC, Inc.

On October 16, 2015, the State of South Dakota filed a Complaint against SDRC, Inc. in the Circuit Court of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, Hughes County, South Dakota, relating to the State's Contract with SDRC, Inc. to operate the South Dakota Regional Center under the federal EB-5 program. The Complaint seeks indemnification from SDRC for approximately \$175,000 in expenses the State incurred, specific performance by SDRC of its obligations relating to indemnification fund accounts benefiting the State, and other non-monetary relief. On November 20, 2015, SDRC, Inc. filed an Answer and Counterclaim against the State alleging a variety of contract and tort claims, and sought \$1,500,000 in damages. The State intends to file a Motion to Dismiss the Counterclaim and believes a dismissal is likely. The State will likely seek indemnification from SDRC, Inc. for any costs and expenses related to the State's defense of this action. Counsel cannot offer an opinion at this time on the risk of unfavorable outcome. If the outcome is unfavorable, any amounts not covered by insurance and indemnification funds maintained by SDRC could have a material impact on the State's General Fund.

LP6 Claimants LLC v. South Dakota Department of Tourism and State Development, South Dakota Governor's Office of Economic Development, South Dakota Department of Tourism, the State of South Dakota, et al.

On or about December 9, 2015, the class of plaintiffs known as "LP6 Claimants LLC" filed an Amended Complaint in the Circuit Court of the Sixth Judicial Circuit, Hughes County, South Dakota, against various state agencies and private, non-state defendants. As to the State and its agencies, the Complaint alleges fraud and aiding and abetting the private, non-state defendants in a breach of fiduciary duty to plaintiff's members. Plaintiffs allege \$18,550,000 in damages. On January 6, 2016, the State filed a Motion to Dismiss the Complaint, and believes a dismissal is likely. On January 8, 2016, the private, non-state defendants filed a Crossclaim against the State, seeking indemnification of their costs and expenses. The State intends to file a Motion to Dismiss the Crossclaim, and believes a dismissal is likely. A hearing date for all of these matters remains pending. The State will likely seek indemnification from SDRC, Inc. for any costs and expenses related to the State's defense of this action. Counsel cannot offer an opinion at this time on the risk of unfavorable outcome. If the outcome is unfavorable, any amounts not covered by insurance and indemnification funds maintained by SDRC could have a material impact on the State's General Fund. Similar additional un-asserted claims may exist for other investors in the Northern Beef Packers project.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# The Required Supplementary Information includes the Budgetary Reporting and Pension Information. The following individual schedules are included:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Transportation Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Social Services Federal Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Reporting
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Schedule of Contributions

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR						
Personal Services	\$ 1,807	1,807	\$ 1,807	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	411	411	411	0		
TOTAL	2,218	2,218	2,218	0		
GOVERNOR'S CONTINGENCY FUND						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	75	75	75	0		
TOTAL	75	75	75	0		
GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVE	LOPMENT					
Personal Services	1,649	1,649	1,649	0		
Operating Expenses	1,350	1,350	1,350	0		
TOTAL	2,999	2,999	2,999	0		
OFFICE OF RESEARCH COMMERCE						
Personal Services	174	174	174	0		
Operating Expenses	3,690	3,690	3,690	0		
TOTAL	3,864	3,864	3,864	0		
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AUTHORITY						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	0	3,950	3,950	0		
TOTAL	0	3,950	3,950	0		
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR						
Personal Services	21	21	21	0		
Operating Expenses	13	13	13	0		
TOTAL	34	34	34	0		
BUREAU OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT						
Personal Services	663	661	654	7		
Operating Expenses	16,278	629	272	357		
TOTAL	16,941	1,290	926	364		
SALE LEASEBACK, B.F.M.						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	5,030	5,030	5,030	0		
TOTAL	5,030	5,030	5,030	0		
EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	1	1_	0	1		
TOTAL	1	1	0	1		
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES, BUREAU OF A	ADMINISTRATION					
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	81	81	5	76		
TOTAL	81	81	5	76		
SALE LEASEBACK, B.O.A.						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	359	359	359	0		
TOTAL	359	359	359	0		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AN	OUNTS		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
CENTRAL SERVICES						
Personal Services	\$ 182 \$	182	\$ 176	\$ 6		
Operating Expenses	209	209	208	1		
TOTAL	391	391	384	7		
STATEWIDE MAINTENANCE AND REI	PAIR					
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	17,501	17,501	11,244	6,257		
TOTAL	17,501	17,501	11,244	6,257		
OFFICE OF HEARING EXAMINERS						
Personal Services	251	251	251	0		
Operating Expenses	70	70	70	0		
TOTAL	321	321	321	0		
PEPL FUND ADMINISTRATION - INFO	RMATIONAL					
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	0	6,000	0	6,000		
TOTAL	0	6,000	0	6,000		
SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC BROADCAS	STING					
Personal Services	2,647	2,647	2,646	1		
Operating Expenses	1,227	1,227	1,227	0		
TOTAL	3,874	3,874	3,873	1		
STATE RADIO ENGINEERING						
Personal Services	657	657	657	0		
Operating Expenses	2,158	2,158	2,158	0		
TOTAL	2,815	2,815	2,815	0		
PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AND EM	IPLOYEE BENEFITS					
Personal Services	203	203	203	0		
Operating Expenses	60	60	60	0		
TOTAL	263	263	263	0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, EXECUTIVE M	ANAGEMENT					
Personal Services	8,254	8,252	8,238	14		
Operating Expenses	48,513	42,814	30,122	12,692		
TOTAL	56,767	51,066	38,360	12,706		
PROPERTY AND SPECIAL TAXES						
Personal Services	907	919	899	20		
Operating Expenses	857	1,295	782	513		
TOTAL	1,764	2,214	1,681	533		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, REVENUE						
Personal Services	907	919	899	20		
Operating Expenses	<u>857</u>	1,295	782	513		
TOTAL	1,764	2,214	1,681	533		
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF A	AGRICULTURE					
Personal Services	658	730	730	0		
Operating Expenses	179	179	179	0		
TOTAL	837	909	909	0		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AN	MOUNTS		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
AGRICULTURAL SERVICES AND ASS	SISTANCE					
Personal Services	\$ 1,341 \$	5 1,341	\$ 1,341	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	600	600	599	1		
TOTAL	1,941	1,941	1,940	1		
AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND	PROMOTION					
Personal Services	1,217	1,144	1,144	0		
Operating Expenses	521	1,271	1,255	16		
TOTAL	1,738	2,415	2,399	16		
ANIMAL INDUSTRY BOARD						
Personal Services	1,658	1,658	1,658	0		
Operating Expenses	335	335	335	0		
TOTAL	1,993	1,993	1,993	0		
STATE FAIR						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	270	270	270	0		
TOTAL	270	270	270	0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, AGRICULTURI	E					
Personal Services	4,874	4,873	4,873	0		
Operating Expenses	1,905	2,655	2,638	17		
TOTAL	6,779	7,528	7,511	17		
HISTORY						
Personal Services	921	921	921	0		
Operating Expenses	1,018	1,018	1,018	0		
TOTAL	1,939	1,939	1,939	0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, TOURISM						
Personal Services	921	921	921	0		
Operating Expenses	1,018	1,018	1,018	0		
TOTAL	1,939	1,939	1,939	0		
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF G	AME FISH AND PARKS					
Personal Services	123	123	123	0		
Operating Expenses	825	825	825	0		
TOTAL	948	948	948	0		
STATE PARKS AND RECREATION						
Personal Services	2,527	2,527	2,527	0		
Operating Expenses	1,466	1,651	1,651	0		
TOTAL	3,993	4,178	4,178	0		
DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVEMENT	, PARKS AND RECREATION					
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	3,779	3,779	380	3,399		
TOTAL	3,779	3,779	380	3,399		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, GAME, FISH, 8	PARKS					
Personal Services	2,650	2,650	2,650	0		
Operating Expenses	6,070	6,255	2,856	3,399		
TOTAL	8,720	8,905	5,506	3,399		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	ВИГ	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			Variance with	
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget	
OFFICE OF TRIBAL RELATIONS						
Personal Services	\$	344 \$	350	\$ 350	\$ 0	
Operating Expenses		93	87	67	20	
TOTAL		437	437	417	20	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, TRIBAL RELAT	IONS					
Personal Services		344	350	350	0	
Operating Expenses		93_	87_	67_	20	
TOTAL		437	437	417	20	
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF SO	CIAL SERVICES					
Personal Services	4	1,267	4,267	4,267	0	
Operating Expenses		1,426	4,426	4,426	0	
TOTAL		3,693	8,693	8,693	0	
ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE						
Personal Services	7	7,846	7,846	7,846	0	
Operating Expenses	17	7,321	17,438	17,320	118	
TOTAL	25	5,167	25,284	25,166	118	
MEDICAL AND ADULT SERVICES						
Personal Services	3	3,032	3,032	3,032	0	
Operating Expenses	300	),744	296,462	293,297	3,165	
TOTAL	303	3,776	299,494	296,329	3,165	
CHILDREN'S SERVICES						
Personal Services	11	1,430	11,430	11,430	0	
Operating Expenses	34	1,057	29,241	29,204	37	
TOTAL	45	5,487	40,671	40,634	37	
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH						
Personal Services	28	3,966	28,966	28,966	0	
Operating Expenses	39	9,932	40,834	38,803	2,031	
TOTAL	68	3,898	69,800	67,769	2,031	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, SOCIAL SERVICE	CES					
Personal Services	55	5,541	55,541	55,541	0	
Operating Expenses	396	5,480	388,401	383,050	5,351	
TOTAL	452	2,021	443,942	438,591	5,351	
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF HE	EALTH					
Personal Services		704	704	704	0	
Operating Expenses		522	522	522	0	
TOTAL	1	1,226	1,226	1,226	0	
HEALTH SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT AN	ID REGULATION					
Personal Services	1	1,608	1,608	1,608	0	
Operating Expenses		1,193	1,920	1,268	652	
TOTAL		2,801	3,528	2,876	652	
HEALTH AND MEDICAL SERVICES						
Personal Services	1	1,895	1,895	1,895	0	
Operating Expenses	2	2,987	2,902	2,902	0	
TOTAL	4	1,882	4,797	4,797	0	

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AMO	DUNTS		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, HEALTH						
Personal Services	\$ 4,207 \$	4,207	\$ 4,207	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	4,702	5,344	4,692	652		
TOTAL	8,909	9,551	8,899	652		
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF LABOR						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	605	605	605	0		
TOTAL	605	605	605	0		
STATE LABOR LAW ADMINISTRATION						
Personal Services	587	587	587	0		
Operating Expenses	93	93	93	0		
TOTAL	680	680	680	0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, LABOR AND REGULAT						
Personal Services	587	587	587	0		
Operating Expenses TOTAL		698 1,285	698 1,285	0		
	-,	1,220				
GENERAL OPERATIONS Personal Services	499	499	499	0		
Operating Expenses	26	26	26	0		
TOTAL	525	525	525	0		
DEDARTMENT TOTAL TRANSPORTATION						
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, TRANSPORTATION Personal Services	499	499	499	0		
Operating Expenses	26	26	26	0		
TOTAL	525	525	525	0		
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF EDUCATION	ON					
Personal Services	1,448	1,513	1,513	0		
Operating Expenses	1,151	1,401	1,102	299		
TOTAL	2,599	2,914	2,615	299		
STATE AID TO GENERAL EDUCATION						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	343,909	336,732	333,088	3,644		
TOTAL	343,909	336,732	333,088	3,644		
STATE AID TO SPECIAL EDUCATION						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	53,045	53,045	52,230	815		
TOTAL	53,045	53,045	52,230	815		
SPARSITY PAYMENTS						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	1,863	1,936	1,936	0		
TOTAL	1,863	1,936	1,936	0		
TECHNOLOGY IN SCHOOLS						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	8,169	8,169	8,169	0		
TOTAL	8,169	8,169	8,169	0		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

_	BUDGETED AM	IOUNTS		Variance with		
-	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
POST-SECONDARY VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	J.					
Personal Services	\$ 0 \$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	23,450	23,392	23,392	0		
TOTAL	23,450	23,392	23,392	0		
NONDERVICE PORT RECOVERABLY TRAINING	0.41 INOTITUTE FUNDING					
NONRECURRING POST-SECONDARY TECHNI Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
	916	916	916	0		
Operating Expenses TOTAL	916	916	916	0		
-						
EDUCATION RESOURCES						
Personal Services	1,639	1,613	1,613	0		
Operating Expenses	11,632	12,380	10,595	1,785		
TOTAL	13,271	13,993	12,208	1,785		
STATE LIBRARY						
Personal Services	1,241	1,201	1,201	0		
Operating Expenses	645	645	610	35		
TOTAL	1,886	1,846	1,811	35		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, EDUCATION						
Personal Services	4,328	4,327	4,327	0		
Operating Expenses	444,780	438,616	432,038	6,578		
TOTAL	449,108	442,943	436,365	6,578		
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF PUBLIC S.	AFETY					
Personal Services	120	120	120	0		
Operating Expenses	14	14	14	0		
TOTAL	134	134	134	0		
ENFORCEMENT						
Personal Services	886	835	833	2		
	1,883		1,413	383		
Operating Expenses TOTAL	2,769	1,796 2,631	2,246	385		
_	2,700	2,001	2,240	300		
EMERGENCY SERVICES AND HOMELAND SE	CURITY					
Personal Services	1,229	1,280	1,261	19		
Operating Expenses	3,183	3,189	3,184	5		
TOTAL	4,412	4,469	4,445	24		
EMERGENCY AND DISASTER FUND						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	0	6,829	6,829	0		
TOTAL	0	6,829	6,829	0		
-						
LEGAL AND REGULATORY SERVICES	00	00	00	2		
Personal Services	66	66	63	3		
Operating Expenses	650	731	728	3		
TOTAL	716	797	791	6		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, PUBLIC SAFETY						
Personal Services	2,301	2,301	2,277	24		
Operating Expenses	5,730	12,559	12,168	391		
TOTAL	8,031	14,860	14,445	415		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AM	IOUNTS		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
REGENTS CENTRAL OFFICE						
Personal Services	\$ 4,286 \$	4,230	\$ 4,230	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	12,652	11,846	8,699	3,147		
TOTAL	16,938	16,076	12,929	3,147		
BOARD OF REGENTS RESEARCH GRANT	Γ POOL					
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	1,822	1,822	1,822	0		
TOTAL	1,822	1,822	1,822	0		
SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOLARSHIPS						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	4,699	4,699	4,649	50		
TOTAL	4,699	4,699	4,649	50		
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH DAKOTA PROPE	R					
Personal Services	31,744	31,744	31,744	0		
Operating Expenses	4,467	4,953	3,991	962		
TOTAL	36,211	36,697	35,735	962		
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOO	L OF MEDICINE					
Personal Services	18,414	18,414	18,414	0		
Operating Expenses	3,319	3,319	3,319	0		
TOTAL	21,733	21,733	21,733	0		
SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY PRO	)PER					
Personal Services	39,619	39,619	39,619	0		
Operating Expenses	6,789	7,153	5,116	2,037		
TOTAL	46,408	46,772	44,735	2,037		
COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE						
Personal Services	7,989	7,989	7,989	0		
Operating Expenses	329	329	329	0		
TOTAL	8,318	8,318	8,318	0		
AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION						
Personal Services	11,101	11,101	11,101	0		
Operating Expenses	627	627	627	0		
TOTAL	11,728	11,728	11,728	0		
SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOOL OF MINES AND	TECHNOLOGY					
Personal Services	15,389	15,213	15,213	0		
Operating Expenses	1,720	1,978	1,978	0		
TOTAL	17,109	17,191	17,191	0		
NORTHERN STATE UNIVERSITY						
Personal Services	11,900	11,900	11,900	0		
Operating Expenses	1,054	1,246	1,246	0		
TOTAL	12,954	13,146	13,146	0		
BLACK HILLS STATE UNIVERSITY						
Personal Services	8,245	8,245	8,245	0		
Operating Expenses	658	716	716	0		
TOTAL	8,903	8,961	8,961	0		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AN	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY						
Personal Services	\$ 9,143 \$	9,176	\$ 8,777	\$ 399		
Operating Expenses	659	713	644	69		
TOTAL	9,802	9,889	9,421	468		
SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOOL FOR THE DE	ΔF					
Personal Services	1,585	1,497	1,497	0		
Operating Expenses	1,142	1,267	1,267	0		
TOTAL	2,727	2,764	2,764	0		
SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOOL FOR THE BL	IND AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED					
Personal Services	2,576	2,486	2,486	0		
Operating Expenses	250	358	358	0		
TOTAL	2,826	2,844	2,844	0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, BOARD OF REG	ENTS					
Personal Services	161,991	161,614	161,215	399		
Operating Expenses	40,187	41,026	34,761	6,265		
TOTAL	202,178	202,640	195,976	6,664		
ADJUTANT GENERAL						
Personal Services	404	414	414	0		
Operating Expenses	523	513	438	75		
TOTAL	927	927	852	75		
ARMY GUARD						
Personal Services	344	371	371	0		
Operating Expenses	2,759	2,755	2,754	1		
TOTAL	3,103	3,126	3,125	1		
AIR GUARD						
Personal Services	190	190	183	7		
Operating Expenses	225	225	221	4		
TOTAL	415	415	404	11		
DEDARTMENT TOTAL MILITARY						
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, MILITARY Personal Services	938	975	968	7		
Operating Expenses	3,507	3,493	3,413	80		
TOTAL	4,445	4,468	4,381	87		
VETERANS' BENEFITS AND SERVICES						
Personal Services	1,062	1,022	1,007	15		
Operating Expenses	1,222	1,252	609	643		
TOTAL	2,284	2,274	1,616	658		
STATE VETERANS' HOME						
Personal Services	1,731	1,771	1,771	0		
Operating Expenses	14,602	14,572	7,617	6,955		
TOTAL	16,333	16,343	9,388	6,955		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, VETERANS' AFF	AIRS					
Personal Services	2,793	2,793	2,778	15		
Operating Expenses	15,824	15,824	8,226	7,598		
TOTAL	18,617	18,617	11,004	7,613		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
ADMINISTRATION, CENTRAL OFFICE						
Personal Services	\$ 1,585 \$	1,541	\$ 1,541	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	393	365	364	1		
TOTAL	1,978	1,906	1,905	1		
MIKE DURFEE STATE PRISON						
Personal Services	10,624	10,624	10,624	0		
Operating Expenses	5,192	4,775	4,774	1		
TOTAL	15,816	15,399	15,398	1		
STATE PENITENTIARY						
Personal Services	15,896	16,715	16,715	0		
Operating Expenses	4,444	5,520	5,520	0		
TOTAL	20,340	22,235	22,235	0		
WOMEN'S PRISON						
Personal Services	3,655	3,540	3,540	0		
Operating Expenses	1,312	1,320	1,320	0		
TOTAL	4,967	4,860	4,860	0		
INMATE SERVICES						
Personal Services	957	992	992	0		
Operating Expenses	20,070	21,024	21,024	0		
TOTAL	21,027	22,016	22,016	0		
PAROLE SERVICES						
Personal Services	3,010	3,131	3,131	0		
Operating Expenses	1,698	1,698	1,689	9		
TOTAL	4,708	4,829	4,820	9		
JUVENILE COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS						
Personal Services	2,808	2,701	2,701	0		
Operating Expenses	13,868	11,130	11,076	54		
TOTAL	16,676	13,831	13,777	54		
YOUTH CHALLENGE CENTER						
Personal Services	1,635	1,364	1,364	0		
Operating Expenses	112	112	112	0		
TOTAL	1,747	1,476	1,476	0		
PATRICK HENRY BRADY ACADEMY						
Personal Services	1,645	1,382	1,379	3		
Operating Expenses	95_	95	95	0		
TOTAL	1,740	1,477	1,474	3		
STATE TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION	I ACADEMY					
Personal Services	2,604	2,466	2,454	12		
Operating Expenses	2,411	2,268	2,267	1		
TOTAL	5,015	4,734	4,721	13		
QUEST/ExCEL						
Personal Services	1,184	1,145	1,145	0		
Operating Expenses	111	126	126	0		
TOTAL	1,295	1,271	1,271	0		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS			Variance with		
		riginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, CORRECTIONS							
Personal Services	\$	45,603 \$	45,601	\$ 45,586	\$ 1		
Operating Expenses	·	49,706	48,433	48,367	. 6		
TOTAL		95,309	94,034	93,953	8		
ADMINISTRATION, SECRETARY OF HUN	IAN SERVICE	s					
Personal Services		582	582	556	2		
Operating Expenses		276	276	276			
TOTAL		858	858	832	2		
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES							
Personal Services		691	691	691			
Operating Expenses		55,345	56,354	55,994	36		
TOTAL		56,036	57,045	56,685	36		
SOUTH DAKOTA DEVELOPMENTAL CEN	ITER - REDFI	ELD					
Personal Services		9,604	9,604	9,232	37		
Operating Expenses		2,379	2,404	2,340	6		
TOTAL		11,983	12,008	11,572	43		
REHABILITATION SERVICES							
Personal Services		795	795	795			
Operating Expenses		3,594	3,626	3,622			
TOTAL		4,389	4,421	4,417			
CERVICES TO THE BUIND AND VISUALL	VIMBAIDED						
SERVICES TO THE BLIND AND VISUALL Personal Services	TIMPAIRED	478	478	478			
Operating Expenses  FOTAL		464 942	464 942	<u>463</u> 941			
		0.12	0.12				
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, HUMAN SERVICE	s						
Personal Services		12,150	12,150	11,752	39		
Operating Expenses		62,058	63,124	62,695	42		
TOTAL		74,208	75,274	74,447	82		
FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTAN	CE						
Personal Services		2,020	2,020	2,020			
Operating Expenses		1,345	1,345	1,344			
TOTAL		3,365	3,365	3,364			
ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES							
Personal Services		3,244	3,244	3,244			
Operating Expenses		564	914	914			
TOTAL		3,808	4,158	4,158			
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, ENVIRONMENT A	ND NATURAL	RESOURCES					
Personal Services		5,264	5,264	5,264			
Operating Expenses		1,909	2,259	2,258			
TOTAL		7,173	7,523	7,522			
ADMINISTRATION, PUBLIC UTILITIES CO	MMISSION						
Personal Services		503	503	503			
O			53	53			
Operating Expenses		53					

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, PUBLIC UTILITIES CO	MMISSION					
Personal Services	\$ 503	\$ 503	\$ 503	\$ 0		
Operating Expenses	53	53	53	0		
TOTAL	556	556	556	0		
HAUSED HUDIOIAL OVOTEM						
UNIFIED JUDICIAL SYSTEM Personal Services	26 200	26 200	26.200	0		
Operating Expenses	36,200 4,904	36,200 5,104	36,200 4,435	669		
TOTAL	41,104	41,304	4,435	669		
	,	,66.	10,000			
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, UNIFIED JUDICIAL SY	STEM					
Personal Services	36,200	36,200	36,200	0		
Operating Expenses	4,904	5,104	4,435	669		
TOTAL	41,104	41,304	40,635	669		
LEGISLATIVE OPERATIONS						
Appropriation	6,067	6,067	5,748	319		
TOTAL	6,067	6,067	5,748	319		
NONRECURRING TECHNOLOGY INFRASTUC	TUDE UDGDADE EUND	INC				
Personal Services	TURE UPGRADE FUND	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	500	500	500	0		
TOTAL	500	500	500	0		
AUDITOR GENERAL						
Personal Services	3,050	3,010	2,948	62		
Operating Expenses	434	474	465	9		
TOTAL	3,484	3,484	3,413	71		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, LEGISLATIVE DEPAR		0.040	0.040	••		
Personal Services	3,050 934	3,010 974	2,948 965	62 9		
Operating Expenses	6,067	6,067	5,748	319		
Appropriation TOTAL	10,051	10,051	9,661	390		
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			3,022			
LEGAL SERVICES PROGRAM						
Personal Services	4,091	4,091	4,091	0		
Operating Expenses	531	531	531	0		
TOTAL	4,622	4,622	4,622	0		
CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION				_		
Personal Services	3,782	3,782	3,782	0		
Operating Expenses TOTAL	1,571 5,353	1,571 5,353	1,571 5,353	0		
IVIAL	5,353	5,353	5,353			
LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING						
Personal Services	0	0	0	0		
Operating Expenses	375	375	375	0		
TOTAL	375	375	375	0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, ATTORNEY GENERAL						
Personal Services	7,873	7,873	7,873	0		
Operating Expenses	2,477	2,477	2,477	0		
TOTAL	10,350	10,350	10,350	0		

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS					Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actu	al Amounts	Final	Budget	
ADMINISTRATION OF SCHOOL AND PUB	LIC LANDS	<b>3</b>							
Personal Services	\$	426	\$	426	\$	423	\$	3	
Operating Expenses		597		597		338		259	
TOTAL		1,023		1,023		761		262	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, SCHOOL AND PU	BLIC LAND	S							
Personal Services		426		426		423		3	
Operating Expenses		597		597		338		259	
TOTAL		1,023		1,023		761		262	
SECRETARY OF STATE									
Personal Services		700		751		751		0	
Operating Expenses		304		528		517		11	
TOTAL		1,004		1,279		1,268		11	
DEDARTMENT TOTAL PEOPETARY OF S	TATE								
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, SECRETARY OF S Personal Services	IAIE	700		751		751		0	
Operating Expenses		304		528		517		11	
TOTAL		1.004		1,279		1,268		11	
TREASURY MANAGEMENT Personal Services Operating Expenses TOTAL		380 146 526		380 146 526		374 123 497		6 23 29	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, STATE TREASURE	-n								
Personal Services	=K	380		380		374		6	
		146		146		123		23	
Operating Expenses TOTAL		526		526		497		29	
OTATE AUDITOR					'	_			
STATE AUDITOR Personal Services		1,079		1,079		1,056		23	
Operating Expenses		145		145		145		0	
TOTAL		1,224		1,224		1,201		23	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, STATE AUDITOR									
Personal Services		1,079		1,079		1,056		23	
Operating Expenses		145		145		145		0	
TOTAL		1,224		1,224		1,201		23	
STATE TOTAL									
Personal Services	\$	364,363	\$	364,046	\$	363,060	\$	986	
Operating Expenses	Ţ	1,093,623		1,083,951		1,038,928		45,023	
		.,,		.,		.,,		,	
Appropriation		6,067		6,067		5,748		319	

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSPORTATION FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted	d Amount	s			Var	iance with
Department	Original		Final		Actu	al Amounts	Final Budget	
GENERAL OPERATIONS								
Personal Services	\$	66,608	\$	66,608	\$	62,113	\$	4,495
Operating Expenses		124,549		128,002		108,687		19,315
TOTAL		191,157		194,610		170,800		23,810
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION INFORMATIONAL								
Personal Services		0		0		0		0
Operating Expenses		421,753		441,753		393,636		48,117
TOTAL		421,753		441,753		393,636		48,117
ENFORCEMENT								
Personal Services		13,683		13,683		13,218		465
Operating Expenses		5,995		6,192		5,995		197
TOTAL		19,678		19,875		19,213		662
FUND TOTAL, TRANSPORTATION								
Personal Services	\$	80,291	\$	80,291	\$	75,331	\$	4,960
Operating Expenses		552,297		575,947		508,318		67,629
TOTAL	\$	632,588	\$	656,238	\$	583,649	\$	72,589

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOCIAL SERVICES FEDERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Budgeted	3			Variance with		
Department		Original		Final		al Amounts	Final Budget	
ADMINISTRATION								
Personal Services	\$	5,513	\$	5,513	\$	4,431	\$	1,082
Operating Expenses		15,537		15,537		6,335		9,202
TOTAL		21,050		21,050		10,766		10,284
ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE								
Personal Services		10,897		10,897		9,472		1,425
Operating Expenses		49,664		49,664		39,046		10,618
TOTAL		60,561		60,561		48,518		12,043
MEDICAL AND ADULT SERVICES								
Personal Services		6,331		6,331		4,836		1,495
Operating Expenses		472,898		469,726		404,612		65,114
TOTAL		479,229		476,057		409,448		66,609
CHILDREN'S SERVICES								
Personal Services		9,708		9,708		7,997		1,711
Operating Expenses		40,973		36,473		31,162		5,311
TOTAL		50,681		46,181		39,159		7,022
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH								
Personal Services		10,246		10,246		9,414		832
Operating Expenses		28,545		27,646		20,185		7,461
TOTAL		38,791		37,892		29,599		8,293
DEPARTMENT TOTAL, SOCIAL SERVICES	;							
Personal Services	\$	42,695	\$	42,695	\$	36,150	\$	6,545
Operating Expenses		607,617		599,046		501,340		97,706
TOTAL	\$	650,312	\$	641,741	\$	537,490	\$	104,251

## STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	General Fund	Transportation Fund	Social Services Federal Fund		
Uses/Outflows of Resources:					
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,407,736	\$ 583,649	\$ 537,490		
Differences-budget to GAAP:					
Encumbrances for supplies, equipment ordered but not yet received and for uncompleted contracts are reported in the year first encumbered for budgetary purposes, but expenditures are reported in the year the related expenditure is incurred for financial reporting purposes.	(12,367)	(19,864)	(2)		
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	(11,803)				
To adjust expenditures/expenses for accruals and other year-end entries such as the recording of food stamps and shared revenue distribution	24,749	236	145,705		
To adjust expenditures/expenses for reclassification under GASB 54	31,663				
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 1,439,978	\$ 564,021	\$ 683,193		

# Required Supplementary Information Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents comparisons of the original budget and legally revised final budget, with actual amounts for each program of the State of South Dakota on a budgetary basis. A Budgetary Comparison Schedule is presented for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. There are currently two major special revenue funds that fit this criterion: the Social Services Federal Fund and the Transportation Fund. The Budget Comparison Schedule follows the same format, terminology, and classification as the State's General Appropriations Act (General Bill). Also included is a column that compares the variance between the final budget and actual amounts. A positive variance refers to unused budget, while a negative variance refers to an over-expended budget. For the year ended June 30, 2015, there were no over-expenditures by any State department.

The original budget is defined as the first complete appropriated budget, adjusted by reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, reorganizations, and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes before the beginning of the fiscal year. Any such transaction that is authorized as legislative or executive change before the beginning of the fiscal year is included in the original budget, regardless of the effective date of the document loaded on the accounting system. The amount appropriated for employee compensation in the General Bill is reported as distributed to the departments and programs. Any of these adjustments may change the format, terminology, or classification of a Budget Comparison Schedule. The original budget also includes any actual appropriation amounts carried forward by law from prior years, including special appropriations, maintenance and repair, and carryovers. The final budget is defined as the original budget, adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations, reorganizations, and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes after the beginning of the fiscal year.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule reports amounts on a budgetary basis. The accounting principles applied for reporting on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present the financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Since the budget is prepared principally on a cash basis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule includes information presented on this basis for the fiscal year. A reconciliation of the two methods for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 has also been included as Required Supplementary Information.

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 Measurement Date

Last Ten Fiscal Years \*

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2015			
State's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	22.	.0687777%		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(158,996)		
State's covered-employee payroll	\$	367,417		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		(43.27%)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		107.29%		

<sup>\*</sup> **Note:** This schedule is intended to present information for the last 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for the years in which information is available.

## STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM June 30, 2015

Last Ten Fiscal Years \*
(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

(Dollaro Expressed III Triodeditide)	Fiscal Year 2015				
Contractually required contribution	\$	24,588			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(24,588)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0			
State's covered-employee payroll	\$	389,949			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.31%			

<sup>\*</sup> **Note:** This schedule is intended to present information for the last 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for the years in which information is available.

# **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The *Combining Financial Statements* include the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Nonmajor Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, Fiduciary Funds, Component Units and Nonmajor Component Units. The following individual statements are included:

- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds By Type
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds – By Type
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
- Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
- Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
- Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds
- Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds
- Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds
- Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds
- Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds
- Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds
- Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Component Units
- Statement of Cash Flows Higher Education
- Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Component Units
- Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Component Units

### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY TYPE June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Special Revenue		5	Debt Service	Capital Projects		Permanent			Total	
Assets											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	367,960	\$	6,381	\$	2,359	\$	3,840	\$	380,540	
Restricted Cash				7						7	
Investments		108,865		8,892				42,910		160,667	
Restricted Investments				20,080						20,080	
Receivables from:											
Taxes, net		3,254								3,254	
Interest and Dividends		1,480		6		25		116		1,627	
Other Funds		5,631								5,631	
Component Units		205								205	
Other Governments		76,922								76,922	
Loans and Notes, net		49,944								49,944	
Other, net		6,278		11,663				4		17,945	
Inventory		2,142								2,142	
Advances to Component Units		1,413								1,413	
Other Assets		1,353		8						1,361	
Total Assets	\$	625,447	\$	47,037	\$	2,384	\$	46,870	\$	721,738	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	34,387	\$		\$	63	\$	15	\$	34,465	
Payable to:	φ	34,367	φ		φ	03	φ	15	φ	34,403	
Other Funds		23,294				125		705		24,124	
Component Units		1,490				123		703		1,490	
Other Governments		61,477								61,477	
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		81								81	
Unearned Revenue		14,100								14,100	
Total Liabilities		134,829		0		188		720		135,737	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
Unavailable Revenue		3,586		11,663						15,249	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,586		11,663		0		0		15,249	
Total Beleffed Illions of Resources				11,000						10,210	
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable		89,086		8				45,880		134,974	
Restricted		324,034		35,366		2,196		270		361,866	
Committed		51,119		20,000		_,				51,119	
Assigned		26,417								26,417	
Unassigned		(3,624)								(3,624)	
Total Fund Balances		487,032		35,374		2,196		46,150		570,752	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	625,447	\$	47,037	\$	2,384	\$	46,870	\$	721,738	

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY TYPE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	oecial venue		Debt ervice		apital ojects	Per	manent		Total
Revenue:									-
Taxes:	\$ 111,907	\$		\$		\$		\$	111,907
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	266,157								266,157
Fines, Forfeits, and Penalties	14,148								14,148
Use of Money and Property	12,784		13		94		3,458		16,349
Sales and Services	18,985								18,985
Administering Programs	478,472								478,472
Tobacco Settlement			23,421						23,421
Other Revenue	12,949		109				8		13,066
Total Revenue	915,402		23,543		94		3,466		942,505
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government	32,614		442				1,795		34,851
Education	181,209								181,209
Health, Human, and Social Services	222,866								222,866
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation	110,459								110,459
Agriculture and Natural Resources	127,303								127,303
Economic Resources	45,437								45,437
Transportation	9,313								9,313
State Shared Revenue Paid to									
Other Governments	131,829								131,829
Capital Outlay					2,038				2,038
Debt Service:									
Principal			17,272						17,272
Interest			9,261						9,261
Bond Issuance Costs			133		213				346
Total Expenditures	 861,030		27,108		2,251		1,795		892,184
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)									
Expenditures	54,372		(3,565)		(2,157)		1,671		50,321
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Capital Leases	1,125								1,125
Bonds Issued	*				13,410				13,410
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds			10,408		,				10,408
Premiums on Bond Issuance			,		314				314
Premiums on Refunding Bonds			1,657						1.657
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	591		,						591
Payments on Advance Refundings			(11,379)						(11,379)
Transfers In	40,137		3,963						44,100
Transfers Out	(93,478)		(6,111)		(11,405)		(712)		(111,706)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(51,625)		(1,462)		2,319		(712)		(51,480)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,747		(5,027)		162		959		(1,159)
•	484,285		• • •		2,034		45,191		571,911
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 	_	40,401	_		_		_	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 487,032	\$	35,374	\$	2,196	\$	46,150	\$	570,752

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Education Federal		Human Services		Labor		Health Federal		vernor's Office Id State elopment ederal
Assets	_		_		_	4 0 4 0	•		_	40.0==
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	772	\$	1,869	\$	1,643	\$		\$	12,377
Investments										
Receivables from:										
Taxes, net										
Interest and Dividends						2				39
Other Funds		63		202		525		50		
Component Units		160								
Other Governments		24,539		8,761		1,400		2,744		724
Loans and Notes, net										3,660
Other, net						5				
Inventory				136		67		1,629		
Advances to Component Units										
Other Assets		133								
Total Assets	\$	25,667	\$	10,968	\$	3,642	\$	4,423	\$	16,800
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances  Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities Payable to:	\$	2,114	\$	7,485	\$	1,673	\$	1,871	\$	32
Other Funds		146		991		280		907		14
Component Units		175		45		200		19		8
Other Governments		22,024		160		3		121		673
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		1		10		18		121		070
Unearned Revenue		930		74		9				
Total Liabilities		25,390		8,765		1,983		2,918		727
Total Liabilities		23,390		6,763		1,903		2,910		121
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0		0		0
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		133		136		67		1,630		
Restricted		155		130		07		1,030		16,073
Committed										10,073
Assigned		144		2,067		1,592				
		144		2,007		1,592		(125)		
Unassigned		277		2 202		1 CEC		(125)		16.072
Total Fund Balances		277		2,203		1,659		1,505		16,073
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	25,667	\$	10,968	\$	3,642	\$	4,423	\$	16,800

Eme	ic Safety ergency agement	Re	latural sources ederal	an	me, Fish d Parks ederal		Game nd Fish		Parks and creation	a	urities and urance	<u>_</u>	lealth		aming nmission
\$	468	\$		\$		\$	10,818	\$	18,157	\$	746	\$	4,859	\$	6,508
															774
							27		13		14				4
			2				51		1,638				78		
	1,948		1,720		2,890				207				8 203		
	811		1,720		2,090				201				203		
							338		523				81		
													175		
•	323 <b>3,550</b>	\$	1,722	\$	2,890	\$	11,234	\$	20,538	\$	760	\$	5,404	\$	7,286
Ψ	3,330	<b>.</b>	1,722	<u>Ψ</u>	2,090	<u> </u>	11,234	Ψ	20,336	Ψ	700	Ψ	3,404	Ψ	7,200
	0.50	•	400	•	207	•	4.070	•	4 000	•	450		500	•	00
\$	353	\$	480	\$	807	\$	1,676	\$	1,806	\$	153	\$	522	\$	88
	93		886		943		411		187		18		710		616
			29		397		18								
	1,514		295		535		80		8				190		706
							19				1				
	4.000		4.000		208		0.004		39		470		4 400		5,709
	1,960		1,690		2,890		2,204		2,040		172		1,422	-	7,119
	0	-	0		0		0		0		0		0		0
	<u> </u>			-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
	323												175		
							9,030		18,498				2,523		
											255				167
	1,267		32								333		1,284		
	1,590		32		0		9,030		18,498		588		3,982		167
\$	3,550	\$	1,722	\$	2,890	\$	11,234	\$	20,538	\$	760	\$	5,404	\$	7,286
<u> </u>	0,000	<u> </u>	.,	<u> </u>	_,000		,	<u> </u>	20,000				5,		.,200

Continued on next page

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued) June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Motor Vehicle	R	evenue		Future	Ed	cational ucation cilities	R	troleum elease pensation
Assets	<b>0.40.504</b>	•	0.000	•	40.070	•	0.704	•	4.050
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,521	\$	3,603	\$	40,972	\$	6,794	\$	4,953
Investments Receivables from:									
Taxes, net									165
Interest and Dividends	33		7		135		4		103
Other Funds	23		'		3		7		12
Component Units	20				3				
Other Governments	16,144		409				98		
Loans and Notes, net	10,144		100						
Other, net	458								
Inventory	.00								
Advances to Component Units									
Other Assets	11								
Total Assets	\$ 33,190		4,019	\$	41,110	\$	6,896	\$	5,130
		- <del>-</del>		<u> </u>					
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$ 595	\$	592	\$	973	\$		\$	71
Payable to:	, ,,,	•		*		*		•	
Other Funds	1,193		230		169				6
Component Units	,				697				
Other Governments	29,236				628		843		
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences			2						
Unearned Revenue									
Total Liabilities	31,024	_	824		2,467		843		77
	-	_			<u> </u>			-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable Revenue									
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0		0		0		0		0
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable	11								
Restricted					38,643		6,053		
Committed	2,155		3,924						5,053
Assigned			_						
Unassigned			(729)						
Total Fund Balances	2,166		3,195		38,643		6,053		5,053
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 33,190	\$	4,019	\$	41,110	\$	6,896	\$	5,130

ntenance and Repair	Water and vironment	nergy servation	Military Federal		Health Care Trust	ailroad Trust		Other		Total
\$ 6,061	\$ 35,827	\$ 5,157	\$ 42	\$	28,690 108,546	\$ 19,699	\$	141,424 319	\$	367,960 108,865
	442							1,873		3,254
9	162	18			338	371		292		1,480
620	415	640				0		1,321		5,631
0=0		0.0						37		205
	136		3,439			23		11,537		76,922
	14,008	7,645	,			23,660		160		49,944
						32		4,841		6,278
								135		2,142
	1,413									1,413
 								886		1,353
\$ 6,690	\$ 52,403	\$ 13,460	\$ 3,481	\$	137,574	\$ 43,785	\$	162,825	\$	625,447
\$ 249 4	\$ 347	\$ 1	\$ 1,810 1,511	\$	46 4,674	\$ 715 23	\$	9,928 9,282	\$	34,387 23,294
4			1,511		4,074	47		9,262		1,490
	1,110		118			71		3,233		61,477
	1,110		110					30		81
								7,131		14,100
253	1,457	1	3,439		4,720	785		29,659		134,829
					-,,-=-					
 	 78		 			 		3,508		3,586
 0	 78	 0	 0		0	 0		3,508		3,586
	E0 969	11,547			85,631	42,671		980 80,905		89,086 324,034
4,024	50,868	1,912			47,223	329		33,300		51,119
2,413		1,912	42			328		17,243		26,417
۷,413			44					(2,770)		(3,624)
 6,437	 50,868	 13,459	 42	-	132,854	 43,000	_	129,658	_	487,032
 0,701	 30,000	 10,703	 72		102,004	 +0,000	_	123,000		-01,00Z
\$ 6,690	\$ 52,403	\$ 13,460	\$ 3,481	\$	137,574	\$ 43,785	\$	162,825	\$	625,447

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Parameter	Education Federal	Human Services	Labor	Health Federal	Governor's and State Development Federal
Revenue: Taxes	\$	\$	\$ 478	\$	¢.
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	Ф	φ 92	<b>р</b> 4/о	Ф	\$
Fines, Forfeits, and Penalties		92			
Use of Money and Property		40	6		46
Sales and Services	1	1,444	0		12
Administering Programs	169,195	95,474	22,950	50,989	5,066
Other Revenue	224	111	5	21	7
Total Revenue	169,420	97,161	23,439	51,010	5,131
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Expenditures:					
General Government	100.000				
Education	169,328	07.400	00.000	F4 407	
Health, Human, and Social Services		97,196	26,326	51,467	
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation			158		
Agriculture and Natural Resources Economic Resources					5,128
Transportation					5,126
State Shared Revenue Paid to					
Other Governments					
Total Expenditures	169,328	97,196	26,484	51,467	5,128
Total Exponential of	100,020	07,100	20,101		0,120
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Expenditures	92	(35)	(3,045)	(457)	3
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital Leases					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets					
Transfers In		296	3,340	201	7
Transfers Out		(461)	(939)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(165)	2,401	201	7
Net Change in Fund Balances	92	(200)	(644)	(256)	10
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	185	2,403	2,303	1,761	16,063
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 277	\$ 2,203	\$ 1,659	\$ 1,505	\$ 16,073
i una balances al Liiu Vi Teal	Ψ 211	Ψ 2,203	Ψ 1,039	ψ 1,505	Ψ 10,073

Public S Emerg Manage	jency	Resc	tural ources deral	an	me, Fish d Parks ederal		Game and Fish		Parks and Recreation		curities and surance	Health		Gaming Commission	
\$		\$		\$		\$	27,964 1	\$	2,055 17,060	\$	22,887 25,713 80	\$	8,872 2	\$	9,290 6,724 26
	47						451		1,827		63				13
2	26,443 143		9,549		16,517 117		157 10 260		5 301 73		6		33 84 2,253		
2	26,633		9,549		16,634		28,843		21,321		48,749		11,244		16,053
2	29,304		9,627		15,876		26,929		15,782		2,831		10,090		1,359
2	29,304	=	9,627	=	15,876	=	26,929	=	15,782	_	2,831	=	10,090	=	8,423 <b>9,782</b>
(	(2,671)		(78)		758		1,914		5,539		45,918		1,154		6,271
	9						168		192						
	6,829		68				1,437		11,348		2				
					(758)		(1,939)		(2,158)		(45,834)		(897)		(6,295)
	6,838		68		(758)		(334)		9,382		(45,832)		(897)		(6,295)
	4,167		(10)				1,580		14,921		86		257		(24)
	(2,577)		42				7,450	_	3,577	_	502	_	3,725		191
\$	1,590	\$	32	\$	0	\$	9,030	\$	18,498	\$	588	\$	3,982	\$	167

Continued on next page

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Motor Vehicle	Revenue	Future	Vocational Education Facilities	Petroleum Release Compensation
Revenue:					
Taxes	\$ 3,982	\$ 10,901	\$ 16,570	\$	\$ 1,831
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	123,650	3,598		4,666	
Fines, Forfeits, and Penalties					
Use of Money and Property	175	29	483	14	38
Sales and Services	2,217				
Administering Programs					
Other Revenue	11		42	757	1
Total Revenue	130,035	14,528	17,095	5,437	1,870
Expenditures:	7 000	44.400			
General Government	7,228	11,132		0.000	
Education				8,998	
Health, Human, and Social Services	0.444				
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation	8,411				
Agriculture and Natural Resources					1,131
Economic Resources			35,028		
Transportation					
State Shared Revenue Paid to					
Other Governments	114,037				
Total Expenditures	129,676	11,132	35,028	8,998	1,131
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Expenditures	359	3,396	(17,933)	(3,561)	739
Other Financian Courses (Uses)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital Leases				1,125	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets				1,125	
Transfers In	1,033			2,217	
Transfers Out	(1,376)	(992)	(2,439)	2,211	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(343)	(992)	(2,439)	3,342	
Total Other I mancing Sources (Uses)	(343)	(332)	(2,433)	3,342	
Net Change in Fund Balances	16	2,404	(20,372)	(219)	739
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	2,150	791	59,015	6,272	4,314
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 2,166	\$ 3,195	\$ 38,643	\$ 6,053	\$ 5,053

Maintenance and Repair	Water and Environment	Energy Conservation	Military Federal	Health Care Trust	Railroad Trust	Other	Total
\$	\$ 5,104 1,735	\$ 500	\$	\$	\$ 308	\$ 38,309 45,775 14,039	\$ 111,907 266,157 14,148
36	587	61		5,985	856	2,027	12,784
1,684				,		13,426	18,985
12			17,597		23	64,262	478,472
1			. 1		237	8,685	12,949
1,733	7,426	561	17,598	5,985	1,424	186,523	915,402
2,305				150		11,799	32,614
2,505				100		2,883	181,209
						37,787	222,866
			17,598			50,798	110,459
	10,136		,			47,822	127,303
	.,	79				5,202	45,437
					6,344	2,969	9,313
						9,369	131,829
2,305	10,136	79	17,598	150	6,344	168,629	861,030
(572)	(2,710)	482	0	5,835	(4,920)	17,894	54,372
							1,125
						222	591
607	4,435				1,750	6,567	40,137
	(379)			(4,674)		(24,337)	(93,478)
607	4,056	0	0	(4,674)	1,750	(17,548)	(51,625)
35	1,346	482		1,161	(3,170)	346	2,747
6,402	49,522	12,977	42	131,693	46,170	129,312	484,285
\$ 6,437	\$ 50,868	\$ 13,459	\$ 42	\$ 132,854	\$ 43,000	\$ 129,658	\$ 487,032

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		uilding uthority	-	obacco uritization	Total		
Assets	_						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,223	\$	158	\$	6,381	
Restricted Cash				7		7	
Investments		8,254		638		8,892	
Restricted Investments				20,080		20,080	
Receivables from:							
Interest and Dividends				6		6	
Other, net				11,663		11,663	
Other Assets				8		8	
Total Assets	\$	14,477	\$	32,560	\$	47,037	
Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances							
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	=						
Unavailable Revenue	\$		\$	11,663	\$	11,663	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		11,663		11,663	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable				8		8	
Restricted		14,477		20,889		35,366	
Total Fund Balances		14,477		20,897		35,374	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	14,477	\$	32,560	\$	47,037	

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Building Authority	Tobacco Securitization	Total
Revenue:			
Use of Money and Property	\$	\$ 13	\$ 13
Tobacco Settlement		23,421	23,421
Other Revenue	109		109
Total Revenue	109	23,434	23,543
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government	296	146	442
Debt Service:			
Principal	4,047	13,225	17,272
Interest	4,651	4,610	9,261
Bond Issuance Costs	133		133
Total Expenditures	9,127	17,981	27,108
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)			
Expenditures	(9,018)	5,453	(3,565)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds	10,408		10,408
Payments on Advance Refundings	(11,379)		(11,379)
Premiums on Refunding Bonds	1,657		1,657
Transfers In	3,963		3,963
Transfers Out	(590)	(5,521)	(6,111)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,059	(5,521)	(1,462)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,959)	(68)	(5,027)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	19,436	20,965	40,401
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 14,477	\$ 20,897	\$ 35,374

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Assets	Ed Dev	evolving conomic relopment I Initiative		mployment surance		Second Injury		State Fair	Sı	ederal urplus operty
Current Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	74,315	\$	89,511	\$	929	\$	1,290	\$	697
Receivables:										
Interest and Dividends		225				5		4		2
Other Funds		500		47						1
Component Units										
Other Governments				144						93
Loans and Notes, net		8,866								
Other, net		116		1,455				19		8
Inventory										1,518
Other Assets										
Total Current Assets		84,022		91,157		934		1,313		2,319
Due From Other Funds		500								
Restricted Assets:		300								
Restricted Cash								2,810		
Net Pension Asset		137				7		141		155
		137				,		141		155
Capital Assets:								192		400
Land and Other Non-depreciable Assets		00								103
Property, Plant, and Equipment		28						3,413		559
Accumulated Depreciation		(26)						(3,006)		(447)
Total Capital Assets		2		0		0		599		215
Other Noncurrent Assets		25,744								
Total Assets		110,405		91,157		941		4,863		2,689
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		121				6		126		136
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		121		0		6		126		136
Total Beleffed Gallows of Resources	-	121						120		100
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		40				2		172		86
Payable to:										
Other Funds		8		143				16		4
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		13				1		24		44
Unearned Revenue								844		
Total Current Liabilities		61		143		3		1,056		134
Noncurrent Liabilities:										
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		11				1		21		39
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		11		0		1		21		39
Total Liabilities		72		143		4		1,077		173
Deferred Inflows of Resources						_				
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		159				8		164		180
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		159		0_		8		164		180
Net Position										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2						599		215
Restricted for Pensions		100				5		104		112
Restricted for Other		100				J		2,810		112
Unrestricted		110,193		91,014		930		235		2,145
Total Net Position	•		•		•	935	•		•	_
I OLAI NEL FUSILIUII	Φ	110,295	\$	91,014	\$	333	\$	3,748	\$	2,472

	Rural ibilitation	Prison Iustries	Ins	Health surance sk Pool		fessional Licensing		iking and surance		Other		Total
\$	3,096	\$ 2,074	\$	3,376	\$	10,944	\$	7,288	\$	2,745	\$	196,265
	50	6		16		27		15		3		353
		131				14						693
		33										33
	611									17		254 9,477
	011	44		108						1		1,751
		971		100						66		2,555
		12								147		159
	3,757	3,271		3,500		10,985		7,303		2,979		211,540
												500
												2,810
	86	239		18		1,090		589		301		2,763
												295
	18	2,202				109				294		6,623
	(17)	(1,499)				(58)				(115)		(5,168)
	1	703		0		51		0		179		1,750
	4,543	4,213		3,518		10.106		7 902		2.450		30,287
-	8,387	 4,213		3,518	-	12,126		7,892		3,459		249,650
	71	211		14		977		526		270		2,458
	71	211		14		977		526		270		2,458
	9	133		11		401		5,038		193		6,085
	2	32		1		75		16		47		344
	15	75		71		235		146		61		685
	10	11				785				0.		1,640
	26	251		83		1,496		5,200		301		8,754
	14	56				209		130		54		535
	14	56		0		209		130		54		535
	40	307		83		1,705		5,330		355		9,289
	99	277		21		1,263		682		349		3,202
	99	 277		21		1,263		682		349		3,202
		 				.,200				040		5,202
	1	703				51				179		1,750
	57	173		11		804		432		222		2,020
	8,261	2,964		3,417		9,280		1,974		2,624		2,810 233,037
\$	8,319	\$ 3,840	\$	3,428	\$	10,135	\$	2,406	\$	3,025	\$	239,617
¥	0,010	 5,040		5,720	Ψ	10,100	<u> </u>	۷,٠٠٥	<u> </u>	5,025	Ψ	200,017

### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Revolving Economic Development and Initiative	Unemployment Insurance	Second Injury	State Fair	Federal Surplus Property
Operating Revenue:			_		_
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Use of Money and Property	819			462	
Sales and Services				2,049	4,250
Administering Programs			_	12	
Assessments		41,543	8		
Other Revenue	194			331	13
Total Operating Revenue	1,013	41,543	8	2,854	4,263
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services and Benefits	153		24	803	492
Travel	6			10	4
Contractual Services	252			1,863	753
Supplies and Materials	18			493	3,129
Other	(322)			72	
Depreciation/Amortization	` 2 <sup>'</sup>			22	9
Insurance Claims		26,534	1,865		
Total Operating Expenses	109	26,534	1,889	3,263	4,387
Operating Income (Loss)	904	15,009	(1,881)	(409)	(124)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses): Loss on Disposal of Assets					
Interest Income	708	2,457	20	17	7
Other Expense	(341)		(2)	(1)	(1)
Grant and Other Income				25	
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	367	2,457	18	41	6
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions					
and Transfers	1,271	17,466	(1,863)	(368)	(118)
Capital Contributions and Transfers:					
Capital Contributions				2,810	
Transfers In	2,003	939		270	
Transfers Out	,	(1,372)	(1)		
Net Capital Contributions and Transfers	2,003	(433)	(1)	3,080	0
Change in Net Position	3,274	17,033	(1,864)	2,712	(118)
_	•	•		-	` ,
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated	107,021	73,981	2,799	1,036	2,590
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 110,295	\$ 91,014	\$ 935	\$ 3,748	\$ 2,472

ural pilitation	Prison Industries	Health Insurance Risk Pool	Professional and Licensing	Banking and Insurance	Other	Total
\$ 56 161	\$	\$	\$ 7,369	\$ 4,086	\$ 2,855	\$ 14,366 1,442
78	2,741	1,851	185	369	957	12,480
			52			64
						41,551
 20	10	158	586	26	21	1,359
 315	2,751	2,009	8,192	4,481	3,833	71,262
100	694	16	3,868	1,897	1,696	9,743
7	13		514	163	136	853
32	401	202	2,868	1,841	788	9,000
54	1,210	1	279	66	261	5,511
222			9		4	(15)
2	87	0.050	9		25	156
 417	2,405	2,056 <b>2,275</b>	7,547	3,967	2,910	30,455 <b>55,703</b>
 417	2,403	2,213	7,547	3,907	2,910	55,705
(102)	346	(266)	645	514	923	15,559
	(2)					(2)
30	23	55	99	58	12	3,486
(4)	(3)	(7)	(11)	(6)		(376)
 135		498			20	678
 161	18	546	88	52	32	3,786
59	364	280	733	566	955	19,345
						2,810
				16	117	3,345
 (2)	(806)	(2,420)	(79)	(74)		(4,754)
 (2)	(806)	(2,420)	(79)	(58)	117	1,401
57	(442)	(2,140)	654	508	1,072	20,746
 8,262	4,282	5,568	9,481	1,898	1,953	218,871
\$ 8,319	\$ 3,840	\$ 3,428	\$ 10,135	\$ 2,406	\$ 3,025	\$ 239,617

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Ec Dev	evolving conomic elopment Initiative		mployment surance		Second Injury		State Fair	5	Federal Surplus Property
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:										
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	188	\$	41,553	\$	8	\$	2,960	\$	2,602
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided						1				1,789
Receipts from Federal Agencies Receipts from Loan Payments		19,274								70
Payments to Suppliers and for Benefits and Claims		(220)		(26,533)		(1,950)		(2,199)		(3,535)
Payments for Employee Services		(189)		(20,000)		(25)		(855)		(507)
Payments for Interfund Services Used		(68)				( - /		(261)		(89)
Payments for Loans Originated		(13,846)						, ,		` ,
Other Receipts (Payments)				22						7
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating										
Activities		5,139		15,042		(1,966)		(355)		337
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital Contributions Purchases of Capital Assets								2,810 (36)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related								(00)		
Financing Activities		0		0		0		2,774		0
<b>.</b>	_									
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:										
Transfers In		2,503		939				270		
Transfers Out				(1,372)		(1)				
Received (Paid) on Interfund Borrowing										
Other Noncapital Financing Activities		(262)						25		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital		0.044		(400)		(4)		005		•
Financing Activities		2,241		(433)		(1)		295		0
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:										
Investment Income		706		2,457		18		16		7
Investment Expense		(79)		2,401		(2)		(2)		(1)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		627		2,457		16		14		6
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Fiscal Year		8,007		17,066		(1,951)		2,728		343
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		66,308		72,445		2,880		1,372		354
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	74,315	\$	89,511	\$	929	\$	4,100	\$	697
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	904	\$	15,009	\$	(1,881)	\$	(409)	\$	(124)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss):		•								
Depreciation/Amortization Expense		2						22		9
Decrease/(Increase) in Assets:		87		15				13		20
Accounts Receivable Interest, Dividends, and Penalties Receivable		99		15				13		20
Loans and Notes Receivable		4,091								
Due From Other Funds		,		41						106
Due From Component Units										1
Due From Other Governments				(4)						84
Inventory										221
Other Assets										
Restricted Net Pension Asset		(83)				(4)		(86)		(94)
Decrease/(Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		(101)				(5)		(106)		(114)
Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities: Accounts Payable		(3)				(85)		(15)		41
Accrued Liabilities		(3)				(00)		(23)		1
Compensated Absences Payable		(12)				1		(7)		6
Due To Other Funds		(1)		(19)		•		(3)		•
Due To Other Governments				( - /				(3)		
Unearned Revenue								98		
Policy Claim Liabilities										
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		159				8		164		180
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating	¢	E 400	¢	45.040	•	(4.000)	•	(OFF)	¢	20-
Activities	<b>D</b>	5,139	Þ	15,042	\$	(1,966)	Þ	(355)	Þ	337

Rural abilitation	Prison Iustries	In	Health surance isk Pool	ofessional Licensing		king and surance	(	Other		Total
\$ 151	\$ 694 2,273	\$	1,321	\$ 8,184 75	\$	4,456	\$	3,810 6	\$	65,927 4,144
1,378										70 20,652
(303)	(1,365)		(2,399)	(2,997)		(1,743)		(931)		(44,175)
(100) (16)	(668) (442)		(20)	(3,999) (683)		(1,941)		(1,713) (228)		(10,017) (1,869)
(2,612)	(442)		(10)	(003)		(72)		(220)		(16,458)
 	 			 11		_				40
 (1,502)	492		(1,108)	591		700		944		18,314
								(8)		2,810 (44)
0	0		0	0		0		(8)		2,766
					-			χ-7_		,
(2)	(806)		(2,420)	(79)		16 (74)		118		3,846 (4,754)
(2)	(800)		(2,420)	(19)		(74)				(2)
 135	 		498	 				79		475
 131	 (806)		(1,922)	 (79)		(58)		197		(435)
34	24		58	101		57		13		3,491
(4) 30	 (3) <b>21</b>		(7) 51	90		(6) <b>51</b>		(1) 12		(116) 3,375
 30				 90				12		3,373
(1,341)	(293)		(2,979)	602		693		1,145		24,020
 4,437	 2,367		6,355	 10,342		6,595		1,600		175,055
\$ 3,096	\$ 2,074	\$	3,376	\$ 10,944	\$	7,288	\$	2,745	<u>\$</u>	199,075
\$ (102)	\$ 346	\$	(266)	\$ 645	\$	514	\$	923	\$	15,559
2	87			9				25		156
	27		86	1						249
(18)										81
(1,377)	(42)									2,714 105
	(23)									(22)
								(7)		73
	86 (4)							(3) 16		304 12
(52)	(145)		(11)	(664)		(359)		(183)		(1,681)
(58)	(176)		(12)	(818)		(440)		(226)		(2,056)
(2)	42		1	4		251		8		242
1 6	1 1		(2) (1)	9 34		11 35		12 22		7 85
(1)	11		(1)	5 5		6		9		6
										(3)
	4		(773) (150)	103				(1)		(569) (150)
99	 277		21	 1,263		682		349		3,202
\$ (1,502)	\$ 492	\$	(1,108)	\$ 591	\$	700	\$	944	\$	18,314

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	In	Self- surance		ormation ervices	COI	Tele- mmuni- ations	;	ounting and ayroll		ildings and ounds	 entral Mail
Assets											
Current Assets:											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	58,399	\$	3,120	\$	1,837	\$	983	\$	774	\$ 590
Receivables:											
Interest and Dividends		133		6		4		2		1	2
Other Funds				2,078		1,018		1,052		1,373	378
Component Units				3		330		88			
Other Governments											_
Other		1,026		1		18		1			2
Inventory		000		8		116		704		40	148
Other Assets		300		1,134		727		724		13	 4 400
Total Current Assets		59,858		6,350		4,050		2,850		2,161	 1,120
Restricted Assets:		207		4 660		1 527		407		040	101
Net Pension Asset		207		4,669		1,537		407		842	101
Capital Assets:				18,641		3,309		12,238		1,313	673
Property, Plant, and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation				(14,984)		(2,775)		(10,757)		(1,221)	(366)
Construction in Progress				303		(2,113)		902		(1,221)	(300)
Total Capital Assets		0		3,960	-	534	-	2,383		92	 307
Total Assets		60,065		14,979	-	6,121		5,640		3,095	 1,528
Total Added		00,000		14,010		0,121		0,040		0,000	 1,020
Deferred Outflows of Resources											
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		188		4,186		1,371		371		753	89
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		188		4,186		1,371		371		753	 89
				-,,,,,,		-,					 
Liabilities											
Current Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		1,582		1,179		760		405		439	32
Payable to:											
Other Funds		59		138		219		94		42	7
Component Units											
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable				665							53
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		14,421		1,284		462		146		163	33
Unearned Revenue		11,022									 
Total Current Liabilities		27,084		3,266		1,441		645		644	125
Noncurrent Liabilities:											
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable				1,201							194
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences		35		1,140		410		129		145	29
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		54									 
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		89		2,341		410		129		145	 223
Total Liabilities		27,173		5,607		1,851		774		789	 348
Defermed by flavors of December											
Deferred Inflows of Resources		040		F 407		4 700		474		075	447
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		240		5,407		1,780		471		975	 117
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		240		5,407		1,780		471		975	 117
Net Position											
Net Investment in Capital Assets				2,094		534		2,383		92	60
Restricted for Pensions		156		3,447		1,128		307		619	73
Unrestricted		32,684		2,610		2,199		2,076		1,373	1,019
	_		-		•		•		•		
Total Net Position	<u> </u>	32,840	\$	8,151	<b></b>	3,861	Þ	4,766	Þ	2,084	\$ 1,152

Deve Teleco	Rural elopment ommunica- Network	Er Pod	blic itity ol for bility	and	Fleet I Travel agement	Per	rsonnel	orkers pensation		Other		Total
\$	511	\$	11,671	\$	2,430	\$	1,046	\$ 4,637	\$	3,349	\$	89,347
	1		25		4		3	13		8		202
	100		20		1,321		271	10		706		8,297
	102				244		3			73		843
										95		95
	1				7		7	6		89		1,158
							_			305		577
	13		14.000		14		5	 38		6		2,974
	728		11,696	-	4,020		1,335	 4,694		4,631		103,493
	112		80		177		931	53		1,726		10,842
	2,199		58		53,865		5			10,345		102,646
	(2,087)		(58)		(33,604)		(5)			(4,463)		(70,320)
										348		1,553
	112		0		20,261		0	0		6,230		33,879
	952		11,776		24,458		2,266	 4,747		12,587		148,214
	100		71 <b>71</b>		158 <b>158</b>		827	48 <b>48</b>		1,533		9,695
	100				136		827	40		1,533		9,695
	26		49		597		288	27		576		5,960
	28		9		505		56	12		183		1,352
			-		33		-					33
					2,940					74		3,732
	52		1,381		35		245	3,360		461		22,043
										11		11,033
	106		1,439		4,110		589	 3,399		1,305		44,153
					10,197					87		11,679
	46		2,505		31		218	22,625		410		27,723
			,		-			,				54
	46		2,505		10,228		218	22,625		497		39,456
	152		3,944		14,338		807	26,024		1,802		83,609
	130		93		205		1,079	62		1,999		12,558
	130		93		205		1,079	 62		1,999		12,558
	112				7,124					6,069		18,468
	83		58		130		679	39		1,260		7,979
	575		7,752		2,819		528	 (21,330)	_	2,990		35,295
\$	770	\$	7,810	\$	10,073	\$	1,207	\$ (21,291)	\$	10,319	\$	61,742

## STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Operating Revenue:	Self- Insurance	Information Services	Tele- communi- cations	Accounting and Payroll	Buildings and Grounds	Central Mail
Use of Money and Property	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales and Services	148,300	22,686	14,874	3,935	6,150	3,766
Other Revenue	2,709	218	69	29	44	4
Total Operating Revenue	151,009	22,904	14,943	3,964	6,194	3,770
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services and Benefits	757	15,598	4,983	1,457	3,039	350
Travel	21	103	117	11	4	
Contractual Services	25,787	4,445	8,868	2,015	2,140	174
Supplies and Materials	49	365	450	98	821	3,067
Grant and Other						
Interest		41				8
Depreciation/Amortization		1,402	263	309	14	73
Insurance Claims	113,712					
Total Operating Expenses	140,326	21,954	14,681	3,890	6,018	3,672
Operating Income (Loss)	10,683	950	262	74	176	98
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):						
Gain on Disposal of Assets		61				
Loss on Disposal of Assets			(9)			
Interest Income	564	22	11	8	5	12
Other Expense	(56)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	508	80	0	7	4	11
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	11,191	1,030	262	81	180	109
Capital Contributions and Transfers: Capital Contribution Transfers In		44		596		
Transfers Out				550		
Net Capital Contributions and Transfers	0	44	0	596	0	0
Change in Net Position	11,191	1,074	262	677	180	109
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated	21,649	7,077	3,599	4,089	1,904	1,043
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 32,840	\$ 8,151	\$ 3,861	\$ 4,766	\$ 2,084	\$ 1,152

Ru Develo Telecom tions N	pment munica-	Public Entity Pool for Liability	Fleet and Travel Management	Personnel	Workers Compensation	Other	Total
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 9	\$ 9
	748	3,302	14,823	4,305	3,636	10,446	236,971
	5	641	18	40	10	195	3,982
-	753	3,943	14,841	4,345	3,646	10,650	240,962
	386	221	641	3,231	197	5,683	36,543
	8	17	9	77	1	332	700
	278	689	2,787	807	237	1,764	49,991
	15	10	7,939	183	6	1,969	14,972
						1	1
			266			14	329
	78		3,821			481	6,441
					5,020	270	119,002
	765	937	15,463	4,298	5,461	10,514	227,979
	(12)	3,006	(622)	47	(1,815)	136	12,983
			610				671
			(61)	(1)		(38)	(109)
	4	93	15	10	44	29	817
		(11)	(2)	(1)	(5)	(3)	(86)
	4	82	562	8	39	(12)	1,293
	(8)	3,088	(60)	55	(1,776)	124	14,276
						7	51
				263		525	1,384
						(345)	(345)
	0	0	0	263	0	187	1,090
	(8)	3,088	(60)	318	(1,776)	311	15,366
	778	4,722	10,133	889	(19,515)	10,008	46,376
\$	770	\$ 7,810	\$ 10,073	\$ 1,207	\$ (21,291)	\$ 10,319	\$ 61,742

### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Self- Insurance		formation Services	со	Tele- mmuni- ations		ounting and ayroll		ildings and ounds		entral Mail
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 80,664	\$	412	\$	4,326	\$	387	\$	6	\$	162
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	71,083	φ	22,370	φ	10,425	φ	3,457	φ	6,126	φ	3,520
Payments to Suppliers and for Benefits and Claims	(138,776)		(3,881)		(8,777)		(1,154)		(2,204)		(3,084)
Payments for Employee Services	(776)		(16,071)		(5,143)		(1,518)		(3,151)		(362)
Payments for Interfund Services Used	(927)		(962)		(1,184)		(914)		(734)		(93)
Other Receipts (Payments)			21		4		12		8		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating											
Activities	11,268		1,889		(349)		270		51		143
On the Floring France Combination of Building & Floring in the											
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:											
Purchases of Capital Assets			(94)		(326)		(209)		(8)		
Construction in Progress			(301)		(320)		(428)		(0)		
Sales of Capital Assets			61				(120)				
Payments on Capital Lease Obligations			(960)								(59)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related											· /
Financing Activities	0		(1,294)		(326)		(637)		(8)		(59)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:  Transfers In  Transfers Out							596				
Net Cash Provided (Used) From Noncapital			_								
Financing Activities	0		0		0		596		0		0
On the Floring Front Investigate Authorities											
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Investment Income	502		23		14		9		5		10
Investment Expense	(56)		(3)		(2)		(1)		(1)		(1)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	446	<u> </u>	20		12		8		4		9
not oddi'r royddd (odda) by mydding Addyndd					<u> </u>						
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Fiscal Year	11,714		615		(663)		237		47		93
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	46,685		2,505		2,500		746		727		497
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 58,399	\$	3,120	\$	1,837	\$	983	\$	774	\$	590
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss): Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 10,683	\$	950 1,402	\$	262 263	\$	74 309	\$	176 14	\$	98 73
Interest Expense			36								8
Decrease/(Increase) in Assets:											
Accounts Receivable	(370)	)			(2)						
Due From Other Funds			94		(141)		(84)		(17)		(84)
Due From Component Units			1		20		(8)				
Due From Other Governments Inventory			4		(1)						96
Other Assets			15		(393)		23		(13)		30
Restricted Net Pension Asset	(126)		(2,842)		(936)		(247)		(512)		(61)
Decrease/(Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources:	(.20)		(2,0 .2)		(000)		(=)		(0.2)		(0.)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	(158)	)	(3,506)		(1,148)		(312)		(630)		(75)
Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities:											
Accounts Payable	11		44		(24)		1		23		(30)
Accrued Liabilities	5		79		34		14		24		1
Compensated Absences Payable	12		194		43		24		(3)		1
Due To Other Funds	17		11		(144)		5		11		(1)
Due To Component Units Due To Other Governments					20				2		
Unearned Revenue	1,110				38				3		
Policy Claim Liabilities	(156)										
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources:	(136)	•									
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	240		5,407		1,780		471		975		117
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 11,268	\$	1,889	\$	(349)	\$	270	\$	51	\$	143
	,200	- <u> </u>	-,000		,,,,,						
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:											
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets Capital Lease Obligations Entered Into	\$	\$	61 1,316	\$	(9)	\$		\$		\$	
Transfers In (Out) of Fixed Assets			44								

Telecom	ral opment munica- letwork	P	Public Entity Pool for Liability	and	Fleet I Travel agement	Pe	rsonnel		Workers mpensation		Other		Total
\$	381	\$	920	\$	2,735	\$	55	\$	758	\$	2,109	\$	92,915
•	362	Ψ	2,384	•	12,009	Ψ	4,174	*	2,912	Ψ	8,410	*	147,232
	(180)		(1,271)		(9,509)		(599)		(3,611)		(2,874)		(175,920)
	(387)		(248)		(662)		(3,392)		(200)		(5,891)		(37,801)
	(140)		(345) 15		(1,541) 15		(439) 1		(36)		(1,412) 132		(8,727) 208
	36		1,455		3,047		(200)	-	(177)		474		17,907
					(2,075)						(579)		(3,291) (729)
					1,180 (2,470)						(94)		1,241 (3,583)
	0		0		(3,365)		0		0		(673)		(6,362)
							263				525 (345)		1,384 (345)
	0		0		0		263	-	0_		180		1,039
	4		94		16		10		47		31		765
	•		(11)		(2)		(1)		(5)		(3)		(86)
	4		83		14		9		42		28		679
	40		1,538		(304)		72		(135)		9		13,263
	471		10,133		2,734		974		4,772		3,340		76,084
\$	511	\$	11,671	\$	2,430	\$	1,046	\$	4,637	\$	3,349	\$	89,347
\$	(12) 78	\$	3,006	\$	(622) 3,821 247	\$	47	\$	(1,815)	\$	136 481 14	\$	12,983 6,441 305
	1		3		2		(3)		22		(5)		(352)
	(6) 1				(86) 10		(81)				40 (10)		(365) 12
					10		(=)				47		47
											(3)		96
	(68)		10 (49)		(14) (108)		(5) (567)		(32)		63 (1,050)		(314) (6,598)
	(84)		(59)		(133)		(691)		(40)		(1,282)		(8,118)
	(2)		25		(60)		40		217		22		267
	2 12		(2) (13)		2 5		(6) (15)		3 3		13 44		169 307
	(14)		(13)		(202)		(13)		7		(31)		(337)
	()				(20)		•		•		(5)		(25)
											1		42
	(2)		(1,559)						1,396				1,108 (319)
_	130	_	93	_	205	_	1,079		62	_	1,999	_	12,558
\$	36	\$	1,455	\$	3,047	\$	(200)	\$	(177)	\$	474	\$	17,907
\$		\$		\$	549	\$		\$		\$	(37) 29	\$	564
					4,261						7		5,606 51

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Common School		Chile	d's Own	Corrections		 Other	Total
Assets								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- \$	46,651	\$	248	\$	1,382	\$ 995	\$ 49,276
Receivables:								
Due From Other Funds						110		110
Investment Income		545					2	547
Other		45		17				62
Total Receivables		590		17		110	2	719
Investments, at Fair Value:								
Pooled Investment Funds		169,717						169,717
Total Investments		169,717		0		0	0	169,717
Properties, at cost		14,009					2	14,011
Other Assets							10	10
Total Assets		230,967		265		1,492	1,009	233,733
Liabilities								
Payables:								
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		72		140			10	222
Due To Other Funds						190	24	214
Total Liabilities		72		140		190	34	436
Net Position - Restricted for Others	\$	230,895	\$	125	\$	1,302	\$ 975	\$ 233,297

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Common					
	School	Child's Own	nild's Own Corrections Other		Total	
Additions	_					
Contributions:						
From Clients and Inmates	\$	\$	\$ 7,415	\$ 1,608	\$ 9,023	
Other	7,103				7,103	
Total Contributions	7,103	0	7,415	1,608	16,126	
Investment Income:						
From Investing Activities						
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair						
Value of Investments	4,166				4,166	
Pooled Interest and Dividends	4,100	1			4,101	
Real Estate	488				488	
Net Investment Income (Loss)	8,754	1	0	0	8,755	
From Security Lending Activities						
Securities Lending Income	12				12	
Escheated Property				1	1	
Miscellaneous Income		616		19	635	
Total Additions	15,869	617	7,415	1,628	25,529	
Deductions						
Distribution to School Districts	9,969				9,969	
Payments Made for Trust Purposes		570	8,099	1,546	10,215	
Administrative Expenses			,	4	4	
Total Deductions	9,969	570	8,099	1,550	20,188	
Change in Net Position	5,900	47	(684)	78	5,341	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	224,995	78	1,986	897	227,956	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 230,895	\$ 125	\$ 1,302	\$ 975	\$ 233,297	



# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

	of	partment Revenue Tax Ilections	Se	Social ervices Child upport	A P	State uditor ayroll nholding	С	State lerk of Courts	(	Other	Total
Assets	_										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,129	\$	2,118	\$	7,595	\$	6,866	\$	1,673	\$ 38,381
Receivables:											
Taxes Receivable, net		42,507									42,507
Due From Other Governments		12									12
Interest and Dividends Receivable		5								1	6
Other		534								40	574
Total Receivables		43,058		0		0		0		41	43,099
Total Assets	\$	63,187	\$	2,118	\$	7,595	\$	6,866	\$	1,714	\$ 81,480
Liabilities											
Payables:	_										
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	1,335	\$	2,118	\$	33	\$	6,866	\$	798	\$ 11,150
Due To Other Governments		61,852				7,562				916	70,330
Total Liabilities	\$	63,187	\$	2,118	\$	7,595	\$	6,866	\$	1,714	\$ 81,480

## STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Balance July 1, 2014 Add		Additions Deductions			Balance June 30, 2015		
Department of Revenue - Tax Collections								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,320	\$	374,705	\$	371,896	\$	20,129
Accounts Receivable		811		534		811		534
Taxes Receivable, net Interest and Dividends Receivable		40,169 30		42,507 5		40,169 30		42,507 5
Due From Other Governments		799		11		798		12
Total Assets	\$	59,129	\$	417,762	\$	413,704	\$	63,187
Liabilities:					_		_	
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	1,443	\$	236	\$	344	\$	1,335
Refunds - Contractors Excise Tax  Due To Other Governments		78 57.608		417,526		78 413,282		0 61,852
Total Liabilities	\$	<b>59,129</b>	\$	417,762	\$	413,704	\$	63,187
Social Services - Child Support								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,477	\$	114,518	\$	113,877	\$	2,118
Total Assets	\$	1,477	\$	114,518	\$	113,877	\$ <b>\$</b>	2,118
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	1,477	\$	114,518	\$	113,877	\$	2,118
Total Liabilities	\$	1,477	\$	114,518	\$	113,877	\$	2,118
State Auditor - Payroll Withholding								
Assets:	•	7.070	•	000 007	•	000 070	•	7.505
Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	7,278 <b>7,278</b>	\$ <b>\$</b>	229,687 <b>229,687</b>	<u>\$</u>	229,370 <b>229.370</b>	<u>\$</u>	7,595 <b>7,595</b>
Total Assets	<u> </u>	1,210	<u> </u>	229,001	<u> </u>	229,370	<u> </u>	7,595
Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	29	\$	2,329	\$	2,325	\$	33
Due To Other Governments	Ψ	7,249	Ψ	227,358	Ψ	227,045	Ψ	7,562
Total Liabilities	\$	7,278	\$	229,687	\$	229,370	\$	7,595
State Clerk of Courts								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,273	\$	15,665	\$	16,072	\$	6,866
Total Assets	\$	7,273	\$	15,665	\$	16,072	\$	6,866
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	7,273	\$	15,665	\$	16,072	\$	6,866
Total Liabilities	\$	7,273	\$	15,665	\$	16,072	\$	6,866

Continued on next page

## STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions		Deductions		_	Balance e 30, 2015
Other Agency Funds								_
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,794	\$	57,545	\$	57,666	\$	1,673
Accounts Receivable		34		40		34		40
Interest and Dividends Receivable		1		1		1		1
Total Assets	\$	1,829	\$	57,586	\$	57,701	\$	1,714
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	1,047	\$	56,054	\$	56,303	\$	798
Due To Other Governments		782		1,532		1,398		916
Total Liabilities	\$	1,829	\$	57,586	\$	57,701	\$	1,714
Total All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	35,142	\$	792,120	\$	788,881	\$	38,381
Accounts Receivable		845		574		845		574
Taxes Receivable, net		40,169		42,507		40,169		42,507
Interest and Dividends Receivable		31		6		31		6
Due From Other Governments		799		11_		798		12
Total Assets	\$	76,986	\$	835,218	\$	830,724	\$	81,480
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	\$	11,269	\$	188,802	\$	188,921	\$	11,150
Refunds - Contractors Excise Tax		78				78		0
Due To Other Governments		65,639		646,416		641,725		70,330
Total Liabilities	\$	76,986	\$	835,218	\$	830,724	\$	81,480

(Expressed in Thousands)

(Expressed in Thousands)					
	Housing	Science and Technology	Higher		
Acceto	Authority	Authority	Education	Nonmajor	Total
Assets Current Assets:	_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 144,638	\$ 21,320	\$ 207,961	\$ 6,248	\$ 380,167
Interest and Dividends	6,119	67	1,311	83	7,580
Primary Government	2,500	300	1,615		4,415
Other Governments	42.045		14,724	1 1 1 7	14,724
Loans and Notes, net Other, net	42,945 442	3,128	5,944 24.011	1,147 312	50,036 27.893
Investments	33,938	3,120	35,484	720	70,142
Restricted Assets:			, .		- ,
Investments				2,320	2,320
Inventory	3,185	2,986	9,253		15,424
Other Assets	43	383	3,281	10	3,717
Total Current Assets Investments	<b>233,810</b> 567,176	28,184	<b>303,584</b> 406,681	10,840 1,062	<b>576,418</b> 974,919
Due From Primary Government	2,500		400,001	1,062	2,500
Assets Held for Resale	2,000			4,978	4,978
Restricted Assets:				1,070	.,0.0
Cash and Cash Equivalents			85,284	1	85,285
Investments			75,548	3,521	79,069
Net Pension Asset	1,108	3,810	111,795		116,713
Other			13,189		13,189
Capital Assets:	220	18,900	27.044	568	E7 600
Land and Other Non-depreciable Assets Property, Plant, and Equipment	9,951	18,900 54,011	37,941 1,451,069	23.797	57,629 1,538,828
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,227)	(9,595)	(584,749)	(773)	(599,344)
Construction in Progress	(4,221)	24,337	86,629	(110)	110,966
Total Capital Assets	5,944	87,653	990,890	23,592	1,108,079
Other Noncurrent Assets, net	794,237		72,520	15,844	882,601
Total Assets	1,604,775	119,647	2,059,491	59,838	3,843,751
Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	<u> </u>	2 267	00.104		102 FEG
Deferred Swap Outflow	995 11,984	3,367	99,194		103,556 11,984
Deferred Outflow on Debt Refunding	725		5,240		5,965
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,704	3,367	104,434	0	121,505
Liabilities	_				
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities	783	3,542	56,173	308	60,806
Payable to Primary Government	71	3,342	1,019	8	1,098
Escrow Payable	10,633		1,010		10,633
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable	33,520		26,360	767	60,647
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences	149	520	12,765		13,434
Accrued Interest Payable	5,477		4,087	354	9,918
Unearned Revenue			8,149	2,390	10,539
Advances from Primary Government Other Current Liabilities			22.064	903	903
Total Current Liabilities	50,633	4,062	23,061 131,614	4,730	23,061 <b>191,039</b>
Noncurrent Liabilities:	30,033	4,002	131,014	4,730	131,033
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable	1,051,562		492,164	17,984	1,561,710
Claims, Judgments, and Compensated Absences	538	687	26,688	·	27,913
Federal Capital Contribution Refundable Advance			38,606		38,606
Advances from Primary Government				22,786	22,786
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	12,935		15,444	845	29,224
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,065,035 1,115,668	687 4,749	572,902 704,516	41,615 46,345	1,680,239 1,871,278
Total Liabilities	1,113,000	4,745	704,316	40,343	1,071,270
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	1,283	4,412	129,478		135,173
Deferred Inflow on Gain on Debt Refinancing			18		18
Deferred Forward Contract Inflow	43				43
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,326	4,412	129,496	0	135,234
Net Position		07 121	E41 100	1.004	620.063
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	(441)	87,131	541,189	1,084	628,963
Debt Service	416,629		4,829	5,000	426,458
HOME and NSP Program	70,431		1,020	3,000	70,431
Higher Education - Expendable			214,422		214,422
Higher Education - Nonexpendable			371,854		371,854
Interim Lab		4,397	•		4,397
Mine Closure		1,379			1,379
Sanford Center for Science Education		3,830			3,830
Indemnification	040	10,000	01.510		10,000
Pensions Other	819 14 047	2,764	81,512		85,095
Unrestricted	14,047	4,352	116,107	7,409	14,047 127,868
Total Net Position	\$ 501,485	\$ 113,853	\$ 1,329,913	\$ 13,493	\$ 1,958,744
i otal ivet r Oshiloli	Ψ 301,403	Ψ 113,033	Ψ 1,323,313	Ψ 13,433	ψ 1,330,144

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

		- A -41: -14!		
	Business-typ	e Activities		
Housing		Higher		
		•	Nonmaior	Total
\$	\$	\$ 241,237	\$	\$ 241,237
60,007			1,131	61,138
	207	113,871	2,291	116,369
27,906	19,374	128,611	500	176,391
5,251	256	74,520	40	80,067
93,164	19,837	558,239	3,962	675,202
3,408	8,716	391,566		403,690
363	165	18,333	13	18,874
8,712	8,972	111,760	1,172	130,616
1,991	1,289	58,537	172	61,989
24,798		36,684	2,858	64,340
		5,091	6	5,097
36,522		38	1,091	37,651
755			(150)	605
440	1.857	46.260		49,327
76,989	20,999	668,269	5,932	772,189
16,175	(1,162)	(110,030)	(1,970)	(96,987)
			7	7
		(712)		(712)
	216	12,538	60	12,814
		(21,988)	(718)	(22,706)
	(46)	(20,179)	(8)	(20,233)
		192,950		192,950
		5,971		5,971
		4,985	82	5,067
0	170	173,565	(577)	173,158
16,175	(992)	63,535	(2,547)	76,171
	7,194	5,812	1,333	14,339
		15,680		15,680
16,175	6,202	85,027	(1,214)	106,190
485,310	107,651	1,244,886	14,707	1,852,554
	60,007  27,906 5,251 93,164  3,408 363 8,712 1,991 24,798  36,522 755 440 76,989  16,175	Authority         Authority           \$         60,007           27,906         19,374           5,251         256           93,164         19,837           3,408         8,716           363         165           8,712         8,972           1,991         1,289           24,798         36,522           755         440         1,857           76,989         20,999           16,175         (1,162)           216         (46)           0         170           16,175         (992)           7,194	Housing Authority	Housing Authority

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS HIGHER EDUCATION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

Ocal Floor from Ocasila Addition	Higher Education
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Tuition and Fees	\$ 240,626
Auxiliaries	65,194
Sales & Services - General	48,162
Federal Contracts & Grants	98,192
State Contracts & Grants	7,160
Private Contracts & Grants	20,251
Other Revenue and Additions	80
Loans Issued to Students	(7,056)
Loans Collected from Students	5,895
Student Loan Interest	605
Payments for Personal Services Expenditures	(398,510)
Payments for Travel Expenditures	(16,857)
Payments for Contractual Expenditures	(101,099)
Payments for Supply Expenditures and Non-Capitalized Equipment	(56,742)
Payments for Grant and Subsidy Expenditures	(36,406)
Payments for Other Expenditures	(210)
Foundation Activity	(11,214)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(141,929)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
General Fund Appropriations	193,004
School & Public Lands	1,743
Federal Fund Appropriations	10,034
Endo/Ecto Tax	779
Federal Loan Disbursements	(170,531)
Federal Loan Receipts	170,531
Private Loan Propiets	(5,319) 5,319
Private Loan Receipts Federal Capital Contribution - Student Loan	414
Other Revenues & Additions	22,299
Payments for Other Expenditures	(317)
Foundation Activity	49,241
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	277,197
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Capital Grants & Contracts	5,180
South Dakota Building Authority Funding	13,728
Proceeds from Capital Debt (Leases)	89,498
Revenue Bond Discounts and Related Costs	(6,129)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(89,347)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(22,123)
Purchase of Capital Assets Foundation Activity	(127,456) 7,944
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(128,705)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Investment Income	2,320
Sale of Investment	1
Foundation Activity	(4,003)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(1,682)
<del>-</del>	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents during the	
Fiscal Year	4,881
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	288,364
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 293,245

Continued on next page

# STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS HIGHER EDUCATION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

and the time of Occasional Institute (Institute No. 1) to No. Occasional (Institute No. 1)		Higher Education
Reconcilation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used)		
by Operating Activities	•	(440,000)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(110,030)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss):		40.050
Depreciation Expense		46,259
Bad Debt Expense		359
Loan Cancellation Expense		697
Donated Amounts		(04.400)
Pension Adjustment		(21,480)
Foundation Activity		(63,294)
Decrease/(Increase) in Assets:		(050)
Accounts Receivable Students		(852)
Accounts Receivable - Dept		(317)
Interest Receivable		(47)
Notes Receivable  Due From Federal Sources		(1,399)
		(1,830)
Due From Primary Govt		624
Due from Component Unit Prepaid Expense and Deferred Charges		8,471 196
Inventory		(518)
Other Assets		45
Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities:		45
Accounts Payable		(993)
Accrued Wages & Benefits		1,707
Due to Federal Sources		(59)
Due to Primary Government		(189)
Due To Component Unit		(41)
Student Deposits		(94)
Compensated Absences		1,263
Deferred Revenue		(600)
Agency Funds Held for Others		25
Other Non-Current Liabilities		124
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(141,929)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:		
Transfers In (Out) of Fixed Assets	\$	594

### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2015

(Expressed in Thousands)

		Business-type Activities						
				e Added		Ellsworth		
	Fi	nance	Finance		Dev	elopment		
	Au	ıthority	Authority		Authority			Total
Assets								
Current Assets:	<u>-</u>							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,938	\$	1,519	\$	2,791	\$	6,248
Receivables:								
Interest and Dividends		83						83
Loans and Notes, net		1,071		76				1,147
Other, net		2				310		312
Investments		720						720
Restricted:								
Investments		2,320						2,320
Other Assets						10		10
Total Current Assets	<u></u>	6,134		1,595		3,111		10,840
Investments		1,062						1,062
Assets Held for Resale						4,978		4,978
Restricted Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1						1
Investments		3,521						3,521
Capital Assets:								
Land and Other Non-depreciable Assets						568		568
Property, Plant, and Equipment						23,797		23,797
Accumulated Depreciation						(773)		(773)
Total Capital Assets		0		0		23,592		23,592
Other Noncurrent Assets, net	-	14,939		570	-	335		15,844
Total Assets		25,657		2,165		32,016		59,838
					-			
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities		45				263		308
Payable to Primary Government				8				8
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable		685		82				767
Accrued Interest Payable		202		8		144		354
Unearned Revenue						2,390		2,390
Advances from Primary Government						903		903
Total Current Liabilities		932		98		3,700		4,730
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Bonds, Notes, and Leases Payable		14,966		1,397		1,621		17,984
Advances from Primary Government						22,786		22,786
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		845						845
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		15,811		1,397		24,407		41,615
Total Liabilities		16,743		1,495		28,107		46,345
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets						1,084		1,084
Restricted for:						.,001		1,00 1
Debt Service		5,000						5,000
Unrestricted		3,914		670		2,825		7,409
Total Net Position	\$	8,914	\$	670	\$	3,909	\$	13,493
TOTAL NET LOSITION	Ψ	0,314	Ψ	070	φ	3,303	φ	13,433

#### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Finance Authority		Value Added Finance Authority		S.D. Ellsworth Development Authority		<del>-</del>	Total
Operating Revenue:								
Use of Money and Property	\$	1,114	\$	17	\$		\$	1,131
Sales and Services						2,291		2,291
Administering Programs						500		500
Other Revenue				5		35		40
Total Operating Revenue		1,114		22		2,826		3,962
Operating Expenses:								
Travel						13		13
Contractual Services		75				1,097		1,172
Supplies and Materials						172		172
Grant and Subsidies						2,858		2,858
Other		6						6
Interest		1,091						1,091
Provisions for Loan Loss (Recovery)		(150)						(150)
Depreciation/Amortization						770		770
Total Operating Expenses		1,022		0		4,910		5,932
Operating Income (Loss)		92		22		(2,084)		(1,970)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):								
Gain on Disposal of Assets						7		7
Interest Income		58		2				60
Interest Expense				(14)		(704)		(718)
Other Expense				(8)				(8)
Grant and Other Income				82				82
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)		58		62		(697)		(577)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Grants		150		84		(2,781)		(2,547)
Capital Grants						1,333		1,333
Change in Net Position		150		84		(1,448)		(1,214)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		8,764		586		5,357		14,707
Net Position at End of Year	\$	8,914	\$	670	\$	3,909	\$	13,493





### STATISTICAL SECTION



### STATISTICAL SECTION

### State of South Dakota Net Position by Component

**Total Primary Government Net Position** 

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(Accrual Basis of Accounting, Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

					F	iscal Year				
	_	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,713,057	\$	3,673,267	\$	3,548,433	\$	3,480,152	\$	3,300,829
Restricted	¥	1,537,781	Ψ	1,383,140	Ψ	1,241,520	Ψ	1,114,366	Ψ	1,144,456
Unrestricted		264,916		246,555		202,835		158,316		95,317
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	5,515,754	\$	5,302,962	\$	4,992,788	\$	4,752,834	\$	4,540,602
Business-type Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	2,810	\$	3,650	\$	4,379	\$	3,893	\$	4,360
Restricted	Ψ	6,155	Ψ	912	Ψ	916	Ψ	891	Ψ	1,931
Unrestricted		624,416		588,495		545,751		520,208		498,567
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$	633,381	\$	593,057	\$	551,046	\$	524,992	\$	504,858
Primary Government:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,715,867	\$	3,676,917	\$	3,552,812	\$	3,305,189	\$	3,305,189
Restricted	Ψ	1,543,936	Ψ	1,384,052	Ψ	1,242,436	Ψ	1,146,387	Ψ	1,146,387
Unrestricted		889,332		835,050		748,586		593,884		593,884
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	6,149,135	\$	5,896,019	\$	5,543,834	\$	5,045,460	\$	5,045,460
					-	iscal Year				
		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
Governmental Activities:	•	0.044.070	•	0.404.404	•	0.050.407	•	0.047.000	•	0.000.470
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,211,673	\$	3,101,101	\$	3,053,427	\$	2,947,980	\$	2,829,173
Restricted Unrestricted		1,004,704		897,491		1,032,035		1,091,917		1,012,357
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	79,854 <b>4,296,231</b>	\$	67,523 <b>4,066,115</b>	\$	67,587 <b>4,153,049</b>	•	70,308	\$	85,670 <b>3,927,200</b>
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	<u> </u>	4,290,231	<u> </u>	4,000,115	<u> </u>	4,153,049	\$	4,110,205	<u> </u>	3,927,200
Business-type Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets										
	\$	4,863	\$	2,299	\$	2,565	\$	2,829	\$	3,184
Restricted	\$	4,863 2,138	\$	2,299 302,713	\$	2,565 284,272	\$	2,829 284,322	\$	3,184 262,293
•	\$	,	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Restricted	\$ <u>\$</u>	2,138	\$ <b>\$</b>	302,713	\$	284,272	\$	284,322	\$	262,293
Restricted Unrestricted		2,138 445,444		302,713 102,607		284,272 122,595		284,322 94,300		262,293 89,879
Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-type Activities Net Position		2,138 445,444		302,713 102,607		284,272 122,595		284,322 94,300		262,293 89,879
Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-type Activities Net Position Primary Government:	\$	2,138 445,444 <b>452,445</b>	\$	302,713 102,607 <b>407,619</b>	\$	284,272 122,595 <b>409,432</b>	\$	284,322 94,300 <b>381,451</b>	\$	262,293 89,879 <b>355,356</b>
Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-type Activities Net Position  Primary Government: Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	2,138 445,444 <b>452,445</b> 3,216,536	\$	302,713 102,607 <b>407,619</b> 3,103,400	\$	284,272 122,595 <b>409,432</b> 3,055,992	\$	284,322 94,300 <b>381,451</b> 2,950,809	\$	262,293 89,879 <b>355,356</b> 2,832,357

\$ 4,473,734 \$ 4,562,481

\$ 4,491,656

Source: South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (FY 2006-2015). Previous years' amounts are not restated.

### State of South Dakota Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting, Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

(Accrual Basis of Accounting, Dollars Expressed in Th	nousands)				Fiece	al Year				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Expenses	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>	· · · · · ·		· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 185,273	\$ 180,221	\$ 169,843	\$ 164,005	\$ 157,405	\$ 146,193	\$ 170,900	\$ 175,272	\$ 194,266	\$ 175,826
Education - Elementary, Secondary,	240.274	200 000	204 477	044 440	240.052	040.040	105 504	200 200	100 500	104 400
and Vocational Schools	210,271	206,939	201,177	211,413	218,959	212,919	195,534	200,226	186,599	191,460
Education - State Support to Higher Education	192,950	219,341	176,294	171,701	185,757	182,681	196,007	170,348	160,725	149,040
Health, Human, and Social Services	1,406,586		1,367,355	1,354,764	1,354,829	1,337,922	1,200,436	1,127,618	1,043,771	1,012,533
Law, Justice, Public Protection,	1,400,000	1,000,040	1,007,000	1,004,704	1,004,020	1,007,022	1,200,400	1,127,010	1,040,771	1,012,000
and Regulation	279,097	321,186	277,223	286,127	286,824	241,217	243,805	233,676	232,526	212,600
Agriculture and Natural Resources	140,921	152,666	144,245	130,279	151,116	130,943	118,686	114,783	123,135	109,904
Economic Resources	74,004	40,121	43,300	40,865	51,157	52,966	45,006	47,226	39,371	58,235
Transportation	507,300	473,323	537,497	482,400	508,548	457,081	408,482	316,113	362,680	316,125
Intergovernmental - Payments to										
School Districts	404,909	393,606	394,857	375,008	412,310	405,947	400,162	376,843	346,582	338,008
Intergovernmental - Revenue	100 F1.1	404 F04	144 544	400 000	100 102	100 105	00.004	402 622	101 000	00.474
Sharing Unallocated Interest Expense	169,514 6,712		141,514 14,537	122,320 17,393	100,493 18,711	103,425 19,820	99,064 21,514	103,633 22,805	101,669 23,191	99,171 23,998
Unallocated Depreciation	53		53	53	58	58	58	58	58	58
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	3,577,590		3,467,895	3,356,328	3,446,167	3,291,172	3,099,654	2,888,601	2,814,573	2,686,958
Business-type Activities:										
Lottery	41,053	42,806	44,114	39,877	36,775	35,411	32,767	33,419	31,404	32,409
Clean Water State Revolving	9,673		10,898	16,406	11,109	4,455	4,777	4,486	3,996	3,286
Drinking Water State Revolving	8,651	9,352	10,337	10,936	11,964	5,066	3,253	2,855	2,720	2,574
Other	56,081	66,042	81,648	92,096	100,406	125,993	89,451	54,688	56,247	60,613
Total business-type Activities Expenses	115,458	128,079	146,997	159,315	160,254	170,925	130,248	95,448	94,367	98,882
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 3,693,048	\$ 3,666,945	\$ 3,614,892	\$ 3,515,643	\$ 3,606,421	\$ 3,462,097	\$ 3,229,902	\$ 2,984,049	\$ 2,908,940	\$ 2,785,840
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 244,728	\$ 227,851	\$ 212,529	\$ 194,439	\$ 170,598	\$ 166,457	\$ 158,248	\$ 147,597	\$ 142,225	\$ 137,188
Education - Elementary, Secondary,										
and Vocational Schools	8,489		7,888	6,147	5,843	6,204	2,489	3,451	4,137	4,055
Health, Human, and Social Services	39,058	36,597	38,098	33,030	36,256	36,758	25,865	25,858	25,506	30,665
Law, Justice, Public Protection,		=0.040				== 0.10				
and Regulation	85,252		80,750 72,972	66,235 69,331	60,555	57,213	50,888 61,572	50,335 65,783	49,435 54,403	44,624 52,962
Agriculture and Natural Resources Economic Resources	76,994 1,611	77,514 3,789	3,064	3,268	67,815 1,332	64,940 1,796	2,379	2,011	1,788	2,183
Transportation	9,007	6,979	6,682	7,514	7,776	6,301	6,052	6,815	6,007	13,718
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,493,542		1,588,413	1,670,046	1,838,312	1,768,957	1,447,753	1,246,925	1,258,548	1,205,317
Capital Grants and Contributions	21,946		1,046	1,608	3,945	2,275	2,519	25,395	1,000	6,570
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	1,980,627		2,011,442	2,051,618	2,192,432	2,110,901	1,757,765	1,574,170	1,543,049	1,497,282
Business-type Activities:				-						
Charges for Services:										
Lottery	152,362	148,323	151,414	143,078	144,460	154,669	152,590	156,241	152,697	151,647
Clean Water State Revolving	6,856		5,277	5,677	6,014	5,781	4,954	4,826	4,479	3,659
Drinking Water State Revolving	4,197	4,327	4,321	4,922	4,807	3,997	3,696	3,582	3,460	2,773
Other	71,243	81,681	85,946	94,455	112,210	119,048	60,925	59,152	54,166	57,684
Operating Grants and Contributions	30,005		30,519	30,910	52,926	50,927	26,272	21,879	26,262	30,098
Capital Grants and Contributions  Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	2,810 <b>267,473</b>		277,477	279,042	320,417	334,422	248,437	245,680	241,064	245,861
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 2,248,100		\$ 2,288,919	\$ 2,330,660	\$ 2,512,849	\$ 2,445,323	\$ 2,006,202	\$ 1,819,850	\$ 1,784,113	\$ 1,743,143
Total Filliary Government Frogram Revenues	\$ 2,240,100	\$ 2,234,300	Ψ 2,200,313	\$ 2,330,000	φ 2,312,043	φ 2,443,323	\$ 2,000,202	\$ 1,013,030	ψ 1,704,113	φ 1,743,143
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (1,596,963)		\$ (1,456,453)				\$ (1,341,889)	\$ (1,314,431)		\$ (1,189,676)
Business-type Activities	152,015	146,265	130,480	119,727	160,163	163,497	118,189	150,232	146,697	146,979
Total Primary Government	£ (4.111.015)	£ (4.074.071)	£ (4 00F 0=0)	£ (4.404.000°	£ (4 000 F=0)	£ (4.640.77.°	£ (4 000 700)	£ (4.404.455)	£ (4.404.00=°	£ (4.040.00=)
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (1,444,948)	\$ (1,371,979)	\$ (1,325,973)	\$ (1,184,983)	\$ (1,093,572)	\$ (1,016,774)	\$ (1,223,700)	\$ (1,164,199)	\$ (1,124,827)	\$ (1,042,697)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Posit	ion									
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Sales Taxes	\$ 871,402	\$ 858,001	\$ 802,700	\$ 779,002	\$ 741,455	\$ 663,146	\$ 675,652	\$ 668,123	\$ 625,133	\$ 597,230
Motor Fuel Taxes	151,901	136,395	139,048	130,864	130,542	127,807	124,442	125,005	146,851	145,415
Contractors Excise Taxes	101,678		94,967	90,636	66,518	85,973	71,533	79,137	81,069	76,979
Bank Card and Franchise Taxes	20,669		49,493	32,941	16,954	16,674	55,260	62,036	76,497	65,187
Other Taxes	331,649		299,726	297,750	266,415	273,535	261,176	264,944	211,452	183,236
Investment Earnings	47,130		130,881	29,925	143,106	101,246	(91,586)	(18,946)		60,956
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	1,198		2,127	3,915	819	526	919	1,135	1,305	42,344
Miscellaneous	81,275		76,047	51,652	41,519	36,625	52,288	41,805	39,667	35,493
Special Items Transfers	113,558	17,619 102,937	104,426	100,257	107,750	118,671	120,002	122,251	120,065	117,703
Total Governmental Activities	1,720,460		1,699,415	1,516,942	1,515,078	1,424,203	1,269,686	1,345,490	1,439,607	1,324,543
Business-type Activities:	1,720,400	1,022,100	1,088,415	1,310,942	1,313,078	1,424,203	1,209,000	1,345,490	1,439,007	1,324,343
Transfers	(113,558)	(102,937)	(104,426)	(100,257)	(107,750)	(118,671)	(120,002)	(122,251)	(120,065)	(117,703)
Total Business-type Activities	(113,558)		(104,426)		(107,750)		(120,002)	(122,251)		(117,703)
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,606,902			\$ 1,416,685	\$ 1,407,328	\$ 1,305,532	\$ 1,149,684	\$ 1,223,239	\$ 1,319,542	\$ 1,206,840
,	,000,002	+ .,,	.,,501,030	+ .,,	,,	Ţ :,300,03E	, .,. 10,004	, .,,	, .,J.O,O.Z	, .,200,040
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 123,497	\$ 304,511	\$ 242,962	\$ 212,232	\$ 261,343	\$ 243,932	\$ (72,203)	\$ 31,059	\$ 168,083	\$ 134,867
Business-type Activities	38,457	43,328	26,054	19,470	52,413	44,826	(1,813)	27,981	26,632	29,276
Total Primary Government	\$ 161,954		\$ 269,016		\$ 313,756	\$ 288,758	\$ (74,016)			\$ 164,143

Source: South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (FY 2006-2015). Previous years' amounts are not restated.

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

Ceneral Fund (Per GASB 54):   Non-Spendable   Sagara						Fisc	al Year				
Non-Spendable		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Non-Spendable	General Fund (Per GASB 54):										
Restricted		\$ 3.911	\$ 3.629	\$ 3,419	\$ 2.916	\$ 3.148					
Assigned 120,180 149,021 126,872 140,706 148,137 Uhassigned 183,570 159,403 180,444 147,445 136,018      Color Governmental Funds (Per GASB 54):		10,479			, , , ,						
Unassigned   183,570   159,403   186,444   147,445   136,018	Committed										
Cother Governmental Funds (Per GASB 54):   Non-Spendable   \$501,093   \$493,227   \$717,108   \$706,054   \$683,786   Restricted   \$949,713   \$918,910   \$551,014   \$460,450   \$493,638   \$Committed   \$511,119   \$46,766   \$43,993   \$38,930   \$36,844   \$Assigned   \$27,633   \$34,339   \$49,758   \$43,815   \$34,684   \$Unassigned   \$(3,624)   \$(5,040)   \$(1,462)   \$(2,931)   \$(18,959)   \$1040 (ther Governmental Funds   \$1,525,934   \$1,488,202   \$1,360,411   \$1,246,318   \$1,230,093   \$131,363   \$131,363   \$131,363   \$132,883   \$142,809   \$142,505   \$1040 (ther Governmental Funds   \$1,525,934   \$1,488,202   \$1,360,411   \$1,246,318   \$1,230,093   \$155,066   \$152,578   \$170,022   \$175,390   \$165,498   \$1040 (ther Governmental Funds (Prior to GASB 54):	Assigned	120,180	149,021	126,872	140,706	148,137	_				
Other Governmental Funds (Per GASB 54):   Non-Spendable	Unassigned	183,570	159,403	186,444	147,445	136,018					
Non-Spendable	Total General Fund	\$ 318,140	\$ 320,317	\$ 317,753	\$ 291,067	\$ 287,303	= =				
Non-Spendable	Other Governmental Funds (Bor GASB)	E4).									
Restricted   949,713   918,910   551,014   460,450   493,638   Committed   51,119   46,766   43,993   38,930   36,844   Assigned   27,633   34,339   49,758   43,815   34,684   Unassigned   (3,624)   (5,040)   (1,462)   (2,931)   (18,859)   (18,859)   (18,859)   (10,462)   (1,462)   (1,462)   (1,462)   (1,462)   (1,463)   (			¢ 403 227	\$ 717 108	\$ 706.054	\$ 683.786					
Committed   51,119   46,766   43,993   38,930   36,844   Assigned   27,633   34,339   49,758   43,815   34,684   Unassigned   (3,624)   (5,040)   (1,462)   (2,931)   (18,859)		+,									
Assigned Unassigned Unassigned (3,624) (5,040) (1,462) (2,931) (18,859) (18,859)  Total Other Governmental Funds (1,525,934) (1,488,202) (1,488,202) (1,462) (2,931) (1,859) (											
Unassigned Total Other Governmental Funds         (3,624)         (5,040)         (1,462)         (2,931)         (18,859)           Ceneral Fund (Prior to GASB 54):         Reserved         \$ 21,104         \$ 21,215         \$ 31,139         \$ 32,581         \$ 22,993           Unreserved         133,962         131,363         138,883         142,809         142,505           Total General Fund         \$ 155,066         \$ 152,578         \$ 170,022         \$ 175,390         \$ 165,498           Other Governmental Funds (Prior to GASB 54):         8873,931         \$ 872,653         \$ 886,761         \$ 848,892         \$ 836,770           Unreserved, Reported in:         Special Revenue Funds         332,270         232,200         342,384         446,152         394,636           Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,088											
Capital Other Governmental Funds   \$1,525,934   \$1,488,202   \$1,360,411   \$1,246,318   \$1,230,093     \$1,230,				-,			)				
Reserved Unreserved Unreserved Unreserved Contact Fund Served Unreserved Experimental Funds (Prior to GASB 54): Unreserved							=				
Reserved Unreserved Unreserved Unreserved Contact Fund Served Unreserved Experimental Funds (Prior to GASB 54): Unreserved											
Unreserved Total General Fund         133,962 131,363 138,883 142,809 142,505 150,666 152,578 170,022 175,309 165,498         142,809 142,505 150,408 150,508	General Fund (Prior to GASB 54):										
Other Governmental Funds (Prior to GASB 54):         \$ 155,066         \$ 152,578         \$ 170,022         \$ 175,390         \$ 165,498           Other Governmental Funds (Prior to GASB 54):         \$ 873,931         \$ 872,653         \$ 886,761         \$ 848,892         \$ 836,770           Unreserved, Reported in:         \$ 92,200         332,270         342,384         446,152         394,636           Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,068	Reserved						\$ 21,104	\$ 21,215	\$ 31,139	\$ 32,581	\$ 22,993
Other Governmental Funds (Prior to GASB 54):         873,931         872,653         886,761         848,892         836,770           Unreserved, Reported in:         Special Revenue Funds         332,270         232,200         342,384         446,152         394,636           Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,068	Unreserved						133,962	131,363	138,883	142,809	142,505
Reserved         \$ 873,931         \$ 872,653         \$ 886,761         \$ 848,892         \$ 836,770           Unreserved, Reported in:         Special Revenue Funds         332,270         232,200         342,384         446,152         394,636           Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,088	Total General Fund						\$ 155,066	\$ 152,578	\$ 170,022	\$ 175,390	\$ 165,498
Reserved         \$ 873,931         \$ 872,653         \$ 886,761         \$ 848,892         \$ 836,770           Unreserved, Reported in:         Special Revenue Funds         332,270         232,200         342,384         446,152         394,636           Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,088	Other Governmental Funds (Prior to GA	SB 54):									
Special Revenue Funds         332,270         232,200         342,384         446,152         394,636           Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,068							\$ 873,931	\$ 872,653	\$ 886,761	\$ 848,892	\$ 836,770
Capital Projects Funds         148         2,484         2,460         7,084         10,068	Unreserved, Reported in:										
	Special Revenue Funds						332,270	232,200	342,384	446,152	394,636
Total Other Governmental Funds \$ 1,206,349 \$ 1,107,337 \$ 1,231,605 \$ 1,302,128 \$ 1,241,474	Capital Projects Funds						148	2,484	2,460	7,084	10,068
	Total Other Governmental Funds						\$ 1,206,349	\$ 1,107,337	\$ 1,231,605	\$ 1,302,128	\$ 1,241,474

Note: The State of South Dakota implemented GASB Statement 54 in Fiscal Year 2011, which significantly changed the fund balance classifications. Fiscal Year 2015 fund balance classifications are not comparable to classifications to years prior to 2011.

Source: South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (FY 2006-2015).

### State of South Dakota Changes in Fund Balances, All Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

					Fisca	al Year				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues										
Taxes										
Sales & Use	\$ 876,138	\$ 857,559	\$ 802,700	\$ 779,002	\$ 741,455	\$ 663,146	\$ 675,652	\$ 668,123	\$ 625,133	\$ 597,230
Insurance Company	80,133	73,876	70,740	66,679	61,799	62,499	61,669	60,930	55,900	55,810
Liquor	16,356	15,988	15,835	14,519	14,953	14,247	14,782	13,044	13,138	12,602
Cigarette	52,776	51,616	51,940	50,704	46,700	62,918	56,607	57,160	43,998	26,689
Bank Franchise	20,669	23,943	49,493	32,941	16,954	16,674	55,260	62,036	76,497	65,187
Contractor's Excise	102,246	93,746	94,967	90,636	66,518	85,973	71,533	79,137	81,069	76,980
Severance	7,508	9,286	9,141	15,153	9,748	9,229	7,972	6,847	5,160	4,422
Other Tobacco	7,995	8,131	6,562	6,495	6,075	4,912	6,273	5,368	2,230	1,460
Motor Fuel & Vehicle	240,382	215,203	212,521	206,259	192,198	184,953	179,125	187,654	176,788	171,095
Other	78,434	73,688	72,018	68,807	65,482	62,584	59,190	59,005	61,088	56,573
Licenses, Permits & Fees	281,742	267,628	252,420	225,803	202,449	197,006	180,337	175,989	166,133	159,597
Fines, Forfeits & Penalties	14,516	10,781	16,189	13,490	12,142	11,306	11,327	11,141	8,637	7,397
Use of Money & Property	59,865	157,633	153,479	42,881	162,577	123,020	(77,407)	(2,123)	160,057	86,306
Sales & Services	42,531	39,712	37,679	34,290	32,499	32,659	35,114	33,885	31,764	27,204
Admin. Programs	1,503,362	1,567,027	1,573,326	1,657,602	1,820,205	1,745,559	1,434,664	1,222,191	1,232,755	1,195,842
Tobacco Settlement	23,421	26,561	24,128	24,135	23,673	25,175	29,986	27,616	21,369	20,415
Other Revenue	77,614	129,147	65,272	42,676	40,008	33,437	27,858	26,215	27,864	32,442
Total Revenues	3,485,688	3,621,525	3,508,410	3,372,072	3,515,435	3,335,297	2,829,942	2,694,218	2,789,580	2,597,251
Expenditures										
General Government	87,785	87,409	74,394	73,714	70,493	71,532	76,533	76,431	79,349	76,734
Education	804,348	835,894	782,276	778,707	832,936	816,454	787,670	743,024	690,874	675,100
Health, Human & Social Services	1,435,850	1,387,821	1,364,933	1,351,100	1,350,402	1,364,846	1,222,021	1,124,311	1,038,035	1,010,287
Law, Justice, Public Protection & Regulation	281,688	320,080	280,691	303,237	311,583	263,499	240,601	231,559	224,404	232,803
Agriculture & Natural Resources	143,466	148,596	139,861	138,598	155,064	132,683	125,640	123,257	123,367	109,781
Economic Resources	74,182	40,062	43,108	40,553	50,986	52,872	44,940	46,893	39,124	57,981
Transportation	554,536	582,939	604,048	625,661	576,777	495,796	448,159	400,200	492,073	477,845
State Shared Revenue	169,514	161,564	141,514	122,320	100,493	103,425	99,064	103,633	101,669	99,171
Capital Outlay	2,038	2,541	387	4,773	4,381	2,336	2,172	4,622	8,982	
Debt Service:										
Principal	17,272	20,973	30,059	25,622	22,225	22,958	26,951	24,582	21,419	15,704
Interest	9,261	10,206	13,896	16,219	17,504	18,550	20,174	21,542	21,832	22,980
Bond Issuance Costs	346	83	1,817							
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0.500.000	16,924	8,016	0.400.504	0.400.044	0.044.054	0.000.005	0.000.054	0.044.400	0.770.000
Total Expenditures	3,580,286	3,615,092	3,485,000	3,480,504	3,492,844	3,344,951	3,093,925	2,900,054	2,841,128	2,778,386
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(94,598)	6,433	23,410	(108,432)	22,591	(9,654)	(263,983)	(205,836)	(51,548)	(181,135)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Capital Leases	1,125	20,350	12,605	23,770	19,465					
Insurance Proceeds	1,125	20,330	12,003	23,770	19,405	809				
Bonds Issued	13,410	4.500		222	9.505	009	2.175		5.950	10.000
Premiums on Bond Issuance	314	4,500			154		2,175		15	280
	10,408		169,645		801		44			2,864
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds			9,026		24				25,855 1,165	2,004 149
Premiums on Refunding Bonds Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,657 2,099	4,459	5,154	6,096	1,588	4,963	3,296	2,757	2,707	10,799
Payments on Advance Refundings	(11,379)	4,409	(176,854)	0,090	(741)	4,903	3,290	2,13/	(26,715)	(2,932)
Transfers In	271,301	262,172	254,094	270,315	237,968	413,897	383,285	436,670	370,854	415,783
Transfers Out	(158,782)	(167,866)	(150,699)	(171,982)	(135,374)	(294,699)	(265,348)	(311,538)	(257,737)	(298,868)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	130,153	123,639	122,971	128,421	133,390	124,970	123,452	127,889	122,094	138,075
()										
Special Item										
Sale of Railroad Infrastructure										34,337
Total Special Items	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34,337
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 35,555	\$ 130,072	\$ 146,381	\$ 19,989	\$ 155,981	\$ 115,316	\$ (140,531)	\$ (77,947)	\$ 70,546	\$ (8,723)
<b>-</b>										
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	0.79%	1.42%	1.63%	1.31%	1.21%	1.32%	1.60%	1.69%	1.64%	1.53%

Source: South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (FY 2006-2015). Previous years' amounts are not restated.

### State of South Dakota Taxable Sales by Industry Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

			F	iscal Year		
	2015	2014		2013	2012	2011
Taxable Sales by Industry						 
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	\$ 297,936	\$ 287,680	\$	253,605	\$ 241,819	\$ 224,548
Mining	105,773	118,587		102,408	112,925	95,566
Construction	27,123	31,241		25,832	23,842	19,479
Manufacturing	873,909	902,791		778,735	788,163	944,070
Transportation and Public Utilities	2,765,194	2,769,521		2,556,524	2,422,870	2,920,135
Wholesale Trade	1,617,613	1,514,416		1,403,736	1,460,278	1,300,644
Retail Trade	10,864,164	10,571,228		10,162,245	9,764,051	8,930,620
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	394,780	384,474		367,556	308,237	291,692
Services	3,650,026	3,396,424		3,231,543	3,090,080	2,980,187
Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments	2,390	2,029		4,082	1,799	2,082
Totals	\$ 20,598,908	\$ 19,978,391	\$	18,886,266	\$ 18,214,064	\$ 17,709,023
Direct Sales Tax Rate	4.00%	4.00%		4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
			F	iscal Year		
	 2010	2009	F	iscal Year 2008	2007	2006
Taxable Sales by Industry	 2010	 2009	F		 2007	 2006
Taxable Sales by Industry  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	\$ <b>2010</b> 206,139	 2009	F		\$ <b>2007</b> 178,366	\$ <b>2006</b> 170,983
, ,	\$ 	\$ 		2008	\$ 	\$
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	\$ 206,139	\$ 206,927		<b>2008</b> 199,715	\$ 178,366	\$ 170,983
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining	\$ 206,139 62,308	\$ 206,927 106,421		2008 199,715 87,996	\$ 178,366 79,841	\$ 170,983 73,130
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652		199,715 87,996 34,042	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309 2,536,794	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782 2,464,786		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309 2,536,794 1,131,812	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782 2,464,786 1,262,986		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309 2,536,794 1,131,812 8,588,168	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782 2,464,786 1,262,986 8,654,677		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309 2,536,794 1,131,812 8,588,168 307,204	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782 2,464,786 1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397 320,208	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893 318,811	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309 2,536,794 1,131,812 8,588,168 307,204 2,773,413	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782 2,464,786 1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397 320,208 2,721,315	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893 318,811 2,561,395	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054 2,346,888
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration	\$ 206,139 62,308 20,345 592,309 2,536,794 1,131,812 8,588,168 307,204 2,773,413 1,584	\$ 206,927 106,421 38,652 642,782 2,464,786 1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629		199,715 87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397 320,208 2,721,315 1,456	\$ 178,366 79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893 318,811 2,561,395 1,337	\$ 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054 2,346,888 1,307

Source: South Dakota Sales and Use Tax Report, Department of Revenue and Regulation.

### Notes:

- (a) Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest sales tax revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's sales tax resources, representing the largest source of funding for the General Fund.
- (b) Taxable sales: This is the amount of sales and use taxable sales on tangible personal property, services and products delivered electronically which are subject to state tax or reservation tax unless specifically exempted. No Contractors Excise taxes are included.
- (c) Whenever there are less than 3 licenses in any one classification, the information is combined into the "Nonclassifiable Establishments" category.
- (d) Prior to January 1, 2006, a tax was imposed upon gross receipts from selling, leasing, and renting tangible personal property and the sales of services, except for the gross receipts from the sale and lease of agricultural machinery, irrigation equipment, and oil and gas field services, which were taxed at 3%. Beginning January 1, 2006, all items subject to the state sales tax will be taxed at 4% to conform to the Streamlined Sales Tax Project. A use tax of the same rate as the sales tax rate is imposed on goods and services that are used, stored, or consumed in South Dakota on which South Dakota sales tax was not paid.
- (e) The taxable figures could include amended returns that were due in prior periods.

### State of South Dakota Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)					
		Fiscal Y	ear 201	5	
	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Tax	xable sales	Percent of Total
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	3,162	3.76%	\$	297,936	1.45%
Mining	231	0.28%		105,773	0.51%
Construction	527	0.63%		27,123	0.13%
Manufacturing	3,939	4.69%		873,909	4.24%
Transportation and Public Utilities	2,697	3.21%		2,765,194	13.42%
Wholesale Trade	6,940	8.26%		1,617,613	7.85%
Retail Trade	31,642	37.65%		10,864,164	52.74%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	2,136	2.54%		394,780	1.92%
Services	32,706	38.92%		3,650,026	17.72%
Public Administration	56	0.07%		2,390	0.01%
Nonclassifiable Establishments	-	0.00%			0.00%
Total	84,036	100.00%	\$	20,598,908	100.00%
		Fiscal Y	oar 201	12	
	Number of Filers	Percent of Total		xable sales	Percent of Total
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	3,274	4.05%	\$	241,819	1.33%
Mining	218	0.27%	Ψ	112,925	0.62%
Construction	469	0.58%		23,842	0.13%
Manufacturing	3,399	4.20%		788,163	4.33%
Transportation and Public Utilities	3,034	3.75%		2,422,870	13.30%
Wholesale Trade	3,034 7,186	8.88%			8.02%
	29.963			1,460,278	
Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	-,	37.02%		9,764,051	53.61%
	2,116	2.62%		308,237	1.69%
Services	31,216	38.57%		3,090,080	16.97%
Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments	56	0.07% 0.00%		1,799	0.01% 0.00%
Total	80,931	100.00%	\$	18,214,064	100.00%
	Number of Filers	Fiscal Y Percent of Total		)9 xable sales	Percent of Total
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	2,933	3.54%	\$	206,927	1.26%
Mining	2,933	0.26%	Ψ	106,421	0.65%
Construction	547	0.66%		38,652	0.03%
Manufacturing	3,397	4.10%		642,782	3.90%
Transportation and Public Utilities	3,817			042,702	
Wholesale Trade		4.61%		2 464 786	
Retail Trade		4.61% 8.83%		2,464,786 1,262,986	14.97%
	7,318	8.83%		1,262,986	14.97% 7.67%
	7,318 32,538	8.83% 39.26%		1,262,986 8,654,677	14.97% 7.67% 52.57%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	7,318 32,538 2,196	8.83% 39.26% 2.65%		1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05%		1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration	7,318 32,538 2,196	8.83% 39.26% 2.65%		1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83%
	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.05%	\$	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%		1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.05% 0.00%	ear 200	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y  Percent of Total	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 11.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  Percent of Total
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00% Fiscal Y Percent of Total 4.21%	ear 200	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  Percent of Total  1.190%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y  Percent of Total 4.21% 0.24%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.05% 0.00%  100.00%  Fiscal Y  Percent of Total  4.21% 0.24% 0.78%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments  Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total 4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  Percent of Total 1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments  Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total 4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722 3,932	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total  4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23% 6.11%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890% 7.760%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722 3,932 23,505	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y  Percent of Total  4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23% 6.11% 36.50%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890% 7.760% 54.730%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments  Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722 3,932 23,505 1,678	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total 4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23% 6.111% 36.50% 2.61%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 kable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total 1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890% 7.760% 54.730% 2.210%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments  Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722 3,932 23,505 1,678 27,037	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total  4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23% 6.11% 36.50% 2.61% 41.98%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054 2,346,888	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890% 7.760% 54.730% 2.210% 16.32%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments Total  Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Mining Construction Manufacturing Transportation and Public Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722 3,932 23,505 1,678 27,037 34	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00%  100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total  4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23% 6.11% 36.50% 2.61% 41.98% 0.05%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054 2,346,888 1,307	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890% 7.760% 54.730% 2.210% 16.32% 0.010%
Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate Services Public Administration Nonclassifiable Establishments	7,318 32,538 2,196 29,880 38 3 82,885  Number of Filers 2,711 153 502 2,120 2,722 3,932 23,505 1,678 27,037	8.83% 39.26% 2.65% 36.05% 0.00% 100.00%  Fiscal Y Percent of Total  4.21% 0.24% 0.78% 3.29% 4.23% 6.11% 36.50% 2.61% 41.98%	ear 200 Tax	1,262,986 8,654,677 301,474 2,784,114 1,629 8 16,464,456 06 xable sales 170,983 73,130 20,626 611,195 1,853,628 1,115,834 7,870,890 317,054 2,346,888	14.97% 7.67% 52.57% 1.83% 16.91% 0.01% 0.00%  100.00%  Percent of Total  1.190% 0.510% 0.140% 4.25% 12.890% 7.760% 54.730% 2.210% 16.32%

	Fiscal Ye	7ai 20	14			Fiscal Ye	ear 20	13	
Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Та	xable sales	Percent of Total	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Ta	xable sales	Percent of Total
3,411	4.04%	\$	287,680	1.44%	3,424	4.13%	\$	253,605	1.34%
237	0.28%	φ	118,587	0.59%	233	0.28%	φ	102,408	0.54%
525	0.62%		31,241	0.16%	463	0.56%		25,832	0.14%
3,820	4.53%		902,791	4.52%	3,608	4.35%		778,735	4.12%
2,728	3.23%		2,769,521	13.86%	2,941	3.55%		2,556,524	13.54%
6,908	8.19%		1,514,416	7.58%	7,226	8.72%		1,403,736	7.43%
31,494	37.33%		10,571,228	52.91%	30,452	36.74%		10,162,245	53.81%
2,172	2.58%		384,474	1.92%	2,133	2.57%		367,556	1.95%
33.007	39.13%		3,396,424	17.00%	32.354	39.03%		3,231,543	17.11%
56	0.07%		2,029	0.01%	60	0.07%		4,082	0.02%
30	0.00%		2,029	0.00%	00	0.00%		4,002	0.02%
04.050			40.070.004				_	40.000.000	
84,358	100.00%	\$	19,978,391	100.00%	82,894	100.00%	\$	18,886,266	100.00%
	Fiscal Ye	ear 20	11			Fiscal Ye	ear 20	10	
Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Та	xable sales	Percent of Total	Number of Filers	Percent of Total	Ta	xable sales	Percent of Total
3,165	3.99%	\$	224,548	1.27%	2,975	3.97%	\$	206,139	1.27%
223	0.28%		95,566	0.54%	218	0.29%		62,308	0.38%
447	0.56%		19,479	0.11%	462	0.62%		20,345	0.13%
3,306	4.17%		944,070	5.33%	3,084	4.11%		592,309	3.65%
3,297	4.16%		2,920,135	16.49%	3,093	4.13%		2,536,794	15.64%
6,741	8.50%		1,300,644	7.35%	6,237	8.32%		1,131,812	6.98%
29,017	36.59%		8,930,620	50.43%	28,214	37.63%		8,588,168	52.95%
2,121	2.67%		291,692	1.65%	2,058	2.75%		307,204	1.89%
30,934	39.01%		2,980,187	16.83%	28,589	38.13%		2,773,413	17.10%
55	0.07%		2,082	0.01%	44	0.06%		1,584	0.01%
	0.00%		-	0.00%	1	0.00%		6	0.00%
79,306	100.00%	\$	17,709,023	100.00%	74,975	100.00%	\$	16,220,082	100.00%
	Fiscal Ye	ear 20	08			Fiscal Ye	ear 20	07	
Number of Filers	Percent of Total		xable sales	Percent of Total	Number of Filers	Percent of Total		xable sales	Percent of Total
			199.715	1.24%	2.665	3.87%	_	178.366	1.18%
2 856	3 84%	\$					- \$		
2,856 185	3.84% 0.25%	\$	,		,		\$	-,	
185	0.25%	\$	87,996	0.54%	170	0.25%	\$	79,841	0.53%
185 514	0.25% 0.69%	\$	87,996 34,042	0.54% 0.21%	170 461	0.25% 0.67%	\$	79,841 18,338	0.53% 0.12%
185 514 2,882	0.25% 0.69% 3.87%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846	0.54% 0.21% 4.07%	170 461 2,778	0.25% 0.67% 4.04%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156	0.53% 0.12% 4.48%
185 514 2,882 3,137	0.25% 0.69% 3.87% 4.22%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638	0.54% 0.21% 4.07% 14.37%	170 461 2,778 3,077	0.25% 0.67% 4.04% 4.47%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946	0.53% 0.12% 4.48% 13.34%
185 514 2,882 3,137 5,780	0.25% 0.69% 3.87% 4.22% 7.77%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201	0.54% 0.21% 4.07% 14.37% 7.75%	170 461 2,778 3,077 5,444	0.25% 0.67% 4.04% 4.47% 7.91%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922	0.53% 0.12% 4.48% 13.34% 7.64%
185 514 2,882 3,137 5,780 28,216	0.25% 0.69% 3.87% 4.22% 7.77% 37.92%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397	0.54% 0.21% 4.07% 14.37% 7.75% 53.00%	170 461 2,778 3,077 5,444 25,655	0.25% 0.67% 4.04% 4.47% 7.91% 37.27%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893	0.53% 0.12% 4.48% 13.34% 7.64% 53.60%
185 514 2,882 3,137 5,780 28,216 1,994	0.25% 0.69% 3.87% 4.22% 7.77% 37.92% 2.68%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397 320,208	0.54% 0.21% 4.07% 14.37% 7.75% 53.00% 1.98%	170 461 2,778 3,077 5,444 25,655 1,846	0.25% 0.67% 4.04% 4.47% 7.91% 37.27% 2.68%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893 318,811	0.53% 0.12% 4.48% 13.34% 7.64% 53.60% 2.12%
185 514 2,882 3,137 5,780 28,216 1,994 28,817	0.25% 0.69% 3.87% 4.22% 7.77% 37.92% 2.68% 38.72%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397 320,208 2,721,315	0.54% 0.21% 4.07% 14.37% 7.75% 53.00% 1.98% 16.83%	170 461 2,778 3,077 5,444 25,655 1,846 26,711	0.25% 0.67% 4.04% 4.47% 7.91% 37.27% 2.68% 38.80%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893 318,811 2,561,395	0.53% 0.12% 4.48% 13.34% 7.64% 53.60% 2.12% 16.99%
185 514 2,882 3,137 5,780 28,216 1,994	0.25% 0.69% 3.87% 4.22% 7.77% 37.92% 2.68%	\$	87,996 34,042 658,846 2,324,638 1,253,201 8,572,397 320,208	0.54% 0.21% 4.07% 14.37% 7.75% 53.00% 1.98%	170 461 2,778 3,077 5,444 25,655 1,846	0.25% 0.67% 4.04% 4.47% 7.91% 37.27% 2.68%	\$	79,841 18,338 675,156 2,010,946 1,151,922 8,080,893 318,811	0.53% 0.12% 4.48% 13.34% 7.64% 53.60% 2.12%

Source: South Dakota Sales and Use Tax Report, Department of Revenue and Regulation.

(a) Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest sales tax revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the State's sales tax resources, representing the largest source of funding for the General Fund.

- (b) Taxable sales: This is the amount of sales and use taxable sales of tangible personal property, services and products delivered electronically which are subject to state tax or reservation tax unless specifically exempted. No Contractors Excise taxes are included.
- (c) Whenever there are less than 3 licenses in any one classification, the information is combined into the "Nonclassifiable Establishments" category.
- (d) Prior to January 1, 2006, a tax was imposed upon gross receipts from selling, leasing, and renting tangible personal property and the sales of services, except for the gross receipts from the sale and lease of agricultural machinery, irrigation equipment, and oil and gas field services, which were taxed at 3%. Beginning January 1, 2006, all items subject to the state sales tax will be taxed at 4% to conform to the Streamlined Sales Tax Project. A use tax of the same rate as the sales tax rate is imposed on goods and services that are used, stored, or consumed in South Dakota on which South Dakota sales tax was not paid.
- (e) The taxable figures could include amended returns that were due in prior periods.

### State of South Dakota Ratios of Outstanding Long-Term Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

(Dollars Expressed in Tribusarius)					Fi	scal Year				
		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
Governmental Activities:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	174,764	\$	177,303	\$	191,295	\$	227,586	\$	250,376
Trust Certificates		570		880		13,595		16,490		19,250
Capital Leases		116,352		100,727		78,682		64,279		40,187
Total Governmental Activities		291,686		278,910		283,572		308,355		309,813
Business-type Activities:										
Revenue Bonds		263,818		207,448		212,523		222,705		174,218
Capital Leases										
Total Business-type Activities		263,818		207,448		212,523		222,705		174,218
Total Primary Government	\$	555,504	\$	486,358	\$	496,095	\$	531,060	\$	484,031
South Dakota Total Personal Income (r)	\$ 3	38,631,202	\$ 3	37,855,216	\$ 3	7,378,789	\$ 3	36,461,838	\$ 3	32,813,985
Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income		1.4%		1.3%		1.3%		1.5%		1.5%
South Dakota Population (in thousands)		853		853		846		835		824
Long-Term Debt per Capita	\$	651.24	\$	570.17	\$	586.40	\$	636.00	\$	587.42
						1				
		2010		2009	FIS	2008		2007		2006
Governmental Activities:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	260,168	\$	280,501	\$	302,663	\$	324,250	\$	336,976
Trust Certificates		21,895		24,435		26,870		29,730		32,465
Capital Leases		25,480		29,632		30,971		30,992		30,925
Total Governmental Activities		307,543		334,568		360,504		384,972		400,366
Business-type Activities:										
Revenue Bonds		126,510		131,097		135,525		99,798		102,322
Capital Leases								4		13
Total Business-type Activities		126,510		131,097		135,525	_	99,802		102,335
Total Primary Government	\$	434,053	\$	465,665	\$	496,029	\$	484,774	\$	502,701
South Dakota Total Personal Income (r)	\$ 3	31,202,233	\$ 3	32,040,940	\$ 2	9,493,814	\$ 2	26,543,123	\$ 2	25,935,099
Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income	Ψ.	1.4%	Ψ •	1.5%	¥ <b>-</b>	1.7%	Ψ-	1.8%	¥ <b>-</b>	1.9%
South Dakota Population (in thousands)		816		812		805		797		789
Long-Term Debt per Capita	\$	531.93	\$	573.48	\$	616.19	\$	608.25	\$	637.14

**Source:** Debt information obtained from the South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (FY 2006-2015)
Total Personal Income and Population data: US Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: (a) South Dakota Total Personal Income figure for 2015 is preliminary.

- (b) Detail about the State's debt can be found in Note 14 of the financial statements.
- (c) Generally, the State Constitution prohibits the State from having general obligation indebtedness in excess of \$100,000.
- (d) The State has no specific limitation of the debt that can be issued by the Building Authority, Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation, Clean Water State Revolving Fund and the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, however Legislative approval is required.
- (r) Data for Total Personal Income for 2006 2014 has been revised.

### State of South Dakota Ratios of Outstanding Long-Term Debt,

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

(Dollars Expressed in Thousands)																				
										Fisca	ıl Yea									
B		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
Revenue Bonds and Trust																				
Certificates - Building Authority		0.000	•	40.054	•	40.500	•	44.040	\$	45.050	•	45.070	•	45.040	•	47.000	Φ.	40 770	\$	40.000
Revenue: Lease Payments Less: Operating Expenses	\$	8,898	\$	12,654	\$	13,569	\$	14,646	<b>D</b>	15,052	\$	15,276	\$	15,940	\$	17,003	\$	16,778	<u> </u>	16,989
Net Available Revenue	\$	8,898	\$	12,654	\$	13,569	\$	14,646	\$	15,052	\$	15,276	\$	15,940	\$	17,003	\$	16,778	\$	16,989
Debt Service:																				
Principal	\$	4,047	\$	6,978	\$	10,713	\$	11,243	\$	11,240	\$	11,218	\$	11,196	\$	11,791	\$	11,479	\$	11,196
Interest		4,377		5,478		2,559		3,355		3,731		3,989		4,558		5,071		4,003		5,844
Total Debt Service	\$	8,424	\$	12,456	\$	13,272	\$	14,598	\$	14,971	\$	15,207	\$	15,754	\$	16,862	\$	15,482	\$	17,040
Coverage		1.06		1.02		1.02		1.00		1.01		1.00		1.01		1.01		1.08		1.00
Revenue Bonds - Educational																				
Enhancement Funding Corp.																				
Revenue:	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Tobacco Settlement	\$	23,306	\$	26,326	\$	23,914	\$	24,359	\$	22,908	\$	22,751	\$	31,161	\$	27,679	\$	25,071	\$	19,471
Investment Earnings		13		7		1,079		1,202		1,098		1,126		1,204		1,437		1,401		1,509
Less: Operating Expenses	_	23,319	•	26,333	\$	165 <b>24,828</b>	\$	152 <b>25,409</b>	_	152 23,854	•	149 23,728	\$	161 32,204	\$	149 <b>28,967</b>	-	158 <b>26,314</b>	_	148 <b>20,832</b>
Net Available Revenue	\$	23,319	\$	26,333	Þ	24,828	Þ	25,409	\$	23,834	\$	23,728	<u> </u>	32,204	Þ	28,967	\$	26,314	\$	20,832
Debt Service:																				
Principal		13,225		13,995		18,800														.=
Interest	_	4,376	_	4,498	_	10,828	_	12,975	_	13,799	_	14,583	_	15,615	\$	16,480	\$	16,841	_	17,134
Total Debt Service	\$	17,601	\$	18,493	\$	29,628	\$	12,975	\$	13,799	\$	14,583	\$	15,615		16,480	<u>*</u>	16,841	\$	17,134
Coverage		1.32		1.42		0.84		1.96		1.73		1.63		2.06		1.76		1.56		1.22
Revenue Bonds - Clean Water																				
State Revolving Fund																				
Revenue:	_																		_	
Loan Repayments	\$	26,637 3.900	\$	25,502	\$	24,394 3,402	\$	29,078	\$	43,202	\$	16,789	\$	16,089	\$	14,689	\$	10,780	\$	9,702
Investment Income		-,		3,988		-, -		3,494		3,259		2,722		2,600		2,258		3,104		4,046
Other Income		1,442 1,294		1,332 1,080		1,238 2,476		1,243 1,304		1,320 982		1,301 948		1,242 779		1,212 1,710		1,122 1,448		866 1,219
Less: Operating Expenses  Net Available Revenue	\$	30,685	\$	29,742	\$	26,558	\$	32,511	\$	46,799	\$	19,864	\$	19,152	\$	16,449	\$	13,558	\$	13,395
	<u> </u>	30,003	<b>P</b>	29,142	<u> </u>	20,336	Ð	32,311	<u> </u>	40,799	ð	19,004	-\$	19,132	Ð	10,449	<u> </u>	13,336	-	13,393
Debt Service:	\$	7.500	\$	7,415	\$	6,110	\$	4.000	\$	2.005	\$	2 000	\$	0.700	\$	0.005	\$	4 040	\$	4.405
Principal	Ф	7,580 6,663	Ф	7,415 5,361	Ф	5,578	Ф	4,320 4,063	Ф	3,665 3,188	Ф	2,820 2,872	Ф	2,730 2,562	Ф	2,635 2,477	Ф	1,210 2,376	Ф	1,165 1,709
Interest Total Debt Service	\$	14,243	\$	12,776	\$	11,688	\$	8,383	\$	6,853	\$	5,692	\$	5,292	\$	5,112	\$	3,586	\$	2,874
Total Debt Service	-	14,243	<u></u>	12,770	φ_	11,000		0,303	-	0,033	<u> </u>	3,092	-	3,232	-	3,112	Ψ	3,360	-	2,074
Coverage		2.15		2.33		2.27		3.88		6.83		3.49		3.62		3.22		3.78		4.66
Revenue Bonds - Drinking Water State Revolving Fund																				
Revenue:																				
Loan Repayments	\$	25,234	\$	19,597	\$	19,956	\$	34,599	\$	31,338	\$	13,987	\$	12,824	\$	10,599	\$	9,230	\$	5,322
Investment Income		2,639		3,148		2,558		2,351		1,987		1,681		1,780		1,641		1,828		2,055
Other Income		885		909		929		1,064		1,034		886		897		868		835		678
Less: Operating Expenses		123		142		146		137		164		213		57		70		50		
Net Available Revenue	\$	28,635	\$	23,512	\$	23,297	\$	37,877	\$	34,195	\$	16,341	\$	15,444	\$	13,038	\$	11,843	\$	8,055
Debt Service:																				
Principal	\$	4,475	\$	4,380	\$	4,050	\$	2,845	\$	2,495	\$	1,815	\$	1,745	\$	1,685	\$	1,360	\$	440
Interest	•	2,276		2,155	•	2,284	•	2,676	•	2,517	•	2,281	•	2,223	•	2,142	•	2,074	•	2,147
Total Debt Service	\$	6,751	\$	6,535	\$	6,334	\$	5,521	\$	5,012	\$	4,096	\$	3,968	\$	3,827	\$	3,434	\$	2,587
Coverage		4.24		3.60		3.68		6.86		6.82		3.99		3.89		3.41		3.45		3.11

Source:

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Financial Statements, Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Financial Statements, Education Enhancement Funding Corporation Annual Report, and Building Authority Lease Rental Schedules and Debt Service Schedules.

Note:

- (a) The Building Authority, Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation, Clean Water State Revolving Fund, and Drinking water State Revolving Fund are considered to be blended component units of the State. The Revenue Bonds and Trust Certificates issued by these entities may not be or become a lien, charge, or liability against the State.
- (b) For the Educational Enhancement Funding Corporation, all turbo redemptions are excluded from this calculation.
- (c) All funds are presented on a accrual basis except for the Building Authority Fund which is presented on a cash basis.

### POPULATION (THOUSANDS)

YEAR	UNITED STATES	PERCENT CHANGE	WEST N. CENTRAL*	PERCENT CHANGE	SOUTH DAKOTA	PERCENT CHANGE
2014	318,857	0.7%	21,006	0.5%	853	0.8%
2013	316,498	0.8%	20,893	0.6%	846	1.3%
2012	314,112	0.8%	20,759	0.6%	835	1.3%
2011	311,722	0.8%	20,645	0.5%	824	1.0%
2010	309,347	0.8%	20,536	0.7%	816	0.5%
2009	306,772	0.9%	20,392	0.7%	812	0.9%
2008	304,094	1.0%	20,249	0.7%	805	1.0%
2007	301,231	1.0%	20,106	0.7%	797	1.0%
2006	298,380	1.0%	19,957	0.8%	789	1.2%
2005	295,517	0.9%	19,803	0.6%	780	0.8%

Note: Midyear (July 1) population estimates. Revised estimates for 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013.

With each new release of July 1 population estimates, the Census Bureau Revises

estimates for years back to the last census.

**Source:** U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Division

### TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (MILLIONS)

YEAR	UNITED STATES	PERCENT CHANGE	PLAINS*	PERCENT CHANGE	SOUTH DAKOTA	PERCENT CHANGE
2014	\$ 14,683,147	4.4%	\$ 959,235	3.4%	\$ 38,631	2.0%
2013r	14,064,468	1.2%	927,867	1.3%	37,855	1.3%
2012r	13,904,485	5.1%	915,588	5.1%	37,379	2.5%
2011r	13,233,436	6.2%	871,048	7.4%	36,462	11.1%
2010r	12,459,613	3.1%	810,935	3.0%	32,814	5.2%
2009r	12,079,444	-3.3%	787,592	-3.3%	31,202	-2.6%
2008r	12,492,705	4.1%	814,322	6.3%	32,041	8.6%
2007r	11,995,419	5.4%	765,707	6.4%	29,494	11.1%
2006r	11,381,350	7.3%	719,895	6.0%	26,543	2.3%
2005r	10,610,320	5.6%	679,088	3.6%	25,935	3.4%

Note:

Revised estimates reflect the revision of the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's), and newly available state and local data.

### r = Revised Estimates

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Last Updated September 2015

<sup>\*</sup> The West North Central states include Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, N. Dakota and S. Dakota

<sup>\*</sup> The Plains states include Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, N. Dakota and S. Dakota

### UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (Seasonally Adjusted)

YEAR	SOUTH	UNITED
IEAK	DAKOTA	STATES
2014r	3.4%	6.2%
2013r	3.8%	7.4%
2012r	4.3%	8.1%
2011r	4.7%	8.9%
2010r	5.0%	9.6%
2009r	4.9%	9.3%
2008r	3.1%	5.8%
2007r	2.8%	4.6%
2006	3.1%	4.6%
2005	3.7%	5.1%

r = Revised Estimates

Estimates for 2007 through 2014 have been recently updated.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Labor Market Information Center

### PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

YEAR	UNITED STATES	PERCENT CHANGE	PLAINS*	PERCENT CHANGE	SOUTH DAKOTA	PERCENT CHANGE
2014	\$ 46,049	3.6%	\$ 45,665	2.8%	\$ 45,279	1.1%
2013r	44,438	0.4%	44,409	0.7%	44,772	0.0%
2012r	44,266	4.3%	44,105	4.5%	44,792	1.2%
2011r	42,453	5.4%	42,192	6.8%	44,241	10.0%
2010r	40,277	2.3%	39,488	2.2%	40,204	4.0%
2009r	39,376	-4.2%	38,621	-4.0%	38,661	-3.6%
2008r	41,082	3.2%	40,216	5.6%	40,095	7.6%
2007r	39,821	4.4%	38,084	5.6%	37,257	9.9%
2006r	38,144	6.2%	36,072	5.2%	33,898	1.4%
2005r	35,904	4.6%	34,293	3.0%	33,443	2.7%

Note:

Per Capita personal income is total personal income divided by total mid-year population estimate. Midyear (July 1) population estimates source: U.S. Census Bureau.

r = revised estimates for 1976-2014

**Source:** U.S. Department of Commerce, September 2015

<sup>\*</sup> The Plains states include Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, N. Dakota and S. Dakota

2015 Rank	Employer	South Dakota Employees	Percentage of Total South Dakota Employment
1	Avera Medical (System-Wide)	16,357	4.0%
2	South Dakota State Government*	14,778	3.6%
3	Federal Government	11,078	2.7%
4	Sanford Medical (System-Wide)	10,175	2.5%
5	Sioux Falls MSA Local Government**	9,032	2.2%
6	Rapid City MSA Local Government**	6,233	1.5%
7	Walmart Associates (Oct. 14, 2014)	5,235	1.3%
8	Hy Vee Food Store	5,114	1.2%
9	Rapid City Regional Hospital Inc. (System-Wide)	4,823	1.2%
10	Wells Fargo Bank	3,520	0.9%
	Total Top Ten Employers	86,345	20.9%
	Total SD Employment 2014-2015***	412,300	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Board of Regent Employees, a component unit of the State of South Dakota

Sources:

Compiled by the Governor's Office of Economic Development December 2015 List of Companies: SD Dept. of Labor, Labor Market Information Center (LMIC) Employment Numbers: Private Companies (HR Departments & Corporate websites), LMIC for government employers

2006 Rank	Employer	South Dakota Employees	Percentage of Total South Dakota Employment
1	South Dakota State Government*	13,953	3.6%
2	Federal Government	11,124	2.9%
3	Sioux Falls MSA Local Government**	7,880	2.1%
4	Rapid City MSA Local Government**	5,618	1.5%
5	Sanford Health (Sioux Valley Hospital) (Sioux Falls)	5,380	1.4%
6	Walmart (Statewide)	4,200	1.1%
7	Avera McKennan Hospital (Sioux Falls)	3,450	0.9%
8	John Morrell & Company (Sioux Falls)	3,300	0.9%
9	Citibank South Dakota NA (Sioux Falls)	3,200	0.8%
10	Rapid City Regional Hospital (Rapid City)	3,000	0.8%
	Total Top Ten Employers	61,105	15.9%
	Total SD Employment 2006	383,869	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Board of Regent Employees, a component unit of the State of South Dakota

**Sources:** Development Corporations and Individual companies. Governmental information from

Labor Market Information Center (LMIC).

Compiled by SD State Data Center, USD Business Research Bureau

Note: a) Sioux Falls MSA includes the following counties: Lincoln, McCook, Minnehaha and Turner.

b) Rapid City MSA includes the following counties: Pennington and Meade.

c) Per LMIC, school district employment data is not available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Sioux Falls MSA includes the following counties: Lincoln, McCook, Minnehaha, and Turner.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rapid City MSA includes the following counties: Pennington and Meade.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> SD Employment last 3 quarters 2014 and first quarter 2015

<sup>\*\*</sup> Labor Market Information Center (LMIC) only provides data for covered workers for Sioux Falls and Rapid City Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA). Other cities are not available.

### NONFARM WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY<sup>1</sup> (Dollars Expressed in Thousands)

	2015p	2014r	2013r	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007r	2006
Natural Resources/Mining/Construction*	23.4	22.2	21.4	21.1	21.1	21.0	21.8	23.3	23.2	22.8
Manufacturing	44.1	42.4	41.5	41.2	39.2	36.9	37.7	42.7	42.1	41.6
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	86.5	85.6	83.7	83.0	81.7	80.6	80.7	82.2	81.2	80.1
Wholesale Trade	21.0	20.8	19.9	19.5	19.0	18.6	18.3	18.7	18.4	18.2
Retail Trade	52.7	51.8	51.2	51.0	50.2	49.5	49.6	50.2	50.0	49.2
Trans/Warehsing/Util	13.0	13.0	12.6	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.8	13.2	12.9	12.7
Information	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.9
Financial Activities	29.9	29.6	29.7	28.6	28.1	28.9	30.4	31.0	30.9	29.5
Professional/Business Srvs.	30.4	30.1	29.5	29.2	28.7	27.5	26.9	28.0	27.6	25.7
Educational/Health Services	69.8	68.4	68.0	67.1	65.3	64.5	63.2	62.0	60.0	58.5
Leisure and Hospitality	46.4	45.3	44.7	44.3	43.4	43.0	42.9	43.2	43.1	42.5
Other Services (Except Public Administration)	16.0	15.8	15.9	15.8	15.6	15.6	15.7	15.9	15.8	15.6
Government	78.1	77.9	77.3	77.5	78.0	78.7	77.8	76.2	75.5	75.3
TOTAL	430.8	423.4	417.7	414.0	407.5	403.2	403.7	411.4	406.5	398.6
% Change in Nonfarm Employment	1.7%	1.4%	0.9%	1.6%	1.1%	-0.1%	-1.9%	1.2%	2.0%	2.2%

**Note:** Numbers may not add due to rounding. Data not seasonally adjusted. Effective January 2001, an economic code change moved tribal workers from non-government to government.

- p = Preliminary Data
- r = Revised Data

Source: Labor Market Information Center (LMIC) in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

### EXPANDED AND NEW INDUSTRIES (Dollars Expressed in Millions)

	EXPA	NSIONS	NI	W	TO	TAL
	NUMBER	NEW CAPITAL INVESTMENT	NUMBER	NEW CAPITAL INVESTMENT	NUMBER	NEW CAPITAL INVESTMENT
2014	352	\$459.4	8	\$16.3	360	\$475.7
2013	283	\$278.6	8	\$204.7	291	\$483.3
2012	406	\$403.3	3	\$0.0	409	\$403.3
2011	367	\$276.5	4	\$0.9	371	\$277.4
2010	323	\$111.2	12	\$0.3	335	\$111.5
2009	398	\$215.5	9	\$0.0	408	\$217.0
2008	522	\$342.3	13	\$59.5	535	\$401.8
2007	528	\$733.4	8	\$2.7	536	\$736.1
2006	461	\$263.6	13	\$143.9	474	\$407.5
2005	344	\$221.0	16	\$54.1	360	\$275.1

**Note:** Only manufacturing and processing companies are included in the above totals.

Source: Governor's Office of Economic Development

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

<sup>\*</sup> Effective January 1, 2008, the construction category is no longer separated out for nonfarm wage and salaried workers. It is now combined with Natural Resources and Mining.

### State of South Dakota Capital Asset Statistics by Function as of June 30, 2015

as of June 30, 2015		Fisca	ıl Year	
General Government	2015	2014	2013	2012
Vehicles	2,904	2,929	2,862	2,852
Land (Acres)	760,806	760,806	760,804	760,828
Equipment	1,406	1,367	1,388	1,406
Buildings	22	19	15	17
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0
Health, Human, and Social Services				
Vehicles	7	7	8	8
Land (Acres)	799	799	777	710
Equipment	651	604	610	590
Buildings	92	93	48	47
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0
Law, Justice, Public Protection,				
and Regulation				
Vehicles	317	320	339	324
Land (Acres)	1,510	1,510	1,484	1,387
Equipment	1,047	940	932	826
Buildings	159	156	71	74
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0
Agriculture and Natural Resources	· ·	Ŭ	· ·	· ·
Vehicles	392	373	373	377
Land (Acres)	360,938	360,323	360,137	360,039
Equipment	1,576	1,509	1,490	1,457
Buildings	73	65	55	52
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0
Transportation	U	U	U	U
Vehicles	1,279	1,250	1,183	1,206
Land (Acres)	3,217	3,206	3,294	3,498
Land, ROW Roads	\$ 93,472,606	\$ 92,796,015	\$ 92,689,993	\$ 89,954,671
Land Improvements, Roads	\$ 520,147,538	\$ 514,620,856	\$ 512,129,195	\$ 512,129,195
Equipment	3,661	3,415	3,211	3,081
· ·	183		115	109
Buildings Infrastructure	103	175	113	109
	0.060	0.050	0.050	0.050
-Roads: Lane Miles	8,862	8,850	8,850	8,858
-Bridges: Number of	1,799	1,796	1,798	1,799
-Railroads: Track Miles	530	530	530	513
Education	•	•	0	•
Vehicles	0	0	0	0
Land (Acres)	184	77	77	77
Equipment	25	24	17	11
Buildings	27	27	26	22
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0
Economic Resources				
Vehicles	0	0	1	2
Land (Acres)	0	0	0	0
Equipment	47	49	45	42
Buildings	1	1	0	0
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0

**Source:** Survey conducted by BFM of the department's finance personnel and the Fixed Asset System.

Fiscal Year

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
2,949	2,743	2,683	2,879	2,711	2,636
760,828	760,828	760,828	760,832	760,832	761,295
1,296	1,275	1,291	1,416	1,477	1,970
17	16	15	13	13	21
0	0	0	0	0	0
	_	_	4.0		_
8	7	7	12	6	5
710 554	710	906 479	901 510	901 566	901
	539				540
47	46	46	46	46	46
0	0	0	0	0	0
320	312	281	314	313	323
2,066	2,067	2,313	2,313	2,313	2,313
762	682	596	607	627	599
74	76	68	67	70	54
0	0	0	0	0	0
365	340	309	326	326	300
360,039	352,128	350,245	348,552	297,796	293,775
1,357	1,292	1,208	1,173	1,123	1,095
52	53	48	48	35	34
0	0	0	0	0	0
1 060	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 0	1 607	1.250	1 101
1,268	1,241	1,149	1,607	1,259	1,194
3,618	3,747	3,891	3,875	3,883	3,950
\$ 86,389,686	\$ 84,159,719 \$ 512,410,674	\$ 76,597,880 \$ 512,410,674	\$ 73,884,865 \$ 512,410,674	\$ 69,080,371 \$ 512,498,327	\$ 48,033,462
\$ 512,410,674					\$ 512,216,849
3,043	2,828	2,603	2,511	2,402	2,258
104	102	98	96	96	88
8,858	8,858	8,862	8,862	8,864	8,886
1,805	1,803	1,809	1,805	1,800	1,805
513	513	513	513	513	328
0	0	0	0	0	0
45	45	33	33	33	33
15	24	30	32	47	53
22	22	22	22	22	25
0	0	0	0	0	0
_	_	_		_	_
2	2	1	1	3	2
0	0	0	0	0	0
48	49	36	37	39	41
0	0	0	0	0	0
U	U	U	U	U	U

### State of South Dakota Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years				iscal Year		
General Government		2015		2014		2013
Executive Management						
Bureau of Finance and Management						
Complete Governors Budget Book		Annual		Annual		Annual
Finalize State Operating Budget		Annual		Annual		Annual
Bureau of Information and Telecommunications						
Data Storage (GB)		N/A		N/A		N/A
SDPB Local Production (Hours)		3,760		3,735		3,656
Radio Calls through Digital Network		27,888,987		26,319,746		26,968,003
Bureau of Human Resources						
Health: Employees, COBRA, Retirees/Dependents	13	3,328 / 13,360	13	,413 / 13,426	13	,296 / 13,305
Bureau of Administration						
Pieces of Mail Handled/Year		7,720,306		7,719,049		8,047,767
Total Miles Driven		38,848,323		38,241,658		38,739,712
Revenue						
Total Active Business Licenses		80,779		80,236		81,047
Vehicles Registered		1,425,379		1,258,147		1,402,128
Misc. Special Tax Licenses		5,228		5,372		5,430
Lottery						
Licensed Lottery RetailersInstant Only		12		12		12
Licensed Lottery RetailersOn-line		608		600		597
Legislature						
Auditor General					_	
Audits Performed		46		56		49
Audits Reviewed (IPA reports)		326		322		338
School and Public Lands						
Apportion Common School Interest Fund and	_		_		_	
Income to School Districts (in Thousands)	\$	9,969	\$	8,774	\$	7,422
Apportion Endowed Income and Interest Fund to			•		•	
Ten Endowed Institutions (in Thousands)	\$	2,104	\$	1,500	\$	1,991
Secretary of State		100 007		454.050		400.400
Business and Secured Transaction Filings		120,807		151,658		100,492
State Treasurer	•	4.047.575	•	4 000 000	•	4 004 705
Cash Receipts (Thousands)	\$	4,917,575	\$	4,883,829	\$	4,621,725
Unclaimed Property - Claims Paid		4,500		10,024		3,973
State Auditor  Vouchers Audited		200 961		207.640		200 002
		290,861		297,649		289,083
Warrants Written		298,293		306,344		318,863
Health, Human, and Social Services Social Services						
Medicaid Enrolled/Month		117,346		115,328		116.128
Long Term Care Services - Clients Served		,		•		-, -
Health		3,977		4,051		4,053
Public Health Investigations		13,750		13,875		12,618
Labor		13,730		13,073		12,010
State Labor Force		450,900		450,660		446,990
Unemployment Rate		3.50%		3.70%		4.30%
South Dakota Retirement System		3.50 %		3.70%		4.30 /
Budget Compared to Assets		0.040%		0.040%		0.040%
Budget Compared to Benefits		0.870%		0.890%		0.870%
Veterans Benefits and Services		0.07078		0.09078		0.0707
South Dakota Veteran Population		75,000		75,000		75,000
State Veterans' Home		73,000		75,000		13,000
		121		112		110
Average Daily Census		121		113		118
Human Services  People with Developmental Disabilities Served		2 404		2.070		2 022
People with Developmental Disabilities Served		3,104		3,078		3,032
People with Mental Illness Served		16,653		16,142 11,570		16,110
People with Substance Abuse Issues Served		11,525 5,299		11,579		12,305
People Receiving Vocational Rehabilitation Services		5,299		5,798		6,166

Fiscal Year 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 Annual N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 10,347 6,273 2,056 2,456 1,528 1,480 736 740 719 26,052,239 24,122,503 22,188,596 21,468,474 21,885,767 22,584,630 18,719,091 13,234 / 13,008 13,372 / 12,488 13,427 / 11,876 13,316 / 11,568 13,171 / 11,696 13,133 / 11,846 13,105 / 11,713 8,631,113 8,991,825 9,274,640 9,687,084 9,909,143 11,638,363 9,977,094 38,755,956 37,663,512 37,506,764 37,136,509 38,788,928 38,180,716 39,406,852 80,130 78,399 78,919 76,367 73,456 72,315 70,685 1,081,516 1,156,109 1,137,621 1,113,254 1,168,616 1,129,972 1,135,960 5,333 5,332 5,346 5,298 5,580 5,672 8,030 12 13 14 129 620 615 609 591 584 579 480 476 447 407 73 59 58 59 81 69 327 356 349 286 285 322 293 \$ 7,433 \$ 8,274 \$ 8,672 \$ 10,997 \$ 8,771 \$ 8,453 \$ 8,265 \$ 1,957 \$ 1,629 \$ 1,905 \$ 1,990 1,967 2,026 \$ 1,753 92,608 90,291 91,288 97,572 100,959 101,215 95,518 \$ 4,667,076 \$ 4,435,684 \$ 4,196,085 \$ 3,812,475 \$ 3,843,830 \$ 3,705,226 \$ 3,625,844 2,992 4,619 7,390 6,113 6,505 5,084 6,138 291,219 293,522 288,997 283,596 287,358 287,076 309,479 400,307 433,121 451,581 473,409 507,447 595,412 634,882 115,731 114,405 111,005 104,520 102,310 100,393 100,274 4,138 4,276 4,346 4,347 4,359 4,419 4,452 10,386 10,379 15,292 12,365 13,014 12,922 15,416 444,805 444,980 442,940 447,275 443,765 440,030 432,442 4.50% 4.90% 5.00% 4.10% 2.80% 3.00% 3.50% 0.042% 0.053% 0.057% 0.063% 0.045% 0.044% 0.044% 0.900% 1.120% 1.140% 1.180% 1.110% 1.220% 1.260% 72,000 72,000 72,400 73,500 74,273 73,325 74,224 130 129 132 129 124 119 119 2,970 2,899 2,837 2,814 2,776 2,762 2,727 15,572 14,915 13,998 13,261 12,901 12,246 11,591 14,307 14,893 15,131 15,338 15,146 15,069 14,180 6,477 6,224 5,710 5,606 5,714 6,508 6,819

### State of South Dakota Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (continued)

Corrections	,		Fiscal Year	
Adult System ADP (Average Daily Population)   3.610   3.645   2.297   Juvenille Institutional and Placement ADP   660   649   1	Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation	2015	2014	2013
Avg. Daily Population on Supervision   2,315   2,297   Juvenille Institutional and Placement ADP   650   649   Juvenille Unititional and Placement ADP   650   649   Juvenille Unititional and Placement ADP   650   649   Juvenille Unititional and Placement Plangs/Pending   10,392   N/A   9413 / N/A   686   628				
Juvenile Institutional and Placement ADP   650   649   1.01/16/16/   1.01/16/16/   1.01/16/   1.0		•	•	3,637
Unified Judicial System   Felony Offenses Filings/Pending   10,392 / N/A   20,518 / N/A   22,72   Class Two Misdemeanor Filings/Pending   11,2323 / N/A   105,213 / N/A   111,44   11,2323 / N/A   105,213 / N/A			·	2,473
Felony Offenses Filings/Pending		650	649	688
Class One Misdemeanor Filings/Pending	•	40.000 / 11/1	0440 / 11/4	0050 / 11/4
Class Two Misdemeanor Filings/Pending		•		6856 / N/A
New Cases Opened/Closed/Pending (Thousands)   1,9/2.0/1.9   2.2/2.9/1.5   1.2/2     New Gases Opened/Closed/Pending (Thousands)   1,9/2.0/1.9   2.2/2.9/1.5   1.2/2     Investigations Conducted by DCI   1.062   1.077     Public Safety   Patrol of Public Highways (Percentage)   54%   60%     Patrol of Public Highways (Hours)   N/A   N/A   N/A     Patrol of Public Highways (Hours)   N/A   N/A   N/A     Military and Veterans Affairs     Assigned Strength of the Airny Guard   3.165   3.204     Assigned Strength of the Air Guard   1.050   1.044     Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraise Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2.4     Appraise Licensed   1	3	·	·	22,720 / N/A
New Cases Opened (Closed/Pending (Thousands)   1,9/2,0/1,9   2,2/2,9/1,5   1,2/2		112,323 / N/A	105,213 / N/A	111,461 / N/A
Investigations Conducted by DCI		10/20/10	22/20/15	1.2 / 2.2 / 1.6
Public Safety	, ,			1,013
Patrol of Public Highways (Percentage)   54%   60%   N/A   N/A   N/A   N/A   Driver Licenses Issued   198,279   156,731   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	·	1,002	1,077	1,013
Patrol of Public Highways (Hours)   N/A	•	54%	60%	45%
Driver Licenses Issued   198,279   156,731   1				
Military and Veterans Affairs				198,733
Assigned Strength of the Army Guard		100,210	100,101	100,700
Assigned Strength of the Air Quard Appraiser Program New / Renewed Licenses	·	3 165	3 204	3,220
Appraiser Program   New / Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   2	,	•	·	1,030
New   Renewed Licenses   11 / 380   10 / 368   22	-	1,000	1,011	1,000
Revenue Financial Services		11 / 380	10 / 368	20 / 399
Banking Institutions Examined         N/A         542           Dealer, Broker & Investment Advisor         391,545         86,131           Agents Licensed         91,545         86,131           Renewed & Issued Insurance         282,241         269,568         2           Revenue Boards and Commissions         7,102         8           New & Renewed Licenses Issued         6,708         7,102           Public Utilities Commission         193         240           Dockets Opened         193         240           Agriculture and Natural Resources         393         240           Agriculture         451,11,421         1,253/1           Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)         642/53,145         451/11,421         1,253/1           Dairy Inspections         500         520         500         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A         N/A           Inspections         500         520         500         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A         1,225/1         1,225/1         1,225/1           Game, Fish and Parks         7,605,595         8,115,000         8,0         4,2         1,2         1,2           Environment		117 000	107 000	207000
Dealer, Broker & Investment Advisor Agents Licensed Renewed & Issued Insurance   Appointments/Licenses   282,241   269,568   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		N/A	542	534
Agents Licensed         91,545         86,131           Renewed & Issued Insurance         282,241         269,568         2           Revenue Boards and Commissions         New & Renewed Licenses Issued         6,708         7,102           Public Utilities Commission         193         240           Dockets Opened         193         240           Agriculture and Natural Resources         Agriculture and Natural Resources           Agriculture         500         520           Marketing Consultations         500         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A           Insect & Disease Individual Assists         279         288           Game, Fish and Parks         279         288           Total Park Visitations         7,605,595         8,115,000         8,0           Acres of Walk-In Areas         1,389,734         1,270,000         1,2           Environment and Natural Resources         118.3 M / 113         78.9M / 95         88.8M           (Added Water Quality Grants and Loans         118.3 M / 113         78.9M / 95         88.8M           (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)         28,359         28,740         28.7M           Petroleum Release Compensation         90         89	-			
Renewed & Issued Insurance   Appointments/Licenses   282,241   269,568   2		91.545	86.131	81,567
Appointments/Licenses         282,241         269,568         2           Revenue Boards and Commissions         6,708         7,102         7,102           New & Renewed Licenses Issued         6,708         7,102         7,102           Public Utilities Commission         3         240         4           Dockets Opened         193         240         4           Agriculture and Matural Resources         8         2         7           Agriculture and Matural Resources         500         520         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A         N/A           Insect & Disease Individual Assists         279         288         28           Game, Fish and Parks         7,605,595         8,115,000         8,0           Acres of Walk-In Areas         1,389,734         1,270,000         1,2           Environment and Natural Resources         10lars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans         118.3 M / 113         78.9M / 95         88.8M           (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)         7         7014 Number of Regulated Facilities         28,359         28,740           Petroleum Release Compensation         9         45         45         45         45         45         46         45	· ·	0.,0.0	33,131	0.,00.
Revenue Boards and Commissions   New & Renewed Licenses Issued   6,708   7,102   7,1		282.241	269.568	286,078
New & Renewed Licenses Issued         6,708         7,102           Public Utilities Commission         3         240           Agriculture and Natural Resources         4           Agriculture         451 / 11,421         1,253 / 1           Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)         642 / 53,145         451 / 11,421         1,253 / 1           Dairy Inspections         500         520	• •	202,211	200,000	200,010
Public Utilities Commission   Dockets Opened   193   240   Agriculture and Natural Resources   Agriculture and Natural Resources   Agriculture   Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)   642 / 53,145   451 / 11,421   1,253 / 1. Dairy Inspections   500   520   Marketing Consultations   N/A   N/A   N/A   Insect & Disease Individual Assists   279   288   Game, Fish and Parks   Total Park Visitations   7,605,595   8,115,000   8,0   Acres of Walk-In Areas   1,389,734   1,270,000   1,2   Environment and Natural Resources   Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans   118.3 M / 113   78.9M / 95   88.8M (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)   Total Number of Regulated Facilities   28,359   28,740   Petroleum Release Compensation   Petroleum Release Cases Initiated   60   45   Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated   60   45   45   45   45   45   45   45   4		6.708	7.102	7,137
Dockets Opened   193		-,	, -	, -
Agriculture and Natural Resources Agriculture Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres) Marketing Consultations Marketing Consultati		193	240	265
Agriculture         Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)         642 / 53,145         451 / 11,421         1,253 / 1.50           Dairy Inspections         500         520         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A         N/A           Insect & Disease Individual Assists         279         288           Game, Fish and Parks         279         288           Total Park Visitations         7,605,595         8,115,000         8,0           Acres of Walk-In Areas         1,389,734         1,270,000         1,2           Environment and Natural Resources         Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)         118.3 M / 113         78.9M / 95         88.8M           (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)         Total Number of Regulated Facilities         28,359         28,740         28.70           Petroleum Release Cases Initiated         60         45         45         45         45         45         45         45         45         45         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46 <td< td=""><td>·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	·			
Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)         642 / 53,145         451 / 11,421         1,253 / 1.5           Dairy Inspections         500         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A           Insect & Disease Individual Assists         279         288           Game, Fish and Parks         279         288           Total Park Visitations         7,605,595         8,115,000         8,0           Acres of Walk-In Areas         1,389,734         1,270,000         1,2           Environment and Natural Resources         Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans         118.3 M / 113         78.9M / 95         88.8M           (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)         700         700         1,2           Petroleum Release Compensation         28,359         28,740         28,740           Petroleum Release Cases Initiated         60         45         45           Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated         60         45         46         45           Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated         60         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         45         46         46         46         45	-			
Dairy Inspections         500         520           Marketing Consultations         N/A         N/A           Insect & Disease Individual Assists         279         288           Game, Fish and Parks         279         288           Total Park Visitations         7,605,595         8,115,000         8,0           Acres of Walk-In Areas         1,389,734         1,270,000         1,2           Environment and Natural Resources         0         4,270,000         1,2           Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans         118.3 M / 113         78.9M / 95         88.8M           (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)         78.9M / 95         88.8M         88.8M         88.8M         88.8M         88.8M         88.8M         88.8M         98.9M / 95         88.8M         88.8M         98.9M / 95         88.8M         88.8M         98.9M / 95         88.8M         88.8M         98.8M         98.740         98.8M         98.8M         98.8M <t< td=""><td>Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)</td><td>642 / 53,145</td><td>451 / 11,421</td><td>1,253 / 148,604</td></t<>	Wildfires Suppressed: (Fires/Acres)	642 / 53,145	451 / 11,421	1,253 / 148,604
Insect & Disease Individual Assists		500	520	713
Came, Fish and Parks   Total Park Visitations   7,605,595   8,115,000   8,00     Acres of Walk-In Areas   1,389,734   1,270,000   1,20     Environment and Natural Resources     Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans   118.3 M / 113   78.9M / 95   88.8M     (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)     Total Number of Regulated Facilities   28,359   28,740     Petroleum Release Compensation     Petroleum Release Cases Initiated   60   45     Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated   62   100     Transportation     Transportation     Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System     Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better     on Condition Index   90   89     Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent     Condition Based on Condition Index   53   46     Education     Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment   129,772   128,924   1.5     Economic Resources     Tourism and State Development     Capital Investment Reported (Millions)   475.0   300.0   \$	Marketing Consultations	N/A	N/A	390
Total Park Visitations	Insect & Disease Individual Assists	279	288	491
Acres of Walk-In Areas 1,389,734 1,270,000 1,2 Environment and Natural Resources  Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans 118.3 M / 113 78.9M / 95 88.8M (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)  Total Number of Regulated Facilities 28,359 28,740  Petroleum Release Compensation Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45 Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation  Transportation  Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education  Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 13  Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$475.0 \$300.0 \$	Game, Fish and Parks			
Environment and Natural Resources  Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)  Total Number of Regulated Facilities 28,359 28,740  Petroleum Release Compensation Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45 Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation  Transportation Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1: Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$475.0 \$300.0 \$	Total Park Visitations	7,605,595	8,115,000	8,091,937
Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans (Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)  Total Number of Regulated Facilities 28,359 28,740  Petroleum Release Compensation Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45 Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation  Transportation Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1: Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$475.0\$ 300.0\$	Acres of Walk-In Areas	1,389,734	1,270,000	1,277,000
(Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)  Total Number of Regulated Facilities 28,359 28,740  Petroleum Release Compensation  Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45  Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation  Transportation  Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System  Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better  on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent  Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education  Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development  Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Environment and Natural Resources			
Total Number of Regulated Facilities 28,359 28,740  Petroleum Release Compensation Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45 Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation Transportation Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Dollars Awarded/Number of Grants and Loans	118.3 M / 113	78.9M / 95	88.8M / 108
Petroleum Release Compensation Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45 Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation Transportation Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1: Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	(Added Water Quality Grants in FY05 & FY06)			
Petroleum Release Cases Initiated 60 45 Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation  Transportation  Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System     Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better     on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent     Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education  Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development  Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Total Number of Regulated Facilities	28,359	28,740	27,820
Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated 62 100  Transportation  Transportation  Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System     Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better     on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent     Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education  Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development  Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Petroleum Release Compensation			
Transportation  Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System  Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better  on Condition Index  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent  Condition Based on Condition Index  Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment  Condition Resources  Tourism and State Development  Capital Investment Reported (Millions)  \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Petroleum Release Cases Initiated	60	45	120
Transportation Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1: Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Abandoned Tank Site Cases Initiated	62	100	81
Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 12  Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Transportation			
Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better on Condition Index 90 89  Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 128,924 128,000  Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Transportation			
on Condition Index 90 89 Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 128,924 128,000  Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$\$475.0\$\$300.0\$\$	Percent of Non-interstate State Highway System			
Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Main Lane Pavement Mileage Rated Good or Better			
Condition Based on Condition Index 53 46  Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	on Condition Index	90	89	88
Education Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1.  Economic Resources Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Percent of Interstate Pavement in Excellent			
Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment 129,772 128,924 1:  Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development  Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Condition Based on Condition Index	53	46	45
Economic Resources  Tourism and State Development  Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Education			
Tourism and State Development Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$	Student K-12 Public School Fall Enrollment	129,772	128,924	127,169
Capital Investment Reported (Millions) \$ 475.0 \$ 300.0 \$				
, , ,	Tourism and State Development			
Now John Created (Calendar Vear) 3 300 4 000	Capital Investment Reported (Millions)	\$ 475.0	\$ 300.0	\$ 400.0
New Jobs Created (Caleridal Tear) 3,500 4,000	New Jobs Created (Calendar Year)	3,300	4,000	3,000
Tourism's Impact on South Dakota Economy (Billions) \$ 1.99 \$ 1.98 \$	Tourism's Impact on South Dakota Economy (Billions)	\$ 1.99	\$ 1.98	\$ 1.95

Source: State's Budget System and/or survey of department finance personnel.  $\mbox{N/A=}\mbox{Not}\mbox{ Applicable}$ 

Fiscal Year 2010 2008 2007 2012 2011 2006 2009 3,565 3,479 3,490 3,428 3,373 3,466 3,412 2.452 2.385 2,379 2,312 2,418 2,311 2,011 526 459 446 497 461 489 510 7225 / N/A 5,797 / 7,104 6.456 / N/A 6.126 / N/A 5.745 / 7.249 5.660 / 7.388 6.970 / 7.462 21,690 / N/A 19,929 / N/A 20,141 / N/A 22,611 / 22,924 23,464 / 22,296 24,064 / 22,570 21,896 / 23,039 117,594 / N/A 112,853 / N/A 124,965 / N/A 134,617 / 44,143 139,262 / 46,389 139,933 / 43,043 141,405 / 43,614 .85 / 2.1 / 1.5 1.0 / 1.3 / 2.5 .8 / 1.3 / 2.3 .8 / 1.1 / 2.1 1.1 / .9 / 2.0 1.2 / 1.2 / 1.9 1.1 / 1.0 / 1.9 1,012 902 867 772 759 534 599 46% 45% N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 131.508 130,700 130.503 124.763 139.828 136.428 201,766 198,871 176,153 150,056 195,900 205,260 198,755 3,266 3,420 3,441 3,391 3,368 3,360 3,425 1,038 1,057 1,103 1,108 1,012 1,008 1,015 15 / 383 11/381 18 / 354 17 / 372 22 / 354 17/360 33 / 361 609 563 562 538 538 553 376 79,886 77,038 62,262 61,995 63,004 60,015 54,396 243,465 270,412 269,361 254,327 223,240 210,739 211,904 7,517 8,191 7,425 7,759 6,853 8,387 7,351 238 178 199 306 258 143 227 1,267 / 123,484 468 / 7,100 398 / 10,335 337 / 5,803 595 / 55,731 904 / 288,616 762 / 47,860 831 956 1,078 1,444 1,300 1,350 1,549 375 375 385 360 396 300 220 354 307 333 400 500 792 390 7,682,751 7,469,331 7,785,508 7,638,828 7,371,201 7,326,503 7,202,975 1,271,743 1,300,000 1,250,000 1,201,430 1,152,653 1,000,000 1,080,000 96.4M / 129 119.1M / 155 80.6M / 109 100M / 129 99.3M / 113 34.8M / 102 91.4M / 135 26,679 26,328 24,445 27,331 26,365 25,677 23,123 70 95 62 64 45 22 29 45 36 45 53 33 45 38 85 84 83 93 88 83 78 53 31 45 40 33 35 41 125,152 123,629 122,055 121,015 121,089 120,278 120,682 \$ 282.0 \$ 118.0 217.0 \$ 401.8 \$ 736.1 407.5 \$ 275.1

\$

3,952

2.74

\$

4,083

2.42

\$

3,044

2.35

\$

3,202

2.16

3,298

2.42

4,248

1.86

\$

\$

4,462

1.76

\$

### State of South Dakota Full-Time Equivalent State Employees by Function of Government Last Ten Fiscal Years

(excluding Higher Education)

			Fiscal Year		
Function of State Government:	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government	998	983	970	967	1,003
Health, Human, and Social Services	3,007	2,999	3,009	3,004	3,040
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation	2,215	2,223	2,186	2,142	2,160
Agriculture and Natural Resources	943	929	941	925	938
Transportation	977	980	978	965	987
Education	178	128	130	132	133
Economic Resources	158	198	197	170	264
State Total	8,476	8,440	8,411	8,305	8,525

			Fiscal Year		
Function of State Government:	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General Government	1,020	1,019	1,000	993	990
Health, Human, and Social Services	3,121	3,064	3,051	3,054	3,113
Law, Justice, Public Protection, and Regulation	2,130	2,119	2,131	2,110	2,081
Agriculture and Natural Resources	942	918	908	899	907
Transportation	1,004	1,000	1,015	1,012	1,024
Education	135	130	134	139	136
Economic Resources	257	199	180	168	170
State Total	8,609	8,449	8,419	8,375	8,421

Source: State's Budget System RB16

### Note:

(a) A full-time equivalent employee, or FTE, represents one full-time position, or a number of part-time or seasonal positions.



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS





MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard Governor of South Dakota

and

Members of the Legislature State of South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of South Dakota as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming our opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of South Dakota's basic financial statements. We have not performed any procedures with respect to the audited financial statements subsequent to January 22, 2016. Our opinion expressed therein, insofar as it relates to entities' financial statements that were audited by other auditors, was based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and other auditors in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 2C of the Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the accompanying schedule is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### **Unmodified Opinion**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2C to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Martin L. Guindon, CPA Auditor General

March 21, 2016

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Agency for International Development	opment				
98.012	Agency for International Development	USAID Development Partnerships for University Cooperation and Development	AWARD LETTER DATED 08/03/12	SDSMT	25,245
Total Agency for International Development	Development				25,245
Aging Cluster					
93.044	Administration for Community Living	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers		Social Services	2,404,970
93.045	Administration for Community Living	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services		Social Services	3,205,860
93.053	Administration for Community Living	Nutrition Services Incentive Program		Social Services	862,252
L Total Aging Cluster					6,473,082
Agriculture					
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care	15-8446-0087-CA/14- 8446-1755-CA/15- 8446-1336-CA	Agriculture	142,149
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease Pest Control and Animal Care	14-9419-310-CA	SDSU	12,685
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care - Animal Disease Traceability (ADT)	14-9746-2132-CA	Animal Industry Board	76,053
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care - Swine Enteric Coronavirus Disease (SECD)	14-9746-2231-CA	Animal Industry Board	6,412
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care - Notifiable Avian Influenza (NAI)	15-9746-2429-CA	Animal Industry Board	214,059
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care - National Surveillance and Response for Animal Health Activities (Umbrella)	15-9746-2216-CA	Animal Industry Board	44,648
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care - National Surveillance and Response for Animal Health Activities (Umbrella)	14-9746-2216-CA	Animal Industry Board	96,056
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care - Animal Disease Traceability (ADT)	15-9746-2132-CA	Animal Industry Board	16,937
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease Pest Control and Animal Care	14-9419-0334-CA	SDSN	55,055

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Agriculture (continued)					
10.13CS11020300036	Forest Service	Challenge Cost Share Agreement "Archival Storage"	13-CS-11020300-036	BHSU	16,340
10.153	Agricultural Marketing Service	Market News	12-25-A-5354	Agriculture	34,089
10.153	Agricultural Marketing Service	Market News - National Organic Certification Cost Share Program	14-NOCCS-SD- 0046/15-NOCCS-SD- 0046	Agriculture	46,067
10.170	Agricultural Marketing Service	Specialty Crop Block Grant Program - Farm Bill - SDDA Dakota Flavor Marketplace	12-25-B- 1254/1487/1696;14- SCBGP-SD-0046	Agriculture	248,719
10.172	Agricultural Marketing Service	Local Food Promotion Program	14-LFPPX-SD-0156	SDSU	13,561
10.217	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Higher Education - Institution Challenge Grants Program	2014-70003-22369	SDSU	63,691
10.217	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Higher Education - Institution Challenge Grants Program	20-38411-30625	SDSU	42,511
10.217	University of Idaho - flow through	Higher Education - Institution Challenge Grants Program	GRK997-SB-005, 2010-34811-2137	SDSU	9,867
10.217	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Higher Education - Institution Challenge Grants Program	2014-70003-22352	SDSU	12,143
10.303	The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois - flow through	Integrated Programs	2012-05854- 12(A01017); 2012-51	SDSU	2,625
10.303	Ohio State University - flow through	Integrated Programs	60039572	SDSU	2,000
10.304	Kansas State University - flow through	Homeland Security Agricultural	S13014, 2012-37620- 19627 (PR)	SDSU	6,175
10.311	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Beginning Farmer and Rancher Development Program	2015-70017-22866	SDSU	29,804
10.318	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Women and Minorities in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics Fields	2014-38503-22188	SDSU	4,524
10.329	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Crop Protection and Pest Management Competitive Grants Program	2014-70006-22566	SDSU	15,459
10.435	Farm Service Agency	State Mediation Grants	470300-466000364 SD Mediation Grant - 15	Agriculture	59,479
10.475	Food Safety and Inspection Service	Cooperative Agreements with States for Intrastate Meat and Poultry Inspection		Animal Industry Board	229'606

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Agriculture (continued)					
10.475	Food Safety and Inspection Service	Cooperative Agreements with States for Intrastate Meat and Poultry Inspection - Animal and Egg Production Food Safety	FSIS-C-23-2004	Animal Industry Board	227
10.477	North Dakota Department of Agriculture - flow through	Meat Poultry and Egg Products Inspection	12-155: FSIS-C-32- 2010/01	SDSU	71
10.500	University of Minnesota - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	H003703716; 2013- 47001-20902	SDSU	8,111
10.500	University of Nebraska Lincoln - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	25-6324-0119-007	SDSU	6,694
10.500	Kansas State University - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	S14128; 2010-48713- 21882 (P)	SDSU	38,583
10.500	Kansas State University - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	S15075; 2013-41520- 21290 (P)	SDSU	14,493
10:500	University of Nebraska/Lincoln - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	25-6324-0097-411; 2010-49200-06200	SDSU	2,692
10.500	University of Nebraska Lincoln - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	25-6324-0119-008	SDSU	3,244
10.500	Pennsylvania State University - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	5033-SDSU-UM-9802	SDSU	49,138
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service		SDSU	2,524,071
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2013-41534-21507	SDSU	90,305
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2013-41580-20811	SDSU	68,238
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2013-41580-20813	SDSU	61,420
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2013-41580-20812	SDSU	46,453
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2013-41533-21056	SDSU	36,831
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2009-41520-05416	SDSU	21,458
10.500	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Extension Service	2010-46100-21784	SDSU	20,047

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Agriculture (continued)					
10.500	Kansas State University - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	S14084; 2012-48749- 20178(P)	SDSU	7,015
10.500	University of Minnesota - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	H002484617, 2011- 47001-30538	SDSU	13,033
10.500	University of Minnesota - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	H003044618, 2012- 47001-19546	SDSU	18,504
10.557	Food and Nutrition Service	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (Note 3J)		Health	17,710,212
10.558	Food and Nutrition Service	Child and Adult Care Food Program		Education	9,140,553
10.560	Food and Nutrition Service	State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition		Education	1,485,600
10.560	Food and Nutrition Service	State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition - Child Nutrition Meal Pattem TA		Education	18,951
10.574	Food and Nutrition Service	Team Nutrition Grants		Education	1,327
10.578	Food and Nutrition Service	WIC Grants to States (WGS)		Health	5,273
10.579	Food and Nutrition Service	Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability - NSLP Equipment		Education	85,265
10.58-0510-4-058 N	Agriculture	Farm Bill	58-0510-4-058 N	SDSU	42,811
10.582	Food and Nutrition Service	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program		Education	1,780,681
10.582	Food and Nutrition Service	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program - Administrative Review and Training Method II		Education	314,856
10.652	Forest Service	Forestry Research - Forest Inventory Analysis	11-JV-11242305-025	Agriculture	42,972
10.664	Forest Service	Cooperative Forestry Assistance - CSP American Center Fuel Break		Game, Fish and Parks	72,877
10.664	Forest Service	Cooperative Forestry Assistance	14-DG-11020000-044	Agriculture	569,277
10.664	Forest Service	Cooperative Forestry Assistance	08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13- DG-11020000-038	Agriculture	2,197,176
10.672	Forest Service	Rural Development, Forestry, and Communities - Hazardous Fuels Reduction	11-DG-11020000-058	Agriculture	403,308
10.680	Forest Service	Forest Health Protection - Mountain Pine Beetle	12-DG-11020000-044	Agriculture	300,000
10.680	Forest Service	Forest Health Protection - Woody Biomass Initiative	12-DG-11020000-057	Agriculture	1,017
10.680	Forest Service	Forest Health Protection - Western Bark Beetle	10-DG-11020000-021	Agriculture	116,449

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Agriculture (continued)					
10.767	Rural Business - Cooperative Service	Intermediary Relending Program (Note 3I)		Governor's Office of Economic Development	389,173
10.8000058196	Purdue University - flow through	Purdue University - flow through	8000058196; 018000- 340452-21(MSU); RBS1039(Prime)	SDSU	8,903
10.861	Rural Utility Services	Public Television Station Digital Transition Grant Program	SD 1606-D33	Bureau of Information and Telecommunications - SDPB	9,798
10.902	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Soil and Water Conservation	68-7482-13-532	SDSU	69,722
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program - Agro- Forestry	65-6740-13-19	Agriculture	36
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program - Thinning	65-6740-13-06	Agriculture	2,914
Total Agriculture					39,980,564
CCDF Cluster					
93.575	Administration for Children and Families	Child Care and Development Block Grant		Social Services	5,171,243
93.596	Administration for Children and Families	Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund		Social Services	6,743,726
Total CCDF Cluster				l	11,914,969
Child Nutrition Cluster					
10.553	Food and Nutrition Service	School Breakfast Program		Education	7,782,203
10.555	Food and Nutrition Service	National School Lunch Program (Note 3A)		Education	32,133,981
10.556	Food and Nutrition Service	Special Milk Program for Children		Education	34,905
10.559	Food and Nutrition Service	Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note 3A)		Education	1,254,381
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					41,205,470
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	und Cluster				
66.458	Office of Water	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds (Note 3G)		Environment and Natural Resources	256,642,429

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	ing Fund Cluster				256,642,429
Commerce					
11.549	National Telecommunications and Information Administration	State and Local Implementation Grant Program	46-10-S13046	Bureau of Information and Telecommunications - State Radio	78,328
11.558	National Telecommunications and Information Administration	ARRA - State Broadband Data and Development Grant Program	46-50-M09053	Bureau of Information and Telecommunications	345,501
11.611	National Institute for Standards and Technology	Manufacturing Extension Partnership		USD	421,759
Total Commerce					845,588
Corporation for National and Community Service	ommunity Service				
500. 700. 700.	Corporation for National and Community Service	Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	12SRNSD002	внѕп	59,807
Total Corporation for National and Community Service	ind Community Service				29,807
Defense					
12.002	Defense Logistics Agency	Procurement Technical Assistance For Business Firms		USD	203,671
12.112	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes		State Treasurer	7,793
12.113	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	State Memorandum of Agreement Program for the Reimbursement of Technical Services - Defense Environmental Restoration Program		Environment and Natural Resources	87,713
12.116	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Department of Defense Appropriation Act of 2003 (J)	NAFB1-13-M-0191	SDSU	88
12.217	Federal Voting Assistance Program	Electronic Absentee Systems for Elections - Federal Voting Assistance Program (FVAP)		Secretary of State	35,404
12.400	National Guard Bureau	Military Construction, National Guard - Joint Starc Readiness Center	W912MM-04-2-2001	Military	3,747
12.400	National Guard Bureau	Military Construction, National Guard - Watertown Readiness Center	W912MM-06-2-2002	Military	134,250

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Defense (continued)					
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Fire Protection Activities	W912MM-13-2-1024	Military	516,670
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Telecommunications	W912MM-15-2-1005	Military	286,751
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Real Property Operations and Maintenance	W912MM-10-2-1001	Military	6,347,080
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Training Ranges/Range Training	W912MM-15-2-1007	Military	138
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Training Ranges/Range Training	W912MM-10-2-1007	Military	57,252
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Telecommunications	W912MM-10-2-1005	Military	123,678
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Security Guard Activities	W912MM-10-2-1003	Military	200,425
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Security Guard Activities	W912MM-15-2-1003	Military	416,098
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Environmental Resource Management	W912MM-10-2-1002	Military	201,009
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Environmental Resource Management	W912MM-15-2-1002	Military	251,879
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Electronic Security	W912MM-15-2-1004	Military	110,240
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Distance Learning	W912MM-10-2-1040	Military	103,685

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Defense (continued)					
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Distance Learning	W912MM-15-2-1040	Military	113,937
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Interservice Support Agreement: Aberdeen Armed Forces Reserve Center	W5BM2T-87001-001	Military	56,252
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Electronic Security	W912MM-10-2-1004	Military	95,992
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Anti-Terrorism Program Coordinator Activities	W912MM-13-2-1010	Military	90,756
15.401 12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Security Guard Activities	W912MM-15-2-1023	Military	513,715
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Facilities Operations and Maintenance Activities	W912MM-15-2-1021	Military	936,364
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Fire Protection Activities	W912MM-15-2-1024	Military	1,509,384
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Environmental Resources Management	W912MM-15-2-1022	Military	41,868
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Environmental Resources Management	W912MM-10-2-1022	Military	13,507
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ARNG Real Property Operations and Maintenance	W912MM-15-2-1001	Military	3,118,493
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Facilities Operations and Maintenance Activities	W912MM-11-2-1021	Military	304,361
12.401	National Guard Bureau	National Guard Military Operations and Maintenance (OandM) Projects - Master Cooperative Agreement: ANG Security Guard Activities	W912MM-11-2-1023	Military	259,172
12.404	National Guard Bureau	National Guard ChalleNGe Program (STARBASE)	W912MM-15-2-4002	Military	971,926

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Defense (continued)					
12.404	National Guard Bureau	National Guard ChalleNGe Program (STARBASE)	W912MM-14-2-4002	Military	98,991
12.902	National Security Agency	Information Security Grant Program		DSU	59,007
12.NAFBA1-13-M-0340	Defense	Defense Contract Number NAFBA1-13-M-0340	NAFBA1-13-M-0340	SDSU	61,742
12.UNKNOWN	Department of the Army	Pallid Sturgeon Study		Game, Fish and Parks	206,547
12.UNKNOWN	Department of the Army	Cultural Resource Agreements		Game, Fish and Parks	82,216
12.W9128F-12-C-0087	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Cultural Resources Management Plans	W9128F-12-C-0087	Tourism	408,471
12.W9218-F-08-A-0025	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Cultural Resources Management Plans	W9218-F-08-A-0025	Tourism	19,843
Total Defense				I	18,050,116
G Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster				•	
96.001	Social Security Administration	Social Security - Disability Insurance	04-0804SDDI00	Human Services	4,663,928
Total Disability Insurance/SSI Cluster	luster			I	4,663,928
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	Fund Cluster			I	
66.468	Office of Water	Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (Note 3G)		Environment and Natural Resources	143,774,203
Total Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	olving Fund Cluster			<b>!</b>	143,774,203
Education				ļ	
84.002	Office of Vocational and Adult Education	Adult Education - State Grant Program		Labor	996,974
84.010	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		Education	42,874,069
84.011	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Migrant Education - State Grant Program		Education	776,975
84.013	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth		Education	134,136
84.031	Office of Postsecondary Education	Higher Education - Institutional Aid	P031A130087	NSU	385,812

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Disbursements/ Issuances
Education (continued)					
84.048	Office of Vocational and Adult Education	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States		Education	4,815,229
84.116	Office of Postsecondary Education	Fund for the Improvement of Postsecondary Education	P116F140166	SDSU	297,334
84.126	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Rehabilitation Services -Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States		Human Services	8,652,863
84.129	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Rehabilitation Long-Term Training	H129B140033	SDSU	29,695
84.129	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Rehabilitation Long-Term Training	H129B100009	SDSU	83,008
84.144	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Migrant Education - Coordination Program		Education	115,049
199	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Independent Living - State Grants		Human Services	283,715
84.177	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Rehabilitation Services-Independent Living Services for Older Individuals Who Are Blind		Human Services	278,497
84.181	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families		Education	2,885,242
84.187	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Supported Employment Services for Individuals with the Most Significant Disabilities		Human Services	246,921
84.196	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Education for Homeless Children and Youth		Education	220,998
84.224	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Assistive Technology		Human Services	368,842
84.265	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Rehabilitation Training-State Vocational Rehabilitation Unit In-Service Training		Human Services	34,157
84.287	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers		Education	5,754,499
84.325	University of Florida - flow through	Special Education - Personnel Development to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities - CEDAR - Collaboration for Effective Educator Development Accountability and Reform		Education	3,654
84.326	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Special Education - Technical Assistance and Dissemination to Improve Services and Results for Children with Disabilities		nsp	106,387

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Education (continued)					
84.327	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Special Education - Educational Technology Media, and Materials for Individuals with Disabilities		USD	1,573
84.334	Office of Postsecondary Education	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs		Education	2,850,278
84.336	Black Hills Special Services Cooperative - flow through	Teacher Quality Partnership Grants	BHSSC-BHSU (TQE)	BHSU	1,140
84.336	Mid-Central Educational Cooperative - flow through	Teacher Quality Partnership Grants		USD	64,300
84.358	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Rural Education		Education	976,77
84.365	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	English Language Acquisition State Grants		Education	809,476
200 84.366	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Mathematics and Science Partnerships		Education	634,528
84.367	University of California - flow through	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		USD	992
84.367	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		Education/Board of Regents	10,775,232
84.369	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities		Education	5,047,005
84.372	Institute of Education Sciences	Statewide Longitudinal Data Systems		Education	1,048,974
84.378	Mid Central Educational Cooperative - flow through	College Access Challenge Grant Program		USD	16,409
84.378	Office of Postsecondary Education	College Access Challenge Grant Program		Education	647,206
84.418	Utah Department of Education - flow through	Promoting Readiness of Minors in Supplemental Security Income		Human Services	309,587
84.902	Office of Educational Research and Improvement	National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)		Education	123,246
84.UNKNOWN	National Center for Educational Statistics	Grants and Contract Services		Education	7,064
84.UNKNOWN	Mid Central Educational Cooperative - flow through	Education Research, Development and Dissemination		USD	24,699

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

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CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Total Education				ı	91,783,744
Election Assistance Commission	<b>-</b>			I	
90.401	Election Assistance Commission	Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments		Secretary of State	679,802
Total Election Assistance Commission	nission				679,802
<b>Employment Service Cluster</b>					
17.207	Employment Training Administration	Employment Service/Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities		Labor	5,169,880
17.801	Veteran's Employment and Training Service	Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program (DVOP)		Labor	516,424
17.804	Veteran's Employment and Training Service	Local Veterans' Employment Representative Program		Labor	28,394
Total Employment Service Cluster	ter			I 1	5,714,698
Energy					
81.041	Energy	State Energy Program		Governor's Office of Economic Development	35,365
81.042	Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy	Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons		Social Services	1,783,412
81.122	National Energy Technology Laboratory	ARRA - Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Research, Development and Analysis - State Electricity Regulators Assistance		Public Utilities Commission	41,892
81.138	Energy	State Heating Oil and Propane Program (SHOPP)		Governor's Office of Economic Development	2,500
81.601515	Fermi National Lab - flow through	Fermi National Lab - flow through		SDSMT	268
81.UNKNOWN	Fermi Research Alliance, LLC - Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory - flow through	Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory contract	618741	Science and Technology Authority	3,093,716
81.UNKNOWN	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill - flow through	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Department of Physics and Astronomy	5-44819	Science and Technology Authority	31,998
81.UNKNOWN	Lawrence Berkeley National Lab - flow through	Lawrence Berkley National Lab contract	6994297	Science and Technology Authority	14,345,923

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

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CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Total Energy					19,335,074
Environmental Protection Agency	ncy			I	
66.034	Office of Air and Radiation	Surveys, Studies, Research, Investigations, Demonstrations, and Special Purpose Activities Relating to the Clean Air Act		Environment and Natural Resources	292,330
66.040	Office of Air and Radiation	State Clean Diesel Grant Program		Environment and Natural Resources	84,751
66.419	Office of Water	Water Pollution Control State, Interstate, and Tribal Program Support		Environment and Natural Resources	400,864
66.454	Office of Water	Water Quality Management Planning		Environment and Natural Resources	30,349
66.460	Office of Water	Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants		Environment and Natural Resources	3,348,900
05 66.474	Office of Water	Water Protection Grants to the States		Environment and Natural Resources	64,516
66.513	Office of Research and Development (ORD)	Greater Research Opportunities (GRO) Fellowships For Undergraduate Environmental Study		DSO	2,210
66.605	Office of the Administrator	Performance Partnership Grants		Environment and Natural Resources	4,009,181
66.605	Office of the Administrator	Performance Partnership Grants	BG-96810113-0	Agriculture	420,688
86.608	Office of Environmental Information	Environmental Information Exchange Network Grant Program and Related Assistance		Environment and Natural Resources	43,319
66.802	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response	Superfund State, Political Subdivision, and Indian Tribe Site-Specific Cooperative Agreements		Environment and Natural Resources	96,260
66.804	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response	Underground Storage Tank Prevention, Detection and Compliance Program		Environment and Natural Resources	288,165
66.805	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response	Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund Corrective Action Program		Environment and Natural Resources	483,803
66.817	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response	State and Tribal Response Program Grants		Environment and Natural Resources	561,398
Total Environmental Protection Agency	n Agency			l	10,126,734

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	y Commission				
30.002	Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	Employment Discrimination - State and Local Fair Employment Practices Agency Contracts	EECCN100108	Labor	45,923
Total Equal Employment Opportunity Commission	ortunity Commission			•	45,923
Executive Office of the President 95.001	ant Office of National Drug Control	High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program		- Attorney General	741,582
	Policy				
Total Executive Office of the President	resident			•	741,582
Federal Transit Cluster					
20.500	Federal Transit Administration	Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants		Transportation	1,275,604
203	Federal Transit Administration	Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program		Transportation	332,740
Total Federal Transit Cluster				ı	1,608,344
Fish and Wildlife Cluster					
15.605	Fish and Wildlife Service	Sport Fish Restoration Program		Game, Fish and Parks	3,449,442
15.611	Fish and Wildlife Service	Wildlife Restoration and Basic Hunter Education		Game, Fish and Parks	9,182,810
Total Fish and Wildlife Cluster				ı	12,632,252
Food Distribution Cluster					
10.565	Food and Nutrition Service	Commodity Supplemental Food Program		Education	270,154
10.568	Food and Nutrition Service	Emergency Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs) (Note 3A)		Education	1,039,991
Total Food Distribution Cluster	<u>.</u>			1	1,310,145
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	oads Cluster				
10.665	Forest Service	Schools and Roads - Grants to States		State Auditor	1,699,129
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	and Roads Cluster			ı	1,699,129
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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
General Services Administration	u				
39.003	General Services Administration	Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property (Note 3C)		Bureau of Administration	1,064,689
39.011	General Services Administration	Election Reform Payments - Help America Vote Act		Secretary of State	340,077
Total General Services Administration	stration			I	1,404,766
Health and Human Services					
93.041	Administration for Community Living	Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII, Chapter 3 - Programs for Prevention of Elder Abuse, Neglect, and Exploitation		Social Services	21,097
93.042	Administration for Community Living	Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII, Chapter 2 - Long Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals.		Social Services	77,931
93.043	Administration for Community Living	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part D - Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services		Social Services	66,348
93.048	Administration for Community Living	ARRA - Special Programs for the Aging - Title IV - and Title II - Discretionary Projects - Storm Support		Social Services	51,313
93.052	Administration for Community Living	National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E		Social Services	822,413
93.069	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Public Health Emergency Preparedness		Health	4,173,756
93.071	Administration for Community Living	Medicare Enrollment Assistance Program - MIPPA		Social Services	99,453
93.074	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Hospital Preparedness Program HPP and Public Health Emergency Preparedness PHEP Aligned Cooperative Agreements		Health	19,718
93.079	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through School - Based HIV/STD Prevention and School - Based Surveillance		Health	60,853
93.090	Administration for Children and Families	Guardianship Assistance		Social Services	43,186
93.092	Administration for Children and Families	Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program		Health	205,093
93.103	Food and Drug Administration	Food and Drug Administration - Research - License & Inspection System		Health	5,091

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

GFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Health and Human Services (continued)	intinued)				
93.107	Health Resources and Services Administration	Area Health Education Centers Point of Service Maintenance and Enhancement Awards		USD	386,933
93.110	Arkansas Children's Hospital Research Institute - flow through	Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs - Individual Health Plan for Youth Genetic Conditions		USD	62,719
93.110	Health Resources and Services Administration	Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs		USD	519,953
93.110	Health Resources and Services Administration	Maternal and Child Health Federal Consolidated Programs - SD State Systems Development Initiative and Children's Oral Healthcare Access Program		Health	119,855
93.116	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs		Health	272,073
93.127	Health Resources and Services Administration	Emergency Medical Services for Children		USD	126,654
93.130	Health Resources and Services Administration	Cooperative Agreements to States/Territories for the Coordination and Development of Primary Care Offices		Health	147,329
93.136	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Injury Prevention and Control Research and State and Community Based Programs - Sexual Violence Prevention and Education		Health	176,422
93.138	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	Protection and Advocacy for Individuals With Mental Illness		Human Services	338,206
93.150	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)		Social Services	276,187
93.217	Office of Population Affairs	Family Planning Services		Health	1,024,407
93.228	Flandreau Santee Sioux Tribe and Ho-Chunk Neenk Chunk Ho Chee Inc flow through	Indian Health Service - Health Management Development Program		nsp	11,825
93.235	Administration for Children and Families	Affordable Care Act Abstinence Education Program		Health	103,637
93.241	Health Resources and Services Administration	State Rural Hospital Flexibility Program		Health	504,466
93.243	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of Regional and National Significance - Strategic Prevention Framework State Incentive Grant		Social Services	975,455

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Health and Human Services (continued)	ntinued)				
93.243	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of Regional and National Significance		Social Services	254,417
93.247	Health Resources and Services Administration	Advanced Nursing Education Grant Program	D09HP22594	SDSU	31,044
93.251	Health Resources and Services Administration	Universal Newborn Hearing Screening		Health	25
93.267	Health Resources and Services Administration	State Grants for Protection and Advocacy Services		Human Services	53,549
93.268	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Immunization Cooperative Agreements		Health	11,566,645
93.283	Black Hills Special Services Cooperative - flow through	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance		SDSU	6,851
93.283	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance		Health/USD	2,774,491
93.283	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance	283-02-9026	Social Services	109,630
93.283	Kennedy Krieger Children's Hospital - flow through	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance		USD	38,576
93.301	Health Resources and Services Administration	Small Rural Hospital Improvement Grant Program		Health	336,960
93.314	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program		Health	112,551
93.319	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Outreach Programs to Reduce the Prevalence of Obesity in High Risk Rural Areas	1U58DP005477-01	SDSU	209,423
93.324	Administration for Community Living	State Health Insurance Assistance Program		Social Services	341,853
93.336	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System		Health	71,971
93.358	Health Resources and Services Administration	Advanced Education Nursing Traineeships	A10HP27178	SDSU	332,665
93.359	Health Resources and Services Administration	Nurse Education, Practice Quality and Retention Grants	1 D11HP22198-01-00	SDSU	36,042

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Health and Human Services (continued)	ontinued)				
93.449	Food and Drug Administration	Ruminant Feed Ban Support Project	HHSF223201310044I/ HHSF223200840172C /HHSF223201310169 C	Agriculture	51,055
93.505	Health Resources and Services Administration	Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program		Health	1,189,383
93.511	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants to States for Health Insurance Premium Review		Labor	183,224
93.521	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	The Affordable Care Act: Building Epidemiology, Laboratory, and Health Information Systems Capacity in the Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Disease (ELC) and Emerging Infections Program (EIP) Cooperative Agreements		Health	327,466
93.525 207	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	State Planning and Establishment Grant for Affordable Care Act Exchanges		Governor's Office of Economic Development/Labor/Social Services	120,106
93.531	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (Affordable Act) authorizes Community Transformation Grants and National Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation Grants		Health	250,293
93.548	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	PPHF: State Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity Programs - financed in part by PPHF		Health	125,348
93.556	Administration for Children and Families	Promoting Safe and Stable Families		Social Services	847,519
93.563	Administration for Children and Families	Child Support Enforcement (Note 3O)		Social Services	5,136,286
93.566	Administration for Children and Families	Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs		Social Services	363,559
93.568	Administration for Children and Families	Low-Income Home Energy Assistance		Social Services	18,157,693
93.569	Administration for Children and Families	Community Services Block Grant		Social Services	2,672,398
93.586	Administration for Children and Families	State Court Improvement Program	G-1401SDSCIP	Unified Judicial System	217,466
93.590	Administration for Children and Families	Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants - Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment		Social Services	223,027

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Health and Human Services (continued)	ntinued)				
93.597	Administration for Children and Families	Grants to States for Access and Visitation Programs		Social Services	99,246
93.599	Administration for Children and Families	Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)		Social Services	107,351
93.600	Administration for Children and Families	Head Start		USD/Education	2,201,016
93.603	Administration for Children and Families	Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments		Social Services	42,287
93.617	Administration for Community Living	Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities - Grants to States		Secretary of State	2,501
93.618	Administration for Community Living	Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities - Grants for Protection and Advocacy Systems		Human Services	47,002
089.630	Administration for Community Living	Developmental Disabilities Basic Support and Advocacy Grants		Human Services	799,041
93.632	Administration for Community Living	University Centers for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities Education, Research and Service		USD	607,633
93.643	Administration for Children and Families	Children's Justice Grants to States		Social Services	73,566
93.645	Administration for Children and Families	Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program		Social Services	413,273
93.648	University at Albany (New York) - flow through	Child Welfare Research Training or Demonstration		USD	5,464
93.658	Administration for Children and Families	Foster Care - Title IV-E		Social Services	5,947,241
93.659	Administration for Children and Families	Adoption Assistance		Social Services	3,820,670
93.667	Administration for Children and Families	Social Services Block Grant		Social Services	4,026,502
93.669	Administration for Children and Families	Child Abuse and Neglect State Grants		Social Services	159,377
93.671	Administration for Children and Families	Family Violence Prevention and Services/Domestic Violence Shelter and Supportive Services		Social Services	720,385
93.674	Administration for Children and Families	Chafee Foster Care Independence Program		Social Services	485,375

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

GFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Health and Human Services (continued)	ss (continued)				
93.725	Administration for Community Living	ARRA Communities Putting Prevention to Work Chronic Disease Self-Management Program		Health	685,215
93.735	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	State Public Health Approaches for Ensuring Quitline Capacity - Funded in part by Prevention and Public Health Funds (PPHF)		Health	19,834
93.757	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	State and Local Public Health Actions to Prevent Obesity, Diabetes, Heart Disease and Stroke (PPHF)		Health	865,187
93.767	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	Children's Health Insurance Program		Social Services	16,021,623
93.780	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	Grants to States for Operation of Qualified High-Risk Pools		Bureau of Personnel	495,347
93.791	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	Money Follows the Person Rebalancing Demonstration		Social Services	139,129
66 93.796	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	State Survey and Certification of Health Care Providers and Suppliers (Title XIX) Medicaid		Health	1,517,068
93.815	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Domestic Ebola Supplement to the Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases ELC		Health	205
93.889	Office of the Secretary	National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program		Health	880,767
93.912	Health Resources and Services Administration	Rural Health Care Services Outreach, Rural Health Network Development and Small Health Care Provider Quality Improvement Program		DSU	57,390
93.912	Health Resources and Services Administration	Rural Health Care Services Outreach, Rural Health Network Development and Small Health Care Provider Quality Improvement Program - Dental Hygiene School-Based Preventive Dentistry Program		USD	142,868
93.913	Health Resources and Services Administration	Grants to States for Operation of Offices of Rural Health		Health	178,974
93.917	Health Resources and Services Administration	HIV Care Formula Grants - Ryan White Care Act Title		Health	1,191,888
93.928	Health Resources and Services Administration	Special Projects of National Significance		Health	24,608
93.940	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based		Health	557,476
93.944	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)/Acquired Immunodeficiency Virus Syndrome (AIDS) Surveillance		Health	89,538

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Health and Human Services (continued)	ontinued)				
93.958	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services		Social Services	982,722
93.959	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse		Social Services	5,834,992
93.977	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants		Health	165,577
93.988	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Cooperative Agreements for State-Based Diabetes Control Programs and Evaluation of Surveillance Systems		Health	145,070
93.991	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant		Health	284,870
93.994	Health Resources and Services Administration	Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States		Health	2,556,348
O Total Health and Human Services	ses			l	109,228,515
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	ction Cluster				
20.205	Federal Highway Administration	Highway Planning and Construction		Transportation	290,042,664
20.219	Federal Highway Administration	Recreational Trails Program		Game, Fish and Parks	1,072,498
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	onstruction Cluster				291,115,162
Highway Safety Cluster					
20.600	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	State and Community Highway Safety		Public Safety	2,070,860
20.601	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants - Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I		Public Safety	967,744
20.610	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	State Traffic Safety Information System Improvement Grants		Public Safety	978,106
Total Highway Safety Cluster					4,016,710
Homeland Security					
97.012	Homeland Security	Boating Safety Financial Assistance		Game, Fish and Parks	1,468,206

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Homeland Security (continued)	(F)				
97.023	Homeland Security	Community Assistance Program State Support Services Element (CAP-SSSE)		Public Safety	76,731
97.036	Homeland Security	Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)		Public Safety	13,059,289
97.039	Homeland Security	Hazard Mitigation Grant (HMGP)		Public Safety	7,299,099
97.041	Homeland Security	National Dam Safety Program		Environment and Natural Resources	94,008
97.042	Homeland Security	Emergency Management Performance Grants (EMPG)		Public Safety	3,346,664
97.043	Homeland Security	State Fire Training Systems Grants		Public Safety	2,647
97.047	Homeland Security	Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) - Competitive Grants		Public Safety	59,330
290'26 21	Homeland Security	Homeland Security Grant Program		Public Safety	5,323,402
Total Homeland Security					30,729,376
Housing and Urban Development	nent				
14.169	Office of Housing - Federal Housing Commissioner	Housing Counseling Assistance Program		Housing Development Authority	183,065
14.171	Office of Housing - Federal Housing Commissioner	Manufactured Home Dispute Resolution		Public Safety	5,580
14.228	Office of Community Planning and Development	Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii (Note 3G)		Housing Development Authority/Governor's Office of Economic Development	27,694,464
14.231	Office of Community Planning and Development	Emergency Solutions Grants Program		Housing Development Authority	469,880
14.235	Office of Community Planning and Development	Supportive Housing Program		Housing Development Authority	27,109
14.239	Office of Community Planning and Development	Home Investment Partnerships Program		Housing Development Authority	60,119,766
14.323	NeighborWorks America - flow through	Emergency Homeowners' Loan Program		Housing Development Authority	4,874
Total Housing and Urban Development	elopment			I	88,504,738

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA	AC	Fodos A Assess	WARRANG D	and milk Accessor	Season Company	Expenditures/ Disbursements/
Number	nber	rederal Agency	Frogram	Contract Number	State Agency	200
Instit	Institute of Museum and Library Services	/ Services				
45.301	01	Institute of Museum and Library Services	Museums for America	MA-30-13-0505-13	SDSU	6,746
45.310	10	Institute of Museum and Library Services	Grants to States		Education	1,026,492
Total	Total Institute of Museum and Library Services	ibrary Services.				1,033,238
Interior	or					
15.021	21	Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe - flow through	Consolidated Tribal Government Program		SDSU	10,037
15.224	24	Bureau of Land Management	Cultural Resource Management-Data Sharing	L11AP20006	Tourism	111
15.227	27	Bureau of Land Management	Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments - Mineral Leasing and Taylor Grazing		Education	1,870,294
12.228	28	Bureau of Land Management	National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface Community Fire Assistance - Rural Fire Assistance 9183	L09AC15891	Agriculture	17,623
15.228	28	Bureau of Land Management	National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface Community Fire Assistance	L15AC00005	Agriculture	22,063
15.504	04	Bureau of Reclamation	Title XVI Water Reclamation and Reuse Program - Handicap Accessibility and Retrofitting at Angostura, Shadehill and Rocky Point		Game, Fish and Parks	486,945
15.608	80	Fish and Wildlife Service	Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance - Rock Arch Rapids Fish Passage - Pactola		Game, Fish and Parks	617
15.608	80	Fish and Wildlife Service	Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance - Lakescaping Demonstration Projects		Game, Fish and Parks	39
15.608	80	Fish and Wildlife Service	Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance - Aquatic Nuisance Species		Game, Fish and Parks	25,952
15.615	15	Fish and Wildlife Service	Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund		Game, Fish and Parks	12,000
15.634	34	Fish and Wildlife Service	State Wildlife Grants		Game, Fish and Parks	391,100
15.637	37	Fish and Wildlife Service	Migratory Bird Joint Venture - Prairie Pothole Venture		Game, Fish and Parks	1,762
15.904	04	National Park Service	Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid		Tourism	763,483
15.916	16	National Park Service	Outdoor Recreation – Acquisition, Development and Planning		Game, Fish and Parks	169,949

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Total Interior					3,771,975
Justice					
16.017	Violence Against Women Office	Sexual Assault Services Formula Program		Social Services	142,858
16.111	Criminal Division	Joint Law Enforcement Operations		Attorney General	34,433
16.523	Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	Juvenile Accountability Block Grants		Corrections	310,494
16.540	Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States		Corrections	391,498
16.540	Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States -Prison Rape Elimination Act Reallocation Funds		Corrections	525
16.543	Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	Missing Children's Assistance - SD Internet Crimes Against Children		Attorney General	247,709
16.548	Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	Title V Delinquency Prevention Program		Corrections	22,899
16.550	Bureau of Justice Statistics	State Justice Statistics Program for Statistical Analysis Centers		Attorney General	70,389
16.554	Bureau of Justice Statistics	National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP)		Attorney General	80,911
16.560	National Institute of Justice	National Institute of Justice Research, Evaluation, and Development Project Grants		Attorney General	392,819
16.575	Office of Victims of Crime	Crime Victim Assistance		Social Services	1,377,475
16.576	Office of Victims of Crime	Crime Victim Compensation		Social Services	208,085
16.579	Bureau of Justice Assistance	Byrne Formula Grant Program		Attorney General	497,354
16.588	Violence Against Women Office	Violence Against Women Formula Grants		Social Services	743,976
16.590	Violence Against Women Office	Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement of Protection Orders Program		Attorney General	212,219
16.593	Bureau of Justice Assistance	Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners		Social Services	45,325
16.602	Bureau of Prisons	Corrections Research and Evaluation and Policy Formulation - Second Chance Act Youth Offender Reentry Initiative		Corrections	27,974
16.606	Bureau of Justice Assistance	State Criminal Alien Assistance Program		Corrections	36,996

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Justice (continued)					
16.710	Office of Community Oriented Policing Services	Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants		Public Safety	142,089
16.750	Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking	Support for Adam Walsh Act Implementation Grant Program		Attorney General	329,886
16.751	Bureau of Justice Assistance	Edward Byrne Memorial Competitive Grant Program		Public Safety	12,358
16.754	Bureau of Justice Assistance	Harold Rogers Prescription Drug Monitoring Program	2010-PM-BX-0005	Health	85,214
16.812	Bureau of Justice Assistance	Second Chance Act Prisoner Reentry Initiative		Corrections	462,560
16.816	Bureau of Justice Assistance	John R. Justice Prosecutors and Defenders Incentive Act		Attorney General	42,726
16.SJI-1-T-160 714	State Justice Institute - flow through	Technical Assistance Grant	SJI-11-T-160	Unified Judicial System	10,198
Total Justice					5,928,970
Labor				I	
17.002	Bureau of Labor Statistics	Labor Force Statistics		Labor	586,665
17.225	Employment Training Administration	Unemployment Insurance (Note 3L)		Labor	33,551,308
17.235	Employment Training Administration	Senior Community Service Employment Program		Labor	636,690
17.245	Employment Training Administration	Trade Adjustment Assistance		Labor	379,351
17.261	Employment Training Administration	WIA Pilots, Demonstrations, and Research Projects		Labor	429,090
17.271	Employment Training Administration	Work Opportunity Tax Credit Program (WOTC)		Labor	55,427
17.273	Employment Training Administration	Temporary Labor Certification for Foreign Workers		Labor	94,486
17.277	Employment Training Administration	WIA Dislocated Workers National Emergency Grant		Labor	117,903
17.504	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	Consultation Agreements	CS-26101-CS5	SDSU	354,308

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Labor (continued)					
17.504	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	Consultation Agreements	CS-24786-CS4	SDSU	179,581
17.600	Mine Safety and Health Administration	Mine Health and Safety Grants	MS-25690-14-55-R-46	SDSMT	26,295
17.600	Mine Safety and Health Administration	Mine Health and Safety Grants - Program Income	MS-25690-14-55-R-46	SDSMT	2,705
17.600	Mine Safety and Health Administration	Mine Health and Safety Grants		SDSMT	21,074
Total Labor					36,434,883
Medicaid Cluster					
21. <sup>2</sup> 21. <sup>2</sup>	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	State Medicaid Fraud Control Units		Attorney General	314,013
93.777	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	State Survey Certification of Health Care Providers and Suppliers (Title XIX) Medicaid		Health	1,063,203
93.778	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services	Medical Assistance Program		Social Services	496,588,890
Total Medicaid Cluster					497,966,106
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	e Administration				
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Journey Museum "Journey Into Space"	Journey-BHSU 11-01	BHSU	143
43.009	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Cross Agency Support	NNX14AL58H	SDSMT	48,145
43.IPA35-NA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	NASA Ames Research Center - IPA Scientist Proposal	IPA35-NA	SDSMT	122,048
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration	d Space Administration				170,336
National Archives and Records Administration	s Administration				
89.003	National Archives and Records Administration	National Historical Publications and Records Grants	NAR15-RC-10251-15	Tourism	2,927
89.003	National Archives and Records Administration	National Historical Publications and Records Grants (NHPRC) - SD State Archives Government Records Backlog Project	NAR14-RH-50104-14	Tourism	18,539

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
National Archives and Records Administration (continued)	Administration (continued)				
89.003	National Archives and Records Administration	National Historical Publications and Records Grants - SD State Archives Government Records Backlog Project	NAR12-RH-50017-12	Tourism	4,325
89.003	National Archives and Records Administration	National Historical Publications and Records Grants	NAR14-RC-10212-14	Tourism	1,740
Total National Archives and Records Administration	cords Administration				27,531
National Endowment for the Arts					
45.024	National String Project Consortium - flow through	Promotion of the Arts - Grants to Organizations and Individuals		SDSU	3,261
45.025	National Endowment for the Arts	Promotion of the Arts - Partnership Agreements		Tourism	751,542
D Total National Endowment for the Arts	the Arts				754,803
National Endowment for the Humanities	ımanities				
45.129	South Dakota Humanities Council - flow through	Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership	4025	SDSU	2,348
45.129	South Dakota Humanities Council - flow through	Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership	3010	SDSU	2,932
45.129	South Dakota Humanities Council - flow through	Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership	4024	SDSU	2,000
45.129	South Dakota Humanities Council - flow through	Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership	4031	SDSU	4,500
45.149	National Endowment for the Humanities	Promotion of the Humanities - Division of Preservation and Access - National Digital Newspaper Program	PJ-50136-14	Tourism	688'96
45.149	National Endowment for the Humanities	Promotion of the Humanities - Division of Preservation and Access		USD	6,000
Total National Endowment for the Humanities	he Humanities				114,669
National Science Foundation					
47.049	Case Western Reserve University - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Case Western Reserve University contract	500028814	Science and Technology Authority	1,194
47.050	National Science Foundation	Geosciences - Kliche D NSF Collab OLC OEDG	1107495	SDSMT	33,803

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
National Science Foundation (continued)	(continued)				
47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources	DUE-1148666	SDSU	137,452
47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources	DUE-0733691	SDSU	404
47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources		OSD	3,064
47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources - Dakota Defenders Information Assurance Scholarship Program		DSU	63,161
47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources	DUE-1044419	SDSU	12,196
Total National Science Foundation	ation				251,274
Research and Development Cluster	luster				
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	58-3080-5-002	SDSU	15,513
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-0206-4-003	SDSU	62,961
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-5447-3-001	SDSU	81,756
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	58-5430-0-341	SDSU	110
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-5428-0-322	SDSU	15,357
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	58-5440-2-310	SDSU	16,811
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	58-5409-4-007	SDSU	18,037
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-0206-4-005	SDSU	19,534
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-0206-4-039	SDSU	20,939
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-0200-3-005	SDSU	21,323
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	59-0206-4-004	SDSU	46,906
10.001	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	58-3080-5-001	SDSU	14,876
10.025	Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care	13-9419-0310-CA	SDSU	11,711
10.11-JV-11221632-189	Forest Service	Forestry Research	11-JV-11221632-189	SDSU	30,478
10.12-JV-11221632-141	Forest Service	Forestry Research	12-JV-11221632-141	SDSU	6,315
10.14-JV-11221632-048	Agricultural Research Service	Agricultural Research - Basic and Applied Research	14-JV-11221632-048	SDSU	22,225
10.156	Agricultural Marketing Service	Federal-State Marketing Improvement Program	12-25-G-1513	SDSU	7,560
10.200	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Grants for Agricultural Research, Special Research Grants	2010-34473-21533	SDSU	366

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ıster (continued)				
10.200	Board of Trustees of Michigan State University - flow through	Grants for Agricultural Research, Special Research Grants	RC101980SDSU, 2012-39571-20296	SDSU	27,613
10.200	Iowa State University - flow through	Grants for Agricultural Research Special Research Grants	416-40-930; 2012- 38500-19550 (P)	SDSU	1,200
10.200	Board of Trustees of Michigan State University - flow through	Grants for Agricultural Research, Special Research Grants	RC103016B; 2013- 34383-21032	SDSU	18,061
10.202	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Cooperative Forestry Research		SDSU	274,026
10.203	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Payments to Agricultural Experiment Stations Under the Hatch Act	415-49-02	SDSU	1,862,663
10.206	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Grants for Agricultural Research - Competitive Research Grants	2009-55215-05460	SDSU	13,720
10.207	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Animal Health and Disease Research		SDSU	692
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H001911519, LNC10- 326	SDSU	34,017
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H004403714;2014- 38640-22156(P)	SDSU	999
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H002484819: GNC12- 148	SDSU	1,064
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H002484831;2011- 38640-30539(P)	SDSU	4,164
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H003040120; 2012- 38640-19545	SDSU	2,958
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H003679420; 2013- 38640-20901(P)	SDSU	2,099
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H003679418:2013- 38640-20901-(P)	SDSU	2,227
10.215	University of Minnesota - flow through	Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education	H002484808	SDSU	27,535
10.219	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Biotechnology Risk Assessment Research	2013-33522-21097	SDSU	158,869
10.227	Fort Berthold Community College - flow through	1994 Institutions Research Program	2011-38424-30653	SDSU	25,690

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA	Fodoral Agency	Drogen	Contract Nimber	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
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Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ister (continued)				
10.227	Oglala Lakota College - flow through	1994 Institutions Research Program - Oglala Lakota College "Genetic Integrity of Tribal Bison"	2011-38424-30914	внѕо	17,261
10.227	Oglala Lakota College - flow through	1994 Institutions Research Program - Oglala Lakota College "Genetic Integrity of Tribal Bison"	2010-AG2010-001- SDSU	SDSU	12,733
10.250	Economic Research Service	Agricultural and Rural Economic Research, Cooperative Agreements and Collaborations	58-4000-2-0113	SDSU	3,218
10.253	Economic Research Service	Food Assistance and Nutrition Research Programs (FANRP)	58-4000-3-0028	SDSU	13,040
10.303	Board of Trustees of Michigan State University - flow through	Integrated Programs	RC102887E; 2013- 51150-20935(P)	SDSU	866
10.303	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Integrated Programs	2014-51130-22593	SDSU	66,460
10.303	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Integrated Programs	2009-51130-06014	SDSU	27,742
10.304	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Homeland Security Agricultural	2012-37620-19803	SDSU	6,980
10.307	University Of Illinois - flow through	Organic Agriculture Research and Extension Initiative	2014-06469-02- 00:2014513002223	SDSU	49,510
10.309	Cornell University - flow through	Specialty Crop Research Initiative	64188-9742; 2011- 51181-30635(P)	SDSU	124,183
10.309	Cornell University - flow through	Specialty Crop Research Initiative	64094-9755;2011- 51181-30850(P)	SDSU	38,762
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2011-67009-20030	SDSU	43,747
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2010-65504-20372	SDSMT	38,462
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2012-67016-19507	SDSU	26,156
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2014-67013-21567	SDSU	103,164
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2014-67024-21821	SDSU	23,325
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2010-85117-20589	SDSU	2,121

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2010-85112-20510	SDSU	3,328
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2014-67016-22162	SDSU	10,000
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2011-67010-20051	SDSU	9,506
10.310	Kansas State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	S13022: 2012-68001- 19619(P)	SDSU	90,178
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2012-67012-19831	SDSU	48,491
10.310	Kansas State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	S11206, 2011-68001- 30100	SDSU	100,832
10.310	Iowa State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	416-40-63E, 20011- 68002-30190	SDSU	190,414
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2011-67009-30076	SDSU	327,320
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2013-69004-20401	SDSU	526,340
10.310	Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	422262-19845; 201168004-30104P	SDSU	14,940
10.310	Ohio State University Foundation - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	60033944, 2012- 67019-19394	SDSU	18,320
10.310	Regents of the University of California - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	201015718-26; 2011- 68002-30029	SDSU	22,978
10.310	North Dakota State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	FAR-0017317-3, 2011- 68004-3005	SDSU	266,446
10.310	North Dakota State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	FAR0018564:2012- 67018-30186(P)	SDSU	26,661
10.310	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	2011-67002-30202	SDSU	880,724
10.310	University Of Tennessee/Knoxville - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	A15-0169-S002	SDSU	809'69

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
10.310	University of Maine System - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	UM-S880, 2012- 68001-19605 (PR)	SDSU	53,249
10.310	Iowa State University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	416-40-37B;2014- 67003-21772(P)	SDSU	098'99
10.310	Texas A and M University - flow through	Agriculture and Food Research Initiative (AFRI)	99-S120213, 2012- 67013-19346	SDSU	11,096
10.320	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Sun Grant Program	2010-38502-21861	SDSU	406,912
10.320	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Sun Grant Program	2013-38502-21424	SDSU	131,348
10.320	National Institute of Food and Agriculture	Sun Grant Program	2014-38502-22598	SDSU	2,962
10.327	University of Nebraska Lincoln - flow through	Common Bean Productivity Research for Global Food Security Competitive Program	25-6235-0206- 002;2012-39571-20	SDSU	30,619
10.446	Mississippi State University - flow through	Rural Community Development Initiative (B)	018000-340452-21; RBS1039(Prime)	SDSU	14,043
10.450	Risk Management Agency	Crop Insurance	4500017020	SDSU	25,247
10.479	Food Safety And Inspection Service	Food Safety Cooperative Agreements	FSIS-C-23-2013	SDSU	39,648
10.479	Food Safety And Inspection Service	Food Safety Cooperative Agreements	FSIS-C-23-2012	SDSU	31,262
10.479	Food Safety And Inspection Service	Food Safety Cooperative Agreements	FSIS-C-23-2014	SDSU	36,568
10.479	Food Safety And Inspection Service	Food Safety Cooperative Agreements	FSIS-C-23-2011	SDSU	75
10.500	North Central Region Water Network - flow through	Cooperative Extension Service	2015 SEED FUNDING	SDSU	5,261
10.652	Forest Service	Forestry Research	11-CA-11330136-098	SDSU	8,576
10.652	Forest Service	Forestry Research	14-CA-11330136-015	SDSU	39,783
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	65-6740-14-045	SDSU	9,383
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	69-3A75-13-90	SDSU	171,154

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	65-6740-11-18	SDSU	16,409
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	65-6740-11-10	SDSU	6,715
10.912	North Dakota State University - flow through	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	FAR-0020783, 69- 3A75-12-185	SDSU	130,695
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	69-3A75-11-174	SDSU	273,216
10.912	Natural Resources Conservation Service	Environmental Quality Incentives Program	NRCS 65-6740-13- 021	SDSU	27
11.431	Purdue University - flow through	Climate and Atmospheric Research	N00014-11-C-0446	SDSMT	25,997
11.432	University System of Maryland - flow through	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Cooperative Institutes	16711-Z7813006, NA14NES4320003	SDSU	161,802
7. 11.440	University System of Maryland - flow through	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration - Research in Remote Sensing of the Earth and Environment	2763709	SDSU	65,628
12.000	Worcester Polytechnic Institute - flow through	Worcester Polytechnic Institute - flow through	W911NF-10-2-0098	SDSMT	163,494
12.114	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Collaborative Research and Development - Missouri River Flood Effects	W912HZ-12-2-0009	USD	385,198
12.14-S7600-0023-C1	Universal Technology Corporation - flow through	Research in Expedient Waste Reduction and Waste to Energy Technologies	14-S7600-0023-C1	SDSMT	72,733
12.300	Office of the Chief of Naval Research	Basic and Applied Scientific Research		SDSMT	21,606
12.300	Department of the Navy, Office of the Chief of Naval Research	Basic and Applied Scientific Research - Genetic Strategies		USD	2,669
12.300	Department of the Navy, Office of the Chief of Naval Research	Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00014-12-1-0347	SDSMT	81,253
12.300	Purdue University - flow through	Basic and Applied Scientific Research	IP# 11097943	SDSMT	18,778
12.300	Armament Research Development and Engineering Center - flow through	Basic and Applied Scientific Research - ARDEC Nanomaterials	W15QKN-06-D-0006	SDSMT	15,076
12.300	Department of the Navy, Office of the Chief of Naval Research	Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00244-12-2-0007	SDSMT	140,806

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	Cluster (continued)				
12.300	Department of the Navy, Office of the Chief of Naval Research	Basic and Applied Scientific Research - Novel Separation Technologies for Recovering Manganese from Process Streams	N00014-12-1-0618	SDSMT	124,535
12.300	Department of the Navy, Office of the Chief of Naval Research	Basic and Applied Scientific Research	N00014-12-1-0908	SDSMT	22,298
12.351	Defense Threat Reduction Agency - Flow through	Basic Scientific Research - Combating Weapons of Mass Destruction	HDTRA1-14-1-0050	SDSMT	55,044
12.4000100770	Oak Ridge National Laboratory - flow through	UT Battelle/ SDSMT Electroforming for the MAJORANA Demonstrator	4000100770	SDSMT	127,107
12.420	U.S. Army Medical Command	Military Medical Research and Development - Neural and Behavioral Correlates of PTSD and Alcohol Use		USD	38,370
12.420	U.S. Army Medical Command	Military Medical Research and Development	W81XWH-12-2-0123	SDSU	69,264
25.431 12.431	HF Webster, Inc flow through	Basic Scientific Research	CONTRACTOR AGREEMENT 11/07/14	SDSMT	353,418
12.431	Worcester Polytechnic Institute - flow through	Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-10-2-0098 / 15-215456-00-00	SDSMT	254,286
12.431	University of Alabama at Birmingham - flow through	Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-10-2-0025	SDSMT	570,775
12.431	Office of the Secretary of Defense	Basic, Applied, and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering - Marteny Multi-Utility Materials	W911NF-08-2-0022	SDSMT	165,012
12.431	Army National Laboratory - flow through	Basic Scientific Research	W911NF-14-2-0095	SDSMT	216,199
12.519994	National Security Agency	NSA Cyber Security IPA	PO 519994	DSU	71,864
12.630	Academy of Applied Science - flow through	Basic, Applied, and Advanced Research in Science and Engineering	14-36 & 14-36A	SDSMT	3,814
12.64DA195976	Desert Research Institute - flow through	InSAR Analysis of Aquifer-System Response to Pumping in the Indian Wells Valley, California (Phase 1)	64DA195976	SDSMT	19,626
12.800	Purdue University from Penn State - flow through	Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	4104-62553	SDSMT	16,111
12.800	Georgia Institute of Technology - flow through	Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	RB267-G6, FA9550- 10-1-0555	SDSU	52,613
12.902	National Security Agency	Information Security Grant Program		DSU	31,224

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
12.910	Advanced Research Projects Agency	Research and Technology Development - Airborne Charge and Electric Field Mapping System	5491-156-DA-1C	SDSMT	4,721
12.FA4819-14-C-0004	Department of the Air Force	Basic Expeditionary Airfield Resources (BEAR) Energy Saving Technologies (BEAR-EST)	FA4819-14-C-0004	SDSMT	757,283
12.FA4819-14-C-0005	Eaton Corporation - flow through	Prototype for Basic Expeditionary Airfield Resources (BEAR) System for Load & Installation Management (BSLIM)	FA4819-14-C-0005	SDSMT	263,520
12.UNKNOWN	Pueblo Economic Development Corporation (PEDCO) - flow through	Defense	Agreement dated 05/04/13	SDSMT	66,511
12.UNKNOWN	HF Webster, Inc flow through	OSD Mantech Cold Spray Robotics and Control Systems Proposal	Agreement Dated 06/12/12	SDSMT	33,526
12.W9128F-10-M-E013	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Missouri River Survey and Salvage	W9128F-10-M-E013	SDSMT	333
12.W9128F-14-M-E010	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Paleontological Work for Fort Randall	W9128F-14-M-E010	SDSMT	14,117
12.W912HZ-10-2-0050	Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers	Sundareshwar USACE CESU Kootenai	W912HZ-10-2-0050	SDSMT	26,312
14.525	University of Colorado Boulder - flow through	Transformation Initiative Research Grants: Demonstration and Related Small Grants	H-21651RG	SDSMT	3,182
15.224	Bureau of Land Management	Cultural Resource Management	L14AC00269	SDSMT	1,615
15.252	Office of Surface Mining	Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation (AMLR) Program	G-6888-1	SDSMT	52,515
15.252	Office of Surface Mining	Abandoned Mine Land Reclamation (AMLR) Program	L11AC20309	SDSMT	3,437
15.511	Bureau of Reclamation	Cultural Resources Management	R10AC60040	SDSMT	2,983
15.608	The Nature Conservancy - flow through	Fish and Wildlife Management Assistance	0364-0001	SDSU	208
15.611	North Dakota Department Of Game Fish And Parks - flow through	Wildlife Restoration and Basic Hunter Education	E-XII, W-67-R	SDSU	54,453
15.611	North Dakota Department Of Game Fish And Parks - flow through	Wildlife Restoration and Basic Hunter Education		SDSU	189,414
15.634	Nebraska Game And Parks Commission - flow through	State Wildlife Grants	SA-1-2012-0004	SDSU	14,119

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CFDA Number	)A ber	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Resea	Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ıster (continued)				
15.634	34	North Dakota Department Of Game Fish And Parks - flow through	State Wildlife Grants	T-36-R	SDSU	24,447
15.637	37	Fish and Wildlife Service	Migratory Bird Joint Ventures (B,C)	F14AP00463	SDSU	13,542
15.650	50	Fish and Wildlife Service	Research Grants (Generic)	F14AC01179	SDSU	5,067
15.650	20	Fish and Wildlife Service	Research Grants (Generic)	F12AC01423, 0020013192	SDSU	35,331
15.650	20	Fish and Wildlife Service	Research Grants (Generic) - Biological Assessments to Evaluate Agricultural Tile Drainage Exposure and Effects within Madison Wetland Management District		USD	18,490
15.657	57	Illinois Dept of Natural Resources - flow through	Endangered Species Conservation - Development of Mass Rearing Protocols to facilitate population augmentation for Hines Emerald Dragonfly in Illinois.		nsp	29,738
12.669	69	Fish and Wildlife Service	Cooperative Landscape Conservation	F12AC00501, 20009320	SDSU	21,273
15.805	)5	Geological Survey	Assistance to State Water Resources Research Institutes	G11AP20106	SDSU	58,373
15.808	38	Geological Survey	U.S. Geological Survey - Research and Data Collection		SDSU	46,431
15.808	98	Geological Survey	U.S. Geological Survey - Research and Data Collection	G13AC00187	SDSMT	42,532
15.808	98	Geological Survey	U.S. Geological Survey - Research and Data Collection	G14AC00370	SDSU	264,791
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G12AC20282, RWO 108	SDSU	39,241
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G12AC20021, WO 106	SDSU	47,546
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G13AC00031, RWO 110	SDSU	55,725
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G12AC20295, RWO 109	SDSU	63,659
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G14AC00327	SDSU	32,886
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G14AC00239	SDSU	11,108
15.812	12	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G14AC00037	SDSU	74,687

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CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ıster (continued)				
15.812	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research Units Program	G11AC20394	SDSU	95,375
15.815	Americaview Inc - flow through	National Land Remote Sensing - Education Outreach and Research	AV13-SD01; G14AP00002 (P)	SDSU	28,023
15.820	Americaview Inc - flow through	National Climate Change and Wildlife Service Center	G-28580-1, G11AC20461	SDSU	2,181
15.944	National Park Service	Natural Resource Stewardship	P14AC01000	SDSMT	3,774
15.945	National Park Service	Cooperative Research and Training Programs – Resources of the National Park System	H6000110100/P14AC0 0630	SDSMT	5,786
15.945	National Park Service	Cooperative Research and Training Programs – Resources of the National Park System - Bow Creek Amphibian Research	P13AC00959	USD	27,359
15.945	National Park Service	Cooperative Research and Training Programs – Resources of the National Park System - Create Virtual Missouri National Recreational River Water Trail E-Float		USD	10,215
15.945	University of Minnesota - flow through	Cooperative Research and Training Programs – Resources of the National Park System - Assess genetic diversity, ecological niches, and climate change		USD	13,096
15.945	Geological Survey	Cooperative Research and Training Programs – Resources of the National Park System	P13AC00504/H600011 0100	SDSMT	4,603
16.560	National Institute of Justice	National Institute of Justice Research, Evaluation, and Development Project Grants	2014-IJ-CX-K088	SDSU	67,201
20.205	Cambridge Systematics, Inc - flow through	Highway Planning and Construction	SA2014-09	SDSU	24,228
20.205	State of Wisconsin - flow through	Highway Planning and Construction	0092-15-03	SDSU	7,929
20.566K591	University Of Wisconsin/Madison - flow through	University Of Wisconsin/Madison - flow through	566K591	SDSU	4,414
20.600	Illinois State Toll Highway - flow through	State and Community Highway Safety - Evaluation of the endangered Hine's emerald dragonfly in the Des Plaines River Valley	I-05-7724	USD	205,091
20.701	Mississippi State University - flow through	University Transportation Centers Program	061300.363277.06	SDSU	26,295

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CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
20.701	Mississippi State University - flow through	University Transportation Centers Program	061300.363277.05	SDSU	24,358
20.701	North Dakota State University - flow through	University Transportation Centers Program	FAR0019952	SDSU	208,020
20.701	North Dakota State University - flow through	University Transportation Centers Program	DTRT12-G-UTC08 (PR)	SDSU	44,625
20.761	Research and Innovation Technology Administration	Biobased Transportation Research	DTOS59-07-G-00054	SDSU	935,930
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	NNX15AF74G	SDSU	60,604
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX11AP79H	SDSU	4,413
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX13AN58H	SDSU	29,353
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX11AB89G	SDSU	115,241
43.001	University of Massachusetts - flow through	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	S20140000018700	SDSU	3,111
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX11AH99G	SDSU	103,659
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX14AD56G	SDSU	230,376
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX13AK50G	SDSU	154,497
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX12AQ88G	SDSU	5,083
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX12AI13A	SDSMT	103,705
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX13AP46G	SDSU	715,652
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX12AM89G	SDSU	389,562
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	NNX14AQ48G	SDSU	52,778

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	NNX14AL23H	SDSU	22,619
43.001	University System of Maryland - flow through	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	17890-Z6914001, NNX14AP70A	SDSU	8,738
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	NNX14AJ32G	SDSU	166,605
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	NNX14AJ69G	SDSU	208,000
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science	NNX13AJ24A	SDSU	589,070
43.001	University System of Maryland - flow through	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	14656-Z6880002, NNX14AI68G	SDSU	16,336
43.001	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Science - Aerospace Education Services Program	NNX14AI37A	SDSU	156,903
43.002	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Aeronautics	NNX14AC48A	SDSMT	4,516
43.008	University of Idaho - flow through	Education	FPK004-SB-002	SDSMT	13,909
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX12AB176	SDSMT	138,953
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX11AM03A	SDSMT	155,540
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX12AM63H	SDSMT	10,215
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX13AD31A	SDSMT	196,728
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX13AB25A	SDSMT	132,683
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX14AN22A	SDSMT	123,259
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education	NNX14AR52A	SDSMT	96,623
43.008	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Education		SDSMT	85,650

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
43.009	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Cross Agency Support	NNX10AJ58A	SDSMT	3,392
43.NNX09AP67A	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Research Grants for the Space Program - Development of an Advanced Photovoltaic Materials Research Cluster in South Dakota	NNX09AP67A	SDSMT	11,246
43.NNX09AU83A	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Research Grants for the Space Program - Improved Thermal Management Systems using Advanced Materials and Fluids	NNX09AU83A	SDSMT	1,105
43.NNX10AL27H	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	South Dakota Space Grant Consortium	NNX10AL27H	SDSMT	412,716
43.NNX10AN34A	National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Enhanced Raman Detection of Minerals, Microbes, and Biomarkers through the Development of Advance Plasmonic Nanomaterials	NNX10AN34A	SDSMT	129,172
52 43.UNKNOWN 6	Jet Propulsion Lab - flow through	Masterlark CIT JPL NASA Roses	1468758	SDSMT	80,447
45.129	South Dakota Humanities Council - flow through	Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership	3235	SDSU	1,600
45.301	Institute of Museum and Library Services	Museums for America	MA-30-13-0500-13	SDSMT	34,848
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CBET-1336202	SDSMT	29,874
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	1462389	SDSU	17,313
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants		SDSMT	44,413
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	ECCS-1310562	SDSMT	56,458
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CMMI-1436850	SDSMT	73,236
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CBET-1338167	SDSMT	388,460
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	ECCS-1102356	SDSU	42,007
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	ECCS-1408486	SDSU	28,347
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	EEC-1263388	SDSU	27,442
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	ECCS-0950731	SDSU	115,662
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants - Complete Print-Read-Decode Prototype for RGB Upconvering Inks	IIP-1414211	OSD	106,285
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	DGE-1417537	SDSU	12,690
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CMMI - 1431372	SDSMT	76,325

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ister (continued)				
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	EEC-1263343	SDSMT	112,805
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	EEC-1359476	SDSMT	87,874
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CMMI-1063263	SDSU	11,208
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	IIP-0832549	SDSMT	3,751
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	ECCS-1310400	SDSMT	24,003
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	EEC-1439704	SDSMT	17,102
47.041	Black Hills Nanosystems, Inc flow through	Engineering Grants	BH NANOCORP- SDSMT 14-17	SDSMT	30,789
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CBET-1133951	SDSU	22,344
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	CBET-1428992	SDSU	24,569
140.74	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants - Shende NSF PRE Hydrogen Generation	1134570	SDSMT	21,091
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants - REU Site: Security Printing and Anti-Counterfeiting Technology		USD	21,200
47.041	National Science Foundation	Engineering Grants	1126848	SDSMT	1,613
47.041	Small Business Innovation Research - Flow through	Engineering Grants	Nanofiber Sep- SDSMandT 14-12	SDSMT	28,681
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - REU Site: Weak chemical bonds yield strong research experiences in Materials Chemistry at the University of South Dakota		USD	45,832
47.049	University of Notre Dame - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Physics Educ and Interdiscip Res "QuarkNet"	MOU 9-8-09	BHSU	9,405
47.049	University of Minnesota - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Integrative Simulation Tools for Underground Science		USD	29,459
47.049	University of Minnesota - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	PHY-1242640 / A003122906	SDSMT	15,362
47.049	Case Western - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	RES507395	SDSMT	48,369
47.049	University of Minnesota - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - University of Minnesota Prime Award#NSF PHY 1344266	A003778902	Science and Technology Authority	28,682

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

OrDA	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Developr	Research and Development Cluster (continued)				
47.049	North Dakota State University - flow through	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Theoretical Insights into Chemical Functionalization of Carbon Nanotubes from Chirality Separation to Photoexicted Dynamics		USD	11,724
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Rational design of Perfluoroalkylated N- and S-Containing Heteroaromatics for Engineering High Performance Air-stable OFET Materials with Lamellar pi-pi Stacked Structure	CHE-1355677	USD	999'05
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-1157074	SDSMT	81,973
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	PHY-1205898	SDSMT	99,624
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-1337586	SDSMT	284,858
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	1461092	SDSU	407
131	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - The Northern Plains Research Education Undergraduate Site		USD	52,388
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-1156906	SDSU	62,923
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - MRI- Acquisition: 400 MHz NMR Spectrometer including PFG/HRMAS for Materials Chemistry Research: The Missing Instrument		USD	2,432
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Education and Outreach Planning DUSEL	PHY-0970160	внѕо	301,543
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - CAREER: Biomimetic Metal-Organic Super-Containers		USD	137,981
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences		SDSMT	1,200
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences		SDSMT	32,877
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-1229577	SDSU	2,449
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Nuclear Astrophysics "SNO+ and DArTPC"	PHY-0903335	BHSU	96,582
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences - Field-Emission Scanning Electron Microscope with Elemental Analysis Capability for Enhancing Materials Research	CHE-1337707	USD	213,983
47.049	National Science Foundation	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMR-1206908	SDSMT	70,507
47.050	National Science Foundation	Geosciences	AGS-1339469	SDSMT	114,900

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Developn	Research and Development Cluster (continued)				
47.050	National Science Foundation	Geosciences - Helsdon NSF Lightning Analysis	1048103	SDSMT	133,014
47.050	National Science Foundation	Geosciences	EAR-1316082	SDSMT	92,911
47.050	National Science Foundation	Geosciences	OCE-1128754	SDSU	49,891
47.050	National Science Foundation	Geosciences	EAR-1264288	SDSMT	26,093
47.050	Consortium for Ocean Leadership - flow through	Geosciences	OCE - 0652315	SDSMT	2,497
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering - MRI: Acquisition of Equipment to Establish Mobile Testing Infrastructure for BYOD Research and Education		DSO	33,356
070.74	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering - MRI: Acquisition of an Online Banking System for Information Assurance Research		DSU	105,347
07.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering - NSF RET Site in Cyber Security - D.Xu		DSU	106,694
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering - CC*IIE Networking Infrastructure: Science DMZ for Campus Bridging and Computationally Assisted Research		USD	470,567
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering - AF: Small: Collaborative Research: Efficient Groebner Basis Computation in Boolean Rings for Temporal Logic Reasoning and Model Checking		USD	816
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CCF-1018322	SDSMT	13,414
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1249364	SDSMT	28,288
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering	ACI-1440622	SDSU	493,640
47.070	National Science Foundation	Computer and Information Science and Engineering		SDSMT	21,481
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Integrating the BioExtract Server with iPlant Collaborative		USD	069'06
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Mechanisms of Seasonal Phenotypic Flexibility in Passerine Birds		USD	43,922
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	24036082-01	SDSMT	454
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	IOS-1350189	SDSU	33,608

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	Sluster (continued)				
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Phenotype Ontology Research Coordination Network		USD	37,861
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - The role of isolation in species diversification from the California Channel Islands		USD	1,530
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Disruption to cortical dopamine systems following adolescent social stress	IOS-1257679	USD	129,309
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Endocannabinoid Modulation of Nociceptive Synapses		USD	4,559
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	IOS-1021382	SDSU	84,546
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Division of Environmental Biology - "CAREER: Polyploid speciation in the Achillea millefolium aggregate"	DEB-1464471	BHSU	114,783
47.074	University of Colorado-Denver - flow through	Biological Sciences - Neural Mechanisms Underlying an Aggressive Syndrome in Stalk-Eyed Flies		USD	48,797
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences - Ontology-enabled reasoning across phenotypes from evolution and model organisms		USD	215,216
47.074	Carnegie Institution - flow through	Biological Sciences	6-1054803, IOS- 1340050	SDSU	59,742
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DEB-1342721	SDSMT	71,125
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DEB-1349240	SDSU	51,634
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	EF-1114881	SDSU	48,813
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DBI-1349212	SDSMT	41,989
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	IOS-1446886	SDSU	90,359
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	IOS-1051397	SDSU	97,185
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DBI-0953561	SDSU	97,638
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DBI-1263335	SDSU	114,561
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DEB-1139096	SDSU	37,202
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	EF-1340583	SDSU	175,449
47.074	National Science Foundation	Biological Sciences	DEB-1010465	SDSU	203,276
47.075	National Science Foundation	Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences - EAGER: The Creation and Classroom Application of a Web Portal for Social Science Methods Education		USD	27,917

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

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National Science Foundation Social, National Science Foundation Social, National Science Foundation Education Piscoun National Science Foundation Education Education Educa	Federal Agency	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
47.075       National Science Foundation         47.076       Michigan Technological University - flow through         47.076       Salish Kootenai College - flow through         47.076       National Science Foundation				
47.076 National Science Foundation	oundation Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences - Metabolic Mechanisms of Intertemporal Choice, Delay Discounting, and Impulsiveness		USD	90,922
47.076National Science Foundation47.076National Science Foundation47.076National Science Foundation47.076Michigan Technological University - flow through47.076Salish Kootenai College - flow through47.076Salish Kootenai College - flow through47.076National Science Foundation47.076National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources	DUE-1439789	SDSU	39,795
47.076National Science Foundation47.076National Science Foundation47.076Michigan Technological University - flow through47.076Salish Kootenai College - flow through47.076Salish Kootenai College - flow through47.076National Science Foundation47.076National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources	DGE-1347458	SDSMT	39,169
National Science Foundation  47.076  National Science Foundation  National Science Foundation  National Science Foundation  Wichigan Technological  University - flow through  Cornell University - flow through  Cornell University - flow through  A7.076  Salish Kootenai College - flow through  National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources	HRD-1037708	SDSU	202,369
National Science Foundation A7.076 Michigan Technological University - flow through A7.076 Salish Kootenai College - flow through National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - Course Curriculum and Laboratory Improvement CCLI - Radioactivity by Inquiry for College Science Courses	DUE-0942699	внѕп	17,782
Michigan Technological University - flow through Cornell University - flow through Cornell University - flow through Wichigan Technological University - flow through Salish Kootenai College - flow through National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources	HRD-1037797	SDSMT	140,535
Michigan Technological University - flow through 47.076 Salish Kootenai College - flow through A7.076 National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - SFS Cyber Corp General Renewal		DSU	112,341
Salish Kootenai College - flow through National Science Foundation	ical Education and Human Resources	080336Z8	SDSMT	15,087
Salish Kootenai College - flow through National Science Foundation	flow through Education and Human Resources	62760-10178; DRL- 1114525 (P)	SDSU	11,345
National Science Foundation	lege - flow Education and Human Resources	MOU dated 05/02/12	SDSMT	12,150
National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources - Culture and Attitude-Innovative Partnerships for Success	DUE-0850309	SDSMT	152,004
National Science Foundation National Science Foundation National Science Foundation National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - Information Assurance Faculty Development		DSU	92,187
National Science Foundation National Science Foundation National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - SFS Cyber Corp Sch Renewal		DSU	791,146
National Science Foundation  National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - Gen Cyber		DSU	959
National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - Tiospaye In Engineering	DUE-0807218	SDSMT	87
National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - Division of Research on Learning "DRK-12 STEM"	DRL-1158615	внѕп	523,436
National Science Foundation	oundation Education and Human Resources - Research on Learning in Formal and Informal Settings "Expanding Pathways into Computer Science"	DRL-1441080	внѕп	25,944
ואמנוטוומן סטופווסט ו סמווממנוטו	oundation Education and Human Resources - EAGER	DUE-1256472	SDSMT	36,407
47.076 National Science Foundation Educati	undation Education and Human Resources	DUE-1260101	SDSMT	124,128

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

47.076         Molitorial Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources - Tockpoye in Antitorial Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources - Tockpoye in DUE-0860365         SDSMT         97.0           47.076         Molitorial Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources         DOE-0800365         USD         23.5           47.078         Molitorial Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ARC-120353         SDSU         20.5           47.079         Maltorial Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ARC-120353         SDSU         SDSU           47.079         Maltorial Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ARC-120353         SDSU         SDSU           47.079         Maltorial Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Explineming - ARC-120353         SDSU         10.443.3           47.079         Maltorial Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Explineming - ARC-120353         SDSU         10.443.3           47.079         Maltorial Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Explineming - ARC-120353         SDSU         10.443.3           46.03         Maltorial Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Explineming - ARC-120353         SDSU         10.443.3           46.04         Maltorial Science Foundation         Office	CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
47.076         National Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources - Teckpaye in DIE-0566365         SDSMT           47.076         National Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources         DGE-1356106         SDSWD           47.078         National Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources         DGE-1356106         SDSWD           47.078         National Science Foundation         Pour Programs         ARC-1203533         SDSWD           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science applications of pour Programs         ARC-1203533         SDSWD           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science applications of pour Programs         ARC-1203533         SDSWD           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science applications of pour Programs         ARC-1203532         SDSWD           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         In-1304042         SDSWD           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         In-1304042         SDSWD           47.082         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science Foundation         Office of Science Foundation         Office of Science Foundation	Research and Developm	nent Cluster (continued)				
47.076         National Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources         DOE=1936006         SDSU           47.078         National Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ANT-1043608         SDSU           47.078         National Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ANT-1043608         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ARC-1203533         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         INSC-1004010         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         INSC-1004010         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         INSC-1004010         SDSU           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         INSC-1004010         SDSU           47.082         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         INSC-1004010         SDSU           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science Engineering         INSC-1004010         SDSU           47.082         South Dadkod Science Foundation         International Science Fou	47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources - Tiospaye in Science	DUE-0966365	SDSMT	050'26
47.078         National Science Foundation         Education and Human Resources         DGE-1356106         SDSU           47.078         National Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ANT-1043508         SDSU           47.078         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - AT-1030333         SDSU         USD           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         OISE-1004010         SDSU         1,15           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-133042         SDSU         1,15           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-133042         SDSU         1,15           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIIA-133042         SDSU         1,12           47.082         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIIA-133042         SDSU         1,12           47.082         South Dakkad Science Foundation         Office of International Science Assistance Program to Stimulate Assistance Program and Engineering         IIIA-133042         SDSU         1,12           66.460         South Dakkad Biscovery	47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources	DGE-0903685	USD	518,346
47.078         National Science Foundation         Polar Programs         ANT-1043698         SSU           47.078         National Science Foundation         Orlea Programs         ARC-1203333         SSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Orlea Programs         Secure of International Science and Engineering         IN-130842         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IN-130842         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-130842         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-130842         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-130842         SDSU           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-1356423         SDSU           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science Financial Assistance Science Engineering         IIA-1366423         SDSU           66.460         South Davide Grassiand         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         IIA-1366423         SDSU           66.1042	47.076	National Science Foundation	Education and Human Resources	DGE-1356106	SDSU	23,510
47.079         National Science Foundation         Porar Programs         ARC-1203533         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - AT-7079         IAC-1203533         SDSU           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - IIA-130942         SDSU         1.05           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - IIA-130942         SDSU         5.2           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - IIA-130942         SDSU         5.2           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - IIA-130942         SDSU         5.2           47.082         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering - IIA-1356423         SDSU         5.2           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of Experimental Program is Simplemental Program in Science Foundation - Investmental Program in Science Foundation - Investmental Program in Science Foundation - Investmental Program - Investme	47.078	National Science Foundation	Polar Programs	ANT-1043508	SDSU	20,668
47.079         National Science Foundation Workshop on undegload science and Engineering Workshop on Undegload Science Foundation Office of International Science and Engineering Workshop on Office of International Science and Engineering Workshop Office of International Science and Engineering Workshop Office of International Science and Engineering Workshop Office of International Science Foundation Science Foundation Office of International Assistance Program Advanced Monthly Andrewshop Office of Science Financial Assistance Program Advanced Monthly Andrewshop Office of Science Financial Assistance Program Advanced Monthly Mont	47.078	National Science Foundation	Polar Programs	ARC-1203533	SDSU	95,987
47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         OISE-1004010         SBSU         1.043           47.079         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-133042         SBSU         1.043           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-135042         SBSU         1.043           47.082         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-135042         SBSU         SBSU         1.324           47.082         South Dakota Grassland         Ompetitive Research Support         IIIA-13504383         SBSWI         4.7           66.460         Coalition - Now through         Nompoint Source Implementation Grants         SBSU         SBSWI         4.7           66.410         South Dakota Discovery Center         Nompoint Source Implementation Grants         SBSU         SBSU         5.05           66.450         South Dakota Discovery Center         Nompoint Source Implementation Grants         SBSU         SBSU         5.05           66.460         South Dakota Discovery Center         Activation of Fate transfall Assistance Program         SBSWI         SBSWI         5.05           66.410         Energy	47.079	National Science Foundation	Office of International Science and Engineering - Workshop on underground science applications of germanium-based detectors and technologies		USD	58,717
47.084         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IA-1330842         SDSU         1,043           47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         IIA-1355423         SDSU         2,166           47.082         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science Foundation         Office of International Science Foundation         Office of International Science Foundation         1,224           47.082         National Science Foundation         ARRA - Trans-NSF Recovery Act Research Support         IIP-0834383         SDSMT         4,1324           66.460         South Dakota Grassland         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSMT         SDSMT         4,1324           66.460         South Dakota Sizeovery Center         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSMT         SDSMT         7,7           66.460         South Dakota Sizeovery Center         Energy         Addressing Basic Research Inerdial Assistance Program - SDSMT         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         Non-1016500-019         SDSMT         SDSMT         1,7           81.049         Energy         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program         FESEBARCH         NON-1016500-019         SDSMT         SDSMT         39,9	47.079	National Science Foundation	Office of International Science and Engineering	OISE-1004010	SDSU	55
47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of International Science and Engineering         International Science Foundation         Office of Excentinemental Program to Stimulate         EPS-0903804         SDSMT         1,324           47.082         National Science Foundation         ARRA - Trans NSF Recovery Act Research Support         IIIP-0934383         SDSMT         4,4           66.460         South Dakota Grassland         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSMT         SDSMT         8,8           66.460         South Dakota Grassland         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSMT         SDSMT         7,7           66.UNKNOWN         Forest Service         Norpoint Source Implementation Grants         Morpoint Source Implementation Grants         No.1/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/11/1	47.079	National Science Foundation	Office of International Science and Engineering	IIA-1330842	SDSU	1,043,375
47.081         National Science Foundation         Office of Experimental Program to Stimulate         EPS-0903804         SDSUT         1,324,           47.082         National Science Foundation         Conflaborative Research Apport Act Research Support         IIP-0934383         SDSMT         4,182           66.460         South Dakota Grassland         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSWT         SDSWT         4,182           66.480         South Dakota Grassland         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSWT         5,283         8,18           66.480         South Dakota Discovery Center         Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants         SDSWT         SDSWT         7,7           66.LNKNOWN         Forest Service         Extent of off-site uranium contamination from Custer         06-JV-11015600-019         SDSWT         5,5           81.049         Energy         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program         USD         LSD         5,2           81.049         Energy         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program         SDSMT         USD         22,1           81.049         Energy         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program         RESEARCH         USD         22,1           81.049         Energy         Office of Science		National Science Foundation	Office of International Science and Engineering	IIA-1355423	SDSU	2,166,660
National Science Foundation  Nombint South Dakota Grassland  South Dakota Discovery Center and Aquantum - flow through  Nompoint Source Implementation Grants  South Dakota Discovery Center and Aquantum - flow through  Energy  Energy  Coalition - flow through  South Dakota Discovery Center  Nompoint Source Implementation Grants  South Dakota Discovery Center and Aquantum - flow through  Energy  Ciffice of Science Financial Assistance Program - General Control of Science Financial Assistance Program - Grassland Growth and Detector Development at Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments  Olympic Research, Inc flow  RESPEC. Inc flow through		National Science Foundation	Office of Experimental Program to Stimulate Competitive Research	EPS-0903804	SDSU	1,324,307
South Dakota Grassland Coalition - flow through South Dakota Grassland South Dakota Grassland South Dakota Discovery Center South Dakota Discovery Center South Dakota Discovery Center Advariant - flow through Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants South Dakota Discovery Center Information Conferce Financial Assistance Program - Addressing Basic Research needs for Solar Energy Utilization Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments Olympic Research, Inc flow through RESPEC, Inc flow through Grant Dakota Dakota Discovery Center Financial Assistance Program Addressing Basic Research Financial Assistance Program Addressing Basic Research Addressing Basic Research Program - Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments Olympic Research Inc flow through RESPEC, Inc flow through - Basic Respective Financial Assistance Program - Addressing Basic Research Program - Addressing Basic Research Program - Bas	47.082	National Science Foundation	ARRA - Trans-NSF Recovery Act Research Support - Collaborative Renewal Proposal: NSF Center for Friction Stir Welding IUCRC	IIP-0934383	SDSMT	4,961
South Dakota Discovery Center and Aquarium - flow through  Forest Service  Extent of off-site uranium contamination from Custer National Forest abandoned uranium mine sites  Energy  Addressing Basic Research needs for Solar Energy Utilization  Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program  Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program  Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program  Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments Olympic Research, Inc flow Office of Science Financial Assistance Program  Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments Olympic Research, Inc flow Office of Science Financial Assistance Program  AGREEMENT #15-08  RESFARCH SDSMT SDSMT SDSMT SDSMT SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08  RESFARCH SDSMT SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08  RESFARCH SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08  RESFARCH SDSMT SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08  RESPEC, Inc flow through	66.460	South Dakota Grassland Coalition - flow through	Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants		SDSU	8,289
INOWN         Extent of off-site uranium contamination from Custer         06-JV-11015600-019         SDSMT         5.           Energy         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program-Addressing Basic Research needs for Solar Energy         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program-Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments         SDSMT         339.           Chyptal Growth and Detector Development at through         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program-Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments         RESEARCH SDSMT         31, 48           RESPEC, Incflow         Office of Science Financial Assistance Program         AGREEMENT #15-08         SDSMT         31, 48	66.460	South Dakota Discovery Center and Aquarium - flow through	Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants		SDSU	7,677
Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Addressing Basic Research needs for Solar Energy  Lilization  Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments  Olympic Research, Inc flow Office of Science Financial Assistance Program AGREEMENT #15-08  RESPEC, Inc flow through Office of Science Financial Assistance Program TASK ORDER NO. 2 SDSMT 49.	66.UNKNOWN	Forest Service	Extent of off-site uranium contamination from Custer National Forest abandoned uranium mine sites	06-JV-11015600-019	SDSMT	5,088
Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program  Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments Olympic Research, Inc flow Office of Science Financial Assistance Program through RESPEC, Inc flow through Office of Science Financial Assistance Program TASK ORDER NO. 2 SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08 TASK ORDER NO. 2 SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08 TASK ORDER NO. 2 SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08	81.049	Energy	Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Addressing Basic Research needs for Solar Energy Utilization		USD	948
Energy Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments Olympic Research, Inc flow Office of Science Financial Assistance Program AGREEMENT #15-08 RESPEC, Inc flow through RESPEC, Inc flow through	81.049	Energy	Office of Science Financial Assistance Program		SDSMT	39,187
Olympic Research, Inc flow Office of Science Financial Assistance Program RESEARCH SDSMT AGREEMENT #15-08 RESPEC, Inc flow through Office of Science Financial Assistance Program TASK ORDER NO. 2 SDSMT	81.049	Energy	Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Crystal Growth and Detector Development at Homestake for DUSEL Experiments		OSD	221,966
RESPEC, Inc flow through Office of Science Financial Assistance Program TASK ORDER NO. 2 SDSMT	81.049	Olympic Research, Inc flow through	Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	RESEARCH AGREEMENT #15-08	SDSMT	31,097
	81.049	RESPEC, Inc flow through	Office of Science Financial Assistance Program	TASK ORDER NO. 2	SDSMT	49,788

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	luster (continued)				
81.049	State University of New York - flow through	Office of Science Financial Assistance Program - Tailoring Spin and Magnetism in Quantum Dots	R694039	SDSMT	26,115
81.087	Energy	Renewable Energy Research and Development	DE-FC36-05GO85041	SDSU	1,571,427
81.087	Energy	Renewable Energy Research and Development	DE-FG36-08GO88073	SDSU	877,332
81.087	University of Houston - flow through	Renewable Energy Research and Development	DE-EE0006711 / R- 15-0008	SDSMT	80,448
81.094	American Indian and Science Engineering Society - flow through	American Indian Research and Education Initiative	Contract for Services dated 4/10/12	SDSMT	4,553
81.4000110644	UT-Battelle, LLC, Oak Ridge, TN - flow through	Oak Ridge National Laboratory-UT-Battelle "Cleaning of Components of Majorana Demonstrator"	4000110644 Cost Type Subcontract	BHSU	5,912
81.400013648	UT-Battelle, LLC, Oak Ridge, TN - flow through	SDSM&T Electroforming for the MAJORANA Demonstrator	4000136483	SDSMT	120,431
9 81.606630	Energy	Long Baseline Neutrino Experiment far detector	606630	SDSMT	278
81.DE-AC02-05CH11231	University of California - flow through	Commission Detector System for Radon Emanation Measurements for LZ	DE-AC02- 05CH11231/7208257	SDSMT	56,730
81.UNKNIOWN	Sandia National Lab - flow through	Korde Sandia USDOE WEC	1442444	SDSMT	1,181
81.UNKNOWN	UT-Battelle, LLC, Oak Ridge, TN - flow through	Basic Energy Sciences University and Science Education - Majorana Demonstrator Project		USD	340
84.396	Ohio State University - flow through	ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Investing in Innovation Fund - Reading Recovery: Scaling Up What Works		USD	198,334
93.103	Food and Drug Administration	Food and Drug Administration - Research	1U18FD004618-01	SDSU	18,623
93.103	Food and Drug Administration	Food and Drug Administration - Research	1U18FD004300-01	SDSU	4,404
93.103	Food and Drug Administration	Food and Drug Administration - Research	U18FD005010	SDSU	93,388
93.121	University of Massachusetts- Lowell - flow through	Oral Diseases and Disorders Research - Rechargeable Dental Waterline Tubing		USD	18,873
93.134	Hennepin Healthcare System Inc - flow through	Grants to Increase Organ Donations	10011; 1R39OT24207-01 (P)	SDSU	7,650
93.134	Hennepin Healthcare System Inc - flow through	Grants to Increase Organ Donations	10002, 1 R39OT24207-01	SDSU	26,651
93.200-2014-59613	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Numerical Modeling of Gas Emissions and Cave Ventilation in Block Caving Mines	200-2014-59613	SDSMT	142,363

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	uster (continued)				
93.228	Indian Health Service	Indian Health Service - Health Management Development Program	HHSI241	USD	100,515
93.231	Great Plains Tribal Chairmen's Health Board - flow through	Epidemiology Cooperative Agreements	2007 PRAMS	SDSU	34,931
93.231	Great Plains Tribal Chairmen's Health Board - flow through	Epidemiology Cooperative Agreements	PRAMS 2014	SDSU	35,424
93.242	National Institutes of Health	Mental Health Research Grants - Amygdalar Orexin Modulation of Affective Disorders		USD	22,140
93.262	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Occupational Safety and Health Program	P004312502	SDSMT	686'6
93.273	National Institutes of Health	Alcohol Research Programs - Traumatic Stress and Alcohol Problems: Between and Within- Person Associations		USD	375,841
62.276 237	National Institutes of Health	Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs - Adolescent social stress, cortical dopamine and drug susceptibility		USD	70,392
93.279	National Institutes of Health	Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs - Summer Program for Undergraduate Research in Addiction	1R25DA033674	USD	73,004
93.279	National Institutes of Health	Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs - Research of Neural sensitivity to stress during drug withdrawal		USD	253,356
93.283	Black Hills Special Services Cooperative - flow through	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance		SDSU	2,925
93.307	Sanford Research Foundation - flow through	Minority Health and Health Disparities Research - Assessing the Impact of lay patient advocate training in tribal communities	SR-2014-20	USD	62,478
93.307	National Institutes of Health	Minority Health and Health Disparities Research - EXPORT Project		USD	1,256,424
93.307	Sanford Research Foundation - flow through	Minority Health and Health Disparities Research - Determinants of Care and Life Quality in American Indian Women with Cervical Cancer	SR-2014-21	USD	64,908
93.359	Sanford Research - flow through	Nurse Education, Practice Quality and Retention Grants	HSD-2014-001-01	SDSU	12,588
93.389	Sanford Research - flow through	National Center for Research Resources - Cancer Biology Research Center		USD	40,419

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	ster (continued)				
93.395	National Institutes of Health	Cancer Treatment Research - Antiprogestin Therapy for Ovarian Cancer		USD	122,654
93.837	National Institutes of Health	Cardiovascular Diseases Research - Parasympathetic Dysfunction in Obesity: Effect of Cholesterol on VAChT	1R15 HL118696	USD	148,603
93.837	National Institutes of Health	Cardiovascular Diseases Research - Direct proteasomal enhancement contributes to PKG-triggered cardioprotection		USD	56,623
93.837	National Institutes of Health	Cardiovascular Diseases Research - The COP9 Signalosome in the Heart		USD	256,705
93.837	Loyola University Chicago - flow through	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	1R01HL097106-01A2	SDSU	359,746
<sup>2</sup> 238	National Institutes of Health	Cardiovascular Diseases Research - Molecular pathogenesis of protein surplus cardiomyopathy		USD	306,252
93.846	University of Massachusetts- Lowell - flow through	Arthritis Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Research - Orthopedic Implant materials with bacteria- resistant and osteogenic functions	S51110000023970	usp	54,439
93.853	National Institutes of Health	Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders - Neuronal Pathways Underlying In Vitro Motor Learning		usp	216,295
93.853	National Institutes of Health	Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders - Studies of the Therapeutic Role of IU1 in a Mouse Model of Ischemic Stroke	R03NS084340	USD	73,977
93.853	National Institutes of Health	Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders - Mechanisms of motor recovery after subtotal brain injury		USD	8,281
93.853	National Institutes of Health	Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders - Modeling Pathogenesis of Huntington's disease using patient-derived induced pluripotent stem cells free of viral and transgenic insertions		usp	2,120
93.855	National Institutes of Health	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research	1R21AI107379-01A1	SDSU	178,231
93.855	DFH Pharma Inc - flow through	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research	DFHPSA01	SDSU	8,832
93.855	Vanderbilt University - flow through	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research	VUMC53850; R01Al095346 (P)	SDSU	10,154

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

GFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Research and Development Cluster (continued)	luster (continued)				
93.855	National Institutes of Health	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research - Role of influenza-induced prothrombosis in Streptococcus pyogenes superinfections		USD	114,258
93.855	National Institutes of Health	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research	IR15AI089690-01A1	SDSU	85,312
93.855	National Institutes of Health	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research - Chlamydial lipid acquisition and host response		USD	173,860
93.855	National Institutes of Health	Allergy and infectious Diseases Research	1R01AI079411-01	SDSU	384,167
93.859	National Institutes of Health	Biomedical Research and Research Training - Biomedical Technology -BRIN (Biomedical Research Infrastructure Network) for SD		USD	1,164,778
93.859	University of Minnesota - flow through	Biomedical Research and Research Training - Genetic Functions of an R Factor		USD	11,320
698.86	National Institutes of Health	Biomedical Research and Research Training	1F32GM105277-01	SDSU	12,642
O 93.859	National Institutes of Health	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R15GM107197	SDSU	43,719
93.859	Sanford Research - flow through	Biomedical Research and Research Training - Mortalin-2 recruits CHIP E3 ubiquitin ligase to degrade p53 in colon cancer		USD	10,817
93.859	Sanford Research - flow through	Biomedical Research and Research Training - Peritoneal Ovarian Cancer Dormancy		USD	10,000
93.859	New York University School of Medicine - flow through	Biomedical Research and Research Training	14-A0-00-002587-01 Project 103769; P50GM107632 (p)	SDSU	138,201
93.865	National Institutes of Health	Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	1R21HD080143-01A1	SDSU	3,826
93.UNKNOWN	Polaris Health Directions - flow through	Mental Health Research Grants - College Outcomes Management System		USD	1,220
97.061	Kansas State University - flow through	Centers for Homeland Security	S13037	SDSU	6,662
97.061	Kansas State University - flow through	Centers for Homeland Security	S13036, 2010-ST-061- AG0001-02	SDSU	27,966
98.001	Agency for International Development	USAID Foreign Assistance for Programs Overseas	PGA-2000003663	SDSU	47,455
98.001	Colorado State University - flow through	USAID Foreign Assistance for Programs Overseas	G-9650-22: EEM-A- 00-10-00001(P	SDSU	345,515

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Total Research and Development Cluster	ent Cluster			ľ	44,734,429
School Improvement Grants Cluster	luster			I	
84.377	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	School Improvement Grants		Education	691,446
84.388	Office of Elementary and Secondary Education	ARRA - School Improvement Grants		Education	372,298
Total School Improvement Grants Cluster	ints Cluster			<b>!</b>	1,063,744
Section 8 Project-Based Cluster	-				
14.182	Housing	Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation		Housing Development Authority	24,099,736
S Total Section 8 Project-Based Cluster	Cluster			1 1	24,099,736
Small Business Administration					
59.037	Small Business Administration	Small Business Development Center		USD	627,518
59.043	Small Business Administration	Women's Business Ownership Assistance - Renewal	4605001EZ0018	BHSU	98,387
59.043	Small Business Administration	Women's Business Ownership Assistance - Women's Business Center Program (I-2009)	9202400Z0117-01	внѕп	28,353
59.058	Small Business Administration	Federal and State Technology (FAST) Partnership Program	SBAHQ-13-G-0007	Governor's Office of Economic Development	59,606
59.061	Small Business Administration	State Trade and Export Promotion Program (STEP Program)	SBAHQ-12-IT-0034	Agriculture	5,952
Total Small Business Administration	tration				819,816
SNAP Cluster					
10.551	Food and Nutrition Service	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (Note 3F)		Social Services	147,260,202
10.561	Food and Nutrition Service	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program		Social Services	8,790,198
Total SNAP Cluster					156,050,400

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Social Security Administration					
96.008	Social Security Administration	Social Security - Work Incentives Planning and Assistance Program		Human Services	92,565
Total Social Security Administration	ation				92,565
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	(¥				
84.027	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)		Education	31,972,405
84.173	Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services	Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)		Education	1,358,778
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	r (IDEA)			l	33,331,183
പ്പ Student Financial Assistance Cluster	luster				
4.007 4.007	Office of Federal Student Aid	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG)		USD/BHSU/DSU/NSU/SD SMT/SDSU	1,404,354
84.033	Office of Federal Student Aid	Federal Work-Study Program		USD/BHSU/DSU/NSU/SD SMT/SDSU	2,276,942
84.038	Office Of Student Financial Assistance Programs	Federal Perkins Loans - Federal Capital Contributions (Notes 3E and 3G)		SDSU/USD/BHSU/DSU/N SU/SDSMT	26,186,584
84.063	Office of Federal Student Aid	Federal Pell Grant Program		SDSU/USD/BHSU/DSU/N SU/SDSMT	32,041,085
84.268	Office of Federal Student Aid	Federal Direct Student Loans (Note 3H)		USD/BHSU/DSU/NSU/SD SMT/SDSU	170,530,823
84.379	Office of Federal Student Aid	Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grants (TEACH Grants)		BHSU/DSU/NSU/SDSU/U SD	396,553
93.264	Health Resources and Services Administration	Nurse Faculty Loan Program (NFLP) (Note 3G)		SDSU	745,385
93.342	Health Resources and Services Administration	Health Professions Student Loans, Including Primary Care Loans/Loans for Disadvantaged Students (Note 3G)		SDSU/USD	9,042,485
93.364	Health Resources and Services Administration	Nursing Student Loans (Note 3G)		SDSU/USD	2,285,641
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster	ince Cluster				244,909,852

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
TANF Cluster					
93.558	Administration for Children and Families	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		Social Services	20,099,064
Total TANF Cluster					20,099,064
Transit Services Programs Cluster	ster				
20.513	Federal Transit Administration	Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities		Transportation	1,231,779
20.516	Federal Transit Administration	Job Access and Reverse Commute - JARC		Transportation	396,754
20.521	Federal Transit Administration	New Freedom Program		Transportation	88,887
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster	s Cluster				1,717,420
5 Transportation					
20.106	Federal Aviation Administration	Airport Improvement Program (Note 3K)	0510692	Transportation	27,089,133
20.218	Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	National Motor Carrier Safety		Public Safety	951,262
20.232	Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	Commercial Drivers License Program Improvement Grant		Public Safety	301,086
20.237	Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration	Commercial Vehicle Information Systems and Networks - Safety Data Improvement Program	IT064601G00000	Transportation	184,744
20.505	Federal Transit Administration	Federal Transit - Metropolitan Transportation Planning		Transportation	36,426
20.509	Federal Transit Administration	Formula Grants for Rural Areas		Transportation	6,673,165
20.607	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	Alcohol Open Container Requirements		Public Safety	961,897
20.608	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated		Public Safety	2,138,893
20.614	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) Discretionary Safety Grants - State Support of the Fatal Accident Reporting System (FARS)	DTNH22-92-Y-07045	Public Safety	24,780
20.700	Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration	Pipeline Safety Program Base Grants		Public Utilities Commission	203,370
20.703	Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration	Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants		Public Safety	134,975

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
Total Transportation				I	38,699,731
Treasury				I	
21.UNKNOWN	NeighborWorks America - flow through	National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling		Housing Development Authority	55,170
Total Treasury					55,170
TRIO Cluster					
84.042	Office of Postsecondary Education	TRIO - Student Support Services		BHSU/NSU/SDSU	795,094
84.044	Office of Postsecondary Education	TRIO - Talent Search		USD	369,308
243	Office of Postsecondary Education	TRIO - Upward Bound		USD/BHSU/NSU/SDSU	932,295
Total TRIO Cluster				!	2,096,697
Veterans Affairs					
64.005	Veterans Health Administration	Grants to States for Construction of State Home Facilities	4AI-46-014	Veterans Affairs	14,985,964
64.010	Veterans Health Administration	Veteran Nursing Home Care	V263-13-D-0004	USD	442,673
64.014	Veterans Health Administration	Veterans State Domiciliary Care (Note 3D)		State Veterans Home	766,736
64.015	Veterans Health Administration	Veterans State Nursing Home Care (Note 3D)		State Veterans Home	2,062,065
64.125	Veterans Benefits Administration	Vocational and Educational Counseling For Servicemembers and Veterans	V101 (223C) P-5181	Veterans Affairs	162,927
64.UNKNOWN	Veterans Health Administration	Veterans Administration Reporting		BHSU	6,842
Total Veterans Affairs				I	18,427,207
WIA Cluster				l	
17.258	Employment Training Administration	Workforce Investment Act Adult Program		Labor	2,139,824
17.259	Employment Training Administration	Workforce Investment Act Youth Activities		Labor	2,051,614

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards by Federal Department

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

CFDA Number	Federal Agency	Program	Contract Number	State Agency	Expenditures/ Disbursements/ Issuances
WIA Cluster (continued) 17.278	Employment Training Administration	WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants		Labor	569,825
Total WIA Cluster					4,761,263
GRAND TOTAL:					2,331,724,157
LEGEND					
BHSU = Black Hills State University DSU = Dakota State University NSU = Northern State University	iversity sity ersity	SDSMT = South Dakota School of Mines and Technology SDSU = South Dakota State University USD = University of South Dakota			

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

### STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2015

### **NOTE 1: Purpose of the Schedule**

Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* requires a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards showing total expenditures for each federal financial assistance program as identified in the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA). Significant federal financial assistance programs which have not been assigned a CFDA number have also been identified.

### **NOTE 2: Significant Accounting Policies**

- **A. Reporting Entity** The accompanying schedule includes all federal financial assistance programs administered by the State of South Dakota for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.
- **B.** Basis of Presentation The information in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
  - 1. Federal Awards Pursuant to the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and OMB Circular A-133, federal award is defined as federal financial assistance and federal cost-reimbursement contracts that non-federal agencies receive directly or indirectly from federal agencies or pass-through entities. Federal financial assistance is defined as assistance that non-federal entities receive or administer in the form of grants, loans, loan guarantees, property, cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations and other assistance. Accordingly, non-monetary federal assistance, including vaccines and food commodities, is included in federal financial assistance and, therefore, is reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.
  - 2. Type A and Type B Programs The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133 establish the levels of expenditures or expenses to be used in defining Type A and Type B federal financial assistance programs. Type A programs for the State of South Dakota are those which equal or exceeded \$6,995,000 in expenditures / disbursements / issuances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Type B programs for the State of South Dakota are those which are less than \$6,995,000 in expenditures / disbursements / issuances for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.
- C. Basis of Accounting The information presented in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is consistent with the other federal grant reports. South Dakota's basic financial statements are reported on the accrual basis and modified accrual basis of accounting and, therefore, the schedule's data may not be directly traceable to the basic financial statements.
- D. Expenditures and Expenses When monies are received by one state grantee agency and redistributed (expended) to another state grantee agency (i.e. a pass-through of funds by the primary recipient state grantee agency to a sub-recipient state grantee agency), the federal financial assistance is reflected in the primary receiving/expending state grantee agency's accounts. This is to avoid duplication and the overstatement of the aggregate level of federal financial assistance expended by the State of South Dakota.

### NOTE 3: Other

A. Commodities administered through distributing agencies totaling \$3,439,311 (\$2,566,405 under CFDA # 10.555, \$1,525 under CFDA #10.559, and \$871,381 under CFDA # 10.568) are included in the definition of expenditures of federal awards for the purpose of the accompanying schedule. Commodities are valued at the last purchase price.

- B. All federal expenditures/disbursements/issuances included in the accompanying schedule are assistance received directly from federal government or indirectly through entities from outside the State of South Dakota.
- C. As of June 30, 2015, donated federal surplus property (CFDA # 39.003) reported on the accompanying schedule totaled \$1,064,689, which represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the State. This percentage approximates the fair market value of the property at the time of distribution as determined by the General Services Administration.
- D. The amounts reported as federal expenditures for CFDA # 64.014 and 64.015 represent cash received. Federal reimbursements are based on approved rates for services provided, rather than reimbursement for specific expenditures.
- E. Perkins Loan amounts include federal, state, and program revenues. The exact portion associated with federal dollars cannot be readily determined.
- F. Electronic benefits under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) (CFDA # 10.551) totaled \$147,260,202 and were included in the definition of federal financial assistance for the purpose of the accompanying schedule.
- G. Federally funded loan programs had the following current fiscal year disbursement and outstanding loan balances at year end:

		Current	t Year	Outstanding
CFDA Number	Grant Program	Administrative Expense	Loan Disbursement	Loan Balance June 30, 2015
66.458	Clean Water State Revolving Fund*	\$428,053	\$26,410,194	\$256,214,376
66.468	Drinking Water State Revolving Fund*	774,979	19,173,741	142,999,224
14.239	Home Investment Partnerships Program	442,221	4,529,730	59,677,544
14.228	Community Development Block Grants/State's Program	64,660	163,956	22,474,477
84.038	Perkins Loans Funds	173,536	4,548,128	26,013,049
93.264	Nurse Faculty Loan Program	-	169,866	745,385
93.342	Health Professions Student Loans/ Loans For Disadvantaged Students	-	1,736,864	9,042,485
93.364	Nursing Student Loans	-	574,300	2,285,641

<sup>\* 83.333%</sup> of the loans receivable balance is federal funds.

H. Loans disbursed under the Federal Direct Student Loans program (CFDA # 84.268) and issued to parents of eligible students or eligible students attending state universities had the following values:

Direct Subsidized Loans	\$ 54,174,848
Direct Unsubsidized Loans	96,983,796
Direct PLUS Program Loans	19.372.179

I. The Governor's Office of Economic Development, through the Economic Development Finance Authority (EDFA), participates in the Agricultural Processing and Export (APEX) Loan Program with funds obtained from the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Intermediary Relending Program (IRP) (CFDA # 10.767). The EDFA has entered into loan agreements with the RECD in the amount of \$3,000,000. The EDFA makes loans to small businesses and draws down federal funds from the loan with the RECD to cover 70% of the loans made to small businesses. As of June 30, 2015 EDFA had \$389,173 in outstanding loans.

- J. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 the South Dakota Department of Health received \$3,464,820 in cash rebates from infant formula manufacturers on sales of formula to participants in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC - CFDA #10.557). Rebate contracts with infant formula manufacturers are authorized by 7 CFR 246.16(m) as a cost containment measure. Rebates represent a reduction of expenditures previously incurred for WIC food. The rebate contract allowed the Department of Health to serve 4,378 more persons during fiscal year 2015.
- K. The South Dakota Department of Transportation acts as an agent for the various Airport Improvement Program grants (CFDA #20.106) funded through the Federal Aviation Administration. The grants are between the Federal Aviation Administration and cities, counties and airport authorities, with the South Dakota Department of Transportation's duties primarily being the processing of requests for reimbursement and the payment of contractor estimates on the smaller projects. Total reimbursements processed in fiscal year 2015 were \$27,089,133. These monies are reflected as expenditures of federal awards of the State of South Dakota.
- L. The amount included as of June 30, 2015, on the unemployment section of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (CFDA #17.225) includes the amount of federal unemployment insurance; the amount of the State's expenditure for unemployment insurance benefits; and the amount of administrative expense as required by the US Department of Labor and the Inspector General. The amounts are \$1,492,310, \$25,040,991, and \$6,954,825 respectively.
- M. The South Dakota Department of Agriculture, through the South Dakota Value Added Finance Authority, (VAFA) participates in the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Business Cooperative Service (RBCS) Intermediary Relending Program (IRP). As of June 30, 2015, VAFA had drawn down \$1,972,831 of RBCS loan funds and had disbursed \$1,961,530 of these RBCS funds. The total value of loans issued to date as of June 30, 2015 was \$2,693,100 with total remaining loans outstanding as of June 30, 2015 equaling \$692,595.
- N. Department of Energy (DOE) programs were funded in part by Petroleum Violation Escrow (PVE) funds. These expenditures are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. PVE funds represent the State of South Dakota's share of settlement proceeds in various lawsuits between the Federal Government and oil producers. During fiscal year 2015, the South Dakota Department of Tourism had \$3,126,854 in expenditures from the trust fund in support of DOE programs and received \$577,377 in loan payments.
- O. The amount of expenditures reported for the Child Support Enforcement program (CFDA #93.563) was not reduced by the \$1,743,965 federal share of prior quarters' Title IV-A collections retained to fund the Child Support Enforcement program during the fiscal year.





### AUDITOR'S REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



### AUDITOR'S REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



427 SOUTH CHAPELLE C/O 500 EAST CAPITOL PIERRE SD 57501-5070 (605)773-3595 FAX (605)773-6454

MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard Governor of South Dakota

and

Members of the Legislature State of South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of South Dakota (State), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2016. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Unemployment Insurance Fund, the South Dakota Retirement System, the South Dakota Housing Development Authority, the South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority, and certain foundations of Higher Education as described in our report on the State's financial statements. This report includes our consideration of the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those other auditors. However, this report, insofar as it relates to the results of the other auditors, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the State's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs," we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs" as finding number 2015-007 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs" as finding numbers 2015-001 and 2015-002 to be significant deficiencies.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### State's Response to Findings

The State's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs." The State's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Martin L. Guindon, CPA Auditor General

January 22, 2016



427 SOUTH CHAPELLE C/O 500 EAST CAPITOL PIERRE SD 57501-5070 (605)773-3595 FAX (605)773-6454

MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard Governor of South Dakota

and

Members of the Legislature State of South Dakota

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the State of South Dakota's (State's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the State's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The State's major federal programs are identified in the "Summary of Auditor's Results" section of the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs."

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the State's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

As stated in our report on the basic financial statements, we did not audit the financial statements of the Unemployment Insurance Fund, the South Dakota Retirement System, the South Dakota Housing Development Authority, the South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority and certain foundations of Higher Education. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports, including reports on compliance and internal control over compliance, have been furnished to us. Our report on the basic financial statements and this report, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these entities and their compliance and internal control over compliance, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the

State's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the State's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on CFDA 84.334 Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs

As described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs," the State did not comply with requirements for Subrecipient Monitoring, Allowable Costs, Cost Principles, or Matching regarding CFDA 84.334, Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs, as described in findings 2015-003, 2015-004 and 2015-005. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the State to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on CFDA 84.334 Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the State complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the CFDA 84.334 Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the State complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs" for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs" as items 2015-008 and 2015-012. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The State's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs." The State's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the State is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the State's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the State's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance

that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs" as items 2015-003 and 2015-005 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs" as items 2015-006, 2015-009, 2015-010, and 2015-011 to be significant deficiencies.

The State's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying "Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs." The State's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Martin L. Guindon, CPA Auditor General

March 21, 2016





### FINDINGS, QUESTIONED COSTS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS



### FINDINGS, QUESTIONED COSTS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLANS

### State of South Dakota Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Index

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### State of South Dakota Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

### Section I Summary of Auditor's Results

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant deficiencies identified?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs

Unmodified for all

major programs except for the Gaining Early Awareness and

Readiness for Undergraduate Programs which was

qualified.

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510 (a) Yes

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster

**CCDF Cluster** 

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster

Federal Transit Cluster

	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster
	Medicaid Cluster
	SNAP Cluster
	Transit Services Programs Cluster
14.239	Home Investment Partnerships Program
17.225	Unemployment Insurance
20.509	Formula Grants for Rural Areas
64.005	Grants to States for Construction of State Home Facilities
64.015	Veterans State Nursing Home Care
81.UNKNOWN	Sanford Underground Research Facility Operations Support – Lawrence
	Berkley National Lab contract
84.334	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs
93.568	Low-Income Home Energy Assistance
97.039	Hazard Mitigation Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs - \$6,995,000

Auditee Qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

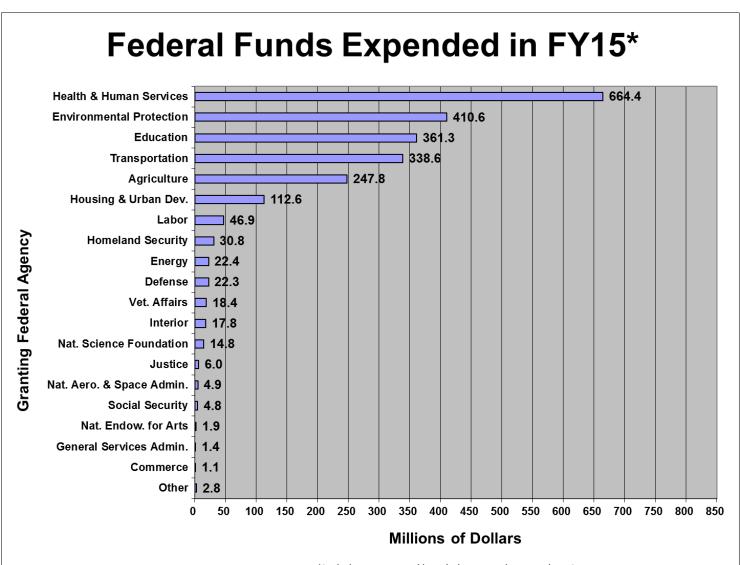
### Post - Audit Authority

The Single Audit of the State of South Dakota was conducted by the Department of Legislative Audit pursuant to South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-11-2, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the Office of Management and Budget, Circular A-133. A single audit encompasses the operations of the entire reporting entity. It includes an audit of the financial statements and report on internal control and compliance with state and federal laws and regulations.

### **Audit Scope**

The State of South Dakota's entire reporting entity is included in the populations which are subjected to our audit procedures and testing. State and federal programs are tested for compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Various federal departments provide financial assistance to the State of South Dakota. These funds were expended during FY 2015 as depicted in the following graph. Included in the following graph are expenditures of Federal financial assistance received from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act totaling \$1,699,514.



\*Includes guaranteed loan balances and non-cash assistance.

Based on a mandated risk based approach prescribed in OMB Circular A-133, all individual federal programs in excess of \$699,500 have a risk assessment performed on them annually. Any federal program in excess of \$6,995,000 must be included within the audit scope at least once every three years regardless of the level of risk associated with the program. Any federal program identified by a federal department as being a high risk program must also be included within the audit scope. Based on these risk assessments and requirements, federal programs are selected to be included within the audit scope. For FY 2015, those federal programs identified as major federal programs in the summary provided above were included within the FY 2015 audit scope and were tested for compliance with federal laws, rules and regulations. Those federal programs make up approximately 59.0% of all federal funds expended by the state. Any State funding used to provide the required matching requirements of federal programs was also included within the scope of the testing. For example, for federal fiscal year 2015, Medicaid was funded with 51.64% federal dollars and 48.36% State dollars.

In addition to the audit testing over major federal programs, testing was also performed on State funds. The testing was performed by the Department of Legislative Audit and certified public accounting firms based upon: 1) state or federal laws requiring separately issued audit reports

for certain funds or entities; 2) state match funding for federal programs tested; and, 3) the significance of and the perceived audit risk associated with State funds and accounts.

Separately issued annual financial and compliance audits include the following funds/entities:

- Revolving Economic Development Loan Program Fund;
- Clean Water State Revolving Fund;
- Drinking Water State Revolving Fund;
- State Lottery Operating Fund;
- Unemployment Insurance Fund;
- South Dakota Building Authority;
- Housing Development Authority;
- Finance Authority;
- South Dakota Science and Technology Authority;
- Education Enhancement Funding Corporation;
- South Dakota Retirement System;
- South Dakota Ellsworth Development Authority;
- Portfolios managed by the South Dakota Investment Council, including:
  - Cash Flow Portfolio;
  - Dakota Cement Trust Portfolio;
  - Education Enhancement Trust Portfolio;
  - Health Care Trust Portfolio;
  - · School and Public Lands Portfolio; and,

The significant areas identified and included in the testing of the financial statements were as follows:

### **Primary Government:**

- Central payroll process;
- Central expenditure approval process;
- Department of Revenue tax collections including: sales and use, motor vehicle, motor fuel and prorate, bank franchise and bank card;
- Selected internal service fund balances and/or operations for the Bureau of Human Resources Health Insurance Program, Bureau of Administration Fleet and Travel Management, and Bureau of Information and Telecommunications IT general controls;
- State aid to education disbursements:
- Infrastructure assets maintained by the Department of Transportation;
- Central fixed asset system; and,
- Year-end accrual entries.

### Component Unit:

 Higher Education, including balances and activity relating to tuition and fees, sales and services, payroll, disbursements, capital assets, bonds payable, and cash. Affiliated organizations required to be reported in accordance with Government Accounting Standards were audited by other auditors.

### **Audit Results**

Nine current written federal compliance audit findings were reported.

Seven current written audit findings were reported involving financial statement reporting. For specifics on each written audit finding, please refer to the "Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs."

The Government Operations and Audit Committee of the South Dakota Legislature reviews the State's Single Audit Report and all separately issued audit reports involving the State of South Dakota reporting entity. The main audit related purposes of the committee are to review audit reports generated by the Department of Legislative Audit and investigate any areas of concern of the committee.

### State of South Dakota Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

### Section II Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

### **Building Authority Finding No. 2014-001**:

Controls were not adequate to ensure the accuracy of amounts reported in the financial statements, including the identification and correction of reporting errors and omissions.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented.

### Department of Education Finding No. 2014-002:

Controls were not effective to ensure subrecipient compliance with allowable cost and matching requirements.

CFDA Title: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)

CFDA Number: 84.334

Federal Award Number: P334S110022 Federal Award Year: 2013, 2014

Federal Agency: Department of Education Type of Finding: Material Weakness

Category of Finding: Subrecipient Monitoring

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Corrective action was taken and the audit finding was closed by the US Department of Education in writing dated March 9, 2016. See Current Audit Finding Nos. 2015-003; 2015-004; and 2015-005.

### Finding No. 2014-003:

The subrecipient did not comply with allowable costs and cost principles requirements.

CFDA Title: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)

CFDA Number: 84.334

Federal Award Number: P334S110022 Federal Award Year: 2013, 2014

Federal Agency: Department of Education Type of Finding: Material Noncompliance

Category of Finding: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Questioned Costs: \$118,444.51

### <u>Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:</u>

Corrective action was taken and the audit finding was closed by the US Department of Education in writing dated March 9, 2016. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-005.

### Finding No. 2014-004:

The subrecipient did not comply with matching, level of effort, and earmarking requirements.

CFDA Title: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)

CFDA Number: 84.334

Federal Award Number: P334S110022

Federal Award Year: 2014

Federal Agency: Department of Education Type of Finding: Material Noncompliance

Category of Finding: Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Corrective action was taken and the audit finding was closed by the US Department of Education in writing dated March 9, 2016. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-004.

### Department of Revenue Finding No. 2014-005:

Internal controls were not adequate to 1) ensure that information being accepted from the banks is sufficient to verify the amount remitted is accurate, and 2) ensure bank taxes were accurately recorded and distributed on the State's accounting system and reported properly in the State's financial statements. This is the third consecutive audit to contain a similar finding.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and is being implemented. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-001.

### **Finding No. 2014-006**:

Internal controls were not adequate to 1) ensure proper distribution of cigarette excise tax to tribal entities and 2) ensure proper reporting of the State's liability. This is the second consecutive audit to contain a similar finding.

### <u>Auditee's Corrective Action Plan</u>:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented.

### **Finding No. 2014-007**:

Internal controls over the physical inventory of cigarette stamps are not adequate.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented.

### Department of Social Services Finding No. 2014-008:

Internal controls were not adequate to ensure the propriety and consistency of data used to adjust the Diagnostic Related Group (DRG) weights used in the calculation of inpatient hospital claims.

CFDA Title: Medicaid CFDA Number: 93.778

Federal Award Number: 1405SD5MAP

Federal Award Year: 2014

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency Category of Finding: Allowable Costs

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The Department of Social Services previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented. We are currently communicating with Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

### Statewide Financial Reporting Process Finding No. 2014-009:

Controls were not adequate to ensure the accuracy of amounts reported in the State's financial statements including the identification and correction of reporting errors and omissions.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Although a similar audit finding was issued this current fiscal year, the State has made significant progress each year in resolving this prior audit finding. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-007.

### **Board of Regents** Finding No. 2014-010:

Controls were not adequate to ensure the accuracy of amounts reported in the financial statements, including the identification and correction of reporting errors and omissions.

### <u>Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:</u>

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented.

### Department of Labor and Regulation Finding No. 2014-011:

During our testing of Emergency Unemployment Compensation (EUC) benefit payments, we noted one instance where the EUC calculation was not based on the most recent sequestration rate, resulting in the EUC benefit being underpaid.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented. A finding similar to finding number 2014-011 was issued in 2013 (Finding No. 2013-033) and has been resolved by the U.S. Department of Labor with a letter from Ana I. Mulero dated August 24, 2014. We are currently communicating with the U.S. Department of Labor to receive final verification of closing of audit finding number 2014-011.

### Ellsworth Development Authority Finding No. 2014-012:

The Organization hired a third party accountant to perform year-end accrual basis adjustments and prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. During the audit process, a construction payable relating to June 2014 was recorded for \$689,022, another invoice related to fiscal year 2014 was recorded for \$5,750, donated land was recorded for \$381,190, and the federal expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards were increased by \$1,618,951.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The Organization's corrective action was implemented and this finding was resolved in its entirety in fiscal year 2015.

### Department of Agriculture Wheat Utilization, Research and Market Development Commission Finding No. 2014-013:

Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements with accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct and include all required disclosures.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged.

### **Finding No. 2014-014**:

In order to achieve a high level of internal control, the functions of executing transactions, recording transactions and maintaining accountability for assets should be performed by different employees or be maintained under dual control.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged.

### Department of Agriculture Soybean Research and Promotion Council Finding No. 2014-015:

Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-013.

### Department of Agriculture Corn Utilization Council Finding No. 2014-016:

Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-015.

### Finding No. 2014-017:

In order to achieve a high level of internal control, the functions of executing transactions, recording transactions and maintaining accountability for assets should be performed by different employees or be maintained under dual control.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged. See Current Audit Finding No. 2015-016.

### Finding No. 2014-018:

Invoices should be reviewed for accuracy and applicability. Exempt governmental entities should not be charged or pay sales or use tax on purchases. An entity's sales tax exempt status should be communicated to all vendors and monitored for proper exemption on invoices.

Auditee's	Corrective	Action	Plan:
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The previously submitted corrective action plan remains unchanged and has been implemented.

### State of South Dakota Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

### **Section III Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs**

### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Financial Statement Audit Findings:

### Finding No. 2015-001:

Internal controls were not adequate to ensure all financial institutions licensed by the South Dakota Division of Banking were submitting the required returns and payments to the Department of Revenue.

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency

### Analysis:

During fiscal year (FY) 2015, the Department of Revenue did not have effective controls to ensure the Bank Taxes collected and recorded were complete. The following errors were noted:

 The Department of Revenue (DOR) utilizes an internally developed Cedar computer system to record and track Bank Taxes. Financial institutions licensed by the Division of Banking (DOB) were not entered onto the Cedar system, and therefore not tracked for tax purposes.

For a sample of four months we performed a comparison between the financial institutions licensed by the DOB in those months and the taxpayers listed on the DOR's Cedar system. There were 30 new financial institutions on the DOB report, of which the following exceptions were noted on the Cedar system:

- Thirteen financial institutions licensed by the DOB from the beginning of FY15 until April 30, 2015 were not entered onto the Cedar system.
- Four institutions were entered onto the system only after a payment was received by the DOR.
- Five institutions licensed by the DOB in November and December of 2014 were not recorded on the DOR's system until April 2015.
- Eight of the financial institutions entered onto the Cedar system were not contacted to provide pertinent tax documentation or to verify the DOB's information.

As a result, the information on the DOR's Cedar system was not complete and financial institutions licensed in the State of South Dakota were not tracked to ensure their compliance with bank tax requirements and the submission of accurate and timely bank taxes.

### DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE (Continued)

### RECOMMENDATION:

1. We recommend that controls be implemented to ensure that information being used by the DOR is complete and institutions licensed in the State of South Dakota are tracked to ensure taxes are being collected in an accurate and timely manner.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The Department of Revenue concurs with this finding and submits the following Corrective Action Plan.

The Bank Franchise Tax Specialist receives a list of newly licensed financial institutions from the Division of Banking, Department of Labor and Regulation, on a monthly basis. Upon receipt, the Bank Franchise Tax Specialist enters the basic information received onto the Cedar system and a letter is sent to the financial institution to verify the information provided by the Division of Banking and seeking additional pertinent information and documentation. The Bank Franchise Tax Specialist will also follow-up by other communication methods if they do not hear back from an institution within a reasonable timeframe.

The Bank Franchise Tax Specialist will request a comprehensive list of licensed financial institutions semi-annually to compare against the comprehensive Department of Revenue listing to identify any institutions previously missed.

### Finding No. 2015-002:

Internal controls were not adequate to 1) ensure accuracy of the information provided by the International Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) Explore system and 2) ensure proper reporting of the State's revenue.

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency

### Analysis:

During FY15, the Department of Legislative Audit began receiving phone calls concerning IFTA account statements that were intended to be directed to the Department of Revenue (DOR). Upon further investigation, we determined that the phone calls concerned IFTA statements billing taxpayers trivial amounts and many of the taxpayers were displeased with the bills. Through review and inquiry it became apparent that the DOR was unaware that the Department of Legislative Audit's phone number had incorrectly been added to the statements or that statements of this nature were being sent to taxpayers. Also during this review we noted that the Explore system used by the DOR's IFTA staff did not provide crucial information on the fees being collected and that the staff utilizing the system were not sufficiently trained to identify how to effectively operate the system.

Due to turnover, inadequate training, and a lack of oversight, the DOR did not have adequate controls in place to ensure the Explore system was providing accurate information or to ensure fees were proper. Also, a lack of formal policies and procedures increased the risk of errors.

# DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE (Continued)

The following errors were noted:

- IFTA statements are to be sent out daily to taxpayers; however, during a time period of over a month these statements were not sent.
- There are no reports to identify if a taxpayer has submitted or failed to submit a return or to show inconsistencies in the amount due versus the amount submitted to the State.
- Taxpayers were receiving statements of taxes due for under \$5 although there is an informal policy of not sending those statements.
- Multiple discrepancies were noted for amendments, interest and penalties on the IFTA statements and the lack of formal policies and procedures made it difficult to discern whether such penalties and interest were accurate and justified.
- We noted that staff is unaware of how to generate the appropriate Explore system reports to ensure revenue received is accurate and complete.

As a result, we were not able to verify the accuracy or completeness of the IFTA information provided by the DOR's Explore system. This increases the risk that revenues are not collected and recorded in the correct amount; that interest and penalties are improperly assessed, and that year-end receivables are improperly reported in the State's financial statements.

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 2. We recommend that the DOR provide adequate supervision and training of personnel to ensure they are able to perform their duties accurately and consistently.
- 3. We recommend controls be implemented to ensure the information provided for IFTA fees and used on the State's financial statements is accurate and complete.
- 4. We recommend formal policies and procedures be developed that provide guidance on the duties to be performed by personnel responsible for IFTA accounts and billing statements.

### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The Department of Revenue concurs with this finding and submits the following Corrective Action Plan.

First, the Interstate Fuel Tax Agreement (IFTA) program is operated within the Division of Motor Vehicles. The IFTA team within the Division of Motor Vehicles will begin a process mapping initiative to document all processes within the IFTA program and review staff assignments to ensure the work is being completed timely and accurately. This documentation will be used to create policies and procedures manuals as well as training materials for employees.

Second, requests for program, form and statement modifications will now only be submitted to Explore by a supervisor to ensure those modifications are properly reviewed and approved before the modifications have been made.

# DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE (Continued)

To address the errors noted specifically:

- IFTA statements will be automatically generated quarterly by the Explore program.
   Statements are checked against each account to ensure accuracy before being mailed to the taxpayer.
- The Explore system does generate letters to non-filing taxpayers. Currently, this process is a manual process. IFTA staff members are working with system programmers to automate the Non-Filer Notices to be generated 15 days after the quarterly filing is due. We will also be working with Explore programmers to determine if there are other reports available to identify inconsistencies in the amount due versus what was submitted to the State.
- The Division of Motor Vehicles will formalize the policy of not sending statements of taxes due for under \$5. The Write-Off job in Explore will be automated to run on a weekly basis. The policy will be in writing and staff will be trained on the policy. Further, steps will be included in the process to ensure the policy is followed.
- The Explore system is accurately calculating penalties and interest. Penalties and interest are set by the International Fuel Tax Agreement program, not by the State of South Dakota. We will formally document in our policy manual how penalties and interest are calculated. We will also be looking at the statements to determine if charges are clearly identified. A new policy has been enforced that all amendments must be reviewed by the Division Accountant.
- Because this area has recently experienced some staff turnover, the process mapping
  initiative and documentation will assist with properly training staff and assuring that they
  have a full understanding of the program responsibilities. Further, we are working with
  programmers of the Explore system to gain a better understanding of the system and the
  reports available for use to ensure that we are accurately operating the IFTA program
  within the State of South Dakota.

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

#### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Federal Compliance Audit Findings:

#### Finding No. 2015-003:

The South Dakota Department of Education (DOE) did not have adequate controls in place to properly monitor subrecipient compliance with federal regulations or evaluate and mitigate risk associated with related party transactions.

CFDA Title: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)

CFDA Number: 84.334

Federal Award Number: P334S110022 Federal Award Year: 2013; 2014; 2015 Federal Agency: Department of Education Type of Finding: Material Weakness

Category of Finding: Subrecipient Monitoring

#### Analysis:

The DOE had a partnership agreement with Mid-Central Educational Cooperative (MEC) for administration of the GEAR UP program. According to the agreement, the DOE awarded MEC \$3,391,732 for Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2013, \$4,793,992 for FFY 2014 and \$4,287,228 for FFY 2015. The agreement states, in part:

The State will serve as the lead partner and will be responsible for ensuring that the project is carried out by the partnership group in accordance with Federal requirements.

. . . .

The State agrees to make monthly fixed installments in the amount of \$50,000. Additional installments will be made monthly based upon receipt of a detailed invoice submitted by the Grant Partner that documents actual expenses incurred and matching documentation.

MEC partnered with the American Indian Institute for Innovation (AIII) to administer portions of the GEAR UP program using the program budget and scope of work provided by the DOE. The partnership agreement between MEC and AIII did not provide for a specific amount of GEAR UP funds that AIII was authorized to expend, but rather incorporated the total budget between the DOE and MEC by reference. According to the agreement, MEC was to reimburse AIII monthly upon receipt of a detailed reimbursement voucher showing all expenses and AIII was only to be reimbursed for expenses that were allowable under the GEAR UP program in accordance with the approved budgets.

U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 (Circular A-133), section 210 provides criteria for determining whether an agreement involving the expenditure of federal funds is a subaward or a contract for services. Using these criteria, we determined the partnership agreement between MEC and AIII was a subaward of GEAR UP funds and not a contract for services. As a subaward, the DOE would be considered the pass-through entity and the AIII would be considered a subrecipient of the GEAR UP funds.

Section 400(d) of Circular A-133 describes the responsibilities of a pass-through entity with regard to the federal subawards made to subrecipients. These responsibilities include monitoring the activities of subrecipients to ensure compliance with federal laws and regulations. Federal law requires that subrecipients expending \$500,000 or more in Federal awards during their fiscal year have an audit conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Single Audit Act and Circular A-133.

According to AllI's Internal Revenue Service Form 990-PF (form 990) filed for 2012, 2013, and 2014, the AllI recognized revenue from direct and pass-through federal awards in excess of \$500,000 in each of these three years. Thus, we believe AllI should have had a Single Audit for the years 2012, 2013 and 2014. However, we found no evidence that Single Audits of AllI for those periods were performed. Neither the DOE nor MEC had internal controls in place to ensure that MEC's agreement with AllI was correctly identified as a subaward and that AllI had complied with the Single Audit Act.

While we believe Single Audits of AIII should have been performed because it met federal requirements for such an audit, we also believe audits should have been required of AIII by the DOE and MEC because of the nature of employment and contractual relationships that existed between employees and officers of MEC and AIII. The following employment and contractual relationships existed during our audit period.

Stacy Phelps was both an employee of MEC and the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of AIII. We found that \$65,000 of Stacy Phelps' MEC salary was reimbursed by the DOE from GEAR UP funds for FFY 2014. In addition, in August 2014 MEC reimbursed AIII \$34,000 from GEAR UP funds for contractual services provided by Stacy Phelps. Although AIII was reimbursed \$34,000 for Stacy Phelps's services in 2014, we found that AIII's form 990 for calendar 2014 reported zero compensation for Stacy Phelps. In addition, we found that Scott Westerhuis, MEC's Business Manager during 2014, was also identified as AIII's Chief Financial Officer on its form 990 for 2014.

MEC also partnered with Oceti Sakowin Education Consortium (OSEC) to administer portions of the GEAR UP program. According to the OSEC form 990 submitted for OSEC's fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 Nicole Westerhuis, wife of Scott Westerhuis, was compensated \$38,521 as the Business Manager of OSEC. Nicole Westerhuis also had an employment contract with MEC for its fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 in the amount of \$59,740.

The audited financial statements of MEC and the accompanying notes to the financial statements did not disclose any of these relationships or the related transactions. Generally accepted accounting principles require the terms of material related party transactions to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements for governmental organizations such as MEC.

Since key employees of MEC were also in compensated officer positions of AIII, a significant subrecipient of GEAR UP pass-through funds, there were significant risks that needed to be addressed by specific subrecipient monitoring procedures at the DOE and MEC. Procedures implemented by the DOE did not address these risks and as a result, the DOE exposed itself to potential violation of federal regulations, and an increased risk of fraud, waste, and abuse of grant funds.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

 We recommend that the DOE adopt additional subrecipient monitoring procedures to ensure compliance with federal regulations and mitigation of the risks associated with related party transactions.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The Department of Education agrees with Department of Legislative Audit recommendations of adopting additional subrecipient monitoring procedures to ensure compliance with federal regulations and mitigation of the risks associated with related party transactions. Throughout FY2015, the Department implemented increasing levels of expenditure review and compliance monitoring for the Gear Up grant. This included annual review of the independent audit reports and requiring that MEC upload supporting documentation for all expenses being claimed to a system called Egnyte. The Department also reviewed the independent audit reports for signs of risk in the operations of MEC. Each year, the independent audit reports came back with no significant findings. Regarding expenses being claimed, if questionable or undocumented costs were noted during the expenditure review, the cost was removed and payment was withheld pending a satisfactory response from the subrecipient. When potential issues of compliance were noted the Department provided technical assistance to the subrecipient in an effort to correct these issues.

Despite these efforts, the Department continued to note questionable or unsupported costs. In September 2015 the Department began processes to terminate the partnership with MEC at the end of then current award period. On September 16, 2015, the Department notified MEC of the intent to terminate via phone. A subsequent termination letter was issued on September 21, 2015.

While the Department does perform a risk assessment of new grantees, we will implement a system to perform a more in depth risk analysis of the financial management capacity of potential subawardees of discretionary or competitive grant programs, including their ability to identify and appropriately document match. The department will also perform a more in depth review of key staff. Beginning in FY2017, the department will require grantees to submit a conflict of interest policy and to submit documentation disclosing any related parties. The Department will require any entities providing subawards to affirmatively notify the Department of any subawards and to submit to the Department a signed written acknowledgment by both the entity and the subrecipient acknowledging that: 1) they are aware of federal requirements regarding subawards and 2) any entity receiving a subaward is required to meet audit requirements under uniform guidance if their total federal awards exceed the threshold.

As stated previously, the Department has terminated its partnership with MEC for the Gear Up program. In order to insure that students continue to receive services, the Department is partnering with the South Dakota Board of Regents (BOR) to continue activities under the Gear Up grant and is working closely with the individuals involved to make sure they are aware of all federal requirements and insure they are being followed. To accomplish this, the Department created a new position whose duties are to work on the Gear Up program to ensure that federal program requirements are being met and students continue to receive services. Department administrative staff have attended trainings specific to federal grants management. Department and BOR staff will attend future training opportunities specific to Gear Up and on federal grant management and will provide additional training and support to all grant partners.

# Finding No. 2015-004:

The Mid-Central Educational Cooperative (MEC) did not comply with matching requirements.

CFDA Title: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)

CFDA Number: 84.334

Federal Award Number: P334S110022

Federal Award Year: 2014

Federal Agency: Department of Education Type of Finding: Material Noncompliance

Category of Finding: Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking

#### Analysis:

Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), part 694.7 specifies that at least 50 percent of the GEAR UP project costs be matched with cash or in-kind contributions from non-Federal sources.

The South Dakota Department of Education (DOE) partnered with MEC for the administration of GEAR UP and required matching contributions were documented by MEC. The partnership agreement specifies that:

Documentation of matching contributions must contain adequate source documentation for the claimed cost sharing, provide clear valuation of in-kind matching and provide support of cost sharing by grant partners. Matching contributions must be valued in accordance with U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) circulars and the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR).

#### 34 CFR 80.24(b)(6) states:

Costs and third party in-kind contributions counting towards satisfying a cost sharing or matching requirement must be verifiable from the records of grantees and subgrantee or cost-type contractors. These records must show how the value placed on third party in-kind contributions was derived....

### 34 CFR 80.24(d) states:

Valuation of third party donated supplies and loaned equipment or space. (1) If a third party donates supplies, the contribution will be valued at the market value of the supplies at the time of donation....

Our review identified individually significant in-kind matching contributions that were not adequately supported for the Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2014 GEAR UP grant, which had a project period of September 26, 2013 through September 25, 2014. We reviewed the non-Federal matching amounts recorded for the FFY 2014 grant and identified three different issues as described below:

1. MEC provided the DOE with a match contribution in the form of payroll from a partner school totaling \$165,185.09. The payroll logs provided show the entire payroll for the summer months of July and August, 2014 for all teachers in the first through eighth grades totaling \$1,785,784.72. The school and MEC determined that only 25% of the total salaries are paid

from the General Fund of the school and therefore only 25%, or \$446,446.18, of the salaries could be used as a match for GEAR UP. The school and MEC next determined that GEAR UP only served grades six through eight which equated to 37% of the total grades available from first through eighth and as a result, \$165,185.09 of the \$446,446.18 was used as an in-kind match. Documentation did not identify which teachers actually taught grades six through eight or if their activities would be allowable under GEAR UP.

- 2. MEC provided a letter to the DOE from Microsoft valuing a contribution of \$2 million for providing 500 DreamSpark Premium software licenses. The records for the in-kind match did not identify how the software was used to meet the purpose of the grant or the number of students using the software. In addition, the same documentation submitted by MEC and used for the FFY 2013 match was also used for the FFY 2014 match. According to the approved federal budget in the DOE's GEAR UP grant application, the total in-kind match contribution for Microsoft Programs was budgeted to be \$750,000 per year. The match claimed for Microsoft totaled \$2,000,000, which is \$1,250,000 more than the budget approved by the U.S. Department of Education. The excess in match claimed for Microsoft resulted in less match than budgeted being provided for salaries and benefits, supplies and equipment, and other contractual services.
- 3. MEC provided an invoice to the DOE from Learning Solutions valuing an unlimited number of licenses for Reading Plus and Think Through Math software programs at a value of \$746,000 each for a period of two years. \$225,000 was paid by MEC to Learning Solutions for each software program and was subsequently reimbursed by the DOE as part of the GEAR UP program. The remaining \$521,000 difference between the value and amount paid for the software programs was used as contribution for in-kind match for a total of \$1,042,000. The records provided did not show how the \$746,000 value was derived. Additionally, the records did not identify the number of students using the software, or how the software was used to meet the purpose of the program. According to the approved federal budget in the DOE's GEAR UP grant application, the total in-kind match contribution for Math and Reading Programs was budgeted to be \$150,000 per year. The match claimed above totals \$1,042,000 over two years which is \$742,000 more than the budget approved by the U.S. Department of Education. The excess in match claimed for Learning Solutions resulted in less match than budgeted being provided for salaries and benefits, supplies and equipment, and other contractual services.

As a result, the DOE was not in compliance with federal matching requirements. Because the GEAR UP grant is a multi-year program, questioned costs would not be calculated until the end of the award period.

### RECOMMENDATION:

2. We recommend that the DOE implement procedures to monitor subrecipient matching amounts to ensure compliance with federal requirements.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The Department of Education agrees with the Department of Legislative Audit recommendation to implement procedures to monitor sub recipient matching amounts. Throughout FY2015, the department implemented increasing levels of review on all Gear Up fiscal activities, including documentation of match. Despite efforts to obtain adequate source documentation from MEC, the department continued to have concerns about MECs ability to meet match requirements. Concerns regarding MEC's ability to provide appropriate match was a factor in the Department's

decision to terminate its partnership with MEC for the Gear Up program. In September 2015 the Department began processes to terminate the partnership with MEC at the end of the current award period. On September 16, 2015, the Department notified MEC of the intent to terminate via phone. A subsequent termination letter was issued on September 21, 2015.

The Department has made multiple requests to MEC for match documentation since the termination of the contract with MEC. The Department has not received timely and sufficient responses from MEC. As a result, the Department has engaged a specialist to help in acquiring adequate supporting documentation for match for the Gear Up grant. The Department will identify and catalog existing match documentation and conduct outreach to Gear Up sub recipients to document recoverable match.

The Department will maintain oversight to ensure key BOR staff possess experience in documenting match in compliance with federal requirements. Department staff and key BOR staff have attended training opportunities specific to Gear Up and federal match requirements and will continue to attend additional developmental trainings required under the Gear Up grant.

### **Finding No. 2015-005**:

Controls were not effective over proper monitoring of the subrecipient to ensure compliance with allowable costs and cost principles requirements.

CFDA Title: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)

CFDA Number: 84.334

Federal Award Number: P334S110022

Federal Award Year: 2013, 2014

Federal Agency: Department of Education Type of Finding: Material Weakness

Category of Finding: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, Subrecipient Monitoring

#### Analysis:

Per the federal grant award for GEAR UP, costs incurred are subject to the cost principles outlined in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87, which is codified in Title 2 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), part 225. 2 CFR 225, Appendix B, Section 8(a) states:

Compensation for personnel services includes all remuneration, paid currently or accrued, for services rendered during the period of performance under Federal awards, including but not necessarily limited to wages, salaries, and fringe benefits. The costs of such compensation are allowable to the extent that they satisfy the specific requirements of this and other appendices under 2 CFR Part 225, and that the total compensation for individual employees:

. . . .

(3) Is determined and supported as provided in subsection h.

2 CFR 225, Appendix B, Section 8(h) states:

- h. Support of salaries and wages. These standards regarding time distribution are in addition to the standards for payroll documentation.
  - (1) Charges to Federal awards for salaries and wages, whether treated as direct or indirect costs, will be based on payrolls documented in accordance with generally accepted practice of the governmental unit and approved by a responsible official(s) of the governmental unit.

. . . .

- (3) Where employees are expected to work solely on a single Federal award or cost objective, charges for their salaries and wages will be supported by periodic certifications that the employees worked solely on that program for the period covered by the certification. These certifications will be prepared at least semiannually and will be signed by the employee or supervisory official having firsthand knowledge of the work performed by the employee.
- (4) Where employees work on multiple activities or cost objectives, a distribution of their salaries or wages will be supported by personnel activity reports or equivalent documentation....
- (5) Personnel activity reports or equivalent documentation must meet the following standards:
  - (a) They must reflect an after-the-fact distribution of the actual activity of each employee,
  - (b) They must account for the total activity for which each employee is compensated,
  - (c) They must be prepared at least monthly and must coincide with one or more pay periods, and
  - (d) They must be signed by the employee.
  - (e) Budget estimates or other distribution percentages determined before the services are performed do not qualify as support for charges to Federal awards....

For Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2014 thirteen Mid-Central Educational Cooperative (MEC) employees had a portion of their salaries and benefits charged to the GEAR UP program and subsequently reimbursed by the South Dakota Department of Education (DOE). For eleven of these employees, monthly payroll distribution reports were submitted to the DOE along with the reimbursement requests to support the actual salaries paid to the employees each month. For two of the employees, Stacy Phelps and Scott Westerhuis, the reimbursement request for these employees' salaries was submitted in one lump sum at the end of the year and no supporting payroll distribution reports were included with the reimbursement request. Salaries and benefits charged to the program for FFY14 for these two employees totaled \$88,973.03. Upon request during our audit, the DOE did obtain supporting documentation from MEC to substantiate that the costs were allowable. Therefore, no questioned costs were identified as a result of this finding.

Since the form of the salary reimbursement request for Stacy Phelps and Scott Westerhuis differed from the form used for other MEC employees and because of the risks that existed due to the relationships described in finding 2015-003, the DOE should have ensured that

supporting payroll documentation was obtained for these two employees before being reimbursed.

# **RECOMMENDATION**:

3. We recommend the DOE strengthen controls to ensure subrecipients are in compliance with the applicable grant agreement and compliance requirements of the GEAR UP grant prior to issuing payment.

#### **Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:**

The Department of Education agrees with Department of Legislative Audit recommendations of strengthening controls to ensure subrecipients are in compliance with applicable grant agreement and compliance requirements of the GEAR UP grant prior to issuing payment. Throughout FY2015, the Department implemented increasing levels of expenditure review and compliance monitoring for the Gear Up grant. This included annual review of the independent audit reports and requiring that MEC upload supporting documentation for all expenses being claimed to a system called Egnyte. The Department also reviewed the independent audit reports for signs of risk in the operations of MEC. Each year, the independent audit reports came back with no significant findings. Regarding expenses being claimed, if questionable or undocumented costs were noted during the expenditure review, the cost was removed and payment was withheld pending a satisfactory response from the subrecipient. When potential issues of compliance were noted the Department provided technical assistance to the subrecipient in an effort to correct these issues.

Despite these efforts, the Department continued to note questionable or unsupported costs. In September 2015 the Department began processes to terminate the partnership with MEC at the end of then current award period. On September 16, 2015, the Department notified MEC of the intent to terminate via phone. A subsequent termination letter was issued on September 21, 2015.

In order to comply with the grant agreement with the US Department of Education and to insure that students continue to receive services, the Department is partnering with the South Dakota Board of Regents (BOR) to continue activities under the GEAR UP grant. The BOR is a state entity that administers the State's six universities and two specialty schools. The BOR has its own internal auditor responsible for risk management and control. Furthermore, the Department created a new position whose duties are to work on the Gear Up program to ensure that federal program requirements are being met. Department administrative staff have attended trainings specific to federal grants management. Department and BOR staff will attend future training opportunities specific to Gear Up and on federal grant management and will provide additional training and support to all grant partners.

#### SECRETARY OF STATE

#### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Federal Compliance Audit Finding:

#### Finding No. 2015-006:

Internal controls were not sufficient to ensure that payments made under the Help America Vote Act (HAVA) were in compliance with grant requirements.

CFDA Title: Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments

CFDA Number: 90.401

Federal Award Number: 47-0601-0-1-808

Federal Award Year: 2006

Federal Agency: U.S. Election Assistance Commission

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency Category of Finding: Activities Allowed

Questioned costs: \$12,000

#### Analysis:

The HAVA State Plan specifies that "...the state will account for all expenditures, funding levels, program controls and outcomes in accordance with state and federal laws." A key aspect of grant management is documentation of policies and procedures. The Secretary of State's Office does not have adequate internal control policies or procedures with regards to HAVA management. As a result, there is a lack of consistency, awareness and support for the payments that were made, which increases the risk of noncompliance with grant requirements.

We reviewed a sample of HAVA grant expenditures for fiscal years (FY) 2011 through FY 2015 to determine compliance with federal grant requirements and noted the following exceptions:

From our review of HAVA subgrants to South Dakota counties to determine that the payments were in agreement with the reimbursement requested by the county; we noted that no receipts or invoices to support the reimbursement request were available. Receipts or invoices may have been submitted at the time of reimbursement, but no receipts or invoices were retained and thus the Secretary of State's Office could not furnish adequate documentation to support the use of HAVA funds. As a result, our sample of \$110,494.74 paid from HAVA grant funds was not properly supported.

We found HAVA expenditures for a cloud storage service that was utilized for both the HAVA grant and for the Division of Business Services purposes. All expenditures were billed to the HAVA grant. The Division of Business Services does not provide any oversight or support for the HAVA grant, and thus their expenses are not eligible under the HAVA grant. As a result, an undeterminable amount was charged to the HAVA grant for services that were not related to the grant objective.

We also found that HAVA funds were used to pay for a portion of a contract for services to provide oversight to the Electronic Absentee Systems for Elections – Federal Voting Assistance Program (FVAP) grant. As a result, a total of \$12,000 was charged to the HAVA grant for a service provided for a FVAP grant objective.

# SECRETARY OF STATE (Continued)

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- 1. We recommend the Secretary of State's Office develop and document internal policies; specifically, these policies and procedures should address financial management activities including purchasing and payment. Further, these procedures should be reviewed and updated on a regular basis.
- We recommend the Secretary of State's Office request and retain invoices and other supporting documentation for the reimbursement requests from counties to provide reasonable assurance the counties are administering the HAVA program in compliance with laws, regulations, and the grant agreements.
- 3. We recommend that the Secretary of State's Office improve their payment review process to ensure HAVA expenditures are for allowable activities.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The following provides further information regarding the findings and recommendations of Legislative Audit, including information regarding the Corrective Action Plan that has been implemented.

As your findings note the HAVA State Plan specifies that "...the state will account for all expenditures, funding levels, program controls and outcomes in accordance with state and federal laws." The previous administration did not retain any invoices to support HAVA county reimbursement requests, nor were adequate policies and procedures in place to manage these federal funds.

The Corrective Action Plan that has already been implemented addresses the areas the findings noted. Accounting procedures for processing of receipts, daily deposits, and bills have been documented and are currently in practice. Specifically, with regards to the recommendations of your findings, the following is a review and explanation of the corrective steps taken:

#### Help America Vote Act (HAVA) Subgrants

- Kayla Dowling, Accountant, is in the process of gathering the available vouchers for the last four years from the State Auditor.
- We have set up a county reimbursement process. The county submits the
  county reimbursement application, along with an invoice with full back up detail
  for the payment. Kristin Kellar, HAVA Coordinator, reviews the application to
  make sure that it meets the HAVA qualifications. If it does, a second approval is
  done by Kea Warne, Deputy Secretary of Election Services, before
  reimbursement is made.
- Personnel now complete time studies, which report actual hours rather than a
  percentage of time. In addition, personnel are keeping logs of detailed work that
  is performed for federal fund hours.
- Annual reconciliation of the HAVA county and state balances will be completed every year. County held fund statements will be provided twice a year.

# SECRETARY OF STATE (Continued)

### Cloud Storage

- The cloud storage services referenced in the finding, Rackspace, are no longer being utilized. All cloud services were switched to Azure Cloud Services in March 2015.
- The Total Vote Election and Voter Registration System and the Campaign Finance System. The allocation of this expense is split 90% to federal funds for Total Vote and 10% to general funds for Campaign Finance.
- The percentage breakdown was based on the fact that the Campaign Finance System includes a much smaller database for campaigns and committees and the Total Vote System is for all voters across the state.
- The cloud storage services for Azure are provided by Bpro, through an annual contract.
- All other SOS systems are housed through the Bureau of Information and Telecommunications.

## **FVAP Expenditures**

- The previous administration contracted with Christopher J. Hupke Consulting LLC to provide project management duties for the iOASIS project.
- A total of \$43,392.05 was paid to the contractor between July 31, 2013 and March 3, 2014. All payments were initially paid out of HAVA funds.
- These payments were submitted to FVAP for reimbursement on July 25, 2014.
- Contact with Legislative Audit determined that no documentation was identified to show reimbursement for invoice 1 and 2 from Christopher J. Hupke Consulting to the HAVA funds.
- As with HAVA Subgrants, all invoices paid from federal funds require approval from the HAVA Coordinator and Deputy Secretary of State for Election Services.
- Receipt of reimbursements for requests to the FVAP or HHS grants are tracked by our accountant, so that all journal entries between grant funds are completed.

#### STATEWIDE FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESS

#### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Financial Statement Audit Finding:

#### Finding No. 2015-007:

Controls placed into operation by the State were not effective in ensuring the accuracy of the amounts reported in the State's financial statements.

Type of Finding: Material Weakness

### Analysis:

In order for the State to compile the needed information for the State's financial statements, including the notes to the financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Bureau of Finance and Management (BFM) issued a policies and procedures manual to be used while preparing year-end entries and disclosures. From these broad guidelines, each agency has developed specific policies and procedures as well as various internal control procedures to properly report its portion of the year-end entries and disclosures to BFM. In many instances the controls implemented by the agencies were not fully effective, and as a result, many year-end entries and disclosure information submitted to BFM had material reporting errors and omissions.

From the year-end entries and disclosure information provided by the agencies, the State's financial statements and applicable note disclosures are prepared by the BFM's Accounting Analysis and Financial Reporting Division. The BFM has implemented controls to detect and correct reporting errors and omissions in the agency provided information to insure the State's financial statements are reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. However, these internal controls did not adequately detect and correct all of the material reporting errors and omissions.

For the reporting errors and omissions that we identified after the State's internal control procedures had been performed, we proposed correcting entries to the State's financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements. The BFM posted adjusting entries to the accounting records as recommended by us during the audit or adjusted the financial statements or notes to the financial statements accordingly. Our audit identified significant deficiencies over financial reporting and/or material errors for the following areas:

- Proper recognition and classification of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and other financing sources,
- Proper inclusion of separately issued audited financial statements for funds of the State,
- Prior period adjustments,
- Fund balance and net position classifications,
- Note disclosure preparation
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

# STATEWIDE FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESS (Continued)

Because the internal controls of the State were not fully effective in identifying and correcting material misstatements, there existed an increased exposure to inaccurate financial reporting.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

- We recommend the BFM and State agencies continue to review and improve internal control procedures that have been placed into operation to identify and correct weaknesses that are resulting in reporting errors and omissions.
- 2. We recommend the BFM continue to perform and improve formal risk assessments to identify areas that lack adequate internal controls so that adequate internal controls can be designed and implemented.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

The State is committed to timely and accurate financial reporting and strengthening internal controls. We have had success under the Governor's Faster CAFR Initiative, as evident in our results over the past years, as shown below. We look forward to working with the Governor's Internal Control Initiative as we strive to strengthen accountability by improving controls that protect against waste, fraud, and abuse.

The Accounting Analysis and Financial Reporting Division of BFM was established in 2008. This division predominately acts as an internal control function for the State to help identify and correct agency specific accounting and financial reporting errors and omissions and to prepare the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Additionally, this division provides training and assistance to all State agencies regarding accounting and financial reporting issues and provides assistance in identifying, developing, and documenting agency specific controls. Continued progress has been made each fiscal year. As a result, the number of adjustments proposed by the independent auditors for material errors and omissions and the number of agency specific audit findings continue to decrease.

We acknowledge that further improvements are necessary and we are confident this progress will continue as this division and the State agencies become more experienced and better trained. Through the Governor's Faster CAFR Initiative three FTE were created in FY15, and an additional two FTE were created in FY16. These FTE provide technical assistance to the agencies to aid in improving their policies and procedures. Coinciding with the FTE, a new financial reporting system was also implemented in FY15. The new reporting system is able to provide agencies and BFM staff an instantaneous review of the effects of their year-end entries. It also streamlines the compiling of financial statements. With the addition of these resources, this division will be able to improve both efficiency and accuracy in financial reporting.

The Governor's Faster CAFR Initiative provides the Division's staff with more resources to assist the State's Internal Control and Compliance position to execute the Governor's Internal Control Initiative. The Internal Control and Compliance position and the Accounting Analysis and Financial Reporting Division work in conjunction with each other and share resources, but report independently and separately to the Chief

# STATEWIDE FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESS (Continued)

Financial Officer of the State of South Dakota. The Governor's Internal Control Initiative will work to strengthen statewide and agency specific controls. BFM will continue to focus resources on the areas that will provide the greatest benefit; however, it will take significant time to complete.

Through the Governor's Internal Control Initiative, the State will be improving already existing internal controls as well as creating ones to meet new Federal standards as laid out by the US Government Accountability Office. The first component is to have a control environment that will provide the foundation for the internal control system. This component was put into motion with the creation of the Governor's Internal Control Initiative. As part of setting up the system, the State will be implementing and using a variety of risk assessments to identify and evaluate internal and external risks to aid in understanding what internal controls are necessary. While continuing to evaluate and update policies and procedures, the State can implement more efficient and effective control activities. With any internal control system, one of the requirements is high quality information and communication throughout all levels of government. Possibly one of the most important components of the internal control system is continuous monitoring to ensure that all other components are present and functioning as intended. When followed appropriately, these five components will assist the State in achieving its operational, reporting, and compliance objectives.

As a direct result of the additional resources devoted to these areas, auditor adjustments and agency specific audit findings continue to decrease. For example:

- 1) From FY11 to FY15, we shortened the issuance date for the CAFR from 12 months after year-end to less than 7 months after year-end. Anticipated issue date for FY16 and all future years is 6 months after year-end.
- 2) From FY11 to FY15, we decreased the amount of auditor adjustment transaction lines and amounts of those adjustments by over 87%.
  - a. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for assets decreased by 95% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 96%.
  - b. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for liabilities decreased by 80% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 66%.
  - c. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for revenues decreased by 78% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 79%.
  - d. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for expenses decreased by 90% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 92%.
- 3) From FY14 to FY15, we decreased the amount of auditor adjustment transaction lines and amounts of those adjustments by over 58%.
  - a. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for assets decreased by 86% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 90%.
  - b. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for liabilities decreased by 60% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 74%.
  - c. Auditor adjustment transaction lines for expenses decreased by 31% while the amount of those auditor adjustments decreased by 65%.

We acknowledge that further improvements are necessary and we are confident improvements will continue. All of the items above show that the Department of Legislative Audit is making fewer corrections because the Division and State agencies

# STATEWIDE FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCESS (Continued)

are identifying and correcting more of the material errors and omissions before the audit. This is evident by the fact that the adjustment transaction lines made by the Division increased by 174% from FY11 to FY15. In comparing FY14 to FY15, the number of adjustment transaction lines made by the Division decreased by 17%. This is a result of the Division and State agencies working in collaboration to identify and correct these errors before numbers are submitted to the Division for review.

In addition to the action taken and continued improvements noted above, the State will continue to identify and evaluate areas of needed improvement. This will result in streamlining, simplifying, and automating procedures to achieve the goal of more accurate and timely reporting. Due to the diversity of the sources and types of information summarized for presentation, it is difficult for any internal controls, policies, or procedures to completely eliminate all audit adjustments. Even though improvements have been made, we are committed to continuing improvement of internal control structure to keep the number of audit adjustments and findings to a minimum.

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Federal Compliance Audit Findings:

### Finding No. 2015-008:

Expenditures were not properly reported on the annual SF-425 report for programs awarded by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA).

CFDA Title: Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants; Bus and Bus Facilities Formula

Program; Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities; Formula

Grants for Rural Areas

CFDA Number: 20.500; 20.526; 20.513; 20.509

Federal Award Number: SD-04-0016, SD-04-0018; SD-34-0001; SD-16-0004, SD-16-0035;

SD-18-0049

Federal Award Year: 2012, 2014; 2015; 2015, 2013; 2014 (respectively)

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration

Type of Finding: Noncompliance Category of Finding: Reporting

#### Analysis:

The annual SF-425 report, which is required for the transit programs identified above, requires the reporting of federal cash flow (receipts and disbursements) and expenditures (both federal and recipient shares) incurred under the program for the period. The South Dakota Department of Transportation (DOT) reported as expenditures only those expenditures that were incurred and reimbursed by the FTA under each program. As a result the DOT under reported expenditures for the following awards representing expenditures incurred but not reimbursed:

			Reported	Audited	Variance
			Expenditures	Expenditures	(Under)/Over
Federal Award:	SD-04-0018	Federal Share:	369,978.00	634,361.58	(264,383.58)
<b>Material Variance:</b>	Period Expenditures	Recipient Share:	92,494.50	158,590.40	(66,095.90)
Report Type:	Annual				
Federal Award:	SD-16-0035	Federal Share:	342,031.00	413,781.93	(71,750.93)
Material Variance:	Period Expenditures	Recipient Share:	85,507.75	103,445.48	(17,937.73)
Report Type:	Annual				
Federal Award:	SD-16-0035	Federal Share:	30,387.00	142,341.04	(111,954.04)
<b>Material Variance:</b>	Period Expenditures	Recipient Share:	7,595.75	35,585.26	(27,989.51)
Report Type:	Close-out				
Federal Award:	SD-18-0049	Federal Share:	5,052,559.00	5,536,638.20	(484,079.20)
<b>Material Variance:</b>	Period Expenditures	Recipient Share:	3,032,527.00	3,331,317.58	(298,790.58)
Report Type:	Annual				
Federal Award:	SD-18-0049	Federal Share:	5,052,559.00	5,536,638.20	(484,079.20)
Material Variance:	<b>Cumulative Expenditures</b>	Recipient Share:	3,032,527.00	3,331,317.58	(298,790.58)
Report Type:	Annual		-	-	

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

1. We recommend the reporting performed by the DOT be updated to ensure material compliance with the reporting required under the programs awarded by the FTA.

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (Continued)

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Responsible Party: Joanie Blair, Accountant II

DOT Transit had a Federal Audit completed July 2014 with no findings related to how expenditures were being reported. Based on the Federal Audit we continued to report only the expenditures reimbursed by FTA. DOT Finance has revised queries for FFRs to capture all expenditures for reporting period vs just expenditures that have been reimbursed from FTA for that reporting period. The Annual FFRs reported for 2015 should comply with this recommendation.

### Finding No. 2015-009:

Internal controls were not adequate to ensure compliance with federal reporting requirements.

CFDA Title: Formula Grants for Rural Areas

CFDA Number: 20.509

Federal Award Number: SD-18-X049

Federal Award Year: 2014

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency

Category of Finding: Reporting

#### Analysis:

The South Dakota Department of Transportation submits a yearly Reduced Reporting Summary (RR-20) for each subrecipient to the Federal Transit Administration. Our sample of 5 out of 24 subrecipient reports submitted as of September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2014 identified multiple variances between subrecipient financial data and submitted RR-20 reports. These errors occurred due to data organization discrepancies and manual typing errors. As a result, RR-20 reports were both under and over reported in a combined amount of \$530,014.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

2. We recommend that internal controls be strengthened by: a) reducing instances of manual data entry wherever possible b) implementing an additional review prior to RR-20 submission.

# Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Responsible Party: Sallie Doty, Transportation Specialist; Lisa Donner, Transportation Specialist and Jeff Rutz, Transportation Specialist

The SD DOT Transit Office's procedure regarding the National Transit Database reporting is changed and incorporated the least amount of data transfer as possible. The change includes all data is tied within each spreadsheet to a totals page eliminating a separate totals document. The SD DOT Transit Office also established internal controls for reviewing all RR-20 data before the reports are submitted. All three staff members will be asked to review the information presented for possible errors in entry before the report package is sent to the Federal Transit Administration.

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (Continued)

### Finding No. 2015-010:

Internal controls were not adequate to ensure subrecipient compliance with the terms and conditions of the subaward.

CFDA Title: Federal Transit – Capital Investment Grants (Fixed Guideway Capital Investment

Grants)

CFDA Number: 20.500

Federal Award Number: SD-04-0016

Federal Award Year: 2012

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency

Category of Finding: Subrecipient Monitoring

Questioned Costs: \$237,996

#### Analysis:

The provisions of a subgrant issued by the South Dakota Department of Transportation (DOT) to a subrecipient provide that "The STATE will pay eighty percent (80%) of the total cost of the equipment [...] directly to the vendor upon equipment delivery and inspection by the STATE." In June of 2014, the subrecipient submitted to the DOT a vendor's invoice; the DOT, prior to an inspection of the equipment, approved the invoice for payment and the State sent payment of \$237,996 to the subrecipient, rather than to the vendor. In November 2014, the DOT became aware that, due to a dispute with the vendor, the subrecipient had not taken delivery of the equipment and was still in possession of the federal funds. As a result, a reimbursement of federal funds was provided to the subgrantee for expenses that had not been properly incurred.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

3. We recommend that internal controls be strengthened by: a) reviewing agreements prior to approving expenditures and b) increasing management oversight and involvement in the procurement of equipment by subrecipients with federal funds.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Responsible Party: Lisa Donner, Transportation Specialist

At this time there will not be any new Section 5309 funding agreements executed due to the funding source no longer available. For other capital Section 5310, 5339 and 5309 funding agreements, the current funding agreement language, states as below.

The STATE will pay eighty percent (80%) of the total costs of the equipment listed in Paragraph 4(a), directly to either the GRANTEE or the vendor, upon equipment delivery and inspection by the STATE. The STATE will make no payment to the vendor or the GRANTEE unless the equipment meets specification approved by the STATE.

The process is to define the project in the funding agreement as to what types of projects the funding agreement includes. This information is also tracked in transit office tracking systems and negotiated contracts. By reviewing this information prior to issuing the reimbursement will ensure that reimbursement requests are eligible under executed funding agreements.

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (Continued)

In addition, a policy has been adopted to inspect purchases over \$5,000 total costs to ensure receipt of assets.

#### DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

#### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Federal Compliance Audit Findings:

#### Finding No. 2015-011:

The maximum income limits used to determine eligibility for the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program for household sizes of seven or more exceeded the federally determined maximums and did not agree with the income limit contained in the State Plan.

CFDA Title: Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program

CFDA Number: 93.568

Federal Award Number: 20150992201

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)

Federal Award Year: 2015

Type of Finding: Significant deficiency

Category of Finding: Eligibility

### Analysis:

During our testing of the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), we discovered the calculation for the maximum income allowed for household sizes of seven or more was improperly calculated. Section 2605(b)(2)(B) of P.L. 97-35 sets the maximum allowed in determining income eligibility for LIHEAP at 60 percent of State Median Income (SMI), except where 150% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines (FPG) is higher. The South Dakota State Plan for LIHEAP had approved a 175% FPG eligibility threshold for fiscal year 2015. This was below the SMI for family sizes of one through six, however, this income limit was above the SMI for household sizes of seven and above. Also, when the percentage used for these household sizes was recalculated, it did not agree to the 175% FPG income limit established in the State Plan. Because of the lack of procedures in place to ensure proper calculation of income limits, there existed an increased risk of ineligible recipients obtaining federal assistance as a result of improper maximum income limits.

### RECOMMENDATION:

1. We recommend that the Department of Social Services (DSS) implement internal controls to ensure that the maximum income for all household sizes is calculated in accordance with Federal Regulations.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

As outlined in the communication and information provided by DSS during the course of the audit, the Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families (ACF) approved South Dakota's State Plan including the household size and income calculations for household sizes 7 and greater consistent with how DSS determined eligibility for the cases DLA reviewed. While household sizes of 7 or more are few in number, ACF also provided DSS email communication indicating that ACF had accepted our income guidelines as part of the plan approval process. Subsequent to the audit, DSS received additional information from ACF and intends to formally resubmit to ACF its income guidelines for family sizes greater than 7 and will then consider and implement any necessary changes based on ACF feedback. Anticipated completion Date 06/30/2016.

# DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES (Continued)

### **Finding No. 2015-012**:

Reserved bed days were improperly included in nursing facility claims submitted by the State Veterans Home.

CFDA Title: Medical Assistance Program

CFDA Number: 93.778

Federal Award Number: 1405SD5MAP, 1505SD5MAP

Federal Award Year: 2014, 2015

Federal Agency: Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)

Type of Finding: Noncompliance Category of Finding: Allowable Costs

Questioned Costs: \$18,673.64

#### Analysis:

Nursing facilities often reserve a bed during an individual's temporary absence from the nursing facility. Nursing facilities are allowed to include reserved bed days in the amount of days claimed at the established per diem rate for eligible Medicaid recipients subject to the limitations established in ARSD 67:45:02:04. However, ARSD 67:45:02:04 states that "No payment may be made to a state-owned institution for reserving a bed during an individual's absence." Attachment 4.19C of the Medicaid State Plan states "No payment will be made to state-owned/operated institutions for reserving a bed during a resident's absence regardless of the reason for absence."

Several claims submitted by the State Veterans Home included "reserved bed days" in the calculation for the per diem amount claimed. A total of 126 reserved bed days were improperly claimed by the State Veterans Home in FY2015, resulting in a total overpayment of \$18,673.64.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

2. We recommend that the DSS comply with the administrative rules and state plan for reserved bed days.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

DSS has provided extensive training and support for staff at the State Veteran's Home relative to the payment and billing requirements. DSS agrees that the State Veteran's Home should comply with the administrative rules and state plan for reserved bed days and will enhance its efforts in this area by conducting additional training to State Veteran's Home staff and by adding payment edits to our Medicaid payment system. DSS is working with the State Veteran's Home to recoup overpayments for any prior reserve bed days inappropriately billed. DSS will also be providing additional training to staff at the State Veteran's Home relative to Medicaid billing and payment requirements. Anticipated completion Date 03/31/2016.

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOYBEAN RESEARCH AND PROMOTION COUNCIL

The following was issued under a separate audit of the Soybean Research and Promotion Council by Eide Bailly, LLP.

#### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Financial Statement Audit Findings:

### **Finding No. 2015-013**:

#### Criteria:

Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct.

#### **Condition**:

The Council does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited. As auditors, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the Council's existing internal controls. We were also requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Cause:

The Council has limited staff. They cannot justify having an individual on staff with the proper accounting skills necessary for preparing the draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Effect:

Material audit adjustments were needed at year-end. Inadequate controls over financial reporting of the Council could result in the likelihood that the Council would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

1. While we recognize that this condition is not unusual for an organization of your size, it is important that you be aware of this condition for financial reporting purposes. Management and the Board should continually be aware of the financial accounting and reporting requirements of the Council as well as changes in these requirements.

# <u>Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:</u>

Management will review the year-end adjustments. Since it is not cost-effective for an organization of our size to have an individual on staff to prepare audit-ready financial statements, we have chosen to hire Eide Bailly, a public accounting firm, to prepare our financial statements as part of the annual audit. We have designated a member of management to review the propriety of the draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOYBEAN RESEARCH AND PROMOTION COUNCIL (Continued)

### Finding No. 2015-014:

#### Criteria:

Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability ensure that all liabilities and related expenditures incurred during the period have been properly accounted for and disclosed.

### Condition:

The Council has an on-line project management system designed to provide for submission of project expenditures, reporting of project expenditures by grantees, and approval of project expenditures, that is in the early stages of implementation. Due to delays in the reporting of project expenditures by grantees, it was difficult to determine the accurate reporting of accounts payable and related expenditures related to projects that the Council has provided funding for.

### Cause:

The Council does not have the project management system fully implemented and the status of projects was not reported timely by the grantees in some cases.

# Effect:

Material audit adjustments were needed at year-end. Inadequate controls over grantee reporting could result in the likelihood that the Council would not be able to properly record accounts payable and related expenditures for projects which could result in financial statements that are not materially correct.

### RECOMMENDATION:

 Management and the Board should fully implement the on-line project management system to ensure reporting requirements of grantees are monitored and the status of the project is tracked to allow for the Council to properly record the accounts payable and related expenditures related to projects on an ongoing basis, and potentially enforce contract provisions if needed related to grantee reporting.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Management will review the year-end adjustments relating to accounts payable and project expenditures. Management will continue the implementation of the on-line project management system which will allow the Council to properly record the accounts payable and related expenditures related to projects on an ongoing basis.

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE CORN UTILIZATION COUNCIL

The following was issued under a separate audit of the Corn Utilization Council by Eide Bailly, LLP.

### **CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Financial Statement Audit Findings:

# Finding No. 2015-015:

#### Criteria:

Proper controls over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct.

#### **Condition**:

The Council does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited. We were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Cause:

The Council has limited staff. They cannot justify having an individual on staff with the proper accounting skills necessary for preparing the draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

#### Effect:

This deficiency results in a reasonable possibility that the Council would not be able to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements that are materially correct without the assistance of the auditors.

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

 While we recognize that this condition is not unusual for an organization of your size, it is important that you be aware of this condition for financial reporting purposes.
 Management and the Board should continually be aware of the financial accounting and reporting requirements of the Council as well as changes in these requirements.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

Since it is not cost-effective for an organization of our size to have an individual on staff to prepare audit-ready financial statements, we have chosen to hire Eide Bailly, a public accounting firm, to prepare our financial statements as part of the annual audit. Management and the board of directors will review for propriety the draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE CORN UTILIZATION COUNCIL (Continued)

# Finding No. 2015-016:

#### Criteria:

In order to achieve a high level of internal control, the functions of executing transactions, recording transactions and maintaining accountability for assets should be performed by different employees or be maintained under dual control.

#### Condition:

The Council did not have an internal control system to allow for the proper segregation of duties in certain areas of the accounting function.

### Cause:

The Council has limited staff and cannot justify hiring an additional individual in order to better segregate accounting duties.

#### Effect:

Proper segregation of duties helps to minimize the chance of undetected errors or defalcations, since the work of one person is reviewed by the work of another.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

2. Due to the small size of the office, the Council is limited in the options available to them. Under this situation, the most effective control is management and the board's oversight and knowledge of matters relating to the operations of the Council.

#### Auditee's Corrective Action Plan:

We have evaluated the segregation of duties over the revenue function and over the expenditure function. Management and the board of directors will exercise oversight of the accounting functions, which we believe mitigates the risk of material misstatement to an acceptable level.

